

From: [Musa Bey](#)
To: [Court Of Appeals Filings](#)
Subject: Appellate Case No 2023-002000
Date: Sunday, February 11, 2024 2:01:14 PM

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At the South Carolina Court of Appeals STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA
Judicial Notice Law Maxim: "Justice delayed is justice denied"

To whom it may concern,

On December 29, 2023 I filed with the clerk of this court house a motion in the above styled case. On February 9, 2024 I received a notice addressed from this court house stating that proof of service for motion to proceed without payment of fees as required by Rule 240 SCACR and this courts letter dated January 11, 2024 says nothing about providing a certificate of service with motion to proceed in forma pauperis ,motion was sent via email to appeals court and neither letter from January 5 and January 11 stated nothing about the forma pauperis not being approved

Please take "Judicial Notice" that:

1. As an officer of the court one is bound by oath or affirmation to uphold the constitution.
2. The constitution does not permit nor ascribe fees to the people in relation to the pursuit of justice in any court.
3. South Carolina constitution Article 1; Sec. 15 Right of bail; excessive bail; cruel or unusual or corporal punishment; detention of witnesses.

All persons shall be, before conviction, bailable by sufficient sureties, but bail may be denied to persons charged with capital offenses or offenses punishable by life imprisonment, or with violent offenses defined by the General Assembly, giving due weight to the evidence and to the nature and circumstances of the event. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor shall excessive fines be imposed, nor shall cruel, nor corporal, nor unusual punishment be inflicted, nor shall witnesses be unreasonably detained

4. South Carolina constitution Article 1; Sec. 4

Attainder; ex post facto laws; impairment of contracts; titles; effect of conviction.

No bill of attainder, ex post facto law, law impairing the obligation of contracts, nor law granting any title of nobility or hereditary emolument, shall be passed, and no conviction shall work corruption of blood or forfeiture of estate.

5. South Carolina constitution Article 1; Sec. 17

Treason against the State shall consist alone in levying war or in giving aid and comfort to enemies against the State. No person shall be held guilty of treason, except upon testimony of at least two witnesses to the same overt act, or upon confession in open court.

Therefore, to require payment not prescribed by the Law is to go against the constitution one has taken an oath to uphold because it would a “sale” of justice. To create rules for fees to use or access the court after none were lawfully ascribes would be an ex-post facto law and anything more that ZERO, an excessive fine. To remove a properly filed motion based on anything other than the due course of Law, as no other training document or statute is superior to it, would beto delay and deny justice. Taking such action is adhering to an enemy of the State.

Any alteration, removal, or denial of the motion in question will be considered a personal tort and, professional and commercial, trespass against rights. All persons involved will be reported directly to the legislature of the state for investigation and prosecution for emoluments violation without further notice.

Respectfully, Brittany Rawlinson

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