

RECEIVED

Dec 05 2025

S.C. SUPREME COURT

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA
In the Court of Appeals

APPEAL FROM PICKENS COUNTY
Court of Common Pleas
The Honorable Patrick C. Fant, III

Appellate Case No. 2025-001244
Case No. 2020-CP-3900617

Suzanna Brown Simpson, #368727 Petitioner,

v.

The State of South Carolina Respondent.

Appendix
Vol. I

NELSON MULLINS RILEY & SCARBOROUGH LLP Brook B. Andrews Caroline A. Warner 1320 Main Street / 17th Floor Columbia, SC 29201 P.O. Box 1107 Columbia, SC 29211 (803) 799-2000 <i>Attorneys for Petitioner</i>	SOUTH CAROLINA OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL W. Joseph Maye 1000 Assembly Street / Room 519 Columbia, SC 29201 P.O. Box 11549 Columbia, SC 29211 803-734-3131 <i>Attorneys for Respondent</i>

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STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)
)
COUNTY OF PICKENS)

INDICTMENT FOR
MURDER

At a Court of General Sessions, convened on **FEB 18 2014** the Grand Jurors of Pickens
County present upon their oath:

That SUZANNA BROWN SIMPSON did in Pickens County, on or about the 14th day of May, 2013, unlawfully
and with malice aforethought kill CARLEY ASHLEYN SIMPSON (7 year old female) by means of shooting the
victim in the head, and that CARLEY ASHELYN SIMPSON died as a proximate result thereof. This is in
violation of §16-3-10 of the South Carolina Code of Laws (1976) as amended.

Certified Copy
Harold P. Williams
Clerk of Court
Pickens County, SC
Dated *Jan 20 2014*

Against the peace and dignity of the State, and contrary to the statute in such case made and provided.

Beth C. Shaw

SOLICITOR 015305

WITNESSES

Chuck James

Pickens County Sheriff's Office

5/21/2013

ARREST WARRANT NUMBER
2013A3910300227

ACTION OF GRAND JURY

TRUE BILL

Date: FEB 18 2014

Christopher Byers
Foreperson of Grand Jury

VERDICT

guilty

Jeressa Durham
Foreperson of Petit Jury

Date: 6/22/14

DOCKET NO. 2014-GS-39- 0396
BCS

The State of South Carolina

County of Pickens

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS

FEB 18 2014 TERM 2014

THE STATE

vs.

SUZANNA BROWN SIMPSON

Indictment for

0116

MURDER

VIOLATION § 16-03-0010, 0020

Certified Copy

Handed P. Walker

Clerk of Court

Pickens County, SC

Dated June 22, 2014

5
9

ARREST WARRANT

2013A3910300227

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

☒ County/ ☐ Municipality of

Pickens

THE STATE

against

Suzanna Brown Simpson

Address: 307 Cherokee Trl

Easley, SC 29640-7923

Phone: SSN: 251-71-4998

Sex: F Race: W Height: 5 2 Weight: 112

DL State: SC DL #: 007383605

DOB: 1/26/1978 Agency ORI #: SC0390000

Prosecuting Agency: Pickens County Sheriff

Prosecuting Officer: Charles James - 0154

Offense: Murder / Murder

Offense Code: 0116

Code/Ordinance Sec: 16-03-0010

This warrant is CERTIFIED FOR SERVICE in the

☐ County/ ☐ Municipality ofThe accused
is to be arrested and brought before me to be
dealt with according to the law.

(L.S.)

Signature of Judge

Date:

RETURN

A copy of this arrest warrant was delivered to

defendant SUZANNA BROWN SIMPSONon 05/20/13

Signature of Constable/Law Enforcement Officer

RETURN WARRANT TO:

General Sessions

P O Box 215

Pickens, SC 29671

ORIGINAL

ORIGINAL

ORIGINAL

ORIGINAL

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

☒ County/ ☐ Municipality of

Pickens

Personally appeared before me the affiant Charles James whobeing duly sworn deposes and says that defendant Suzanna Brown Simpsondid within this county and state on or about 5/14/2013State of South Carolina (or ordinance of ☒ County/ ☐ Municipality of

Pickens

in the following particulars:

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENSE: Murder / Murder

I further state that there is probable cause to believe that the defendant named above did commit the crime set forth and that probable cause is based on the following facts:

On or about 5/14/2013, the defendant, Suzanna Brown Simpson, did with malice aforethought kill the victim, Carly Ashclyn Simpson, a 7 yr old juvenile, by means of shooting her with a firearm. The defendant, who was involved in a motor vehicle accident following the shooting, stated to EMS personnel who were rendering aid "Ok, ok, I shot my whole family". At which point, EMS alerted the Pickens County Sheriff's Office who responded to the incident location and discovered the victim lying in bed with trauma consistent to having been shot. The defendant was transported to Greenville Memorial Hospital where she told an ER Nurse "I shot my kids then my husband and tried to shoot myself several times but couldn't do it." This incident occurred within Pickens County, SC. Probable cause based upon: 1. PCSO Incident Report 2013-12183 2. Statement from EMS Personnel 3. Statement from Hospital Personnel

Signature of Affiant

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

☒ County/ ☐ Municipality of

Pickens

Affiant's Address 216 Lec Road

Pickens, SC 29671-

Affiant's Telephone (864)898-5500

ARREST WARRANT

TO ANY LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OF THIS STATE OR MUNICIPALITY OR ANY CONSTABLE OF THIS COUNTY:

It appearing from the above affidavit that there are reasonable grounds to believe that

on or about 5/14/2013defendant Suzanna Brown Simpson

did violate the criminal laws of the State of South Carolina (or ordinance of

☒ County/ ☐ Municipality of Pickens

) as set forth below:

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENSE: Murder / Murder

Having found probable cause and the above affiant having sworn before me, you are empowered and directed to arrest the said defendant and bring him or her before me forthwith to be dealt with according to law. A copy of this Arrest Warrant shall be delivered to the defendant at the time of its execution, or as soon thereafter as is practicable

Sworn to and subscribed before me

on 5/14/2013

Signature of Issuing Judge

Benjamin A. Dow

Judge Code: 7275

(L.S.)

Judge's Address 216 Law Enforcement Center Road

Pickens, SC 29671-2636

Judge's Telephone (864)898-5552Issuing Court: ☒ Magistrate☐ Municipal☐ Circuit

ORIGINAL

ORIGINAL

ORIGINAL

AFFIDAVIT

ORIGINAL

Form Approved by
S.C. Attorney General
April 21, 2003
SCCA 518

Certified Copy

Handed P. Walker

Clerk of Court

Pickens County, SC

Date: 5/20/13

MAY 24 2013

0003

BAIL set by

WITNESSES

Judge B.A. Dow
on 5/24/2018
Type and Amount: No Bond
Name of Surety: _____

Name: _____
Address: _____
Telephone: _____

Name: _____
Address: _____
Telephone: _____

PRELIMINARY HEARING held by

Judge _____
on _____
Defendant Attorney: _____
Decision: _____

Name: _____
Address: _____
Telephone: _____

Name: _____
Address: _____
Telephone: _____

DISPOSITION before

Judge _____
on _____
by _____
(indicate jury trial, bench trial, plea, nol. pros., etc.)

Name: _____
Address: _____
Telephone: _____

Disposition: _____
Sentence: _____

Name: _____
Address: _____
Telephone: _____

JURORS

Name: _____
Address: _____
Telephone: _____

Name: _____
Address: _____
Telephone: _____

CODEFENDANTS



Certified Copy

Handel P. Vallentyne

Clerk of Court
Pickens County, SC

Dated June 20, 2018

ms



STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)
)
COUNTY OF PICKENS)

INDICTMENT FOR
COUNT I
MURDER

COUNT II
POSSESSION OF A WEAPON DURING THE COMMISSION OF A
VIOLENT CRIME

At a Court of General Sessions, convened on FEB 18 2014 the Grand Jurors of Pickens
County present upon their oath:

COUNT I

That SUZANNA BROWN SIMPSON did in Pickens County, on or about the 14th day of May, 2013, unlawfully and with malice aforethought kill SAWYER RUSSELL SIMPSON (5 year old male) by means of shooting the victim in the head, and that SAWYER RUSSELL SIMPSON died as a proximate result thereof. This is in violation of §16-3-10 of the South Carolina Code of Laws (1976) as amended.

COUNT II

That SUZANNA BROWN SIMPSON did in Pickens County, on or about the 14th day of May, 2013, possess or visibly display a .40 caliber pistol during the commission or attempted commission of a violent crime, to wit: Murder. This is in violation of Section 16-23-490 of the South Carolina Code of Laws (1976) as amended.

Certified Copy

Harold P. Walker

Clerk of Court

Pickens County, SC M2

Dated June 2020

Against the peace and dignity of the State, and contrary to the statute in such case made and provided.

[Signature]
SOLICITOR 015305.

WITNESSES

Chuck James

Pickens County Sheriff's Office

5/21/2013

ARREST WARRANT NUMBER

2013A3910300228

2013A3910300231

ACTION OF GRAND JURY

RUE BILL

date FEB 18 2014

Christophe Byers
Foreperson of Grand Jury

VERDICT

guilty

Jeressa Durham
Foreperson of Petit Jury

Date: 6/22/16

DOCKET NO. 2014-GS-39- 0397

BCS

The State of South Carolina

County of Pickens

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS

FEB 18 2014 TERM 2014

THE STATE

vs.

SUZANNA BROWN SIMPSON

Indictment for

0116, 0549

COUNT I
MURDER

COUNT II

POSSESSION OF A WEAPON DURING THE
COMMISSION OF A VIOLENT CRIME

VIOLATION § 16-03-0010, 0020
VIOLATION 16-23-0490

Certified Copy

Handel P. Waller

Clerk of Court

Pickens County, SC 178

Dated *June 22, 2016*

ARREST WARRANT

2013A3940300228

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

☒ County/ ☐ Municipality of

Pickens

THE STATE

against

Suzanna Brown Simpson

Address: 307 Cherokee Trl

Easley, SC 29640-7923

Phone: SSN: 251-71-4998

Sex: F Race: Height: 5 2 Weight: 112

DL State: SC DL #: 007383605

DOB: 1/26/1978 Agency ORI #: SC0390000

Prosecuting Agency: Pickens County Sheriff

Prosecuting Officer: Charles James - 0154

Offense: Murder / Murder

Offense Code: 0116

Code/Ordinance Sec: 16-03-0010

This warrant is CERTIFIED FOR SERVICE in the

☐ County/ ☐ Municipality ofThe accused
is to be arrested and brought before me to be
dealt with according to the law.

(L.S.)

Signature of Judge

Date:

RETURN

A copy of this arrest warrant was delivered to

defendant SUZANNA BROWN SIMPSON

on 05/20/13

Chad Looch

Signature of Constable/Law Enforcement Officer

RETURN WARRANT TO:

General Sessions

P O Box 215

Pickens, SC 29671

ORIGINAL

ORIGINAL

ORIGINAL

ORIGINAL

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

☒ County/ ☐ Municipality of

Pickens

AFFIDAVIT

ORIGINAL

Form Approved by
S.C. Attorney General
April 21, 2003
SCCA 518

Personally appeared before me the affiant Charles James

who

being duly sworn deposes and says that defendant Suzanna Brown Simpson

did within this county and state on or about 5/14/2013

violate the criminal laws of the

State of South Carolina (or ordinance of ☒ County/ ☐ Municipality of

Pickens

in the following particulars:

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENSE: Murder / Murder

I further state that there is probable cause to believe that the defendant named above did commit
the crime set forth and that probable cause is based on the following facts:

On or about 5/14/2013, the defendant, Suzanna Brown Simpson, did with malice aforethought kill the victim, Sawyer Russell Simpson, a 5 yr old juvenile, by means of shooting him with a firearm. The defendant, who was involved in a motor vehicle accident following the shooting, stated to EMS personnel who were rendering aid "Ok, ok, I shot my whole family". At which point, EMS alerted the Pickens County Sheriff's Office who responded to the incident location and discovered the victim lying in bed with trauma consistent to having been shot. The defendant was transported to Greenville Memorial Hospital where she told an ER Nurse "I shot my kids then my husband and tried to shoot myself several times but couldn't do it." This incident occurred within Pickens County, SC. Probable cause based upon: 1. PCSO Incident Report 2013-12183 2. Statement from EMS Personnel 3. Statement from Hospital Personnel

Signature of Affiant

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

☒ County/ ☐ Municipality of

Pickens

Affiant's Address 216 Lec Road
Pickens, SC 29671-
Affiant's Telephone (864)898-5500

Certified Copy

Clerk of Court

Pickens County, SC

Dated June 20, 2013

ARREST WARRANT

TO ANY LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OF THIS STATE OR MUNICIPALITY OR ANY CONSTABLE OF THIS COUNTY:

It appearing from the above affidavit that there are reasonable grounds to believe that

on or about 5/14/2013

defendant Suzanna Brown Simpson

did violate the criminal laws of the State of South Carolina (or ordinance of

☒ County/ ☐ Municipality of Pickens

) as set forth below:

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENSE: Murder / Murder

Having found probable cause and the above affiant having sworn before me, you are empowered and directed to arrest the said defendant and bring him or her before me forthwith to be dealt with according to law. A copy of this Arrest Warrant shall be delivered to the defendant at the time of its execution, or as soon thereafter as is practicable
Sworn to and subscribed before me
on 5/14/2013

Signature of Judge
Benjamin A. Dow

Judge Code: 7275

(L.S.)

Judge's Address 216 Law Enforcement Center Road
Pickens, SC 29671-2636

Judge's Telephone (864)898-5552

Issuing Court: ☒ Magistrate ☐ Municipal ☐ Circuit

ORIGINAL

ORIGINAL

ORIGINAL

MAY 24 2013

0007

BAIL set by

WITNESSES

Judge B. A. Dow
on 5/21/2013
Type and Amount: No Bond
Name of Surety: _____

Name: _____
Address: _____
Telephone: _____

Name: _____
Address: _____
Telephone: _____

Name: _____
Address: _____
Telephone: _____

Name: _____
Address: _____
Telephone: _____

PRELIMINARY HEARING held by

Judge _____
on _____
Defendant Attorney: _____

Decision: _____

DISPOSITION before

Judge _____
on _____
by _____
(indicate jury trial, bench trial, plea, nol. pros., etc.)

Disposition: _____

Sentence: _____

Name: _____
Address: _____
Telephone: _____

Name: _____
Address: _____
Telephone: _____

Name: _____
Address: _____
Telephone: _____

Name: _____
Address: _____
Telephone: _____

JURORS

CODEFENDANTS



Certified Copy

Harold P. Walker
Clerk of Court
Pickens County, SC
Dated June 20, 2013



STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)
)
COUNTY OF PICKENS)

INDICTMENT FOR
COUNT I
MURDER

COUNT II
POSSESSION OF A WEAPON DURING THE COMMISSION OF A
VIOLENT CRIME

At a Court of General Sessions, convened on FEB 18 2014 the Grand Jurors of Pickens
County present upon their oath:

COUNT I

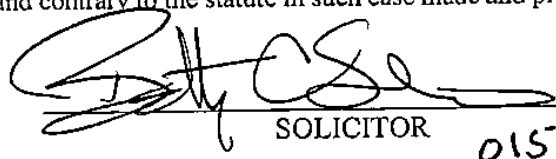
That SUZANNA BROWN SIMPSON did in Pickens County, on or about the 14th day of May, 2013, unlawfully and with malice aforethought kill SAWYER RUSSELL SIMPSON (5 year old male) by means of shooting the victim in the head, and that SAWYER RUSSELL SIMPSON died as a proximate result thereof. This is in violation of §16-3-10 of the South Carolina Code of Laws (1976) as amended.

COUNT II

That SUZANNA BROWN SIMPSON did in Pickens County, on or about the 14th day of May, 2013, possess or visibly display a .40 caliber pistol during the commission or attempted commission of a violent crime, to wit: Murder. This is in violation of Section 16-23-490 of the South Carolina Code of Laws (1976) as amended.

Certified Copy
Harold P. Walker
Clerk of Court
Pickens County, SC
Dated June 2020 MB

Against the peace and dignity of the State, and contrary to the statute in such case made and provided.


SOLICITOR 015305.

WITNESSES

Chuck James

Pickens County Sheriff's Office

5/21/2013

ARREST WARRANT NUMBER

2013A3910300228

2013A3910300231

ACTION OF GRAND JURY

TRUE BILL

Date FEB 18 2014

Christopher Byles
Foreperson of Grand Jury

VERDICT

guilty

Jeressa Durham
Foreperson of Petit Jury

Date: 6/22/16

DOCKET NO. 2014-GS-39- 0397
BCS

The State of South Carolina

County of Pickens

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS

FEB 18 2014 TERM 2014

THE STATE

vs.

SUZANNA BROWN SIMPSON

Indictment for

0116, 0549

COUNT I
MURDER

COUNT II
POSSESSION OF A WEAPON DURING THE
COMMISSION OF A VIOLENT CRIME

VIOLATION § 16-03-0010, 0020
VIOLATION 16-23-0490

Certified Copy

Heather P. Williams

Clerk of Court

Pickens County, SC

Dated June 22, 2016

ARREST WARRANT

2013A3910300231

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

☒ County/ ☐ Municipality of

Pickens

THE STATE

against

Suzanna Brown Simpson

Address: 307 Cherokee Trl

Easley, SC 29640-7923

Phone: SSN: 251-71-4998

Sex: F Race: Height: 5 2 Weight: 112

DL State: SC DL #: 007383605

DOB: 1/26/1978 Agency ORI #: SC0390000

Prosecuting Agency: Pickens County Sheriff

Prosecuting Officer: Charles James - 0154

Offense: Weapons / Possession of weapon during violent crime, if not also sentenced to life without parole

Offense Code: 0549

Code/Ordinance Sec: 16-23-0490

This warrant is CERTIFIED FOR SERVICE in the
☐ County/ ☐ Municipality ofThe accused
is to be arrested and brought before me to be
dealt with according to the law.

(L.S.)

Signature of Judge

Date:

RETURN

A copy of this arrest warrant was delivered to
defendant SUZANNA BROWN SIMPSON
on 05/20/13

Signature of Constable/Law Enforcement Officer

RETURN WARRANT TO:

General Sessions
P O Box 215
Pickens, SC 29671

ORIGINAL

ORIGINAL

ORIGINAL

ORIGINAL

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

☒ County/ ☐ Municipality of

Pickens

AFFIDAVIT

Personally appeared before me the affiant Charles James who
being duly sworn deposes and says that defendant Suzanna Brown Simpson
did within this county and state on or about 5/14/2013 violate the criminal laws of the
State of South Carolina (or ordinance of ☒ County/ ☐ Municipality of Pickens)
in the following particulars:

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENSE: Weapons / Possession of weapon during violent crime, if not also sentenced to life without parole or death

I further state that there is probable cause to believe that the defendant named above did commit the crime set forth and that probable cause is based on the following facts:

On or about 5/14/2013 the defendant, Suzanna Brown Simpson, did knowingly and willfully possess and display what appeared to be a firearm during the commission of a violent crime. The defendant displayed and then used a firearm to murder the victims, her children, Carly Ashelyn Simpson and Sawyer Russell Simpson. The defendant also used the firearm to attempt to murder another victim, her husband, Michael John Simpson. This offense occurred within Pickens County, SC. Probable cause based upon: 1. PCSO Incident Report 2013-12183 2. Statements from EMS Personnel 3. Statement from Hospital Personnel.

Signature of Affiant

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

☒ County/ ☐ Municipality of

Pickens

Affiant's Address 216 Lec Road
Pickens, SC 29671-
Affiant's Telephone (864)898-5500

Certified Copy

Clerk of Court

Pickens County, SC

Dated June 20, 2013

ARREST WARRANT

TO ANY LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OF THIS STATE OR MUNICIPALITY OR ANY CONSTABLE OF THIS COUNTY:

It appearing from the above affidavit that there are reasonable grounds to believe that

on or about 5/14/2013 defendant Suzanna Brown Simpson
did violate the criminal laws of the State of South Carolina (or ordinance of
☒ County/ ☐ Municipality of Pickens) as set forth below:

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENSE: Weapons / Possession of weapon during violent crime, if not also sentenced to life without parole or death

Having found probable cause and the above affiant having sworn before me, you are empowered and directed to arrest the said defendant and bring him or her before me forthwith to be dealt with according to law. A copy of this Arrest Warrant shall be delivered to the defendant at the time of its execution, or as soon thereafter as is practicable
Sworn to and subscribed before me
on 5/14/2013Signature of Issuing Judge
Benjamin A. Dow
Judge Code: 7275

(L.S.)

Judge's Address 216 Law Enforcement Center Road
Pickens, SC 29671-2636
Judge's Telephone (864)898-5552Issuing Court: ☒ Magistrate ☐ Municipal ☐ Circuit

ORIGINAL

ORIGINAL

ORIGINAL

ORIGINAL

Form Approved by
S.C. Attorney General
April 21, 2003
SCCA 518

MAY 24 2013

0011

BAIL set by

Judge B.A. Dow
on 5/21/2012
Type and Amount: No Bond
Name of Surety: _____

PRELIMINARY HEARING held by

Judge _____
on _____
Defendant Attorney: _____
Decision: _____

DISPOSITION before

Judge _____
on _____
by _____
(indicate jury trial, bench trial, plea, not pros., etc.)

Disposition: _____
Sentence: _____

JURORS

WITNESSES

Name: _____
Address: _____
Telephone: _____

Name: _____
Address: _____
Telephone: _____

Name: _____
Address: _____
Telephone: _____

Name: _____
Address: _____
Telephone: _____

Name: _____
Address: _____
Telephone: _____

Name: _____
Address: _____
Telephone: _____

Name: _____
Address: _____
Telephone: _____

Name: _____
Address: _____
Telephone: _____

CODEFENDANTS

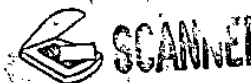


Certified Copy

Handwritten signature

Clerk of Court
Pickens County, SC

Dated June 2012



STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)
)
COUNTY OF PICKENS)

INDICTMENT FOR
ATTEMPTED MURDER

At a Court of General Sessions, convened on **FEB 18 2014** the Grand Jurors of Pickens
County present upon their oath:

That SUZANNA BROWN SIMPSON did in Pickens County on or about the 14th day of May 2013,
unlawfully with malice aforethought and with the intent to kill, attempt to kill MICHAEL JOHN
SIMPSON. This is in violation of § 16-03-0029 of the South Carolina Code of Laws (1976) as amended.

Certified Copy

Harold P. Walker

**Clerk of Court
Pickens County, SC**

Dated June 2020
ms

Against the peace and dignity of the State, and contrary to the statute in such case made and provided.

[Signature]
SOLICITOR 015305

WITNESSES

Chuck James

Pickens County Sheriff's Office

5/21/2013

ARREST WARRANT NUMBER

2013A3910300229

ACTION OF GRAND JURY

TRUE BILL

Date FEB 18 2014

Christopher B. Jones
Foreperson of Grand Jury

VERDICT

Guilty

Deresa Durham

Foreperson of Petit Jury

Date: 6/22/16

DOCKET NO. 2014-GS-39- 0398

BCS

The State of South Carolina

County of Pickens

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS

FEB 18 2014

TERM 2014

THE STATE

vs.

SUZANNA BROWN SIMPSON

Indictment for

3410

ATTEMPTED MURDER

VIOLATION § 16-03-0029

Certified Copy

Handed P. V. Walker

Clerk of Court

Pickens County, SC

Dated June 22, 2016



ARREST WARRANT

2013A3910300229

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

☒ County/ ☐ Municipality of

Pickens

THE STATE
against

Suzanna Brown Simpson

Address: 307 Cherokee Trl

Easley, SC 29640-7923

Phone: SSN: 251-71-4998

Sex: F Race: Height: 5 2 Weight: 112

DL State: SC DL #: 007383605

DOB: 1/26/1978 Agency ORI #: SC0390000

Prosecuting Agency: Pickens County Sheriff

Prosecuting Officer: Charles James - 0154

Offense: Murder / Attempted Murder

Offense Code: 3410

Code/Ordinance Sec: 16-03-0029

This warrant is CERTIFIED FOR SERVICE in the

☐ County/ ☐ Municipality ofThe accused
is to be arrested and brought before me to be
dealt with according to the law.

(L.S.)

Signature of Judge

Date:

RETURN

A copy of this arrest warrant was delivered to

defendant SUZANNA BROWN SIMPSON

on 05/20/13

Signature of Constable/Law Enforcement Officer

RETURN WARRANT TO:

General Sessions

P O Box 215

Pickens, SC 29671

ORIGINAL

ORIGINAL

ORIGINAL

ORIGINAL

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

☒ County/ ☐ Municipality of

Pickens

Personally appeared before me the affiant Charles James who

being duly sworn deposes and says that defendant Suzanna Brown Simpson

did within this county and state on or about 5/14/2013 violate the criminal laws of the

State of South Carolina (or ordinance of ☒ County/ ☐ Municipality of Pickens)

in the following particulars:

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENSE: Murder / Attempted Murder

I further state that there is probable cause to believe that the defendant named above did commit the crime set forth and that probable cause is based on the following facts:

On or about 5/14/2013, the defendant, Suzanna Brown Simpson, did with malice aforethought shoot the victim, Michael John Simpson, at least one time in the head with a firearm with the intention of killing him. The defendant, who was involved in a motor vehicle accident following the shooting, stated to EMS personnel who were rendering aid "Ok, ok, I shot my whole family". At which point, EMS alerted the Pickens County Sheriff's Office who responded to the incident location and discovered the victim lying in bed with head trauma, consistent with having been shot. The defendant was transported to Greenville Memorial Hospital where she told an ER Nurse "I shot my kids then my husband and tried to shoot myself several times but couldn't do it". This incident within Pickens County, SC. Probable cause based upon: 1. PCSO Incident Report 2013-12183 2. Statement from EMS Personnel 3. Statement from Hospital Personnel

Signature of Affiant

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

☒ County/ ☐ Municipality of

Pickens

Affiant's Address 216 Lec Road

Pickens, SC 29671-

Affiant's Telephone (864)898-5500

ARREST WARRANT

TO ANY LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OF THIS STATE OR MUNICIPALITY OR ANY CONSTABLE OF THIS COUNTY:

It appearing from the above affidavit that there are reasonable grounds to believe that

on or about 5/14/2013

defendant Suzanna Brown Simpson

did violate the criminal laws of the State of South Carolina (or ordinance of

☒ County/ ☐ Municipality of Pickens) as set forth below:

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENSE: Murder / Attempted Murder

Having found probable cause and the above affiant having sworn before me, you are empowered and directed to arrest the said defendant and bring him or her before me forthwith to be dealt with according to law. A copy of this Arrest Warrant shall be delivered to the defendant at the time of its execution, or as soon thereafter as is practicable

Sworn to and subscribed before me

on 5/14/2013

Signature of Issuing Judge

Benjamin A. Dow

Judge Code: 7275

Judge's Address 216 Law Enforcement Center Road

Pickens, SC 29671-2636

Judge's Telephone (864)898-5552

Issuing Court: ☒ Magistrate ☐ Municipal ☐ Circuit

ORIGINAL

ORIGINAL

ORIGINAL

ORIGINAL

SCCA

Certified Copy

Clerk of Court

Pickens County, SC

Dated June 20, 2013

MS

MAY 24 2013

0015

P. A. UGW
 on 5/21/2013
 Type and Amount: No Bond
 Name of Surety: _____

PRELIMINARY HEARING held by

Judge _____
 on _____
 Defendant Attorney: _____
 Decision: _____

DISPOSITION before

Judge _____
 on _____
 by _____
 (indicate jury trial, bench trial, plea, nol. pros., etc.)

Disposition: _____
 Sentence: _____

JURORS

Name: _____
 Address: _____
 Telephone: _____

Name: _____
 Address: _____
 Telephone: _____

Name: _____
 Address: _____
 Telephone: _____

Name: _____
 Address: _____
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 Telephone: _____

Name: _____
 Address: _____
 Telephone: _____

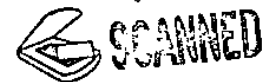
Name: _____
 Address: _____
 Telephone: _____

CODEFENDANTS



Certified Copy
Handed P. Vallentyne
Clerk of Court
Pickens County, SC
Dated June 22, 2013

ms



1 State of South Carolina In the Court of General Sessions
2 County of Pickens

3
4 State of South Carolina,)
5) 2014-GS-39-0396-98
6 -vs-) June 20, 2016
7 Suzanna Brown Simpson,) Volume 1 of 4
8 Defendant.) Pages 1 - 230
9 -----) Transcript of Record

10

11

B E F O R E:

12

The Honorable Brian M. Gibbons, Judge;
13 and a jury.

14

15 A P P E A R A N C E S:

16 William Walter Wilkins, III, Esquire
Betty C. Strom, Esquire
17 Attorneys for the State

18 John Mauldin, Esquire
Teal Johnson, Esquire
19 Jacob Goldstein, Esquire
Attorneys for Defendant
20

21

22

23

Diane L. Marcengill, RPR, CRR
24 Circuit Court Reporter

25

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1 E x h i b i t s

2 For the State:

3	Marked	Description	I.D.	Admitted
4	1	Photo		183
	2	Photo		185
5	3	Photo		185
	4	Photo		222
6	5	Photo		222

7
8 For the Defendant:

9	Marked	Description	I.D.	Admitted
	1	Photo	73	
10	2	Photo	73	

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1 (WHEREUPON, court convened with all parties
2 present and the following proceedings were had
3 commencing at approximately 9:40 a.m.)

4 THE COURT: Good morning, ladies and gentlemen.
5 My name is Brian Gibbons. I'm a circuit judge from
6 over in Chester County, South Carolina. It's my
7 pleasure to visit Pickens County this week. I travel
8 all over the state just like other circuit judges do,
9 and it's always a pleasure to come here to the Golden
10 Corner, I assume. This is part of the Golden Corner of
11 South Carolina, and I look forward to serving this week
12 here with you for this term of court that we call
13 general sessions court, which is what in circuit court
14 is criminal court. General sessions court means
15 criminal court.

16 Now, this term of court is for one week, therefore
17 your service as jurors will end this Friday. Ladies
18 and gentlemen, I promise you everybody here who works
19 in the clerk's office -- and I do as well -- understand
20 the inconvenience that jury service can cause you. I
21 thank you for being here, and I promise you we're going
22 to do our best to minimize that inconvenience and
23 hopefully make this an enjoyable and educational week
24 for you.

25 Now, as part -- before you can serve as a juror,

1 you have to be qualified. So at this time I'm going to
2 have the clerk of court swear you in because there's
3 some qualifying questions we have to go through.

4 So, Madam Clerk, if you will please swear in the
5 jury.

6 THE CLERK: Please stand and raise your right
7 hand. And after the oath is administered, please say
8 "I will."

9 You shall truly answer all questions which may be
10 demanded of you touching on the matter before the court
11 by the court; you shall speak the truth, the whole
12 truth, and nothing but the truth, so help you God.

13 Thank you. You may be seated.

14 THE COURT: Have you already done roll call?

15 THE CLERK: No.

16 THE COURT: All right. Like I just told you, our
17 purpose this morning is to determine your
18 qualifications and eligibility to serve as jurors. The
19 first thing we have to do is what's called a roll call
20 where the clerk will call everybody who's been summoned
21 for jury duty.

22 Now, when your name is called, ladies and
23 gentlemen, we need you to do a couple of things. First
24 of all, if you're able to please stand, and in a loud
25 clear voice, you need to give us the following

1 information: Number one, what do you for a living if
2 you're currently employed. Okay? If you're not
3 employed because of either retirement or disability,
4 please let us know what you used to do before you
5 became retired or disabled. If you're married, we need
6 to know what your spouse does for a living as well.

7 Do y'all ask for mileage here or not?

8 THE CLERK: No.

9 THE COURT: Okay. So remember, that's what you
10 do: What you do for a living, if you're married, what
11 your spouse does for a living. If you're not married,
12 you can simply say "single." Okay?

13 So at this time the clerk of court will now call
14 the roll.

15 THE CLERK: Please stand when I call your name.
16 Juror Number 1, Kayla Abee.

17 POTENTIAL JUROR: I am unemployed and I am married
18 but separated, and I'm not exactly sure what he does.

19 THE CLERK: What was your former employment?

20 POTENTIAL JUROR: I worked at Wal-Mart.

21 THE CLERK: Wal-Mart? Okay. Thank you.

22 If you will please speak up. The high ceilings,
23 it's sort of hard to hear in here.

24 THE COURT: That's another thing I was going to
25 say. I'm loud anyway. I hope y'all can hear me. But

1 if y'all please try to talk as loud as I am, it will
2 make it go a lot more smooth.

3 THE CLERK: Juror 2, Allison Aiken.

4 POTENTIAL JUROR: I teach first grade, and my
5 husband is a colonel in the Army.

6 THE CLERK: Thank you.

7 Juror Number 4, Matthew Allen.

8 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm director for a large
9 residential summer camp north of here about 15 miles.
10 I'm married. My wife works for Ken Caldwell.

11 THE CLERK: Thank you.

12 Juror Number 6, Angela Arnold.

13 POTENTIAL JUROR: I work -- I drive a school bus
14 for the School District of Pickens County, and my
15 husband is currently unemployed.

16 THE CLERK: What was his prior employment?

17 POTENTIAL JUROR: He worked for Masters
18 Electrical.

19 THE CLERK: Thank you.

20 Juror Number 8, Derek Bailey.

21 POTENTIAL JUROR: Plant manager for a company in
22 Easley, and my wife is a school nurse.

23 THE CLERK: Thank you.

24 Juror Number 9, Shannon Barchalk.

25 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm a veterinarian assistant at

1 an animal hospital in Greenville, and I'm single.

2 THE CLERK: Thank you.

3 Juror Number 10, Kari Barger on.

4 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm a seventh grade math
5 teacher, and my husband works at SunnySide Cafe as a
6 cook.

7 THE CLERK: Thank you.

8 Juror Number 11, Christopher Barker.

9 POTENTIAL JUROR: I work at PetSmart, unmarried.

10 THE CLERK: Thank you.

11 Juror Number 13, Karl Baumann.

12 POTENTIAL JUROR: Baumann.

13 THE CLERK: Baumann.

14 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm a small business owner and
15 software engineer. My wife is the budget director at
16 Clemson.

17 THE CLERK: Thank you.

18 Number 14, Michael Beeco.

19 POTENTIAL JUROR: Retired Greenville County real
20 estate broker. Wife works for TD corporate.

21 THE CLERK: Thank you.

22 Number 17, Steven Bowen.

23 POTENTIAL JUROR: I work for Lyndon Howell. I'm
24 an HVAC tech. My wife is a receptionist for a doctor's
25 office.

1 THE CLERK: Thank you.

2 Number 18, Shamara Bowens.

3 POTENTIAL JUROR: I work at Yokohama America,
4 single.

5 THE CLERK: Thank you.

6 Number 19, William Bowers.

7 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm a recovery agent. My wife
8 works for the Pickens County Board of Disability.

9 THE CLERK: Thank you.

10 Number 22, Regina Brandl.

11 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm a caregiver for assisted
12 living, and my husband is a backup lead for BASF
13 chemical plant.

14 THE CLERK: Thank you.

15 Number 27, Andrew Brock.

16 POTENTIAL JUROR: I work for Greenville County
17 Technical College as a computer lab assistant as well
18 as I work for Home Depot on the weekends.

19 THE CLERK: Married or single?

20 POTENTIAL JUROR: Single.

21 THE CLERK: Thank you.

22 Number 28, Pamela Brown.

23 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm a sever at Los Poblanos
24 Mexican restaurant, and my husband is a stocker for
25 Durham Convenience.

1 THE CLERK: Thank you.

2 Number 29, Mary Burt.

3 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm a nursing assistant for a
4 nursing facility, and I'm widowed.

5 THE CLERK: Thank you.

6 37, James Carr.

7 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm currently unmarried, outside
8 golf operations for Keowee Key Golf Course.

9 THE CLERK: Thank you.

10 38, Rebecca Carter.

11 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm a caterer, and my husband is
12 retired.

13 THE CLERK: What was his former employment?

14 POTENTIAL JUROR: Machine shop.

15 THE CLERK: Thank you.

16 Number 40, Donna Chambers.

17 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm a department manager for
18 Wal-Mart, and I'm single.

19 THE CLERK: Thank you.

20 43, Mary Clark.

21 POTENTIAL JUROR: Custodian for the school
22 district, and my husband works as an engineer at Cannon
23 Hospital.

24 THE CLERK: Thank you.

25 46, Kay Cooper.

1 POTENTIAL JUROR: Data entry at Ambler Elementary,
2 and my husband is a water technician at Rural Water.

3 THE CLERK: Thank you.

4 Number 50, Sydney Cox.

5 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm a second grade teacher at
6 Ambler Elementary and my husband is self-employed.

7 THE CLERK: Thank you.

8 53, Lisa Crisp.

9 POTENTIAL JUROR: I work at Pickens County DSS as
10 an economics services caseworker, and my husband works
11 at Southeastern Products in Fountain Inn, South
12 Carolina.

13 THE CLERK: Thank you.

14 54, Dolly Crocker.

15 POTENTIAL JUROR: Factory worker, and I'm single.

16 THE CLERK: Thank you.

17 56, Mary Caroline Crowe.

18 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm a full-time sales associate
19 at Kay Jewelers, and I am single.

20 THE CLERK: Thank you.

21 57, Donna Dalonzo.

22 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm a nurse Majesty Health and
23 Rehab, widow, and my husband was a police officer.

24 THE CLERK: Thank you.

25 59, Linda Dickard.

1 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm an accountant at a company
2 called BIS in Travelers Rest, and my husband is a
3 superintendent for Hartwell Corporation.

4 THE CLERK: Thank you.

5 Number 62, Stephanie Doll.

6 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm a team lead physician
7 practice specialist for the Fertility Center of the
8 Carolinas, and I'm single.

9 THE CLERK: Thank you.

10 65, Kelvin Douglas.

11 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm disabled. I was a truck
12 driver. My wife worked at Ingles, but she's disabled
13 now.

14 THE CLERK: Thank you.

15 68, Teresa Durham.

16 POTENTIAL JUROR: I work for Greenville County
17 schools, and I'm beginning to start at Greenville
18 Hospital Systems next week, and my husband owns his own
19 business.

20 THE CLERK: Thank you.

21 71, Christopher Everhart.

22 POTENTIAL JUROR: I work at Information
23 Technology, and I'm single.

24 THE CLERK: Thank you.

25 Number 76, Jennifer Fox.

1 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm a stay-at-home mother with
2 two children. Until May of this year I was a
3 hematology oncology nurse practitioner for the last
4 14 years. My husband is a physician.

5 THE CLERK: Thank you.

6 78, Davina Freeman.

7 POTENTIAL JUROR: I work as a secretary with the
8 School District of Pickens County. And my husband
9 works as director of operations, New Life
10 Environmental.

11 THE CLERK: Thank you.

12 Number 80, Robert Fulmer.

13 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm retired from Owens Corning
14 Fiberglass, and my wife is retired from Piker.

15 THE CLERK: Thank you.

16 84, Jaime Gamez.

17 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm a medical support assistant
18 for the VA, and my husband is medically retired from
19 the U.S. Army.

20 THE CLERK: Thank you.

21 94, Coley Goldsmith.

22 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm a network administrator at
23 Clemson University, and my wife is a stay-at-home mom.

24 THE CLERK: Thank you.

25 95, Marianne Gonlag.

1 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm a professor and chair of the
2 religion division at Upstate Christian University and
3 Protestant minister and I'm single.

4 THE CLERK: Thank you.

5 96, Adam Goosen.

6 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm single, self-employed.

7 THE CLERK: Thank you.

8 98, Douglas Grant.

9 POTENTIAL JUROR: Process technician at Sealed Air
10 Cryovac in Seneca, and I'm single.

11 THE CLERK: Thank you.

12 101, Taylor Gray.

13 POTENTIAL JUROR: I work at The Huddle, and I'm
14 single.

15 THE CLERK: Thank you.

16 103, Sara Greene.

17 POTENTIAL JUROR: Special education teacher. My
18 husband is a research engineer.

19 THE CLERK: Thank you.

20 107, Sandra Hall.

21 POTENTIAL JUROR: I teach honors English and drama
22 at Daniel High School, and my husband is an electronic
23 technician.

24 THE CLERK: Thank you.

25 116, Kiara Harris.

1 POTENTIAL JUROR: I work for the Foothills
2 Retirement Community, and I am married, and my husband
3 works for Budweiser.

4 THE CLERK: Thank you.

5 117, Nicole Harris.

6 POTENTIAL JUROR: Currently unemployed and single.

7 THE CLERK: What was your prior employment?

8 POTENTIAL JUROR: Distribution lead for Resident
9 Corporation.

10 THE CLERK: Thank you.

11 118, Narvis Heart.

12 POTENTIAL JUROR: Owner and director of a drug and
13 alcohol rehab for women. My husband retired from the
14 food business.

15 THE CLERK: Thank you.

16 121, Joshua Hembree.

17 POTENTIAL JUROR: I work for BMW. My wife is a
18 stay-at-home mom.

19 THE CLERK: Thank you.

20 122, David Henderson.

21 POTENTIAL JUROR: Ocone Pure Die Cast, and I'm
22 single.

23 THE CLERK: Thank you.

24 128, Christopher Ivey.

25 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm a small business owner, and

1 my wife assists me in that same business.

2 THE CLERK: Thank you.

3 129, Lisa Joplin.

4 POTENTIAL JUROR: I am a sixth grade ELA teacher
5 at R.C. Edwards Middle School, and I'm single.

6 THE CLERK: Thank you.

7 133, Jimmy Kirby.

8 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm retired from USDA, and my
9 wife is retired from the U.S. Attorney's office in
10 Greenville.

11 THE CLERK: Thank you.

12 Number 135, Nathanael Koilpillai.

13 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm an electrical engineer at
14 Air Stream, and I'm single.

15 THE CLERK: Thank you.

16 142, Ann Lofquist.

17 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm currently a homemaker and
18 volunteer, previously a mental health counselor and
19 grief counselor. My husband is a Presbyterian
20 minister.

21 THE CLERK: Thank you.

22 151, Krista Massingill.

23 POTENTIAL JUROR: First grade teacher at Keowee
24 Elementary, and I'm single.

25 THE CLERK: Thank you.

1 157, Debra McDowell.

2 POTENTIAL JUROR: First grade teacher, and my
3 husband is a dentist.

4 THE CLERK: Thank you.

5 158, Pamela Medvar.

6 POTENTIAL JUROR: Substitute teacher, and my
7 husband is a retired auto mechanic.

8 THE CLERK: Thank you.

9 163, Donna Moore.

10 POTENTIAL JUROR: Caregiver for my husband. He's
11 disabled. And he was a supervisor at Fuji Film.

12 THE CLERK: Thank you.

13 165, Johnny Morgan.

14 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm a bed builder at Comfort
15 Air, and I'm single.

16 THE CLERK: Thank you.

17 167, Angela Morris.

18 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm a bartender, and my husband
19 is works at Clemson.

20 THE CLERK: Thank you.

21 169, Gary Mosley.

22 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm an Assistant Professor of
23 Education, Anderson University, and also a full-time
24 doctoral student. My wife is a seventh grade math
25 teacher in Pickens County.

1 THE CLERK: Thank you.

2 173, Wanda Nalley.

3 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm a cosmetologist, and my
4 husband is a project manager for Trail Corporation.

5 THE CLERK: Thank you.

6 175, Brittany Oglesby.

7 POTENTIAL JUROR: Executive Assistant, Greenville
8 County Schools, and my husband is a business owner.

9 THE CLERK: Thank you.

10 179, Taylor Owens.

11 POTENTIAL JUROR: Maintenance tech at BMW, and I'm
12 single.

13 THE CLERK: Thank you.

14 181, Willie Parker.

15 POTENTIAL JUROR: I work at Sage Automotive
16 Interiors, and my wife is a stay-at-home mother.

17 THE CLERK: Thank you.

18 182, Beth Patterson.

19 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm a bookkeeper for Food
20 Equipment Company in Greer, South Carolina, and my
21 husband is a quality assurance manager for a press
22 record.

23 THE CLERK: Thank you.

24 187, Nelida Perez.

25 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm self-employed -- I'm a

1 self-employed bonus building care, and I'm a single
2 mom.

3 THE CLERK: Thank you.

4 191, Myra Pitman.

5 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm a retired buyer, Fluor
6 Daniel, and my husband is retired and disabled from CNS
7 Wholesale. He was a master forklift mechanic.

8 THE CLERK: Thank you.

9 193, Michael Preusz.

10 POTENTIAL JUROR: Director of information
11 technology at Southern Wesleyan University. My wife is
12 in finance at the same location.

13 THE CLERK: Thank you.

14 Charlotte Price.

15 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm a student, and I work at the
16 registration office at Clemson University.

17 POTENTIAL JUROR: Thank you.

18 195, William Raines.

19 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm a grad student, and I'm
20 single.

21 THE CLERK: Thank you.

22 197, Rebecca Ramey.

23 POTENTIAL JUROR: Math teacher at Pickens High
24 School, and I'm single.

25 THE CLERK: Thank you.

1 198, John Rankin.

2 POTENTIAL JUROR: I teach special ed
3 self-contained at Liberty Middle, and my wife is a
4 physical therapy assistant at Majesty Rehab.

5 THE CLERK: Thank you.

6 202, Donna Ritchey.

7 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm retired from Baltimore Life
8 Insurance, and I'm single.

9 THE CLERK: Thank you.

10 203, Deborah Roach.

11 POTENTIAL JUROR: I work at Glenn Raven in
12 Anderson, and my husband, he works for Whitmire
13 Construction.

14 THE CLERK: Thank you.

15 206, Juan Rodriguez.

16 POTENTIAL JUROR: I employed by Estes Express
17 Lines. I'm a truck driver. I'm married, and my wife
18 is disabled.

19 THE CLERK: What was her prior employment?

20 POTENTIAL JUROR: She worked as a lab technician.

21 THE CLERK: Thank you.

22 207, Tracey Schertz.

23 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm a homemaker, stay-at-home
24 mom. My husband is a mechanical engineer.

25 THE CLERK: Thank you.

1 208, Maurice Sentell.

2 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm an electrician currently
3 employed at Spartan Electric. My wife is retired from
4 Goodyear.

5 THE CLERK: Thank you.

6 210, Robert Shaw.

7 POTENTIAL JUROR: I retired from the U.S. Navy.
8 I'm currently a licensed nuclear operator at the Oconee
9 nuclear plant, and my wife is a stay-at-home mom.

10 THE CLERK: Thank you.

11 212, Dillon Sierra.

12 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm former U.S. Army and current
13 cook at Backstreets Club, and I'm single.

14 THE CLERK: Thank you.

15 213, Steve Simmons.

16 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm disabled. I was a machinist
17 for 30 years, and my wife works at ITT in Pickens.

18 THE CLERK: Thank you.

19 218, Jill Smith.

20 POTENTIAL JUROR: My husband and I both work at
21 Duke Energy.

22 THE CLERK: Thank you.

23 224, Linda Stancil.

24 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm a daycare worker, and my
25 husband is an electrical engineer at Fluor Daniel.

1 THE CLERK: Thank you.

2 226, Ida Stewart.

3 POTENTIAL JUROR: Good morning. I'm a fifth grade
4 English language arts teacher finishing up with
5 Greenville County and beginning with Legacy Charter in
6 August.

7 THE CLERK: Married, single?

8 POTENTIAL JUROR: Single.

9 THE CLERK: Thank you.

10 226, Ida Stewart -- oh, I'm sorry.

11 227, Jordan Stewart.

12 POTENTIAL JUROR: Unemployed, full-time student
13 and single.

14 THE CLERK: Thank you.

15 233, Amber Thayer.

16 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm an equipment tester at OWT,
17 and I'm single.

18 THE CLERK: Thank you.

19 235, Tyler Thompson.

20 POTENTIAL JUROR: Currently a freelance
21 transcriptionist, and I'm single.

22 THE CLERK: Thank you.

23 238, Charles Tinsley.

24 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm a retired quality technician
25 for Michelin North America. My wife retired from

1 Michelin also.

2 THE CLERK: Thank you.

3 240, Albert Tzeng.

4 POTENTIAL JUROR: I work for a Christian ministry
5 organization called The Navigators, and I'm single.

6 THE CLERK: Thank you.

7 244, Marlee Waldrop.

8 POTENTIAL JUROR: I am a third grade teacher with
9 Anderson School District 5, and my husband is
10 unemployed.

11 THE CLERK: Thank you.

12 Did you say he's unemployed?

13 POTENTIAL JUROR: Uh-huh.

14 THE CLERK: What was his prior employment?

15 POTENTIAL JUROR: Full-time college student.

16 THE CLERK: Thank you.

17 245, William Watson.

18 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm a small business owner,
19 which I install commercial and residential security
20 systems. My wife is a teacher.

21 THE CLERK: Thank you.

22 246, Marion Whitehurst.

23 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm a former teacher, author.
24 My husband is retired from Clemson University.

25 THE CLERK: Thank you.

1 249, Randall Wilhelm.

2 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm a university professor of
3 American and world literature, an author, and I'm
4 single.

5 THE CLERK: Thank you.

6 251, Leah Williams.

7 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm a fifth grade teacher, and
8 my husband works for Greenville Water.

9 THE CLERK: Thank you.

10 255, Thomas Wood.

11 POTENTIAL JUROR: Old Navy, single.

12 THE CLERK: Thank you.

13 256, Justin Woods.

14 POTENTIAL JUROR: I work at Reliable and not
15 married.

16 THE CLERK: Thank you.

17 258, Ronald Yeary.

18 POTENTIAL JUROR: Self-employed. I have an
19 electrical business. My wife, she's also
20 self-employed. She has a hair salon.

21 THE CLERK: Thank you.

22 259, Angela Young.

23 POTENTIAL JUROR: First grade teacher for the
24 School District of Pickens County. My husband is a
25 small business owner.

1 THE CLERK: Thank you.

2 And this name is out of order, but it's Taylor
3 Perry.

4 POTENTIAL JUROR: I am a full-time undergraduate
5 student at Clemson University, and I'm a student
6 assistant with the annual giving office.

7 MR. MAULDIN: What was that number?

8 THE CLERK: It doesn't have a number. It was
9 added in.

10 MR. MAULDIN: Oh.

11 POTENTIAL JUROR: It says 9999 on my thing.

12 THE COURT: Why don't we call her Juror 260.

13 THE CLERK: All right. Your number is 260.

14 MR. WILKINS: Your Honor --

15 THE COURT: Is there a current 260.

16 MR. WILKINS: There was on the list, but I don't
17 think they're here.

18 THE CLERK: Right.

19 THE COURT: All right.

20 THE CLERK: Is there anyone's name that I did not
21 call?

22 Thank you.

23 THE COURT: All right. Thank you, Madam Clerk.

24 Ladies and gentlemen, I now have certain questions
25 to ask you to determine your qualifications to serve as

1 jurors in this court. Now, these questions, as I've
2 told you earlier, determine your general eligibility to
3 serve. Further, state law requires that I ask you
4 these questions.

5 Now, quite frankly, some of the questions can be
6 very personal, and you may not want to stand and
7 publicly disclose this information in this big
8 courtroom in front of everybody. So if you don't want
9 to do that, make a mental note of the question, and
10 I'll give you an opportunity at the end to come confer
11 privately with me and just a few of the attorneys
12 involved in whatever cases are coming before the court
13 this week. But, generally, if you don't mind answering
14 out in public if a question applies to you, just stand
15 the way you just did during roll call, and we'll go
16 from there if a question does apply to you.

17 So everybody understand what we're going to do?

18 So here is the questions concerning your general
19 eligibility to serve. Number one: Is there any member
20 of the jury panel who is not a citizen of the United
21 States? If so, please stand.

22 No response.

23 Number two: Is there any member of the jury panel
24 who is not a resident of Pickens County, South
25 Carolina? If so, please stand.

1 And if you do stand, the first question I'll
2 always ask you is, "What is your juror number?" Okay?
3 So please make sure you know your juror number.

4 Question number three: Is there any member of the
5 jury panel who is unable to read, write, speak, or
6 understand the English language? If so, please stand.

7 No response.

8 Number four: Does any member of the jury panel
9 have less than a sixth grade education or its
10 equivalent? If so, please stand.

11 No response.

12 Number five -- here is one of these questions that
13 I was telling you about. Is there any member of the
14 jury panel who is unable, because of a mental or
15 physical infirmity, to render efficient jury service?
16 For example, does any member of the jury panel have a
17 medical condition that would prevent from you serving
18 on a jury this week? If you wish to answer this
19 question now, please stand.

20 All right.

21 POTENTIAL JUROR: I just had surgery like two days
22 ago on my --

23 THE COURT: What's your juror number?

24 POTENTIAL JUROR: 56.

25 THE COURT: What's your situation?

1 POTENTIAL JUROR: I had surgery on my hip and my
2 knee like last Friday. I had a third-degree burn on my
3 knee, so I have a five-inch hole and two-inch-deep
4 incision on my knee and my hip.

5 THE COURT: All right. Are you under doctor's
6 orders not to be here?

7 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm on FMLA for six weeks.

8 THE COURT: Okay. Just stick around with us.

9 POTENTIAL JUROR: All right.

10 THE COURT: Anybody else who wishes to answer that
11 question now?

12 And then while you're thinking -- I'm going to get
13 to you in a second, ma'am. Let me tell you, a typical
14 day for a juror this week is going to be typically you
15 get to the courthouse between 9:00 and 9:30. And if
16 you're -- if you're sitting on a trial jury, okay,
17 they'll be several breaks during the morning session,
18 usually break for lunch around 12:30, come back at
19 2:00. That gives an hour and a half for lunch for
20 those of you who live in outlying areas who may want to
21 go home for lunch and come back at 2:00. And,
22 generally, we'll run to no later than 5:30 or 6:00 in
23 the afternoon, taking, of course, a break or two during
24 the afternoon.

25 So if you think you have a condition that prevents

1 you -- a medical condition that prevents you from
2 serving with a schedule like that, just think about it
3 before you answer.

4 Yes, ma'am, in the back. Juror number?

5 POTENTIAL JUROR: 187.

6 THE COURT: 187?

7 POTENTIAL JUROR: Yes, sir.

8 THE COURT: Okay.

9 POTENTIAL JUROR: I get anxiety. I cannot be in a
10 crowd because I get very anxious.

11 THE COURT: Okay. Well, just stick around with
12 us. We'll deal with that if something comes up. All
13 right?

14 Anybody else now?

15 All right. Just remember, if you do wish to talk
16 about that in private, we can do that at the end.
17 Okay?

18 The next question for general qualification is:
19 Has any member of the jury panel been convicted by a
20 guilty plea or trial in a state or federal court of
21 record of a crime punishable by imprisonment for more
22 than one year and your civil rights have not been
23 restored by pardon or amnesty? Now, punishable by more
24 than one year means that that's what you could have
25 got, not what you actually got.

1 Typically, if you have been on probation before,
2 okay, this would -- generally, this would -- you would
3 answer yes to this question. So if you've been
4 convicted by guilty plea or trial of a crime punishable
5 by imprisonment for more than one year and your civil
6 rights have not been restored, please stand.

7 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm Number 233.

8 THE COURT: Number 200 (sic). Yes, ma'am. How
9 does this apply to you?

10 POTENTIAL JUROR: I was looking at five years and
11 I was on probation, but I paid it off.

12 THE COURT: What were you convicted of?

13 POTENTIAL JUROR: A bunch -- I had like grand
14 larcenies and burglaries and a possession charge.

15 THE COURT: Okay. All right. That would
16 disqualify you. Thank you. You're free to leave.

17 MR. MAULDIN: Is that --

18 THE COURT: That's Juror Number --

19 POTENTIAL JUROR: 233.

20 THE COURT: 233 is disqualified.

21 Yes, sir. Juror number?

22 POTENTIAL JUROR: 19.

23 THE COURT: Juror Number 19. Mr. Bowers, yes,
24 sir.

25 POTENTIAL JUROR: I was on six months home

1 incarceration for four years probation.

2 THE COURT: All right. Is that like a forgery
3 charge?

4 POTENTIAL JUROR: Yeah. I stole my mother's
5 credit card.

6 THE COURT: I believe that's a disqualifying
7 offense under South Carolina law. Thank you, sir.
8 You're free to leave.

9 That's Juror Number 19 is disqualified.

10 In the back, yes, ma'am. Juror number?

11 POTENTIAL JUROR: Yes, sir, 163.

12 THE COURT: 163. Yes, ma'am.

13 POTENTIAL JUROR: Falsifying VIN numbers.

14 THE COURT: I'm sorry, what was it?

15 POTENTIAL JUROR: Falsifying VIN numbers.

16 THE COURT: What did you get for that?

17 POTENTIAL JUROR: I didn't get probation, I just
18 got a big fine.

19 THE COURT: I don't know if that's punishable by
20 more than one year or not.

21 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm not sure, sir.

22 THE COURT: I don't think it is.

23 POTENTIAL JUROR: It's been a long time.

24 THE COURT: Stick around with us. If it becomes
25 an issue, I'll let you know. Okay.

1 Anybody else right now?

2 All right. Okay. All right. Next question: Is
3 there any member of the jury panel who is a clerk or
4 deputy clerk of court, constable, sheriff, or other
5 commissioned law enforcement officer, probate judge,
6 county commissioner, magistrate, or other county
7 officer or employed within the walls of any courthouse?
8 If so, please stand.

9 No response.

10 Next question: Is there any member of the jury
11 panel who has previously served on jury duty in the
12 circuit court -- that's up here at this courthouse --
13 not magistrate's court, not municipal court, not
14 federal court this calendar year? So if you've
15 previously been up here on jury duty in circuit court
16 in 2016 in this courthouse, please stand.

17 No response.

18 Next question: Someone -- oh, we do have a
19 response. Yes, sir.

20 POTENTIAL JUROR: One day I a got a check. I had
21 to serve back in March, but --

22 THE COURT: All right. What's your juror number?

23 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'll be willing to serve again.

24 THE COURT: Hang on a second. What's your juror
25 number? What's the number?

1 POTENTIAL JUROR: 14.

2 THE COURT: Juror Number 14. You're Mr. Beeco.

3 THE CLERK: He was transferred to this term. He
4 didn't serve last term.

5 THE COURT: All right. She just advised me you
6 were transferred to this term. You didn't actually
7 serve last term.

8 POTENTIAL JUROR: I got a check.

9 THE COURT: I understand that. That's good, but
10 that's not counted as service.

11 Thank you. You're free -- thank you. Just stick
12 around with us.

13 Okay. The next question: Has any member of the
14 jury panel served as a member of the Pickens County
15 Grand Jury during the past several years? If so,
16 please stand.

17 A Grand Jury isn't like the jury duty where you
18 have it just for one week. The Grand Jury is generally
19 a year, sometimes a two-year obligation, where you meet
20 monthly or sometimes twice a month to discuss cases.
21 Okay?

22 No response.

23 All right. That's it for general things. We're
24 going to move now to what's called exemptions. State
25 law provides for several exemptions to jury service.

1 An exemption doesn't mean you're not qualified to
2 serve, it simply means you have the right to say,
3 "Thank you so much, Judge Gibbons, but I choose not to
4 serve this week." So you have the choice if this is an
5 exemption that applies to you.

6 So the first exemption applies to those who are
7 65 years of age or older. You may be exempt from jury
8 service if you want to be. Based upon your life
9 experiences and maturity and age, you have earned the
10 right to choose whether or not you wish to serve on a
11 jury.

12 Now, certainly somebody that age has a lot of life
13 experiences and maturity and you would make an
14 excellent juror, and we urge you to consider to serve,
15 but I cannot make you do so if you do not wish to do
16 that.

17 So if you are 65 years of age or older and you
18 wish to be exempt from jury service, please stand.

19 All right. No response.

20 Next exemption. This concerns prior jury service.
21 No person is required to serve as a juror more often
22 than once every three calendar years. I've already
23 dealt with 2016, so we're talking about for 2015 to
24 2014. If you served on jury duty in this courthouse
25 for circuit court -- that's either for big civil court

1 or criminal court, not magistrate's court, not
2 municipal court, not federal court in the last -- in
3 calendar year 2015 to 2014, you can choose to be exempt
4 if you want to be.

5 If this applies to you, please stand.

6 All right. No response.

7 Next exemption deals with people who served as
8 Grand Jurors in the last five calendar years on any
9 type of Grand Jury. It may be you served on a county
10 you used to live in's Grand Jury before you moved to
11 Pickens, or maybe you served on a statewide Grand Jury,
12 or maybe you served on a federal Grand Jury in the last
13 five calendar years.

14 If this applies to you and you wish to be exempt,
15 please stand.

16 All right. No response.

17 The next exemption deals with those of you who
18 have legal custody of young children. Now, listen
19 carefully to this exemption because it has four parts,
20 all of which have to apply for you to claim this
21 exemption. Now, if you already have a baby-sitter
22 lined up or daycare, I don't need to hear from you,
23 okay, because that's one of the things.

24 So, number one, you can be exempt from jury
25 service if you have a child or children under the age

1 of seven years. Not seven, but under the age of seven.
2 Remember, I don't make the laws, I'm just enforcing
3 them, okay. Under the age of seven. Number two, you
4 have legal custody of that child or children. So if
5 you're a grandmom or granddaddy who keeps your
6 grandbabies, I don't need to hear from you unless you
7 have legal custody. Number three, you're the primary
8 caretaker of that child or children. That means you're
9 the one who does most of the stuff. And then number
10 four, you're unable to make adequate daycare or
11 childcare arrangements for the child while you're
12 serving on jury duty. Okay.

13 So if all four of those apply to you and you wish
14 to be exempt, please stand.

15 All right. Yes, ma'am. Juror number?

16 POTENTIAL JUROR: 1.

17 THE COURT: All right. How does this apply to
18 you?

19 POTENTIAL JUROR: My daughter is four and she has
20 special needs and can't be around other people very
21 much because she gets very upset and frustrated. And
22 since I'm unemployed and I stay at home with her, I
23 really have no way to pay --

24 THE COURT: And you meet all the criteria. All
25 right. Thank you very much, ma'am. You are excused.

1 That's Juror Number 1.

2 I found that once I started explaining it better,
3 I didn't have a lot of responses it to.

4 All right. Anybody else on that exemption?

5 Thank you, ma'am.

6 Yes, ma'am.

7 POTENTIAL JUROR: Can I just ask a question?

8 THE COURT: Yes.

9 POTENTIAL JUROR: I have a nine-year-old and a
10 ten-year-old. So they're okay legally to stay at home
11 by themselves?

12 THE COURT: Yes. That would be fine.

13 THE CLERK: I think she was asking you that.

14 THE COURT: I really can't give you legal advice
15 on that. Let me qualify it. You know, you will be
16 able to -- we'll work with you on that. We'll be able
17 to make other arrangements as far as scheduling if
18 you're picked on a jury. We'll deal with that as it
19 may come up.

20 All right. Yes, ma'am.

21 POTENTIAL JUROR: 251. I'm a nursing mother still
22 for my eight-month-old.

23 THE COURT: Okay. Are you able to -- without
24 getting too graphic -- take care of the situation in
25 other ways?

1 POTENTIAL JUROR: If I have breaks here, yes, sir.

2 THE COURT: Okay. We can work with you on that.

3 POTENTIAL JUROR: Okay.

4 THE COURT: Ma'am, what was your number? I'm
5 sorry.

6 POTENTIAL JUROR: Oh, 76.

7 THE COURT: All right. Next question -- next
8 exemption. Similarly, if you are the primary caretaker
9 of a severely disabled or elderly person who is unable
10 to care for himself or herself and cannot be left
11 unattended and you're unable to find adequate
12 childcare -- or not childcare, excuse me, adequate
13 adult care for that person while you're performing jury
14 duty, then you may be exempt from jury duty.

15 If this applies to you and you wish to be exempt,
16 please stand.

17 All right. Next exemption involves those who may
18 be attending school at this time or working in some
19 capacity with a school. If that exemption applies to
20 you and you wish to be exempt, I can transfer you to
21 another term of court at a time which would not
22 conflict with your school responsibilities.

23 I know I already have a lot of teachers out there,
24 I heard that. You probably may have already been
25 transferred before or students. And I can transfer you

1 to another time which would not conflict, but you can't
2 keep getting transferred. Generally, we let you
3 transfer once and that's it. Okay? Because everybody
4 has their civic duty to serve as a juror.

5 So if you are a full-time student, school teacher,
6 school crossing guard, school bus driver, or serve in
7 any other school-related function and you're unable to
8 serve on jury duty this week as a result of that school
9 involvement, please stand.

10 All right. Yes, sir, in the back. Juror number?

11 POTENTIAL JUROR: 71.

12 THE COURT: Yes, sir. How does this apply to you?

13 POTENTIAL JUROR: I work for Furman University,
14 and summer is our busiest time because the kids are
15 gone and that's when we actually do all the work.

16 THE CLERK: I transferred him to this term. He
17 was here in January.

18 THE COURT: You did transfer him already?

19 THE CLERK: Yes. He was here in January.

20 THE COURT: Well, stick around with us. Sorry,
21 but thanks for letting us know.

22 Yes, ma'am.

23 POTENTIAL JUROR: 226.

24 THE COURT: Yes, ma'am.

25 POTENTIAL JUROR: I am working summer school at

1 Legacy Charter to get acclimated with their way of
2 instruction and they're working with me. And she did
3 transfer me to this one from earlier.

4 THE COURT: Thank you for letting me know.

5 All right. And I know summer is tough for
6 everybody. I understand all that, and that's why I
7 always tell people like in January or February who are
8 employed with the school, be careful what you ask for
9 because you're going to spend a week possibly of your
10 vacation time, if you're not working over the summer,
11 up here. But we'll see where it goes. All right.
12 Thank you.

13 Anybody else on that question?

14 We're almost done.

15 Next question: Is there any member of the jury
16 panel who is employed with the Department of
17 Corrections at a penitentiary? If so and you wish to
18 be exempted, please stand.

19 No response.

20 Last: Is there any juror who performs services
21 for a business, commercial or agricultural enterprise
22 which services are so essential to the operation of
23 that enterprise that if you were required to perform
24 jury duty, the enterprise would have to close or stop
25 functioning? If so and you wish to be exempt, please

1 stand.

2 All right. No response.

3 Ladies and gentlemen, that concludes the statutory
4 list of qualifications and exemptions for jury service.
5 It may be that you're qualified and no exemption
6 applies to you, but jury service this week -- listen
7 very carefully -- if neither one of those apply to you,
8 if jury service this week would constitute an extreme
9 hardship on you for a particular reason, I may be able
10 to transfer you to another term of court. But, please,
11 you have to understand you must have what's called
12 extreme and compelling circumstances to be able to be
13 transferred. And you already heard me talk to several
14 who had already been transferred before, and so if you
15 have been transferred before, I don't need to hear from
16 you. We just need to go ahead and get your service
17 done. Okay?

18 General inconvenience, ladies and gentlemen, is
19 not a sufficient reason to transfer to another term of
20 court. Again, it must be extreme and compelling. So
21 now is your opportunity if you didn't answer any
22 previous question because you made a mental note of it,
23 you didn't want to publicly disclose anything, or if
24 you do believe you have that extreme and compelling
25 circumstance to request a transfer, to come confer with

1 me privately with some of the lawyers who have cases
2 this week. If you wish to do that, you can line up
3 right there at the bar and I guess I'll hear you right
4 over here.

5 Anybody wish to speak to me privately?

6 Okay.

7 All right. Juror 206. Yes, sir.

8 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm the only one that provides,
9 you know, working at the house. So my wife is disabled
10 and she takes a lot of medication. I need to provide
11 that medication for her. And if I take off a week from
12 work, that's going to set me back a little bit.

13 THE COURT: All right. I believe you're a truck
14 driver?

15 POTENTIAL JUROR: Yeah.

16 THE COURT: Is this a busy time of year for you?

17 POTENTIAL JUROR: Yeah, sure is.

18 THE COURT: Is fall a little bit better for you?
19 I can't excuse you from jury service, okay. You have a
20 civic duty to do it. What I'm telling you is I don't
21 mind transferring you. I think you have an extreme and
22 compelling circumstance to be transferred to a time
23 where you ain't on the road too much. You tell me.

24 POTENTIAL JUROR: Maybe around, you know, the
25 holidays.

1 THE CLERK: Christmas? Around Christmas?

2 POTENTIAL JUROR: Yeah. That would be fine.

3 THE COURT: Juror Number 206 transferred.

4 You're free to leave. Thank you.

5 Next. Juror Number 173.

6 POTENTIAL JUROR: I have two things. I'm a
7 self-employed hair dresser. If I don't work, I don't
8 get paid. I still have to pay my booth rent, and it is
9 a financial burden on me if I don't work. I have five
10 kids.

11 THE COURT: I exempt you. See you later. Have a
12 good day. Take care.

13 Juror Number 173 is excused.

14 Come on in.

15 This is Juror Number 22. Yes, ma'am.

16 POTENTIAL JUROR: Listen, I have to like use the
17 bathroom a lot. So are we going to get a lot of
18 breaks? That, and I go to the spine doctor for my
19 back, and sitting a long time sometimes can put me in
20 tears. And if you don't mind that, I mean, I don't
21 mind helping.

22 THE COURT: Sure. We'll let people --

23 POTENTIAL JUROR: Can we get up when we need to?

24 THE COURT: Yeah. And, of course, if you need to
25 take restroom breaks, you can always let the judge

1 know. And you can stand up during the proceedings as
2 well.

3 POTENTIAL JUROR: You can? Because, I mean, I
4 don't want to interrupt anyone, but when I have to go,
5 it's either that or an accident.

6 THE COURT: I stand up frequently during the trial
7 if I need to.

8 POTENTIAL JUROR: All right. That was just it.
9 In fact, I have to go right now.

10 THE COURT: I understand. Just stick around. If
11 you want to go to the restroom, go ahead.

12 POTENTIAL JUROR: And come back?

13 THE COURT: Yeah.

14 POTENTIAL JUROR: Thank you.

15 THE COURT: Juror 22 stays with us.

16 Yes, sir. Come on in. What's your juror number?
17 Juror Number 249. Yes, sir.

18 POTENTIAL JUROR: I've got -- I have had anxiety.
19 I break out crying. I can't think very well. And I
20 know you transferred me before. I'll try my best if I
21 can, but this is going to be really hard. Whatever
22 y'all decide.

23 THE COURT: All right. I'll excuse you from jury
24 service. Thank you, sir.

25 THE CLERK: Is that 249?

1 THE COURT: 249 is excused from jury service.

2 Thank you. You are free to leave.

3 Come on up.

4 POTENTIAL JUROR: 96. I have Asperger's, which is
5 on the autism spectrum, and my father is a retired
6 attorney as well and a retired judge.

7 THE COURT: Okay. Gotcha. Who is your father?

8 POTENTIAL JUROR: Fred Goosen. He was practicing
9 in Florida.

10 THE COURT: Gotcha. I'll excuse you, sir. Thank
11 you. You're free to leave.

12 That juror is exempt -- or not exempt, free to
13 leave.

14 THE COURT: All right.

15 Hey, how are you? Juror Number 116. Yes, ma'am.

16 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm not sure if this is
17 considered extreme measures, but I just recently got
18 married two weeks ago. We just recently moved. I have
19 two younger kids. To make a long story short, I just
20 got promoted to a position at my job, and we're very
21 short-staffed.

22 THE COURT: I can transfer you. Have you been
23 transferred before?

24 POTENTIAL JUROR: No, sir.

25 THE COURT: Okay. Late fall?

1 POTENTIAL JUROR: That's fine.

2 THE COURT: Okay. You will get a notice in the
3 mail. Thank you. You are free to leave.

4 Hello. How are you?

5 POTENTIAL JUROR: Good.

6 THE COURT: What's your juror number?

7 POTENTIAL JUROR: 50.

8 THE COURT: Yes, ma'am.

9 POTENTIAL JUROR: I didn't stand up because I do
10 have childcare for today, but I have a four-year-old
11 and two-year-old, and with it being a week long --

12 THE COURT: If you're selected as a trial juror,
13 it would be a week-long commitment. Is that going to
14 be a problem for you?

15 POTENTIAL JUROR: Parent -- like grandparents
16 would have to take off work to cover my childcare.
17 Because I'm a teacher, so I don't have daycare in the
18 summer. But I've already been transferred once when I
19 was a teacher now, so.

20 THE COURT: Interesting. I'll exempt you. Take
21 care. See you. Thank you for what you do.

22 She's exempt.

23 THE CLERK: All right.

24 THE COURT: Yes, ma'am. Come on in. Juror Number
25 163. Yes, ma'am.

1 POTENTIAL JUROR: Yes, sir. I have the VIN
2 numbers, falsifying VIN numbers.

3 THE COURT: You have a question about that. My
4 law clerk looked it up. It's either a misdemeanor or a
5 felony. Do you remember what it was?

6 THE LAW CLERK: To willfully deceive someone is a
7 felony.

8 POTENTIAL JUROR: It wasn't a willful thing. I
9 mean, I had to change it because I didn't have a
10 vehicle.

11 THE COURT: But you just got a fine.

12 POTENTIAL JUROR: I had a fine, and I also had
13 some drug charges with it.

14 THE COURT: I don't need to hear that. That's
15 fine. Simple possession is thirty days in jail. So
16 just stick around with us.

17 That juror is going to stay with us.

18 Yes, sir. Come on in. Juror Number 13. Yes,
19 sir.

20 POTENTIAL JUROR: I have a small business and
21 working on a critical project right now. It's about a
22 month behind.

23 THE COURT: Have you been transferred before?

24 POTENTIAL JUROR: No, sir.

25 THE COURT: I'll transfer you to the fall.

1 POTENTIAL JUROR: Thank you very much.

2 THE COURT: You will get a notice in the mail.

3 POTENTIAL JUROR: Mid November or later will be
4 great.

5 THE COURT: She will make a note of it.

6 POTENTIAL JUROR: Thank you very much, sir.

7 THE COURT: Thank you.

8 Juror 65. Yes, sir.

9 POTENTIAL JUROR: I got charged with contempt of
10 court for child support for a year in Lexington County,
11 and I also have had to take PTI for a drug charge.

12 THE COURT: Okay. PTI means drug charge. Did you
13 complete it?

14 POTENTIAL JUROR: Yes, I did.

15 THE COURT: That means that's gone.

16 POTENTIAL JUROR: I mean, I didn't know. I just
17 wanted to make sure.

18 THE COURT: Civil contempt of court is not a
19 criminal offense. Hang out with us.

20 POTENTIAL JUROR: All right.

21 THE COURT: May not have felt like it, but it
22 ain't one.

23 Yes, ma'am. What's your juror number?

24 POTENTIAL JUROR: 101.

25 THE COURT: 101. Yes, ma'am.

1 POTENTIAL JUROR: I have anxiety. I hate being
2 around all these people. And two years ago I was
3 arrested for shoplifting, and I did my community
4 service, and I did my counseling, so I don't know.

5 THE COURT: And did you go through PTI?

6 POTENTIAL JUROR: Yes.

7 THE COURT: Did you successfully complete that?

8 POTENTIAL JUROR: Uh-huh.

9 THE COURT: All right. Well, are you on
10 medication?

11 POTENTIAL JUROR: Uh-huh.

12 THE COURT: How long you been on it?

13 POTENTIAL JUROR: Four years.

14 THE COURT: Okay. That's not in and of itself
15 disqualifying, okay. So just stick around with us. I
16 promise you the very fact that you even are here with
17 lawyers and the judge indicates you will be okay. Just
18 stick around with us. Thank you.

19 All right. Yes, ma'am. Come on up. Come on
20 through the tunnel. Juror Number 187. Yes, ma'am.

21 POTENTIAL JUROR: I have anxiety.

22 THE COURT: Are you on medication for it?

23 POTENTIAL JUROR: No.

24 THE COURT: What do you do for a living?

25 POTENTIAL JUROR: Building care.

1 THE COURT: And, well, you know, I don't know
2 whether you're going to be selected for jury duty or
3 not. You may be selected for a trial jury, you may not
4 be selected for a trial jury.

5 POTENTIAL JUROR: Too many people.

6 THE COURT: I understand that. There's a lot of
7 people in here now, but we will be in a different
8 courtroom. Or you may be in this one, but there won't
9 be that many people. That in and of itself is not a
10 disqualifying condition. Plus, we don't even know if
11 you're going to be selected.

12 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm going to cry here.

13 THE COURT: I understand. But the fact that you
14 stepped up here right now in front of all these people
15 and said that, that means you're going to be okay.
16 Just stick around with us. Okay?

17 POTENTIAL JUROR: Can I go to the restroom?

18 THE COURT: Yeah. Go ahead.

19 Yes, sir. Come on up. Juror Number 165. Yes,
20 sir.

21 POTENTIAL JUROR: I have problems comprehending
22 simple English and simple math, and I'm part -- how do
23 you say -- part full-time caregiver for my mom. She
24 has grand mal seizures, and we don't know when they
25 will happen.

1 THE COURT: What do you do for a living, sir?

2 THE COURT: I'm a part-time contractor. I work
3 two, three hours every day. To have to stay a week --

4 THE COURT: Did you graduate high school?

5 POTENTIAL JUROR: No.

6 THE COURT: How far did you go in school?

7 POTENTIAL JUROR: Two weeks in tenth grade.

8 THE COURT: Okay. All right. I'll excuse you.

9 Thank you, sir. You are free to leave.

10 All right. 158. Yes, ma'am.

11 POTENTIAL JUROR: I believe I served in the past
12 three years.

13 THE COURT: Oh, you have?

14 THE CLERK: Do you want me to verify that?

15 POTENTIAL JUROR: Yes, please.

16 THE COURT: I believe you.

17 POTENTIAL JUROR: No, but I think -- I haven't
18 been in the state that long, so I would remember jury
19 duty.

20 THE COURT: Where are you from?

21 POTENTIAL JUROR: New Jersey. You don't get
22 called at all in New Jersey and you get called twice
23 here, you kind of remember.

24 THE COURT: Something's fishy. What's up with
25 that? I live in a county of only 35,000 people and

1 I've only been called once.

2 POTENTIAL JUROR: My husband has not been called
3 at all. My coworkers have never been called.

4 THE CLERK: Served in 2014.

5 THE COURT: 2014, so that would qualify you, and
6 wish to be exempt?

7 POTENTIAL JUROR: Yes, sir, I do.

8 THE COURT: You are exempt. Thank you very much.
9 You're free to leave.

10 All right.

11 POTENTIAL JUROR: Number 4.

12 THE COURT: Yes, sir. Juror Number 4.

13 POTENTIAL JUROR: So I'm the director of Camp
14 McCall, a large residential summer camp. We have 53
15 staff, 2,400 kids in the summer. I'm one of two
16 full-time staff.

17 THE COURT: Have you been transferred before?

18 POTENTIAL JUROR: I have in the spring.

19 THE COURT: Because that's also a busy time for
20 you?

21 POTENTIAL JUROR: Right.

22 THE COURT: What about the fall?

23 POTENTIAL JUROR: Fall is fine.

24 THE COURT: You've got to serve in the fall.

25 Transfer him.

1 They will transfer you.

2 POTENTIAL JUROR: Thank you.

3 THE COURT: Anybody with a criminal record that we
4 need to know about that we didn't disclose?

5 MR. WILKINS: I have to cross-reference with my
6 list because I don't know who we didn't call. I'll
7 cross-reference it.

8 THE CLERK: It will take me a few minutes to take
9 these out.

10 THE COURT: Okay. Y'all give us just a few
11 moments and then we'll finish.

12 MR. WILKINS: Your Honor, I've got Juror Number
13 213, Steve Simmons. We have a 1997 conviction for
14 failure to stop.

15 THE COURT: Okay.

16 MR. WILKINS: It carries three years.

17 THE COURT: Gotcha.

18 MR. WILKINS: That's the only one that's gone
19 that's left over.

20 THE COURT: Juror Number 213, Mr. Simmons, come on
21 up here.

22 MR. WILKINS: It's 1997.

23 THE COURT: Yeah.

24 (Juror Number 213 approached the bench.)

25 THE COURT: You're not in trouble. You have a

1 1997 conviction for failure to stop for a blue light.
2 In South Carolina that carries up to three years in
3 prison. You probably done forgot about it. It's been
4 like 20 years ago. Whatever happened to that charge?
5 Was it pardoned or --

6 POTENTIAL JUROR: As far as I know, I was never
7 convicted of that. They charged me with a DUI, but I
8 wasn't convicted of it. My lawyer told me that what I
9 did was nothing but a misdemeanor and no civil rights.

10 THE COURT: What do you show?

11 MR. WILKINS: I show a failure to stop. Let me
12 pull the actual.

13 THE COURT: See, what happens is whenever people
14 are summoned for jury duty, the State, as a matter of
15 course, just does research on everybody.

16 POTENTIAL JUROR: Well, whatever.

17 THE COURT: Yeah. I just want to make sure you
18 know what it is because if it hadn't been taken care
19 of, you need to get it taken care of.

20 POTENTIAL JUROR: Failure to stop for a blue
21 light, according to this, he was convicted three years,
22 1997.

23 THE COURT: It does show.

24 MR. WILKINS: Driving under the influence third
25 offense.

1 THE COURT: All right. That would carry -- that
2 would disqualify you for jury service. Thank you.
3 You're free to leave.

4 That juror is free to leave.

5 Is everybody back from the restroom?

6 THE BAILIFF: Yes, sir.

7 THE COURT: All right. Thank you, ladies and
8 gentlemen. The jury panel is now qualified.

9 Let me give you some general guidelines for jury
10 service this week. Like I told you earlier, this is
11 general sessions court or what we commonly refer to as
12 criminal court.

13 You already have been introduced to the cell phone
14 policy for Pickens County courthouse, so make sure you
15 comply with that policy. If you're selected as a trial
16 juror, when you're released to go home for lunch or to
17 take breaks or whatever, you will always go back to
18 that particular courtroom that you were currently
19 serving in. This is Courtroom Number 1, I think. I
20 believe we're also holding trials in Courtroom Number 4
21 upstairs, and we'll get to that in a moment.

22 It's also very important, ladies and gentlemen,
23 Pickens is a fairly small community. Even though it
24 has a lot of people who live here, it's a fairly small
25 community around this area. And what I mean by that is

1 if you take a lunch break when we do take a lunch break
2 and you choose not to go home, you may choose to eat
3 lunch somewhere around here. And you may see me or my
4 law clerk or you may see some of the lawyers who were
5 involved in the cases or possibly witnesses or
6 whatever. It's very important, ladies and gentlemen,
7 that you have no contact at all with any of the
8 lawyers, the parties, or possible witnesses in any case
9 which may come before the court this week.

10 Let me tell you why. Even innocent conversations
11 can be easily misconstrued and it will mess up
12 everything, okay. So we're not being rude to you if we
13 don't speak to you if we see you out and about, and
14 we'd ask for the same in return. So please avoid
15 contact, okay.

16 Also, ladies and gentlemen, be prompt. It's not
17 fair to you when one or two or maybe three of you
18 decide to show up late. If we tell you to be here at a
19 certain time, please be here 15 minutes earlier than
20 that time. 15 minutes early is on time, right? Okay.
21 So just try to remember to do that.

22 If an emergency occurs at home or work when you're
23 not here, when you're on standby, whatever, please just
24 give us a call. You got the phone number there on your
25 information card. You can call in, and we'll work with

1 you on that as well.

2 All right. As I told you before, the general
3 operating hours of the court are anywhere from 9:00 to
4 9:30 in the morning depending upon whichever trial
5 court you may be involved with. And, typically, we
6 don't run past 5:30 in the afternoon. There may be
7 some times when we have to, but we'll give you plenty
8 of advance notice for that. And we, you know, usually
9 take a good break midafternoon or late morning, early
10 afternoon for lunch. All right.

11 So at this point in time, Madam Clerk, what do you
12 want to tell me? What are we going to do?

13 Hang on one second.

14 (Discussion with the clerk.)

15 THE COURT: All right. What we're going to do
16 now, ladies and gentlemen, we're going to go ahead and
17 by random selection, okay, we're going to call about 50
18 names. Okay? We used to do this -- I'll tell you
19 while the clerk is getting it ready. And I still
20 remember the days, even though I've been a judge for
21 11 years, the last time I tried a case in court, we
22 still used the old roll technique with the little
23 cylinder tubes with names stuffed in them. Okay? And
24 they would roll them, pull them out and then open it
25 up, stick on a piece of paper with a piece of Scotch

1 tape. And that's how names were selected to be on, you
2 know, either a trial jury or even a jury panel.

3 So, see, right now we have the whole -- everybody
4 who's been summoned to jury duty. We're going to take
5 about 50 of you, and we're going to send you upstairs
6 to Courtroom Number 4 because we're going to be
7 starting a trial there this afternoon. And I'll give
8 you all further instruction. Whoever the 50 are whose
9 names are going to be called here shortly will go up to
10 Courtroom Number 4, and then I will talk to you up
11 there in that courtroom and tell you -- give you
12 directions about what's going to happen today.

13 The rest of you will remain in here and will be
14 given further instructions by the other visiting
15 circuit judge we have today or this week, Judge Dan
16 Hall from York. They sent me from Chester and Judge
17 Hall from York to come over here, and they sent Judge
18 Gravely to York. I don't know why they did that, but
19 here we are. So we're glad to be here, though. I love
20 coming up to Pickens.

21 All right. So we're going to call out your names
22 here momentarily.

23 Y'all listen up to the clerk. She's going to tell
24 you which 50 have been selected totally randomly.

25 (WHEREUPON, counsel approached the bench.)

1 THE COURT: As your name is called, just start
2 lining up and the bailiffs will take you upstairs to
3 Courtroom 4, then I'm going to hustle up there, and
4 I'll be up there as well as the lawyers involved in
5 that case. Okay?

6 THE CLERK: Beth Patterson, 182; 191, Myra Pitman;
7 101, Taylor Gray; 246, Marion Whitehurst; 53, Lisa
8 Crisp; 107, Sandra Hall; 98, Douglas Grant; 118, Narvis
9 Hart; Number 6, Angela Arnold; 117, Nicole Harris; 37,
10 James Carr; 43, Mary Clark; 59, Linda Dickard; 133,
11 Jimmy Kirby; 121, Joshua Hembree; 84, Jaime Gamez; 135,
12 Nathanael Koilpillai; 76, Jennifer Fox; 17, Steven
13 Bowen; 202, Donna Ritchey; 259, Angela Young; 198, John
14 Rankin; 57, Donna Dalonzo; 244, Marlee Waldrop; 68,
15 Teresa Durham; 178, Brittany Oglesby.

16 POTENTIAL JUROR: I'm 175.

17 THE CLERK: I'm sorry, 175. Thank you.

18 And then 260, Taylor Perry; 181, Willie Parker;
19 95, Marianne Gonlag; 235, Tyler Thompson; Number 10,
20 Kari Bargerion; 197, Rebecca Ramey; 245, William Watson;
21 51, Krista Massingill; Number 9, Shannon Barchalk; 251,
22 Leah Williams.

23 THE COURT: What number you on, Madam Clerk?

24 (Discussion with the clerk.)

25 THE CLERK: Did I call Leah Williams? 212, Dillon

1 Sierra; 256, Justin Woods; 71, Christopher Everhart;
2 208, Maurice Sentell; 227, Jordan Stewart; 142, Ann
3 Lofquist; 54, Dolly Crocker; 193, Michael Preusz; 29,
4 Mary Burt; 128, Christopher Ivey; 207, Tracey Schertz;
5 224, Linda Stancil; 195, William Raines; and 129, Lisa
6 Joplin.

7 THE COURT: All right. Congratulations to the
8 chosen ones. Just kidding.

9 All right. At this point in time, I'm going to
10 have the bailiffs take you up to Courtroom Number 4. I
11 assume we have enough room. From what I recall,
12 there's more than 50 seats in there. Just follow them
13 and just have a seat, and myself and the lawyers
14 involved in the trial of that case will be up there
15 momentarily. Okay?

16 If you need to use the restroom, whatever, just
17 let the bailiffs know and we'll get you in there.
18 Let's say we'll start in ten minutes upstairs in
19 Courtroom 4. Head on up there.

20 The rest of you who wasn't called, just stay here
21 and we'll get Judge Hall in here or whoever is dealing
22 with the other case to let you know what's going on.
23 Okay?

24 (WHEREUPON, a recess was taken from 10:59 a.m.
25 to 11:06 a.m.)

1 (WHEREUPON, court convened with all parties
2 present now in Courtroom 4 and the following
3 proceedings were had commencing at 11:17 a.m.)

4 THE COURT: All right. All members of the jury
5 panel are present. The State is present along with the
6 defense.

7 All right. Now, ladies and gentlemen of the jury
8 panel, I'm going to tell you this. You're going to get
9 an early lunch break here momentarily. There are some
10 matters I need to take up prior to the commencement of
11 the trial. I will tell you before we go through
12 questions -- I have more questions for you, for the
13 jury panel. It's called voir dire questions. It's a
14 Latin term. I don't know what it means. Do any of the
15 lawyers know what it means? It's where I question you
16 more, okay, let's put it that way. But we'll do that,
17 and we're going to do that this afternoon because I
18 have some other matters I need to take care of before
19 we actually start the trial of the case. I will have
20 the State go ahead and call the case, and then we'll
21 hold off voir dire until after lunch, okay.

22 So at this time, Solicitor, if you will -- and the
23 solicitor is what other states call the district
24 attorney or the State's attorney. That's what we call
25 prosecutors in South Carolina, okay.

1 So at this time I'm going to have the solicitor
2 call the case for trial.

3 MR. WILKINS: Your Honor, the State calls the
4 State versus Suzanna Simpson Brown. This is
5 2014-GS-39-0396, 0397, and 0398.

6 THE COURT: Okay. So State versus Suzanna Brown
7 Simpson.

8 MR. WILKINS: Suzanna Brown Simpson, yes, sir.

9 THE COURT: Thank you.

10 Ladies and gentlemen of the jury, there are some
11 questions that I need to ask you before we go through
12 all that. I will swear in the jury panel when we get
13 back from lunch for the purpose of the questioning --
14 well, I tell you what. Let me go ahead and swear you
15 in because I have something to hand to you to fill out
16 over lunch.

17 MS. STROM: Judge, may we approach?

18 THE COURT: Go ahead.

19 (WHEREUPON, a bench conference was held off the
20 record in the presence of the prospective jury panel,
21 but out of their hearing.)

22 THE COURT: All right. Ladies and gentlemen, I'm
23 going to swear you in just for the purpose of voir dire
24 questions, okay. So, again, that means questions I
25 have to ask you.

1 So at this time would everybody please stand. All
2 of you please raise your right hand.

3 Do each of you swear to tell the court the truth,
4 the whole truth, and nothing but the truth so help you
5 God?

6 (Jurors state "I will.")

7 THE COURT: All right. You can all be seated.

8 Here is what's going to happen, ladies and
9 gentlemen, as far as scheduling. The State has called
10 the case. I'll tell you, the indictments -- and, of
11 course, the indictments are nothing but the written
12 pieces of paper by which a case comes to court which
13 describes the charges which have been made by the State
14 against someone charged with a crime. And these
15 indictments allege that on or about the 14th day of
16 May 2013 Suzanna Brown Simpson unlawfully and with
17 malice aforethought did kill Carly Ashlyn Simpson, a
18 seven-year-old female, by means of shooting the victim
19 in the head, and that Carly Ashlyn Simpson died as a
20 proximate result thereof. She's been charged with
21 murder on that account.

22 The defendant has also been charged with
23 possession of a weapon during the commission of a
24 violent crime. I'll describe the charge to you as
25 stated in the indictment that Suzanna Brown Simpson did

1 in Pickens County on or about the 14th day of May 2013
2 unlawfully and with malice aforethought kill Sawyer
3 Russel Simpson, a five-year-old male, by means of
4 shooting the victim in the head, and that Sawyer Russel
5 Simpson died as a proximate result thereof; that
6 Suzanna Brown Simpson did in Pickens County on or about
7 the 14th day of May 2013 possess or visibly display a
8 40-caliber pistol during the commission or attempted
9 commission of a violent crime.

10 Lastly, on the charge of attempted murder, that
11 Suzanna Brown Simpson did in Pickens County on or about
12 the 14th day of May 2013 unlawfully with malice
13 aforethought with the intent to kill attempt to kill
14 Michael John Simpson.

15 All right. So that's the case that the State has
16 called for trial, ladies and gentlemen. We're going to
17 break -- you're going to break for lunch in about five
18 minutes. One of the questions that you've been sworn
19 to tell the truth for -- and I'm going to have more
20 questions when you come back from lunch -- there is a
21 question that I'm going to have the clerk's office hand
22 out to you that you will retrieve when you are released
23 for lunch, okay. And here is the question. Each one
24 of you will get a copy, okay. It's called -- again, it
25 references the indictment numbers, of course, which

1 don't mean anything. And it says, "State of South
2 Carolina, County of Pickens." Then it says, "The
3 State," which is the State of South Carolina, "versus
4 Suzanna Brown Simpson, defendant." And it says,
5 "Defendant's proposed jury questionnaire." And the
6 question at the top, right here it says "juror number."
7 You will write in your juror number. You don't have to
8 write your name, just write in your juror number, okay.
9 And the question is as follows: Have you had any
10 experience, either personal, family members, friends or
11 otherwise, with mental illness? Okay. And you either
12 check yes or no. And if you check yes, you briefly
13 describe it. I don't need two pages of description. I
14 just want a little brief description because I'm going
15 to ask you about that, okay. And we'll go from there,
16 okay. All right.

17 So having said that, anything further to speak to
18 the panel from any of the attorneys at this time?

19 MR. WILKINS: None from the State, Your Honor.

20 MR. MAULDIN: Nothing further, Your Honor.

21 THE COURT: All right. So what we're going to do,
22 I have some matters that -- legal matters that I'll
23 deal with. As you will find out, I'm the judge of the
24 law, and if you're put on the jury, you're the judge of
25 the facts. So as the judge of the law, I have to deal

1 with legal matters, and y'all deal with factual
2 matters. So right now I've got to deal with some legal
3 matters. So I'm going to do that while y'all go to
4 lunch. I want you back in this jury -- in this
5 courtroom -- what do y'all think, lawyers? 2:00.

6 MR. MAULDIN: 2:30.

7 MR. WILKINS: 2:00.

8 MR. WILKINS: I'd say 2:00, Your Honor.

9 MR. MAULDIN: Well, that's fine.

10 THE COURT: Let's do 2:00. That gives y'all a
11 two-and-a-half-hour lunch. Y'all be back here in this
12 courtroom at 2:00 p.m., and we'll go from there on
13 further voir dire questions. Okay?

14 When you leave, come up here, grab one of these
15 questionnaires from the clerk right at the front, make
16 sure you have one before you leave. When you return,
17 hand that in to the clerk. All right? Everyone must
18 fill out one and hand it in to the clerk. Thank you
19 very much. You are excused until 2:00 p.m. if you get
20 a questionnaire.

21 THE BAILIFF: Also you need to leave your badges
22 with the bailiff as you go out the door there, please.
23 Please keep in mind parking can be a problem here. So
24 give yourself a little extra time.

25 (WHEREUPON, the prospective jurors are receiving

1 their questionnaires and exiting the courtroom.)

2 THE COURT: Is that it for jurors? Okay.

3 Do I have any members of the media here? Not yet?
4 There's some out there. Let's go ahead and deal with
5 the media issue first.

6 Mr. Bailiff, can you get whatever media is out
7 there and bring them in. They don't need their cameras
8 and stuff, just the members of the media.

9 THE COURT: That's it? I got like seven requests
10 up here. All right. Okay.

11 Who is here from WYFF? Thank you.

12 Who's here from WSPA? Anybody? All right. I'll
13 meet with them again.

14 Who's here from Greenville News? Okay. Got it.

15 And WHNS? All right. Got it. All right.

16 So have we got anybody here whose outlet I didn't
17 say?

18 All right. Here is what we're going to do. I've
19 received your requests. They are timely requests under
20 the rule. I will allow y'all to set up. I think
21 you're going to be right behind you. There's going to
22 be two cameras. Y'all are going to have to figure
23 out -- two video cameras are allowed. So y'all have to
24 pool together to figure out which two cameras you are
25 going to allow. I'm not going to allow live streaming.

1 I have considered that. Both the State and the defense
2 have weighed in on that.

3 And, Solicitor, do you wish to weigh in any
4 further on the issue of live streaming?

5 MR. WILKINS: No, Your Honor. I agree with your
6 assessment.

7 THE COURT: Mr. Mauldin, do you wish to weigh in
8 any further on the issue of live streaming?

9 MR. MAULDIN: No, sir.

10 THE COURT: All right. Thank you. So live
11 streaming will not be allowed, but certainly you can
12 have two video cameras. Y'all can have one radio
13 recorder, the rule allows, and two still cameras. Of
14 course, y'all are all dressed appropriately, not
15 indicate what news outlet you're from.

16 So that will now be the rules governing how we're
17 going to proceed with the trial, okay. So thank you
18 very much.

19 Yes, sir. Question?

20 MEMBER OF MEDIA: You said recording. Microphone,
21 wireless microphone?

22 THE COURT: You can use a wireless microphone back
23 there but you can't use it up here.

24 MEMBER OF MEDIA: Okay.

25 THE COURT: As far as picking up as far as for

1 your broadcast. No live streaming, though. Okay.

2 MEMBER OF MEDIA: With witnesses, we can't have a
3 microphone up there?

4 THE COURT: That's correct. During witnesses up
5 there, you have to go with whatever the courtroom does.

6 They will notify you when the actual trial starts,
7 opening statements. Thank you.

8 (Members of the media left the courtroom.)

9 THE COURT: Anything else from the State and
10 defense concerning instructions to the media?

11 MR. WILKINS: Not from the State, Your Honor.

12 MR. MAULDIN: None, Your Honor.

13 THE COURT: Of course, I'll make sure that they,
14 wherever they line up, they will not have any members
15 of the jury to be seen as well.

16 All right. Let's go ahead and deal with any
17 pretrial issues, and I will defer to y'all as far as
18 order in which y'all wish me to address them.

19 MR. MAULDIN: May it please the Court.

20 THE COURT: Yes, sir.

21 MR. MAULDIN: Your Honor, I had sent at your
22 request a list, and I'm simply going to work down that
23 list that was provided to your law clerk last week, if
24 it please the court.

25 THE COURT: Yes, sir.

1 MR. MAULDIN: The initial motion, Your Honor, that
2 we would make is that the method by which the case
3 against Anna Simpson has been docketed for call for
4 trial is a violation of the *State vs. Langford* case.
5 The Langford case, as this court will recall, I believe
6 it was December of '12, November or December of '12
7 when that case was issued.

8 The case, basically the fundamental principle was
9 a separation of powers between the judicial branch, the
10 court, and the executive branch, which would include
11 solicitors. The method also, Your Honor, I'm going to
12 refer to is contained in the administrative order that
13 was issued by Chief Justice Toal for the management of
14 cases in the Thirteenth Judicial Circuit which is
15 Greenville and Pickens Counties. I did provide a copy
16 of that, would pass up a hard copy if the court --

17 THE COURT: Okay.

18 MR. MAULDIN: And so the order, basically, Your
19 Honor, and the relevant sections actually are on page 6
20 under trials. First of all, with regard to Langford,
21 the idea that the solicitor has inherent authority
22 under the constitution to call cases on his own
23 schedule, that is, he gets his terms of court
24 designated to him by the court administration. He then
25 calls them when and if he wishes.

1 Let me say that Solicitor Wilkins and I have been
2 in communication about this particular term of court.
3 So it's not that the June 20th trial of Anna Simpson is
4 necessarily a surprise to me. We talked about that
5 date some months ago.

6 But what happened here is on June the 8th,
7 Wednesday, June the 8th, the legal investigator for the
8 Pickens County solicitor's office sent by e-mail the
9 trial docket. And the trial docket, which also was
10 attached to our notice of pretrial motions, indicated
11 that there were two judges, Judge Gibbons, Your Honor,
12 and Judge Hall, and the docket shows on its face that
13 the two cases first up would be Suzanna B. Simpson and
14 Eddie Otto Hayes. It also shows that the first up in
15 front of Gibbons is Simpson, and the first up in front
16 of Hall is Hayes.

17 And the fact of the matter is on its face, it's
18 just an absolute defiance of what the supreme court has
19 said is the law of this state. And that is the
20 solicitor does not have that authority. It is a
21 violation of the separation of powers. It is -- the
22 analogy is, Your Honor, if you had a common pleas case,
23 a wreck case, plaintiff and defendant, car wreck. If
24 one of the two sides has the power to decide when cases
25 are called, and not only that, but who's going to hear

1 them, that is inherently unfair.

2 And while that wasn't necessarily the underlying
3 legal principle in Langford, I think that that's what
4 Langford is actually telling us. That separation of
5 powers violation is inherently unfair for one side of
6 the controversy to basically be making the decisions
7 about when, where, and in front of whom a case would be
8 called.

9 So what we say at this point of this litigation,
10 what is the remedy for us? The remedy is that this
11 docket be quashed, that the case cannot be called under
12 the circumstances that Solicitor Wilkins has set in
13 place.

14 Second, and certainly a more drastic remedy, would
15 be to quash the indictments. Now, that, I will admit
16 to the court, is a reach. But one thing that was
17 mentioned to me when I was planning my pretrial
18 motions, the comment was made to me, Well, I mean, you
19 know, that Langford case, that doesn't mean anything.
20 That Langford case is just kind of squandering around
21 and floundering around, and nobody is doing anything
22 about it. Well, we need to step up and do something
23 about it. It is the law in South Carolina according to
24 the chief justice and members of the supreme court.

25 It is the law. And the fact that the transition

1 to a method to comply has admittedly been awkward and
2 to some extent nonexistent, that doesn't mean it isn't
3 the law. It's still the law, and we encourage the
4 court to seriously consider our motion to quash this
5 trial docket. This trial docket is a direct violation
6 of that case.

7 And, I assume, Your Honor, for the purposes of
8 preservation, not that I'm anticipating a ruling, but I
9 do think that I probably should have these marked, the
10 administrative order for the Thirteenth Circuit and the
11 trial docket.

12 THE COURT: Let's go ahead and mark them for
13 purposes of this argument as Defense 1.

14 MR. MAULDIN: Support for this motion, Your Honor.

15 THE COURT: This motion.

16 (WHEREUPON, Defendant's Exhibit Number 1
17 and 2 were marked for identification.)

18 MR. MAULDIN: And these are not going into the
19 trial exhibits.

20 THE COURT: No, sir. These are for the purpose of
21 this motion.

22 Mr. Mauldin, any further argument on your motion
23 under Langford?

24 MR. MAULDIN: Not on Langford, Your Honor.

25 THE COURT: Thank you. Mr. Wilkins.

1 MR. WILKINS: Your Honor, if it please the court.

2 THE COURT: Yes, sir.

3 MR. WILKINS: I have been involved with *State v.*
4 Langford for quite a long time now, and the net result
5 in the Thirteenth Circuit of the Langford case has been
6 at this point in time because of the, I guess the
7 awkward transition that Mr. Mauldin was referring to,
8 has been almost nil.

9 When Langford came out, we certainly respected
10 jurisprudence, and the chief administrative judge at
11 that time of the Thirteenth Circuit and other judges
12 got together and we proposed an administrative order.
13 And I think many other circuits have proposed
14 administrative orders to the supreme court in 2014.
15 Then sitting Chief Justice Toal signed an
16 administrative order which really memorialized how
17 things were being done in the Thirteenth Circuit prior
18 to the Langford case.

19 In this particular case -- and Pickens is not
20 handled exactly like Greenville. One, because of the
21 size difference and the number of cases that are being
22 called. Once this administrative order came out, Doug
23 Richardson, the deputy solicitor here in Pickens, would
24 send our trial docket to then Chief Administrative
25 Judge Miller. First it was Verdin. And she would

1 publish the docket. We then sent it to Judge Miller,
2 and I believe he just said, "I don't want to hear it."
3 Okay. And then we sent it to Judge Miller, the then
4 subsequent chief administrative judge, and his response
5 was, "I don't need to see that."

6 So we have gone through chief administrative
7 judge, and the way it is in Pickens is we give the
8 defense counsel 30 days' notice. They know what cases
9 are coming in 30 days in advance. And in this
10 particular case, because this case was a complicated
11 case, Mr. Mauldin and I just had a conversation in a
12 meeting and said, "When would you like to try this
13 case? Let's look at our calendars," knowing that
14 there's experts that need to be flown in or come in,
15 there's witnesses that need to be here, so we have to
16 plan out ahead. We just coordinated that among
17 ourselves. We agreed that this week would be an okay
18 week for everybody's schedule. Nobody was on vacation.
19 His witnesses would be -- he actually said, "No, let me
20 call you back and make sure my witnesses are
21 available." I said, "That's fine." He responded to
22 me, "My witnesses are available. That week sounds
23 good." So he was in agreement with the State. He
24 agreed with me.

25 So we get the docket, we set it, and we have got

1 two judges. We have got Your Honor, and we've got
2 Judge Hall. Somebody has got to try the case. So we
3 pick one judge to try this case, you pick one judge to
4 try the other case.

5 THE COURT: What was the methodology in deciding
6 which judge got what? Did y'all flip a coin?

7 MR. WILKINS: Literally. "Who do you want?"

8 "I don't care."

9 "Who wants to try it?"

10 "I don't care."

11 There was absolutely zero methodology in the
12 decision of what judge.

13 Your Honor, the State takes position that all
14 judges are adequate, qualified, fair, and impartial.
15 So it really doesn't matter which judge we get because
16 you're all great judges, and y'all are going to do a
17 fine job, and nobody is going to get a benefit or get
18 punished. So somebody has to do it.

19 The Langford decision in legalese sounds really
20 good, and they found unconstitution a statute. But in
21 practical purposes, how it is being applied has been
22 extremely difficult.

23 As you know, Your Honor, the State would take the
24 position, all right. The judges can decide which cases
25 we are going to call. Well, that creates a large

1 issue. I'm going to hand over 7,000 defendants to the
2 court and say, "Okay. Tell me which one you want to
3 try first. I'm ready."

4 Well, that creates an administrative nightmare for
5 the court for a large county like Greenville County.
6 Here in Pickens it's a little bit smaller because it's
7 just one week a month, and we can coordinate it and
8 work it out under the guise of this -- of this order
9 that we have developed along with the judges, and it's
10 been working absolutely fantastic.

11 But I would like to say, Your Honor, I think
12 Mr. Mauldin, by acquiescing in discussions with me
13 about when to have this trial, I think he's kind of
14 waived his right to raise this Langford issue. I'm
15 assuming he's not raising it on a timeliness of
16 notification, 30 days to publish the trial docket. It
17 has to be on the choice of judge.

18 And I'm assuming his remedy is that we change
19 judges, we don't change judges. Is he asking for a
20 continuance? I mean, he's asking for a continuance
21 after he's told me he's ready to try this case today,
22 and I'm ready to try this case today. So I'm a little
23 confused as to the purpose behind his motion and the
24 net result or the remedy that he's proposing to Your
25 Honor. It seems a little at odds with each other at

1 this point.

2 THE COURT: Coming back to you. Yes, sir.

3 MR. MAULDIN: Just a couple of remarks, Your
4 Honor. First of all, it also -- this action also
5 constitutes on its face a violation of the terms of the
6 admin order that we are operating on in the Thirteenth
7 Circuit.

8 I'm not moving for a continuance. I am prepared
9 for trial. But the question is exactly when is the
10 State of South Carolina going to try to comply with a
11 South Carolina Supreme Court decision. Are we all
12 going to just continue to flounder around. Anna
13 Simpson's case might as well be the case where we say
14 this docket was prepared and the judge assigned to
15 specific cases in violation of the letter and the
16 spirit of the South Carolina Supreme Court's case.
17 That's what I'm saying.

18 Now, the remedy is difficult. What do we do, put
19 the two names of the judges in a hat and flip coins? I
20 don't know the remedy. But I'm just simply saying on
21 its face, this trial docket just clearly is a technical
22 violation. That's my point, Your Honor. Thank you.

23 THE COURT: All right. Considering the arguments
24 made by counsel, here is what we're going to do. All
25 right. First of all, let me preface my decision by

1 saying I'm the chief administrative judge over my
2 circuit, Sixth Circuit, and I'm always the chief
3 administrative judge because I'm the only show in town,
4 okay. And so I'm very familiar with this Langford
5 decision. We have an administrative order in Lancaster
6 County, which is the biggest county in my circuit, that
7 the chief justice blessed and signed and did all that,
8 so I'm very familiar with it. I've spoken with Justice
9 Beatty, Chief Justice Elect, about this, familiar with
10 their commission's studies on how -- where do we go
11 from -- where do we go to from here as far as docketing
12 cases.

13 As far as the calendaring of the court date, I do
14 find the defense has waived any argument made as far as
15 the calendaring of it because the defense assisted in
16 the scheduling or consented to the scheduling of this
17 matter for trial this week.

18 And, of course, Mr. Mauldin, you indicated you're
19 ready for trial. You're not seeking a continuance, so
20 I'm not ordering a continuance. As far as your motion
21 is to be considered as quashing the trial docket, I
22 decline to do that because, you know, although we
23 are -- I understand your position concerning Langford.
24 You know, we're moving toward some type of remedy as
25 far as docketing cases, whether it's going to continue

1 to be a solicitor-run docket, whether it's going to be
2 a court-run docket, whether it's going to be a clerk
3 docket. The way we do it in Lancaster is a hybrid.
4 And I don't know if that's going to be -- it's not one
5 size fits all. We tried to do a one size fits all on
6 whatever committees I've been on, and it ain't going to
7 work.

8 Bottom line, I'm denying your motion under
9 Langford. I find the case was properly docketed
10 pursuant to a presumably valid on its face supreme
11 court order signed by Justice Toal in reliance upon
12 Langford. I'm making that decision. I believe
13 Solicitor Wilkins has the authority to schedule it the
14 way he did and the docket the way he did, and I accept
15 and I consent to serving as the trial judge. Whether
16 I'm going to be assigned to it or not, I have spoken
17 with Judge Hall in the hallway back there, and he
18 offered. He said, "Do you want me to do it?" And I
19 said, "No, I'll be glad to do it." So I consented to
20 serving as a trial judge. And I think that takes care
21 of any selection of judges argument.

22 All right. So that motion is denied. You're
23 protected in the record.

24 MR. MAULDIN: Thank you, Judge.

25 Next, Your Honor, is a motion for a directed

1 verdict of not guilty by reason of insanity. Now, as
2 awkward and as untimely as that motion would first
3 appear, I would like to at least put on the record the
4 point.

5 THE COURT: Sure.

6 MR. MAULDIN: The incident involved in this matter
7 occurred in May of 2013. In June or June the 10th,
8 2014, by written notice I advised the solicitor,
9 actually was directed to Betty Strom, the deputy
10 solicitor who's here involved in the case, I advised
11 the solicitor that Anna Simpson would enter a plea of
12 guilty -- a plea of not guilty by reason of insanity.
13 I asked if she wished a more formal notice, and she
14 said she did not.

15 What that notice did was it triggered at that
16 point the State's obligation to proceed in their
17 case-in-chief addressing the issue of sanity. In other
18 words, a comparable analysis would be a competency
19 notice or an alibi notice where the defendants must
20 raise the issue. And then after the issue is placed in
21 contest, the State then has to proceed.

22 Now, what has happened here, Your Honor, is that
23 the State, unless I'm misunderstanding, unless I'm
24 misunderstanding with regard to our chambers conference
25 earlier today with regard to my understanding of the

1 rules, criminal rules, if the prosecution intends to
2 present an expert witness regarding the sanity or
3 insanity issue, they would have had to put me on
4 notice. I would have already known that.

5 At this point we have received no notice of any
6 expert witness to testify regarding a forensic
7 evaluation of insanity or sanity. What that does,
8 Judge, it means this case sits like this at this point.
9 The State will put up fact evidence. They won't put up
10 expert evidence because they haven't provided notice.
11 But they will -- I mean, that's what I'm assuming the
12 rule says. They will put up fact evidence as to the
13 allegations in the indictment knowing that the not
14 guilty by reason of insanity is actually the challenge
15 that they've got to confront.

16 And so my position is there is at now no point in
17 controversy regarding the sanity of the defendant. She
18 has challenged the sanity. It is assumed if she
19 doesn't challenge it but now that it's been challenged,
20 they have a responsibility of putting something in
21 their case, and they have actually said, "We don't
22 intend to do that." We take the position that equates
23 to a directed verdict, that it's almost like a motion
24 for summary judgment.

25 THE COURT: That's what I was fixing to say.

1 MR. MAULDIN: And the state of mind of the
2 defendant in both the primary indictments of murder and
3 the other indictment of attempted murder, the state of
4 mind of the defendant is an absolute requirement. In
5 the attempt to murder, it is a specific intent crime.
6 In murder, there's a malice element. So there's just
7 no question that they have got to prove the state of
8 mind, and they have simply not proceeded with it.

9 THE COURT: How do you -- I understand your
10 argument. I mean, the 17-24-10(B), the defense has the
11 burden of proving the defense of insanity by a
12 preponderance of the evidence.

13 Doesn't that shift the burden to you? Going by
14 your argument, the State has to prove a negative, and
15 then you get an opportunity to prove by a preponderance
16 of the evidence -- or you don't even have to do that, I
17 guess is what I'm asking. You follow me?

18 MR. MAULDIN: Yeah, the question of whether or not
19 there is a burden on the defendant by a preponderance
20 of evidence to prove the --

21 THE COURT: Sanity.

22 MR. MAULDIN: -- inability to distinguish right
23 from wrong.

24 THE COURT: No. I'm reading the statute.
25 Affirmative defense, 17-24-10: It is an affirmative

1 defense to a prosecution for crime that at the time of
2 the commission or the act constituting the offense the
3 defendant, as a result of a mental disease or defect,
4 lacked the capacity to distinguish moral or legal right
5 from moral or legal wrong.

6 In other words, you have pled the affirmative
7 defense or she's pled not guilty by reason of insanity.
8 And as such, the statute says the defendant has the
9 burden of proving the defense of insanity by a
10 preponderance of the evidence.

11 So what I'm saying is I understand exactly your
12 argument. I follow you, you know, by putting the issue
13 of insanity in play, you're saying the State has to
14 address it. And at this point in time you haven't been
15 put on notice of any expert who's going to address it,
16 and, therefore, you're entitled to judgment as a matter
17 of law which would be a directed verdict.

18 MR. MAULDIN: And -- yeah. And I guess, Your
19 Honor, that there is -- and I'll try to connect some
20 dots in this. I acknowledge that statute and where the
21 burden now lies. I propose that that burden is
22 improper and unconstitutional. The shifting of the
23 burden to the defendant to prove by a preponderance
24 that she was insane, I say is a violation of the South
25 Carolina and United States Constitution. So -- but

1 that having been said, the statute exists and I
2 acknowledge it.

3 THE COURT: Okay.

4 MR. MAULDIN: But here is what that statute, if we
5 allow the process to go in this direction, and here's
6 the consequence of it. We are required to notify the
7 state of the assertion of the defense. We did that.
8 We are required to identify the witnesses that would
9 support that under Rule 5, and I can't remember the
10 particular -- it's the C or D paragraph, the one that
11 says if examinations of physical or mental evaluations
12 are done, we have to disclose that. And we've done
13 that.

14 If there is no -- but the State now comes into
15 court. They know who our witnesses are and they know
16 what our witnesses are going to say. They're going to
17 say she didn't know the difference between right and
18 wrong. We have no notice, none, of any expert witness
19 that would somehow be used by the State to counter that
20 position. They may call a witness during their
21 case-in-chief. We would say that that would clearly
22 violate the rule because we haven't gotten any notice
23 of such a witness. Are they going to then be calling
24 the witness after the testimony in some sort of form of
25 rebuttal? And I've got an entire argument about the

1 inappropriate of that.

2 So what happens is the defendant, under that
3 interpretation of the rules, has the requirement to
4 basically show to the prosecutor here is what we're
5 going to do, and the prosecutor has no obligation under
6 this interpretation to also show.

7 So what happens is I'm coming in here on Monday
8 for trial, and I have no clue about whether or not
9 they're going to call an expert witness or what that
10 expert witness is going to be called for because they
11 haven't given me any notice of it. And so -- I mean,
12 so the -- that's why I challenge that burden to the
13 extent it allows them to hide the ball. I don't
14 understand that. So I challenge it and believe that
15 it's a violation of due process.

16 THE COURT: All right.

17 Mr. Wilkins.

18 MR. WILKINS: Thank you, Your Honor. My first
19 response is that Mr. Mauldin, I think it's a motion for
20 directed verdict, is inappropriate in and of itself.
21 You don't have jurisdiction at this point to hear a
22 motion for directed verdict. The State has not
23 presented any evidence. A jury is not impaneled. I'm
24 not aware of any motion to dismiss in the criminal
25 world. It doesn't exist unless there's some sort of

1 unconstitutional violation along the way, you may be
2 able to bootstrap something in. So I would say it's
3 inappropriate to hear any motion for directed verdict
4 at this stage of the game.

5 Second, there is no notice requirement for
6 experts. Specifically, *State v. Nicholson* 623 S.E.2d
7 100 specifically states that the State does not have to
8 give, nor the defense, a notice of any witness.
9 There's Rule 5 discovery, but there's no notice of
10 expert witness that is required under Rule 702 -- 701,
11 702 or 703, and the case law specifically says that the
12 State does not have to give notice of any expert
13 witnesses.

14 Third, the State -- and there is a lot of case law
15 that says -- does not have to rely on an expert witness
16 to combat the affirmative defense of insanity. And so
17 we can rely totally on lay witnesses and circumstantial
18 evidence to prove our case. We're not required to have
19 an expert witness. And *State v. Bell* and *State v.*
20 *Poindexter* both hold that proposition as well.

21 So, finally, Your Honor, I'm not sure where
22 Mr. Mauldin is going with that.

23 THE COURT: In his argument, he also challenged
24 the constitutionality of burden shifting under Section
25 17-24-10, where the defendant has the burden of proving

1 the defense of insanity by a preponderance of the
2 evidence.

3 MR. WILKINS: And that's exactly what an
4 affirmative defense is. The case law brings it out.
5 The rules specifically state notice of affirmative
6 defense of insanity, self-defense.

7 Your Honor, finally, the defendant at this stage
8 in the game is presumed sane. And she's presumed sane
9 until any evidence is presented to the otherwise.
10 Until they prove beyond a reasonable doubt -- I mean
11 beyond a preponderance of the evidence, I'm sorry, Your
12 Honor -- beyond a preponderance of the evidence that
13 she is not guilty by reason of insanity, she's presumed
14 sane.

15 So at this stage of the game, she's sane as she
16 can be right now. And until they present their
17 evidence --

18 THE COURT: What case is that?

19 MR. WILKINS: That she's presumed sane? Hold on
20 just a second.

21 THE COURT: That's not in the statute.

22 MR. WILKINS: *State vs. Smith*, 379 S.E.2d 287.

23 That's the case that came out of Johnston, South
24 Carolina with the postal worker. And it says once the
25 defendant offers evidence of insanity, then State no

1 longer enjoys the presumption. So it's evidence at
2 trial. Once that evidence is presented at trial do we
3 lose that presumption.

4 THE COURT: Okay. All right.
5 Anything further?

6 MR. WILKINS: That's it, Your Honor.

7 THE COURT: Thank you.

8 Any reply, Mr. Mauldin?

9 MR. MAULDIN: Only, Your Honor, that we do
10 strongly question the idea that the State would have no
11 burden of notifying the defendant in a criminal case of
12 the intention of presenting expert testimony.

13 And let me say, I don't know whether they actually
14 intend to. I mean, I'm standing here arguing against
15 something that could be a moot point. But what I
16 understood was that they did not intend to call an
17 expert. So I'm kind of halfway operating on that
18 assumption.

19 If they do intend to call an expert, then we have
20 a whole new set of objections to that. But, you know,
21 if the requirement of disclosure under Rule 5 does not
22 require the government to notify the defendant of an
23 expert witness' proposed presentation, then I don't
24 really know what Rule 5 is actually all about, if
25 that's the case.

1 THE COURT: All right. Defense's motion for
2 directed verdict is denied without prejudice. Of
3 course, you may renew your motion at the presentation
4 of the State's case.

5 All right. What's the next item of business?

6 MR. MAULDIN: Your Honor --

7 THE COURT: And hold on a second. Let me go ahead
8 for the purposes of the record. And in making that
9 decision, I note defense's argument concerning the
10 constitutionality of 17-24-10, and I reject the
11 defendant's request to find that statute
12 unconstitutional. In other words, a finding in the
13 record.

14 MR. MAULDIN: Thank you, Judge.

15 THE COURT: Yes, sir.

16 MR. MAULDIN: Our next motion on our list, Your
17 Honor, is the waiver of a jury trial. This has been a
18 principle that has kind of ebbed and flowed for years
19 about whether the State has the right to a jury trial.
20 We acknowledge the current state but want to emphasize
21 a couple specifics about our circumstance in this case
22 that we believe distinguish the *Singer* and the *Sender*
23 cases.

24 The defendant in this case requests that the judge
25 try the case as a bench trial. It has nothing to do

1 with how long the case might take or whether we -- it's
2 quicker to do it that way. I've got all respect in the
3 world with jurors, been trying cases for 42 years in
4 front of jurors.

5 But at this particular set of circumstances, that
6 is, the horrible killing of two innocent children in
7 their home, the likelihood of passion, emotion,
8 arbitrary factors being a part of the jury deliberation
9 process is so real and so profound, that it -- and this
10 is something that the trial by a bench, by the judge as
11 a bench trial, does not involve. But the judges in
12 South Carolina, Walt used the term "adequate." I would
13 say they're great judges, and we all as trial lawyers
14 have great confidence in our judges' ability to make
15 the right findings regardless of the emotions and any
16 other arbitrary factor. The ware, passions, and
17 emotions, public feelings, prejudice, or any other
18 arbitrary factor may render it impossible or at least
19 unlikely for an impartial trial jury to be able to
20 serve in a particular case. We believe that the *Singer*
21 decision is distinguishable there, and so we ask that
22 this court seriously consider trying this case as a
23 bench trial.

24 The example, Your Honor, that I would give you,
25 and I don't know Your Honor's experience in the capital

1 litigation field, but there's a provision, 16-3-25,
2 that requires when a jury in a capital case comes back
3 with a death verdict or recommendation, but a death
4 verdict, the judge must have an opportunity to do an
5 individual independent determination that that verdict
6 was free from passion, emotion, or any other arbitrary
7 factor, and certifies it at the time the sentence is
8 imposed.

9 That's my point in this case. This isn't a
10 capital case, but the need to have that type of
11 impartiality exists when the facts of the case are as
12 horrific and just horribly emotional and graphic as
13 they're going to be here. So we do encourage the court
14 to consider a bench trial in this case.

15 THE COURT: All right.

16 Solicitor.

17 MR. WILKINS: Your Honor, the State does not waive
18 its right to a jury trial. We rely on *State vs.*
19 *Burgin*, 178 S.E.2d 325, where we do request a jury
20 trial in this case. Jurors in our state handle all
21 kind of cases on a continuous basis. Some are wreaked
22 with emotion and passion and are difficult cases in
23 facts, and it happens all the time. And they're
24 equipped to handle this case as well as they're
25 equipped to handle all the other types of cases. And

1 any type of issue you may have with a particular juror
2 who is sitting in judgment in this particular case can
3 be handled through voir dire, and we have done some
4 extensive voir dire. And your judge can decide who is
5 qualified to sit and who is not.

6 But, Your Honor, we have a right to a jury trial
7 and we assert it at this time.

8 THE COURT: All right.

9 Anything in reply?

10 MR. MAULDIN: Yes, Your Honor. But to make sure
11 for the record, we are challenging the
12 constitutionality of Rule 14(b) that apparently grants
13 to the State the right to take this position they're
14 taking this morning. We believe that the complexities
15 and nature of the case essentially amount to an
16 unconstitutional -- or a constitutional violation and
17 that the defendant is, in fact, deprived of due process
18 by requiring to be tried before a jury.

19 The last point that I would make on this, Your
20 Honor, is -- and, again, we are making, I guess, a
21 prediction, but when the court last week invited
22 prospective jury instructions, the State said that they
23 would be requesting a guilty but mentally ill
24 instruction.

25 Once again, I don't know who their expert would be

1 that would actually testify to that, so I don't know
2 how that's going to end up being in the record. But
3 whether it is or not, Your Honor, there is this
4 impression that such a jury instruction would be
5 literally an invitation for a trial jury to consider a
6 compromised verdict. That invitation is so clear --
7 and, Judge, please bear with me for a moment. If you
8 have a choice of guilty, not guilty by reason of
9 insanity, and then you throw in a third option and that
10 is guilty but mentally ill, then there is a strong
11 likelihood that a jury, as opposed to a bench trial
12 judge, could may very well meet in the middle, so to
13 speak, and compromise with the verdict of guilty but
14 mentally ill, whereas a judge as a bench trial would
15 take technical legal issues and justifications and
16 measure the appropriate verdict. There again is an
17 additional reason why we -- but, again, like I say, I
18 only know that from what they sent you as a possible
19 jury instruction. I don't know if any witnesses are
20 going to say that. But that is at least raised by that
21 situation.

22 THE COURT: Anything in reply to that?

23 MR. WILKINS: That jury verdict comes out of *State*
24 *vs. Rimert*, and I'm trying to find if it's in the
25 statute or not, but it requires Your Honor to submit

1 those four options on the jury verdict form.

2 THE COURT: Well, the statute --

3 MR. WILKINS: It may be in the statute. I'm
4 looking at the statute again.

5 THE COURT: The statute on -- it's -- I got it
6 right here. 17-24-30, form of verdict.

7 MR. WILKINS: Yeah. It tells you all four.
8 Guilty, not guilty --

9 THE COURT: In a prosecution for a crime when the
10 affirmative defense of insanity is raised sufficiently
11 by the defendant, or when there's sufficient evidence
12 of a mental disease or defect of the defendant where
13 that's admitted into evidence, the trier of fact shall
14 find under the applicable law -- the trier of fact
15 there means either a judge or jury -- shall find under
16 the applicable law the verdict must so state whether
17 the defendant is guilty, not guilty, not NGRI, or
18 guilty but mentally ill.

19 MR. WILKINS: That's correct, Your Honor.

20 THE COURT: Okay. All right.

21 MR. MAULDIN: I do, Your Honor, since you raised
22 it --

23 THE COURT: You're protected in the record. I'm
24 going to deny your motion for a bench trial, but your
25 position on the constitutionality of 14(b) as well as

1 this statute is preserved in the record.

2 MR. MAULDIN: If I may, Your Honor, since the
3 question of that statute was raised by the court, and I
4 think it's appropriate to consider at this point, let
5 me make sure that the record reflects our position on
6 this statute.

7 This statute, basically they're saying to our
8 trial judges if the issue of not guilty by reason of
9 insanity is presented, then you as a trial judge must
10 give four alternative verdicts. How clear does a
11 violation of separation of powers have to be? Here's
12 what's happening with that statute. And we object to
13 that statute. We have alleged that that statute is
14 blatantly unconstitutional because here's what it's
15 doing. Legislators in Columbia are passing a law and
16 telling the court before you ever hear the first
17 witness, before you've ever had any evidence put,
18 they're telling you what you must put on a verdict
19 form.

20 Let's say that you got a not guilty by reason of
21 insanity where there's not one single grain of evidence
22 that would warrant the submission of an optional
23 verdict of guilty but mentally ill. There's no
24 evidence, no evidence. The legislature is telling you
25 you've got to say it anyway? It is fundamental in our

1 jurisprudence that jury instructions rise or fall by
2 the existence of testimony or evidence in the case. I
3 mean, the cases are overwhelming that say that. I mean
4 in every offense, judges write --

5 THE COURT: Let me cut to the chase. I agree with
6 you on that. I'm going -- I understand what your
7 argument is on that. And if, after the conclusion of
8 the evidence, I believe that something shouldn't be
9 presented to the jury, I ain't going to present it to
10 the jury.

11 MR. MAULDIN: That's our position.

12 THE COURT: I think there is a lot -- regardless
13 of whether the statute tells me to do that or not, if
14 that's the case, that's an unconstitutional violation
15 of separation of powers. So that argument is preserved
16 because I don't know what's going to happen. I don't
17 know what they are going to present on that.

18 MR. MAULDIN: I don't either.

19 THE COURT: I understand where you are. I
20 understand that perfectly.

21 Do you wish to be heard?

22 MR. WILKINS: Just for the record, just so the
23 court knows, that once they assert the affirmative
24 defense of insanity and there's evidence presented of
25 insanity, we have to prove beyond a reasonable doubt

1 that the person is sane. And they will argue that in
2 directed verdict motion, I assume, or at some point
3 during the trial they will argue that we have not done
4 that. And I go back to my further cases that we have
5 every ability and right to do that just purely through
6 evidence laid out, non-expert evidence laid out through
7 witnesses and through circumstantial evidence.

8 THE COURT: Yes. All right.

9 What's the next motion?

10 MR. MAULDIN: One moment. Let me try to catch up
11 with myself here.

12 The next question, Your Honor, that arises, if I
13 can follow my preparation here, is an analysis of and
14 limitations of opinion testimony. And I have cited a
15 series of our court rules which I'm sure the court is
16 eminently familiar with: 602, 701, 702, 703 and 705.
17 And what those rules basically talk about is, you know,
18 the bottom line is who and under what circumstances are
19 witnesses allowed to express opinions.

20 We take the position that a -- that Rule 602 and
21 Rule 701 basically read in conjunction mean that lay
22 witnesses can testify only as the personal knowledge.
23 That's 602. And then 701, they can testify -- the
24 expression of opinions is limited to their perception
25 of what they are being asked to testify about. They

1 have to -- it has to have been seen, heard. They
2 cannot express opinions as to conclusions based upon
3 what they saw. They can only testify to what they saw,
4 what they heard. Here is what I saw. Here's what I
5 heard. Their testimony has got to be limited to their
6 perception, and I'm trying to look at this rule and
7 talk at the same time.

8 THE COURT: I understand. That's 701 you're on.
9 If the witness is not testifying as an expert, the
10 witness' testimony in the form of an opinion, that's a
11 lay witness, or emphasis is limited to those opinions
12 or inferences which are rationally based upon the
13 perception, upon their perception, are helpful to a
14 clear understanding of what their testimony is or to
15 help determine what an issue of fact is.

16 MR. MAULDIN: Right.

17 THE COURT: And do not require special knowledge,
18 skill -- I understand.

19 MR. MAULDIN: That's right. It's the fact that
20 they can like -- an example, Your Honor. If a person
21 is standing on a street corner and a car goes flying
22 by, that person can say that car was speeding.

23 THE COURT: Right. It's their opinion.

24 MR. MAULDIN: But they can't then draw
25 conclusions. And I think that's what -- they can

1 describe facts. How hot was it? It was very hot. I
2 was sweating.

3 THE COURT: 701 goes more toward credibility of
4 evidence rather than admissibility. I mean, if that's
5 kind of cutting to the chase of what your argument is.

6 What are you wanting to keep out and what are you
7 wanting me to let in, I guess?

8 MR. MAULDIN: The point is that if, as I have
9 understood this morning, that the State intends to
10 present lay testimony, non-expert testimony, and that
11 testimony is going to be in the form of an effort to
12 prove sanity, well, I mean, I don't see how -- I don't
13 know. Maybe I'm making an incorrect assumption. But
14 they can't put lay witnesses on the witness stand to
15 say whether or not this person or another person was
16 sane or not. That requires special technical,
17 scientific --

18 THE COURT: Isn't sanity an issue of fact for the
19 jury to determine?

20 MR. MAULDIN: I think it is, but it's a question
21 of fact that has to be established through expert
22 testimony.

23 THE COURT: I'm with you.

24 MR. MAULDIN: So there's got to be limitations on
25 lay witnesses testifying to such things. Examples.

1 And this is just something I'm imagining. How did this
2 person act? Well, she acted crazy. Or she acted
3 normal. "Normal" and "crazy" are terms in an attempt
4 to establish some sort of mental state. That's for
5 expert witnesses to testify to. That's why we put them
6 on notice. That's what this case is all about. It has
7 been about this for three years now.

8 And if they're saying this morning we're going to
9 just present lay witnesses, then -- and they have got a
10 burden of proving sanity? I once again renew my motion
11 for a directed verdict if that's the case because the
12 rules on opinion testimony are going to prohibit that.

13 THE COURT: My law clerk, my smart law clerk, just
14 handed me a case, *State vs. Lewis*, which he says that a
15 defendant can rely on lay testimony to establish
16 insanity. So if that case says a defendant can do it,
17 why can't the State do it?

18 Go ahead.

19 MR. WILKINS: Your Honor --

20 THE COURT: I'll come back to you and let you
21 argue.

22 MR. WILKINS: That's exactly right. We can
23 establish sanity beyond a reasonable doubt or we can
24 establish guilty but mentally ill beyond a reasonable
25 doubt through lay witnesses. And we can present enough

1 evidence in which they can derive the fact that she is
2 guilty or guilty but mentally ill.

3 THE COURT: Provided the State relies on
4 circumstantial evidence must be you believe you have
5 enough substantial circumstantial evidence to prove to
6 the trier of fact, which is going to be the jury, that
7 you have met your burden.

8 MR. WILKINS: Absolutely. And, you know, we agree
9 lay people can't say, "So-and-So is not guilty by
10 reason of insanity." They don't have the authority to
11 do that. Now, they can give their perception of how
12 someone was acting. They can say what her statements
13 were to them at the time. We can ask them questions
14 about their perceptions. Absolutely we can, just like
15 any other witnesses. And all of that taken together
16 can prove to the fact-finder that she was guilty or
17 guilty but mentally ill at the time of the incident.

18 THE COURT: Similar to asking an officer about,
19 "How did the driver appear to you?"

20 "He appeared to be under the influence of
21 alcohol."

22 "Why?"

23 MR. WILKINS: Well, he had alcohol on his breath,
24 you know.

25 THE COURT: I'm with you. I understand exactly

1 where you're going.

2 I respectfully, to the extent there is a motion to
3 limit or exclude, I'm going to deny the motion. I
4 believe you're protected in the record on that.

5 Anything else you want to say on that to make sure
6 you're protected on the record.

7 MR. MAULDIN: Just a couple -- and I beg the
8 court's pardon. I never had experience with you in
9 trial court. I know I get kind of out of hand. I
10 apologize.

11 THE COURT: No, sir. I'm very patient. I was a
12 family court judge for eight years, remember that.

13 So what's going to happen, if you -- I mean, you
14 can certainly object at the time. I'm just letting you
15 know they're going to -- I'm going to allow the State
16 to try to prove its case through lay witnesses to the
17 extent they can. But that's for a jury to determine.

18 MR. MAULDIN: All right. But one thing. Just
19 this is a slippery slope. And I'll give you my
20 instinctive view as follow-up to what Walt was saying.

21 If it is the State's intention to get into this
22 case and into the record the fundamental legal
23 principle of guilty but mentally ill, there are two
24 stages to that: That the person has a mental
25 impairment -- they would have to establish that -- and

1 the second stage, which just cannot be established by
2 lay testimony, is that the person, due to the mental
3 impairment, the individual lacked the capacity to
4 conform their conduct to the requirements of the law.
5 That's what the law is.

6 Now, if the prosecution is saying we're going to
7 get the mental impairment in front of the jury, and
8 then we're going to argue to them that because of that
9 mental impairment, she didn't have the ability to
10 conform her conduct, that is absolutely improper. They
11 are inviting the jury to practice psychiatry during
12 jury deliberations about whether or not their lay
13 testimony is sufficient to establish the inability to
14 conform. They can't do that. They can't do that. And
15 the reliance on lay testimony, to get that in front of
16 this jury, is going to fail because they can't ask
17 them, "Well, did she have the ability to conform?" The
18 witness is not qualified to testify to that. They
19 cannot invite the jury to nullify and find that.
20 Therefore, we object to that.

21 THE COURT: All right.

22 MR. WILKINS: At the risk of sounding petulant,
23 yes, we can. I mean, we can. That's what a trial is
24 about. I mean, you know, we're going to present
25 witnesses. They're going to give their testimony. I'm

1 assuming they have experts on notice. They're going to
2 get their experts. We get to cross-examine them. We
3 can bring out whatever we want during that
4 cross-examination.

5 THE COURT: Again, I believe these are issues more
6 toward the weight and credibility of the evidence, not
7 the admissibility.

8 MR. WILKINS: The jury will then have to decide.
9 Those are -- it's a factual question. You get to
10 define guilty but mentally ill. You get to define not
11 guilty by reason of insanity. You get to explain that
12 just like you define reasonable doubt, and then they
13 get to decide whether she knew right from wrong at the
14 time of the murder and couldn't conform, or whether she
15 did not know right from wrong, she's not guilty, or
16 whether she's just guilty or not guilty. That's their
17 job.

18 THE COURT: All right. I agree with the State's
19 position on that, but the defense's position is
20 protected in the record. All right.

21 MR. MAULDIN: And, Your Honor, with regard to
22 being protected, I'm going to attempt to make
23 contemporaneous objections. I just don't -- I want the
24 court to --

25 THE COURT: Well, let me do it this way. I don't

1 want you to -- I don't want you to tick off the jury,
2 okay, getting up and down. And I understand that
3 perfectly. That's the reason why we're having this
4 discussion to create a clear record, okay.

5 I think and I will say for the purpose of the
6 court of appeals and the supreme court, whichever other
7 appellate court reviews this record in the event that
8 there is an appeal, okay, my intent is to preserve that
9 issue that you just raised for any lay witness that the
10 State calls. And the intent will be shown by you
11 making your objection for each witness, but you don't
12 have to continue to make the objection. Just state,
13 "Your Honor, previous objection." I'll say, "Noted for
14 this witness." And that is the court of appeals or
15 supreme court or whatever appellate court that's
16 reviewing this record, that's their notice that you
17 object to all that testimony.

18 MR. MAULDIN: Yes, sir.

19 THE COURT: So I'm making sure you're protected in
20 the record.

21 MR. MAULDIN: All right. And, fortunately, I have
22 got folks helping me, so if you will give me ten
23 seconds.

24 THE COURT: Right. The last thing I want you to
25 do is tick the jury off by making objections. Same

1 goes for Ms. Strom and Mr. Wilkins.

2 MR. MAULDIN: With regard to this issue, I'm going
3 to ask that the judge's clerk look at these three --
4 yeah, these three cases that relate to what is or isn't
5 admissible.

6 When is expert testimony required? *State vs.*
7 *Bulsa*, B-u-l-s-a, 308 S.C.322. *Moriarty vs. Of God*,
8 G-o-d, 341 S.C. 320, that's a 2000 case. And *In re*
9 *Thomas S.*, 402 S.C. 373, a 2013 case. Those are cases
10 that discuss the issue of lay testimony, expert
11 testimony, when is it appropriate and when is it not.

12 Your Honor, should I move on to the next one?

13 THE COURT: Yes, sir.

14 MR. MAULDIN: All right. The next question is the
15 barring of any expert not properly noticed under Rule 5
16 or under the court rules. Once again I am a little bit
17 in the blind about whether or not to anticipate.

18 THE COURT: Do we have one? Are y'all calling an
19 expert?

20 MR. WILKINS: We have an expert in psychiatry.
21 It's a known witness. It's Dr. Jeff Smith, her
22 treating psychiatrist. He -- their expert has talked
23 to him. They know all about him. They have his
24 records. I'm not sure. He cannot be qualified as an
25 expert in forensic psychiatry. So I don't -- I don't

1 have -- I can't tell the court exactly how far I'm
2 going to be able to go down the road with him, but I'm
3 going to attempt to qualify him as an expert in
4 psychiatry.

5 THE COURT: During your case-in-chief?

6 MR. WILKINS: Don't know, Your Honor.

7 THE COURT: Or possibly rebuttal?

8 MR. WILKINS: Possibly could be rebuttal, I don't
9 know. I don't want to tell the defense, and I don't
10 know myself.

11 THE COURT: Okay.

12 MR. WILKINS: That's the only -- well, I take that
13 back. And there is a Dr. Wade -- I don't know if
14 they're calling this expert -- the treating
15 psychiatrist at the ER hours after the alleged murders
16 is a Dr. Wade Harris. They know Dr. Wade Harris.
17 They've got his records just like we do. I don't know
18 if they're going to call him. I don't know if I'm
19 going to call him. I might call him in rebuttal. I
20 don't know. They know everybody.

21 THE COURT: Her treating psychiatrist and the ER
22 psychiatrist.

23 MR. WILKINS: Yeah. I can represent to the court
24 I don't have some secret expert that they have never
25 heard, seen, or know anything about that's going to

1 waltz in here and say something, if that's an issue.

2 THE COURT: Can I defer this motion until the
3 appropriate time?

4 MR. MAULDIN: Yeah. I think probably so, Your
5 Honor. We are aware of both those doctors. We know
6 who they are and what role they play. Dr. Smith was
7 the treating psychiatrist for our client. That does
8 open a whole new set of worms, but, obviously, I
9 certainly don't think that's forensic psychiatry
10 testimony, but we'll wait and see where Walt goes with
11 that. And we are aware of Dr. Harris who was present
12 and treating our client at the time or thereafter of
13 the incident.

14 THE COURT: All right. So we'll deal with that
15 one, then, if it comes up when it comes up.

16 Then to preview and premark all photographic
17 evidence.

18 MR. MAULDIN: The question there is I don't know
19 the best time to try to do that.

20 MS. STROM: We can do it over lunch. I'll be glad
21 to show him everything, every piece of evidence we plan
22 to put in.

23 MR. MAULDIN: We just, because of the nature of
24 this incident, I just would like to see what they --

25 THE COURT: I mean, we're not putting in the

1 autopsy photos or anything like that.

2 MR. WILKINS: We never put autopsies in. There
3 will be pictures of the bedrooms where the children
4 were laying, but the children won't be seen in the
5 pictures.

6 MR. MAULDIN: Yeah. And then the other thing I
7 had I believe I got this clarified this morning about
8 my need to have witness notice. If we do openings this
9 afternoon and begin the testimony, I would ask that the
10 State give us a half day because we've got people from
11 out of town that need to come to Pickens, and if
12 they're going to be called the next morning, then they
13 need to come the night before.

14 THE COURT: Okay.

15 MR. MAULDIN: We just need as much notice as we
16 can to keep the case going.

17 THE COURT: You know, by the time we get a jury
18 selected today, it's probably going to be 3:30 before
19 y'all even start opening statements.

20 MR. MAULDIN: Right.

21 THE COURT: You know, I think can the defense
22 be -- assuming that y'all stay on your day-and-a-half
23 track.

24 MR. WILKINS: I think we can finish up tomorrow
25 afternoon.

1 THE COURT: Can the defense be ready for Wednesday
2 afternoon?

3 MR. MAULDIN: If Wednesday afternoon is a good
4 start for us, we can go ahead and tell everybody
5 Wednesday afternoon.

6 THE COURT: I do have a prior engagement Wednesday
7 afternoon that I need to be at, so I'm not going to run
8 past 4 o'clock Wednesday afternoon. That's the only
9 thing I have.

10 MR. WILKINS: So you're going to give us the
11 morning off, Wednesday morning off?

12 THE COURT: I don't know. That's why I'm trying
13 to figure him out. What are we doing -- can you do
14 Wednesday morning?

15 MR. MAULDIN: Well --

16 MR. WILKINS: If he gives them notice today.

17 THE COURT: Giving you notice today. That's a
18 full day and a half.

19 MR. MAULDIN: If we need to have them -- let me --
20 I'll just be candid, Judge. These are expensive
21 people.

22 THE COURT: I know.

23 MR. MAULDIN: And so we don't want to just burn or
24 have them sitting around. But if you tell me that they
25 need to be in Pickens on Wednesday morning, I'll tell

1 them to do that.

2 THE COURT: Okay. Who's paying for it, OID?

3 MR. MAULDIN: Yeah. Columbia, you know. I mean,
4 but you have to approve it.

5 THE COURT: Oh, yeah. I'll approve all that.
6 Tell them to be here Wednesday morning.

7 MR. MAULDIN: Wednesday morning.

8 THE COURT: Because I'm going to be on them.
9 We're going to finish the State's case. And provided I
10 do not grant a directed verdict, you need to be ready
11 to roll Wednesday morning, 10:00 a.m.

12 MR. MAULDIN: Yes, sir, 10:00 a.m.

13 THE COURT: 10:00 a.m.

14 MR. MAULDIN: And I will say that just off the
15 record, on the record, whatever, I appreciate the court
16 being relatively relaxed in the schedule. We're all
17 coming from Greenville every day, so it is sometimes.

18 THE COURT: Yeah. I ain't starting at 9:00. That
19 ain't going to happen, okay. We'll start at 9:30 at
20 the absolute earliest. It was tough getting here this
21 morning.

22 MR. MAULDIN: Let me check with my boss here and
23 see if I left anything out.

24 THE COURT: I'm looking at your e-mail. Looks
25 like we have done everything. The only thing we didn't

1 put on the record was the confidential voir dire forms.
2 We did it for the mental health. I denied your request
3 to do it for publicity. Because I am going to ask --
4 I'm going to ask your question during voir dire. I
5 just didn't put it in written form.

6 Did you wish to be heard on that?

7 MR. MAULDIN: Yes, sir.

8 THE COURT: All right. Go ahead.

9 MR. MAULDIN: Thank you, Judge.

10 That's all from the defense.

11 THE COURT: Okay.

12 MS. STROM: You said you wanted to put on the
13 record --

14 THE COURT: Do you want to be heard on that, on
15 the issue of having them do the confidential media one
16 as well as the --

17 MR. MAULDIN: Oh, the problem, Your Honor, we
18 asked for two, the mental health question and the media
19 question.

20 THE COURT: And I gave you one.

21 MR. MAULDIN: One of them is done, and we do
22 appreciate that. The second one regarding the media
23 coverage, Your Honor, what's going to happen or what
24 could happen, is we get all of the jurors in the
25 courtroom, and this case did receive a tremendous

1 amount of exposure initially. It's a small -- Pickens
2 County is a small community, basically. The case has
3 now come back up through media coverage here in the
4 last couple of weeks.

5 If you ask the question about whether or not a
6 juror has formed an opinion as to the guilt or
7 innocence of the defendant and you have half the group
8 raise their hand or one third of the group raise their
9 hand, not only do I believe you have to deal with each
10 one of those, I don't think you could say to the group,
11 "Can you change your mind? Can you just ignore what
12 you think and set it all aside?" I don't think you
13 could. I think you have to individually ask the jurors
14 are they going to be able to individually set aside a
15 preconceived verdict in a case. Because they may say,
16 "I don't think I can." And that is a disqualification.

17 But if you do it as a group, you're going to have
18 this contagious problem, I believe, and that's why we
19 want it done individually. So that was the point, Your
20 Honor.

21 THE COURT: All right. And what's the State's
22 position on that, if any?

23 I've already ruled. I'm just going to do it the
24 way I normally do it which is just ask, "Have you heard
25 anything about the case?" And if they stand up, "What

1 have you heard?" Well, I remember seeing about it on
2 the news or hearing about it on the radio or reading
3 about it in the paper. "Would that affect your ability
4 to be fair and impartial in the case?" And if they say
5 no, then, you know, at least from a prima facie basis.
6 Of course, you can always strike them. If you don't
7 want to strike them, peremptory strikes, you can always
8 bring that matter to my attention and I can strike them
9 for cause. And we'll see where that goes. I have no
10 idea. I wish I had that looking glass, but I don't.

11 MR. WILKINS: State agrees with Your Honor.

12 MR. MAULDIN: And I don't know --

13 THE COURT: Thanks.

14 MR. WILKINS: Not that it matters.

15 MR. MAULDIN: I don't know what this particular
16 court would ask them -- I think the critical question
17 is not just whether they have heard about it. It is
18 whether they have actually formed an opinion on the
19 critical issue of guilt or innocence.

20 THE COURT: All right. Do y'all have any problem
21 with me asking that question?

22 MS. STROM: I would think that would be the
23 follow-up question if they say they know about it.

24 MR. WILKINS: Then you have got to say, "Have you
25 formed an opinion?"

1 THE COURT: Okay. All right.

2 You know, I don't want to -- what I don't want
3 to -- yeah. Let's say I ask that question. "Yeah, I
4 think she's guilty." I don't want to ask what the
5 opinion is. I'll say, "Have you formed an opinion as
6 to the guilt or innocence of Suzanna Brown Simpson?"

7 "Yes."

8 Okay. "Can you be a fair and impartial juror?"

9 "Yes."

10 Let's say we have somebody who says yes to both of
11 those.

12 MR. WILKINS: Then I think we need to bring her up
13 privately.

14 THE COURT: Yeah, we can do that. We can either
15 bring them up privately, then I could discuss, or y'all
16 can decide what y'all want to do with your peremptory
17 strikes or strikes for cause. We'll deal with that as
18 it goes.

19 On that line, do y'all have any other written -- I
20 mean, I like to have it in my hand. I don't read off a
21 computer. When I charge, I charge with a piece of
22 paper. I want your proposed voir dire handed up to me
23 if y'all can do that. So I am going to ask that
24 question.

25 Any other voir dire from the State? I'm pulling

1 up yours.

2 MR. WILKINS: We had two voir dire, and I've -- we
3 discussed it earlier, and I kind of rewrote it out.
4 But mine, it's regarding a letter that we have
5 information that was sent out to a number of churches
6 regarding the defendant and her mental illness. It
7 basically says, "Has anyone been contacted by a church
8 pastor or member through letter or oral communication
9 regarding the defendant, Anna Simpson, or this case?"
10 Yes or no.

11 THE COURT: Okay.

12 MR. WILKINS: The second one is, "Has anyone
13 contributed to NAMI or any other organization having to
14 do with mental illness or MADD," or you can add other
15 groups in there. And if the answer is yes, "Can you
16 still be fair and impartial?"

17 THE COURT: You got that in writing?

18 MR. WILKINS: Yes, sir.

19 THE COURT: If you will hand that up to me.
20 Do you have any problem with those requests?

21 I'm not specifically going to say her father. I
22 think we discussed this.

23 MR. WILKINS: It just says, "Have you ever been
24 contacted by communication, oral or written, by a
25 church member or organization?" It doesn't reference

1 her father or anything. We're talking to the jurors
2 here.

3 THE COURT: Has any juror been contacted by a
4 church pastor or member -- by your church pastor or
5 member of a church, either through letter or oral
6 communication, regarding the defendant, Anna Simpson,
7 or about this case?

8 MR. MAULDIN: We have no objection to that
9 question.

10 THE COURT: All right.

11 MR. MAULDIN: The second question, Your Honor --

12 THE COURT: Has any member -- has any juror been a
13 contributor to or supporter of -- contributor to or
14 supporter of -- what's NAMI?

15 MR. MAULDIN: NAMI.

16 THE COURT: What is that?

17 MR. MAULDIN: It's national Alliance of Mental
18 Health.

19 MR. WILKINS: National Alliance of Mental Illness.

20 THE COURT: NAMI.

21 MR. MAULDIN: NAMI.

22 THE COURT: Or any other organization dealing with
23 mental illness or -- then I'll ask the, you know, CAV,
24 SADD, MADD, all that kind of stuff.

25 MR. MAULDIN: Right. My recommendation would be

1 that in order to avoid particular emphasis, that you
2 add other -- contribution to other law enforcement
3 organizations.

4 THE COURT: CAV, SADD, Fraternal Order of Police,
5 all that stuff, okay.

6 Any other specific voir dire while we're on the
7 subject?

8 MR. WILKINS: Not from the State.

9 We have two brief motions in limine.

10 THE COURT: Can you hand me up your media one?

11 MR. MAULDIN: I think --

12 THE COURT: I don't have it in writing. I just
13 have it on my laptop. I would like to have it in
14 writing. The one about the media. I can print it out.

15 Brian can print it out.

16 MR. MAULDIN: Let's see, Your Honor. I think --
17 hang on.

18 MS. STROM: While he's looking for that, Judge --

19 MR. MAULDIN: Yeah. Here it is.

20 THE COURT: There we go. Thank you. I just like
21 to have something in my hand.

22 MR. MAULDIN: That's the one that I had sent to
23 him.

24 MR. WILKINS: Yeah.

25 THE COURT: All right. Thank you.

1 MS. STROM: Judge, for the purpose of jury
2 qualifications, we have a list of potential State's
3 witnesses. We would not -- we do not plan on calling
4 all these, but just in trying to be prepared for
5 anything that might happen. I'm prepared to hand that
6 up to you.

7 And I would ask the defense provide you as well
8 for the purpose of jury qualification under *State v.*
9 *Robinson* a list of the witnesses for jury qualification
10 purposes. And then I just gave you a summary.

11 THE COURT: Hand me yours and I'll -- okay.

12 Doesn't mean they're going to be called. I've got
13 those. All right.

14 What else? All right.

15 MR. MAULDIN: On that, Your Honor, did you intend
16 to actually go down that list of names?

17 THE COURT: I'm going to do it in fives or threes.
18 I'm not going to do it in twenties.

19 MR. MAULDIN: You might want to just mix them up
20 so we're not making references to who's got how many.

21 THE COURT: That's what I'll do, in no particular
22 order.

23 The verdict form, I'll reserve that for later
24 ruling. Obviously, the charges, we're not even close
25 to that yet. I just wanted to kind of get a feel from

1 both of y'all as to where we're heading.

2 State's motions in limine, you had two.

3 MR. WILKINS: Yes, Your Honor. The first is we
4 would like to make sure there would be no reference by
5 any witness, expert or lay, as to the consequences of
6 the actual verdicts. We don't want them to know, What
7 does guilty by mentally ill mean if we check that box,
8 what happens to the defendant?" What does it mean if
9 not guilty by reason of insanity, what happens to the
10 defendant? Inappropriate in this setting. This is a
11 trial. That's a sentencing issue.

12 THE COURT: You agree with that?

13 MR. MAULDIN: No, sir.

14 THE COURT: Okay. What's the second motion?

15 MR. WILKINS: We would ask that no one mention any
16 other trials or cases where mental illness has been the
17 issue. For example, Angela Yates is a case that
18 oftentimes people refer to. Maybe be some similarities
19 in this case, who knows. But we would ask that that be
20 not allowed to be testified to by expert or lay.

21 THE COURT: Okay. Let me hear from you on those.

22 MR. MAULDIN: As to the second one?

23 THE COURT: Yep.

24 MR. MAULDIN: Evaluation of a defendant by expert
25 witnesses, we can't -- we can't tell these expert

1 witnesses what they can or cannot use in criteria.

2 That's why we hire them. That's why we get them in the
3 case, to evaluate the case. If an expert witness were
4 to testify in explaining to the jury what a term, for
5 example, distinguishing right from wrong, what does
6 that mean, and they want to use examples to help the
7 jury understand the terms, then how in the world can we
8 say, "Wait a minute. You can't use that example," or,
9 "You can't use this example." I mean, that's
10 inappropriate limitation on the expert's analysis and
11 explanation to the jury.

12 So as to the second motion he made about limiting
13 witnesses from talking about any other case, if that is
14 part of the expert witness' presentation to explain to
15 the jury to give them what expert testimony is supposed
16 to give them, then we believe that they should be
17 allowed to talk about it. Whatever it is. And I don't
18 know whether they're going to talk about it or not, but
19 I don't think we ought to be telling the experts they
20 can't be talking about the one Walt mentioned was
21 Andrea Yates. Or another example would be the girl
22 over in Union County that drowned her two children. I
23 believe that they found that she had a mental illness,
24 but they still convicted her.

25 So, I mean, if a psychiatrist analyzes the facts

1 before him based upon that type of analysis, I think he
2 ought to be able to explain that.

3 MR. WILKINS: They can do it through
4 nonidentifying -- if they want to use an example, use a
5 generic example if they need to explain something. But
6 they don't need to refer to a specific case or to the
7 specific results of that particular case is all we're
8 saying. I think it confuses the jury and allows them
9 to associate that case and try to garner instances
10 where there's similarities between the two cases, and I
11 think it's not good for the fact-finder.

12 THE COURT: To the extent that I have a magic wand
13 and a looking glass to determine what the expert
14 witness is going to say, I agree with the State that
15 they don't need to be interjecting stuff from other
16 cases. But, again, I don't know if they're going to do
17 it or not. So if a proper objection is made at the
18 time, then I will rule on it. Of course, depending on
19 how the trial is going, I may allow it if I think the
20 jury needs an explanation.

21 So what's the other one?

22 MR. MAULDIN: The other one was the prohibition of
23 the jury from knowing the consequences.

24 THE COURT: Oh, yeah.

25 MR. MAULDIN: All right. The problem there, Your

1 Honor, is that we're asking the jury to operate
2 essentially in the blind or in a void. We're saying --
3 and let's relate to this particular case. We're saying
4 two small children were killed. The evidence by the
5 State establishes the guilt of the defendant in the
6 act. And the jury goes back in the jury room and says,
7 "You know, if I do what Mr. Mauldin says, that is find
8 her not guilty by reason of insanity, she's just going
9 to go out here to the bus stop and go home."

10 We actually know that that's not right. There is
11 a South Carolina Supreme Court protocol signed by Chief
12 Justice Toal that actually cites, tells this court,
13 exactly what steps to take subsequent to a not guilty
14 by reason of insanity. And this court would have to
15 order that protocol to take effect.

16 THE COURT: That's all in the statute.

17 MR. MAULDIN: So what the State is saying is we
18 don't want the jury to know that anything is going to
19 happen if this woman were found not guilty, that she's
20 just going to go back to her house. That's what they
21 want. That's what they're telling you. And that is
22 so, so unfair. It's like you're saying to the jury --
23 an example, Your Honor, in the capital world again,
24 life in prison. *State vs. Simmons*, long line of cases,
25 a bunch of reversals where the trial judges did not

1 tell the jury life means life without parole. They're
2 never going to get out of prison. There were more
3 reversals of capital trials on that probably than any
4 other single issue.

5 That's the same point. The jury needs to know
6 what their verdicts mean. They need to know, for
7 example, that guilty and guilty but mentally ill,
8 essentially both mean that she goes to the penitentiary
9 for a term decided by the court, a sentence to the
10 Department of Corrections. It doesn't mean that she's
11 guilty, mentally ill, and therefore goes to a halfway
12 house. That doesn't happen.

13 So what we're doing is we're putting a blindfold
14 on the jurors and inviting them to speculate, inviting
15 them to be curious about, "Well, what's going to happen
16 if we find her not guilty?" "Well, we can't tell you
17 that."

18 What I propose is a very simple remedy, Your
19 Honor.

20 THE COURT: What's that?

21 MR. MAULDIN: They be told that a conviction of
22 guilty or a conviction of guilty but mentally ill means
23 that a defendant, this defendant in this case, would be
24 sentenced to a term as determined by the court. You
25 don't have to say life or 30 or anything. The verdict

1 of not guilty by reason of insanity would mean that
2 this court would follow the protocol established by the
3 South Carolina Supreme Court regarding the follow-up
4 for a person found with that verdict. So that the jury
5 then actually goes back to the jury room, and they
6 don't have that arbitrary curiosity about what's going
7 to happen if they write a certain verdict. They know
8 what all three mean. And that's the truth.

9 MR. WILKINS: Your Honor, we strenuously object to
10 any of that. The purpose of the jury is to be the
11 fact-finder and to find -- and their job this week is
12 going to determine whether the defendant knew right
13 from wrong. That's their job, and that's their job
14 alone. And they're going to be extremely prejudiced by
15 any information that they may have regarding what's
16 going to happen to her if we do something. We don't
17 tell them what the statutory provisions are for burg
18 first.

19 THE COURT: Or shoplifting third offense.

20 MR. WILKINS: Shoplifting third.

21 THE COURT: I agree with the solicitor. You can
22 sit down. I'm looking at the statute 17-24-40, which
23 is what happens to somebody found not guilty by reason
24 of insanity. And throughout this statute none of it
25 says the trier of fact. It all says the trial judge

1 must order this, trial judge, trial judge, trial judge.
2 If the legislature intended for the trier of fact to
3 know what is going to happen to a person found not
4 guilty by reason of insanity, they would have put it in
5 the statute, okay.

6 So I respectfully -- well, I understand your
7 argument and you're preserved for the record, but I
8 agree with the State that there's not going to be any
9 mention through lay witnesses or expert testimony about
10 what the consequences of a guilty verdict, guilty but
11 mental ill, or NGRI verdict would be.

12 MS. STROM: Or the parties. We cannot talk about
13 it either.

14 THE COURT: Y'all can't talk about it either.
15 That's anybody.

16 All right. We're hungry. It's time to go eat
17 lunch. I've addressed every issue which y'all told me
18 you wanted me to address. To the extent we haven't
19 addressed it, we'll do it, you know, I mean, sometime
20 before we pick a jury, but I think I've heard all the
21 motions in limine that you sent to me, Mr. Mauldin.

22 I have heard your two.

23 Anything else?

24 MR. MAULDIN: Not at this time, Your Honor.

25 THE COURT: Let's go get some nourishment. We'll

1 see y'all back here at 2 o'clock.

2 MR. WILKINS: Thank you, Your Honor.

3 (Lunch recess taken from 12:58 p.m. to 2:04 p.m.)

4 (Prospective jury panel sent out of courtroom.)

5 THE COURT: I was getting them out when they
6 brought her in. I didn't know whether or not she had
7 restraints on or not. Plus I'm collating the yeses and
8 the noes. I want to give y'all an opportunity to look
9 at them prior to.

10 And I'm not going to make them approach the bench
11 and turn around when their names are called for
12 possible selection, so y'all may need to turn around
13 and look at them. I'm not going to make them walk to
14 the front, and if they don't get chosen, have to take
15 the walk of shame back. I'm not going to have them do
16 that.

17 Y'all come look at these yeses and y'all can make
18 your notes accordingly. I'll give like half to
19 Mr. Mauldin, half to the State, then y'all switch off
20 when you're through making your notations.

21 Here's y'all's half.

22 MR. WILKINS: These are all yeses?

23 THE COURT: Those are the yeses.

24 MR. WILKINS: Are there any noes?

25 THE CLERK: I've got them right here. It's about

1 half and half.

2 THE COURT: For the record, there were 25 noes.

3 So we had exactly 50.

4 MR. WILKINS: 50/50, yeah.

5 THE COURT: All right. There we go. All right.

6 So real quick like, how do y'all want me to -- any

7 suggestions on how to handle these 25 who replied yes?

8 Do you want me to question each one of them? "Would

9 that affect your ability to be fair and impartial?"

10 Except for the one who obviously says she knew the

11 defendant and her family. Or do you not even want me

12 to question?

13 MR. WILKINS: I think you need to ask the

14 question. You can do it as a group, "Can any of you

15 be -- can all of you be fair and impartial?"

16 THE COURT: And then if they say they can't, I can

17 have the juror number, and we have the information why

18 right here. And that way we won't make them stand up,

19 except for the ones who say they can't be fair and

20 impartial.

21 Are you okay with that?

22 MR. MAULDIN: Yeah. I agree with that.

23 THE COURT: I think that's the easiest way to do

24 it without calling specific attention it to, okay.

25 Yes, ma'am.

1 MS. STROM: And then my suggestion would be if
2 that if that one particular juror does not respond, do
3 you think we need to go into that anymore?

4 MR. WILKINS: Yeah.

5 MS. STROM: Well, we could just move to strike for
6 cause.

7 MR. WILKINS: Yeah.

8 MR. MAULDIN: What juror?

9 MR. WILKINS: 128 knows the defendant and their
10 kids were in the same school, same class.

11 MR. MAULDIN: Yeah. That one, you might actually
12 want to make an inquiry on that, 128.

13 THE COURT: Y'all just want to go ahead and agree
14 that 128 is not going to be in the pool?

15 MR. WILKINS: Fine with me.

16 THE COURT: That way neither one of you loses a
17 peremptory.

18 MR. MAULDIN: Well, I think we probably ought to
19 do it the same way we're doing the others. We need to
20 ask her.

21 THE COURT: That's fine. We can do that.

22 MR. MAULDIN: What do you think?

23 MR. WILKINS: I'm going to move to strike her for
24 cause, most likely.

25 THE COURT: Right. What I'm telling you is I

1 would grant his motion to strike for cause rather than
2 make him waste a peremptory strike based upon her
3 response. Likewise, I would do the same for you as
4 well.

5 MR. MAULDIN: I would not oppose that, Your Honor.

6 THE COURT: We're going to go ahead, then, Juror
7 Number 128 will be stricken for cause. Just remove her
8 or him, whoever it is, from the list.

9 THE CLERK: Okay. That will be the last one to
10 go.

11 Anything else before we bring the jury in?
12 They're getting kind of anxious.

13 Let's bring the jury in.

14 No media, though, just jury.

15 After we have the jury chosen, we'll be in there,
16 you set your stuff up, and I'll talk to the media.

17 MR. WILKINS: Thank you, Judge.

18 THE COURT: All right.

19 (WHEREUPON, the jury entered open court at
20 2:19 p.m.)

21 THE COURT: All right. All members of the jury
22 panel are present.

23 Can everybody hear me okay? All right. Thank
24 you, ladies and gentlemen. Again, I apologize for the
25 slight delay, and I appreciate all of your patience,

1 okay. I know it's a hot day, and I know nobody wants
2 to stand out in the hall, but thank you again for doing
3 that. We do things like that to make things, once you
4 get in here, go quickly, as quickly as they can. And
5 efficiently. All right.

6 And, ladies and gentlemen of the jury panel, you
7 have already been sworn to answer truthfully to any of
8 the questions propounded by the court concerning what's
9 called voir dire. This is where the court asks certain
10 questions so the lawyers can select a jury for the
11 trial of this case.

12 Now, as I indicated to you earlier, the name of
13 the case is the State of South Carolina versus Suzanna
14 Brown Simpson, also known as Anna Simpson. Ms. Simpson
15 is seated to my left.

16 Ms. Simpson, if you will please stand, turn and
17 face the jury panel.

18 And I'm going to have her lawyers and everybody
19 sitting at her table, please introduce yourselves.

20 Yes, sir.

21 MR. MAULDIN: My name is John Mauldin. I'm the
22 Thirteenth Circuit public defender for Pickens and
23 Greenville counties.

24 MS. JOHNSON: I'm Teal Johnson. I'm an assistant
25 public defender for the Thirteenth Circuit public

1 defender's office.

2 MR. GOLDSTEIN: My name is David Goldstein. I'm
3 also an assistant public defender for the Thirteenth
4 Circuit.

5 THE COURT: Thank you, sir.

6 And, Solicitor, if you will introduce yourself.

7 MR. WILKINS: My name is Solicitor Walt Wilkins.
8 I am the solicitor for the Thirteenth Circuit, which is
9 Greenville and Pickens counties.

10 MS. STROM: And I'm Betty Strom. I'm his deputy
11 solicitor.

12 THE COURT: All right. Thank you.

13 So, ladies and gentlemen, here's some questions
14 I'm going to ask you concerning the potential trial of
15 this case. You're going to respond to the questions
16 again just like we did downstairs -- please stand,
17 first question I'm going to ask you is what is your
18 juror number, and then we'll go from there. Okay?

19 So the first question is: Is any member of the
20 jury panel related by blood or marriage to the
21 defendant, Suzanna Brown Simpson? If so, please stand.

22 No response.

23 Next question: Does anybody have a close personal
24 or social relationship with Suzanna Brown Simpson? If
25 so, please stand.

1 No response.

2 Next question: Is any member of the jury panel
3 related by blood or marriage or have a close personal
4 or social relationship with any of the attorneys
5 involved in this case? If so, please stand.

6 All right. No response.

7 All right. I'm going to read out some names in no
8 particular order. These are what's called potential
9 witnesses. These are people who may testify in this
10 case, and so I want you to listen carefully to the
11 names. And just because I say all these names doesn't
12 mean everybody is going to testify. It just means they
13 may testify, okay.

14 So the question is going to be if you recognize
15 the name, do you have a close personal or social
16 relationship with that person, or are you related by
17 blood or marriage to that person. Okay?

18 So here is some names in no particular order:
19 Dr. Richard Frierson; Dr. L. William Mulbry; Robert
20 Bowling with the Pickens County Sheriff's Office; Chad
21 Brooks with the Pickens County Sheriff's Office; Susan
22 Brown from Taylors.

23 Is anybody related by blood or marriage, have a
24 close personal or social relationship with any of those
25 people?

1 No response to those five.

2 Again in no particular order: Dr. David R. Price;
3 Dr. Wade Harris; Tommy Camp with the Pickens County
4 Sheriff's Office; Joe Conway with Greenville Memorial
5 Hospital; Suzann Cromer with South Carolina Law
6 Enforcement Division. Same questions.

7 No response.

8 Keri Finley with Greenville County EMS; Dr. James
9 Fulcher with Pathologist Associates of Greenville; Kay
10 Gilstrap, Pickens County EMS; Dr. Wade Harris with
11 Greenville Memorial Hospital; and Amber Hart from
12 Pickens. Does anybody have a close personal or social
13 relationship or related by blood or marriage to any of
14 those people? If so, stand.

15 No response.

16 Next couple: Scott Hart from Pickens; Chief
17 Deputy Creed or Creed Hashe, Pickens County Sheriff's
18 Office; Kandy Kelley, Pickens County Coroner; Keith
19 Littleton, Pickens County Sheriff's Office, or Charlie
20 Musselwhite; Pickens County Sheriff's Office.

21 Same questions.

22 Michael Weight; Nathan Stegall or Stegall; Dustin
23 Reeves; Tony Robin from Anderson; Tony Robinson,
24 Pickens County Sheriff's Office; Kevin Sanders from
25 Pickens.

1 Same questions.

2 No response.

3 Alison Simpson from Greenville; Dr. Jeff Smith
4 from Greenville; Leigh Snow from Anderson; Nate
5 Stegall -- or I already said that. Michael Torres from
6 Pickens County Sheriff's Office, Kukilia Wallace with
7 the South Carolina Law Enforcement Division.

8 Anybody recognize those names, have a close
9 personal or social relationship or related by blood or
10 marriage?

11 Yes, ma'am. Juror number?

12 POTENTIAL JUROR: 107.

13 THE COURT: What name?

14 POTENTIAL JUROR: Michael Torres, his wife is a
15 friend of mine.

16 THE COURT: His wife is a friend of yours?

17 POTENTIAL JUROR: Yes, sir.

18 THE COURT: Would that affect your ability to be a
19 fair and impartial juror?

20 POTENTIAL JUROR: No, sir.

21 THE COURT: Thank you very much.

22 All right. I believe that's it for potential
23 witnesses.

24 All right. Ladies and gentlemen, prior to the
25 lunch recess, I gave you written questionnaires, and

1 those questionnaires have been turned back in. And,
2 again, thank you so much for that.

3 For those of you who replied yes -- and I'm not
4 going to pick you out individually -- for those of you
5 who replied yes, if you believe by your replying yes
6 and your briefly describing what that situation is, if
7 you believe that would make -- that would make you
8 question your impartiality or whether or not you could
9 be fair to both the State and the defense, please stand
10 at this time.

11 Okay. Yes, sir. If you will approach.

12 What's your juror number, sir?

13 POTENTIAL JUROR: 128, sir.

14 THE COURT: All right. Yes, sir. Actually, sir
15 you can be seated. Thank you.

16 Yes, ma'am. Juror number?

17 POTENTIAL JUROR: 95.

18 THE COURT: Juror Number 95. Yes, ma'am. If you
19 will please approach the bench. And bring her over
20 here.

21 THE REPORTER: This is not going to be on the
22 record if you're way over there.

23 (WHEREUPON, an off-the-record discussion was
24 held.)

25 THE COURT: Go tell her what you said.

1 POTENTIAL JUROR: He asked me if I thought I could
2 be fair, and I said I thought I would also be swayed in
3 the direction of the plaintiff, given my acquaintance
4 with a number of people with mental health issues.

5 THE COURT: Thank you, ma'am. You may be seated.

6 So, again, due to the fact that we had this
7 written jury questionnaire, those of you who responded
8 yes and wrote down a brief description, the question
9 is: Would that affect your ability to be a fair and
10 impartial juror to both the State and the defense?

11 Okay. Anybody else wish to stand on that
12 question? Got a lot more questions, but anybody else
13 on that question?

14 All right. Thank you. All right.

15 Has any member of the jury panel been contacted by
16 a church pastor or a member of any church you may
17 attend, either through a written or oral communication,
18 regarding the defendant, Anna Simpson, or about this
19 case? If so, please stand.

20 No response.

21 Next question: Is any member of the jury panel a
22 contributor of or supporter of NAMI? That stands for?

23 MR. MAULDIN: National Alliance of Mental Illness.

24 THE COURT: The National Alliance of Mental
25 Illness or any other organization dealing with mental

1 illness? Included in that: Is any prospective juror a
2 member of or contributor to any type of organization
3 which promotes victims' rights or police as far as like
4 Fraternal Order of Police, Mothers Against Drunk
5 Driving, Citizens Against Violent Crime, or Students
6 Against Drunk Driving, SADD, any organization like
7 that? If so, please stand.

8 All right. No response.

9 I asked this question because, of course -- let
10 me -- hang on one second. The matter before the court
11 today has been the subject of extensive news media
12 reports since the incident back in May of 2013. The
13 question is: Has any prospective juror seen, heard,
14 read, or otherwise been exposed to this public
15 information, and if so, have you formed an opinion as
16 to the guilt or innocence of Suzanna Brown Simpson?

17 If this applies to you please stand.

18 THE COURT: All right. Sir, if you will please
19 come forward. What's your juror number?

20 POTENTIAL JUROR: 208.

21 THE COURT: Juror Number 208. All right. Sir, if
22 you will please come forward, I'm going to have to come
23 down there. That's what I'm going to do.

24 Yes, sir. What kind of news media were you
25 influenced by?

1 POTENTIAL JUROR: Just the general news media.

2 THE COURT: TV or?

3 POTENTIAL JUROR: TV, web.

4 THE COURT: How has it influenced you?

5 POTENTIAL JUROR: By her own confessions, she has
6 admitted to it.

7 THE COURT: Okay. So understand that, of course,
8 cases are tried in courtrooms and not in the media --

9 POTENTIAL JUROR: Yes.

10 THE COURT: -- do you think you could be a fair
11 and impartial witness --

12 POTENTIAL JUROR: No.

13 THE COURT: -- I'm sorry, a fair and impartial
14 juror?

15 POTENTIAL JUROR: No, sir.

16 THE COURT: All right. Thank you, sir. You can
17 go back and be seated.

18 POTENTIAL JUROR: Okay.

19 THE COURT: All right.

20 Yes, ma'am. What's your juror number?

21 POTENTIAL JUROR: 59.

22 THE COURT: Yes, ma'am. When you answered that
23 question, what kind of news media?

24 POTENTIAL JUROR: Everything that's been on the
25 local news. I do have a friend that her grandchildren

1 went to school with the seven-year-old. So I've heard
2 a good bit, you know, being that close to her.

3 THE COURT: And based upon what you've heard
4 outside, even though cases are proven in a courtroom --

5 POTENTIAL JUROR: Uh-huh.

6 THE COURT: -- you don't think you could be fair
7 and impartial?

8 POTENTIAL JUROR: I don't think so.

9 THE COURT: Thank you ma'am. You may be seated.
10 Anybody else on that question? All right.

11 Kind of picking up on that question, and again I
12 hope all of you understand, and, of course, if you're
13 selected to be on the trial jury, I will tell you that
14 everyone is presumed innocent until proven guilty in a
15 court of law, and that's what this court is.

16 So having said that, this next question kind of
17 goes in line with what I just asked with the previous
18 question. Has any member of the jury panel formed or
19 expressed an opinion about any issue or matter involved
20 in this case? If so, please stand.

21 If you have already previously stood and I just
22 questioned you up there, you don't need to stand again.

23 All right. No response.

24 Next question: Is there any member -- this is
25 required to be asked by law. Is there any member of

1 the jury panel that was a member of the Grand Jury
2 which issued the indictment in this case?

3 No response.

4 Is there any member of the jury panel who has a
5 religious, philosophical or moral reason why he or she
6 cannot be a fair and impartial juror? If so, please
7 stand.

8 If you previously stood, I don't need to hear from
9 you.

10 All right. No response.

11 Any further voir dire from the defense?

12 MR. MAULDIN: No, Your Honor.

13 THE COURT: Any further from the State?

14 MR. WILKINS: None from the State, Your Honor.

15 THE COURT: All right.

16 Ladies and gentlemen, we're going to commence with
17 selecting jury at this time, okay. We're going to
18 select 12 jurors and two alternates, okay. And the way
19 this will be done is the clerk, she will get up there
20 on the podium, and she will call out your juror number
21 and name. And, again, it's randomly generated and
22 randomly selected. And then both sides will have an
23 opportunity to select you to serve on a trial jury.
24 Okay?

25 And I say this with all seriousness and respect.

1 If you're not selected to be on the jury, don't take it
2 personally. There's many reasons why lawyers all
3 across the country -- all lawyers in all courts decide
4 whether or not they want you on a jury or not. So
5 don't take it personal, ladies and gentlemen. Okay?

6 And to provide -- to keep you from being further
7 embarrassed, I'm not going to require you to walk up to
8 the front, turn around and face everybody. I'm not
9 going to do that, okay. When your name is called, just
10 please stand where you are, and then we'll go from
11 there. Okay?

12 THE CLERK: Please stand as I call your name.
13 Juror Number 182, Beth Patterson.

14 (WHEREUPON, a white female stepped forward.)

15 THE CLERK: What says the State?

16 MR. WILKINS: Please excuse the juror.

17 THE COURT: Please have a seat.

18 Madam Clerk, do I have -- this the one here that
19 you put on? I want to make sure I have the strike
20 sheet. Is that it? Thank you.

21 THE CLERK: Juror Number 191, Myra Pitman.

22 (WHEREUPON, a white female stepped forward.)

23 THE CLERK: What says the State?

24 MR. WILKINS: Please excuse the juror.

25 THE CLERK: Please have a seat.

1 Number 101, Taylor Gray.

2 (WHEREUPON, a white female stepped forward.)

3 THE CLERK: What says the State?

4 MR. WILKINS: Please present the juror.

5 THE CLERK: The defense?

6 MR. MAULDIN: Excuse Ms. Gray from this case,
7 please, ma'am.

8 THE CLERK: Please have a seat.

9 Juror Number 246, Marion Whitehurst.

10 (WHEREUPON, a white female stepped forward.)

11 THE CLERK: What says the State?

12 MR. WILKINS: Please present the juror.

13 THE CLERK: The defense?

14 MR. MAULDIN: Swear her.

15 THE CLERK: Please come have a seat in the jury
16 box.

17 Juror Number 53, Lisa Crisp.

18 (WHEREUPON, a white female stepped forward.)

19 THE CLERK: What says the State?

20 MR. WILKINS: Please seat the juror.

21 THE CLERK: The defense?

22 MR. MAULDIN: Excuse Ms. Crisp from this case,
23 Your Honor.

24 THE CLERK: Please have a seat.

25 Number 107, Sandra Hall.

1 (WHEREUPON, a white female stepped forward.)

2 THE CLERK: What says the State?

3 MR. WILKINS: Please present the juror.

4 THE CLERK: The defense?

5 MR. MAULDIN: Swear Ms. Hall.

6 THE CLERK: Please come have a seat in the jury
7 box.

8 Juror Number 98, Douglas Grant.

9 (WHEREUPON, a white male stepped forward.)

10 THE CLERK: What says the State?

11 MR. WILKINS: Please present the juror.

12 THE CLERK: What says the defense?

13 MR. MAULDIN: Excuse the juror from this case,
14 please.

15 THE CLERK: Please have a seat.

16 Number 118, Narvis Hart.

17 (WHEREUPON, a white female stepped forward.)

18 MR. MAULDIN: What was that number?

19 THE CLERK: 118.

20 What says the State?

21 MR. WILKINS: Please excuse the juror.

22 THE CLERK: Please have a seat.

23 Number 6, Angela Arnold.

24 (WHEREUPON, a white female stepped forward.)

25 THE CLERK: What says the State?

1 MR. WILKINS: Please present the juror.

2 THE CLERK: The defense?

3 MR. MAULDIN: Swear Ms. Arnold in the case.

4 THE CLERK: Please come have a seat in the jury
5 box.

6 Number 117, Nicole Harris.

7 (WHEREUPON, a black female stepped forward.)

8 THE CLERK: What says the State?

9 MR. WILKINS: Please present the juror.

10 THE CLERK: What says the defense?

11 MR. MAULDIN: Swear Ms. Harris in the case.

12 THE CLERK: Please come have a seat in the jury
13 box.

14 Juror Number 37, James Carr.

15 (WHEREUPON, a white male stepped forward.)

16 THE CLERK: What says the State?

17 MR. WILKINS: Please present the juror.

18 THE CLERK: The defense?

19 MR. MAULDIN: Excuse Mr. Carr from this case, Your
20 Honor.

21 THE CLERK: Please have a seat.

22 Number 43, Mary Clark.

23 (WHEREUPON, a black female stepped forward.)

24 THE CLERK: What says the State?

25 MR. WILKINS: Please present the juror.

1 THE CLERK: The defense?

2 MR. MAULDIN: That's 43?

3 THE CLERK: That's correct.

4 MR. MAULDIN: Swear Ms. Clark in this case.

5 THE CLERK: Please come have a seat in the jury
6 box.

7 Number 59, Linda Dickard.

8 MR. MAULDIN: Your Honor, wasn't she excused? She
9 wasn't? Okay.

10 (WHEREUPON, a bench conference was held off the
11 record in the presence of the prospective jury panel,
12 but out of their hearing.)

13 MR. WILKINS: I move to strike her for cause.

14 THE COURT: So ordered.

15 Thank you, Ms. Dickard. You may be seated.

16 THE CLERK: Number 133, Jimmy Kirby.

17 (WHEREUPON, a white male stepped forward.)

18 THE CLERK: What says the State?

19 MR. WILKINS: Please present the juror.

20 THE CLERK: The defense?

21 MR. MAULDIN: Excuse Mr. Kirby in this case.

22 THE CLERK: Please have a seat.

23 Juror Number 121, Joshua Hembree.

24 (WHEREUPON, a white male stepped forward.)

25 THE CLERK: What says the State?

1 MR. WILKINS: Please seat the juror.

2 THE CLERK: The defense?

3 MR. MAULDIN: Swear Mr. Hembree.

4 THE CLERK: Please come have a seat in the jury
5 box.

6 Juror Number 84, Jaime Gamez.

7 (WHEREUPON, a white female stepped forward.)

8 THE CLERK: What says the State?

9 MR. WILKINS: Please seat the juror.

10 THE CLERK: The defense?

11 MR. MAULDIN: Swear the juror.

12 THE CLERK: Please come have a seat in the jury
13 box.

14 Juror Number 135, Nathaniel Koilpillai.

15 (WHEREUPON, a Asian male stepped forward.)

16 THE CLERK: What says the State?

17 MR. WILKINS: Please seat the juror.

18 THE CLERK: The defense?

19 MR. MAULDIN: Swear the juror.

20 THE CLERK: Please come have a seat in the jury
21 box.

22 Juror Number 76, Jennifer Fox.

23 (WHEREUPON, a white female stepped forward.)

24 THE CLERK: What says the State?

25 MR. WILKINS: Please present the juror.

1 THE CLERK: The defense?

2 MR. MAULDIN: Excuse Ms. Fox from this case,
3 please.

4 THE CLERK: Please have a seat.

5 Juror Number 17, Steven Bowen.

6 (WHEREUPON, a white male stepped forward.)

7 THE CLERK: What says the State?

8 MR. WILKINS: Please present the juror.

9 THE CLERK: The defense?

10 MR. MAULDIN: Swear Mr. Bowen.

11 THE CLERK: Please come have a seat in the jury
12 box.

13 Juror Number 202, Donna Ritchey.

14 (WHEREUPON, a white female stepped forward.)

15 THE CLERK: What says the State?

16 MR. WILKINS: Please present the juror.

17 THE CLERK: The defense?

18 MR. MAULDIN: Excuse Ms. Ritchey from this case.

19 THE CLERK: Please have a seat.

20 Juror Number 259, Angela Young.

21 (WHEREUPON, a white female stepped forward.)

22 THE CLERK: What says the State?

23 MR. WILKINS: Please seat the juror.

24 THE CLERK: The defense?

25 MR. MAULDIN: Swear Ms. Young.

1 THE CLERK: Please come have a seat in the jury
2 box.

3 Juror Number 198, John Rankin.

4 (WHEREUPON, a white male stepped forward.)

5 THE CLERK: What says the State?

6 MR. WILKINS: Please seat the juror.

7 THE CLERK: The defense?

8 MR. MAULDIN: Excuse Mr. Rankin from this case.

9 THE CLERK: Juror Number 57, Donna Dalonzo.

10 (WHEREUPON, a white female stepped forward.)

11 THE CLERK: What says the State?

12 MR. WILKINS: Please present the juror.

13 THE CLERK: The defense?

14 MR. MAULDIN: Excuse the juror from this case,
15 please, ma'am.

16 Madam Clerk, I think that's nine for me, is it
17 not?

18 THE CLERK: That's correct.

19 MR. MAULDIN: Thank you.

20 THE CLERK: Juror Number 244, Marlee Waldrop.

21 (WHEREUPON, a white female stepped forward.)

22 THE CLERK: What says the State?

23 MR. WILKINS: Please present the juror.

24 THE CLERK: The defense?

25 MR. MAULDIN: 244?

1 THE CLERK: That's correct.

2 MR. MAULDIN: Swear Ms. Waldrop.

3 THE CLERK: Please come have a seat in the jury
4 box.

5 Juror Number 68, Teresa Durham.

6 (WHEREUPON, a white female stepped forward.)

7 THE CLERK: What says the State?

8 MR. WILKINS: Please present the juror.

9 THE CLERK: The defense?

10 MR. MAULDIN: Swear this juror.

11 THE CLERK: Please come have a seat in the jury
12 box.

13 Now for the alternates.

14 179, Brittany Oglesby.

15 (WHEREUPON, a white female stepped forward.)

16 MR. MAULDIN: What was the number, ma'am?

17 THE CLERK: 175.

18 THE COURT: One and two on the alternates.

19 THE CLERK: What says the State?

20 MR. WILKINS: Please present the juror.

21 THE CLERK: The defense?

22 MR. MAULDIN: Swear the juror.

23 THE CLERK: Please come have a seat in the jury
24 box.

25 This is for Alternate Number 2.

1 Juror 260, Taylor Perry.

2 (WHEREUPON, a white female stepped forward.)

3 THE CLERK: What says the State?

4 MR. WILKINS: Please excuse the juror.

5 THE CLERK: Please have a seat.

6 Juror Number 181, Willie Parker.

7 (WHEREUPON, a white male stepped forward.)

8 THE CLERK: What says the State?

9 MR. WILKINS: Please present the juror.

10 THE CLERK: The defense?

11 MR. MAULDIN: Excuse the juror from this case,
12 please.

13 THE CLERK: Please have a seat.

14 Juror Number 95, Marianne Gonlag.

15 (WHEREUPON, a white female stepped forward.)

16 MR. WILKINS: Your Honor, the State would move to
17 strike for cause.

18 THE COURT: So ordered.

19 THE CLERK: Please have a seat.

20 Juror Number 235, Tyler Thompson.

21 (WHEREUPON, a white male stepped forward.)

22 THE CLERK: What says the State?

23 MR. WILKINS: Please present the juror.

24 THE CLERK: The defense?

25 MR. MAULDIN: Excuse the juror from this case,

1 please.

2 THE CLERK: Please have a seat.

3 Juror Number 10, Kari Barger on.

4 (WHEREUPON, a white female stepped forward.)

5 THE CLERK: What says the State?

6 MR. WILKINS: Present the juror.

7 THE CLERK: The defense?

8 MR. MAULDIN: Swear the juror.

9 THE CLERK: Please come have a seat in the jury
10 box.

11 THE COURT: All right. Thank you very much, Madam
12 Clerk.

13 Ladies and gentlemen of the trial jury, before we
14 swear you in for the trial of the case, I do want you
15 to go back to your jury room. The bailiffs will show
16 you there. Obviously, you know nothing about this
17 case. You may think you know something through what
18 you may have heard in the media, those of you who have
19 heard anything, and I'll give you an instruction about
20 that before you leave today. But you are not
21 authorized to talk about the case. You cannot talk
22 about anything you hear during the trial until I tell
23 you you can. And that will be at the end of the trial.
24 And the reason for that is, obviously, so you can keep
25 an open mind and listen to everything before you make a

1 decision, okay?

2 So at this time I'm going to have you go back to
3 your jury room. Of course you can introduce yourselves
4 to each other, exchange pleasantries, something like
5 that, get you something to drink, but don't talk about
6 this case. Okay? We'll get you back out here just as
7 soon as possible to finish up everything.

8 Thank you. You can have a seat back in your jury
9 room.

10 (WHEREUPON, the jury exited open court at
11 3:02 p.m.)

12 THE COURT: The rest of y'all who were not
13 selected to be on the trial jury, y'all are excused for
14 the day, but I've been advised that Judge Hall needs
15 y'all to report back tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock at
16 the main courtroom downstairs. Okay? So thank you.
17 You may leave for the day.

18 (WHEREUPON, the remainder of the prospective jury
19 panel left the courtroom.

20 THE COURT: Any matters of law regarding jury
21 selection from the State?

22 MR. WILKINS: None from the State, Your Honor.

23 THE COURT: The defense?

24 MR. MAULDIN: None from the defense, Your Honor.

25 THE COURT: All right. Thank you.

1 All right. While we're -- y'all can invite the
2 members of the media in so I can talk to them and they
3 can do what they're going to do.

4 While we're doing that, y'all go ahead and get
5 things set up.

6 THE BAILIFF: Without equipment?

7 THE COURT: They get two -- I already told them
8 this, but they should know: They get two video
9 cameras. They can bring radio recorder and two still
10 cameras. Okay? So there can be a total of four
11 cameras but two of which can only take pictures.

12 THE BAILIFF: You want them over there?

13 THE COURT: I want them in the back corner over
14 there.

15 And anybody else who wants to come in. It's a
16 public courtroom. They can come in.

17 MR. WILKINS: Your Honor, about a ten-minute break
18 to set up?

19 THE COURT: Yeah.

20 (WHEREUPON, a recess was taken from 3:05 p.m. to
21 3:16 p.m.)

22 THE COURT: All right. Anything else before we
23 bring the jury in?

24 MR. WILKINS: Not from the State, Your Honor.

25 MR. MAULDIN: Nothing from the defendant, Your

1 Honor.

2 THE COURT: All right. Now I will swear the trial
3 jury in when they first come in.

4 Madam Clerk, don't let me forget.

5 THE CLERK: Okay.

6 THE COURT: Then I'll have my little initial
7 charge to them, and then I'll turn the floor over to
8 y'all. Okay? Give me just a second.

9 Go ahead and bring them in.

10 (WHEREUPON, the jury entered open court at
11 3:18 p.m.)

12 THE COURT: There are no assigned seats. Just
13 like church, no assigned seats.

14 All right. All members of the jury are present.

15 Madam Clerk, if you will please swear in the trial
16 jury at this time.

17 (WHEREUPON, the jury was impaneled.)

18 THE COURT: Thank you, Madam Clerk.

19 Ladies and gentlemen of the jury, if you will
20 please look at me while I give you what is called an
21 initial charge or instructions about what you may be
22 expecting to happen today.

23 Now, and before we begin this trial, let me tell
24 you that this trial is going to be -- probably going to
25 be different from what you might expect. Many people

1 don't have the chance to attend actual court sessions
2 much less participate in them as you are doing now, and
3 they think that from watching TV or going to movies or
4 reading books that trials are always full of high
5 drama, intense action and riveting circumstances. Now,
6 while all of these things may be true at times, this
7 trial is not for entertainment, ladies and gentlemen.
8 It is a fundamental part of our democracy. This trial
9 is a search for the truth in an effort to make sure
10 that justice is done between the parties before the
11 Court. You know, searching for the truth and making
12 sure that justice is done can oftentimes be a slow and
13 deliberate process, the opposite of what you may have
14 seen or come to expect because of movies or TV.

15 Now, this courtroom, ladies and gentlemen, is a
16 place of honor dedicated to the protection and
17 preservation of citizens' rights through what many have
18 called the greatest justice system ever created. The
19 attorneys who are appearing before you are advocates
20 for the parties they represent. First and foremost
21 they're officers of this court, sworn to uphold the
22 integrity and fairness of our judicial system. Because
23 of that, you should expect them to be professional,
24 competent and ethical in their representation of their
25 clients' interests.

1 Now, remember, ladies and gentlemen, that you've
2 just taken an oath to try this case and to reach a fair
3 and just verdict so you are also expected to be
4 professional, reasonable and ethical. Thank you again
5 on behalf of the State of South Carolina for accepting
6 this important responsibility.

7 Let me kind of give you an idea, a basic outline
8 of how a trial proceeds. Okay? First, the State will
9 make an opening statement to you. An opening statement
10 is not evidence. It's simply an outline that the
11 lawyers will give you to help you understand what that
12 lawyer expects the evidence will show. The defense can
13 make an opening statement if they want to but they
14 don't have to, and I'll tell you more about that later
15 on in the trial.

16 But following opening statements, you will then
17 hear testimony and receive evidence in the case. This
18 will consist of testimony from various witnesses as
19 well as any physical exhibits which will be introduced
20 into evidence. The testimony will come from this
21 witness stand and evidence will be introduced that way.

22 Following all the testimony and the receipt of
23 evidence, the attorneys will again have an opportunity
24 to speak directly to you by what's called closing
25 statements or summations, or some people call them

1 closing arguments. This is an opportunity for the
2 attorneys to summarize the case from their respective
3 points of view, and again, these arguments are not
4 evidence.

5 Now, after all of that, and following these
6 closing statements, that's when I will instruct you on
7 the law of South Carolina as it pertains to the issues
8 which have arisen in this case. And when I have
9 completed my instructions to you, that's when you will
10 begin your deliberations. That's the first time you
11 will be able to talk about this case amongst yourselves
12 or with anybody. And you will do that until you reach
13 a verdict. Okay?

14 Now, as you know, this is a criminal case which
15 has been brought by the State of South Carolina who has
16 charged the defendant, Suzanna Brown Simpson, with two
17 counts of murder, one count of attempted murder, and
18 one count of possession of a weapon during the
19 commission of a violent crime. The charges against the
20 defendant is contained -- are contained in these
21 indictments. As I told you earlier, these indictments
22 are not evidence of anything. They're simply the
23 written description of the charges that have been made
24 by the State against the defendant. The defendant has
25 pled not guilty to these charges and is presumed

1 innocent unless and until proven guilty beyond a
2 reasonable doubt. I will define beyond a reasonable
3 doubt in much more detail later on, but I will tell you
4 now a reasonable doubt is that kind of doubt which
5 would make a reasonable person to hesitate to act.

6 Now, the defendant has the right not to testify
7 and never has to prove innocence or even present any
8 evidence. The burden of proof is always upon the State
9 of South Carolina.

10 Now, it will be your duty, ladies and gentlemen,
11 to decide from the evidence what the facts are. You
12 and you alone are the judges of the facts. You will
13 hear the evidence, decide what those facts are and then
14 you will apply those facts to the law which I will give
15 to you at the conclusion of the case. That's how you
16 reach a verdict. And in doing so, you must follow law
17 that I give you. I'm the judge of the law; you are the
18 judge of the facts. You must follow that law whether
19 you agree with it or not.

20 Please don't take anything I may say and do during
21 the trial as indicating what I think -- as what you
22 think I think of the evidence or what you think I think
23 your verdict should be. That's solely for you to
24 determine.

25 Now, ladies and gentlemen, I know you've seen it

1 on TV, read about it in books or whatever, seen about
2 it in newspapers, just like rules which govern sports
3 and other activities, we have certain rules in court
4 which are called rules of evidence which control what
5 can be received into evidence. And when a lawyer asks
6 a question or offers an exhibit into evidence and a
7 lawyer on the other side thinks that it's not permitted
8 by the rules of evidence, that lawyer may object, say
9 "Objection." You have all seen it, "Objection." So if
10 I overrule the objection, that means the question can
11 be answered by the witness or the thing may come into
12 evidence. If I sustain an objection, that means the
13 question cannot be answered or the thing cannot come
14 into evidence.

15 Now, whenever I sustain an objection or not let
16 something in, you must ignore the question or the
17 existence of the proposed exhibit and you mustn't guess
18 or speculate what the answer would have been or what
19 the exhibit would have shown. The reason we have these
20 rules of evidence is because we want to make sure you
21 get the best evidence possible to make your decision.
22 Okay? That's why we have these rules.

23 Now, sometimes it may be necessary for me to
24 request that you leave the courtroom while I discuss
25 certain legal issues with the lawyers. I have already

1 done that twice today. So you're aware of that. If
2 this occurs, don't speculate about what we're talking
3 about. This is simply a procedure that the law
4 requires when certain legal issues arise. Y'all
5 concern yourself with the facts. The lawyers and the
6 judge will concern themselves with the law. Okay?

7 There always may be occasions, and I'll do this as
8 often as possible to keep you from having to come and
9 go out of your jury room, I'll ask the lawyers to
10 approach the bench so I can discuss a legal issue with
11 them in private, and I'll make sure my mute button
12 works this time, and I'll do that, again, as often as
13 possible so y'all won't have to get up and down.
14 Again, we're not trying to keep anything from you or
15 hide anything from you. This is just simply a
16 procedure used by all lawyers and by all Courts to
17 determine and decide legal questions to make sure you
18 get the best evidence possible.

19 I'm almost done.

20 Ladies and gentlemen, in deciding the facts of
21 this case, you may have to decide which witnesses to
22 believe and which witnesses not to believe. That's
23 called credibility of witnesses. You can believe
24 everything a witness says, only part of it or none of
25 it.

1 Now, you're not going to be allowed to take notes
2 during the trial so please take -- pay very close
3 attention to the witnesses and listen to everything
4 that they say. Okay? And at the end of the trial
5 you're not going to have a transcript to consult. It's
6 very time consuming and costly for my court reporter to
7 have to print out certain areas of what witnesses said
8 and bring them back to you, so please pay close
9 attention to everything which happens and the testimony
10 as is given to you.

11 And, ladies and gentlemen, this is very important.
12 Listen very, very carefully to what I'm telling you
13 now. Until I advise you to begin your deliberations,
14 you must not and shall not discuss this case with
15 anyone including your fellow jurors. You can't discuss
16 it with your friends, you can't discuss it with your
17 family members and anyone else involved in this case.
18 Don't go on Twitter, don't go on Google, don't go on
19 social media, Snap Chat, news media. Y'all are aware
20 that there's news media in this courtroom. Okay? You
21 are under your oath as a trial juror. Your decision
22 must be based solely on the evidence and testimony
23 presented in this courtroom and only this courtroom.
24 You cannot and are not authorized to do any independent
25 research, go on Google and Google somebody's name and

1 look up information because if you do that, you violate
2 your oath as a juror, okay, and you're seriously
3 tainting these proceedings. Okay? Everybody is
4 entitled to their fair day and their day in court, and
5 it will be compromised if you do things that you're not
6 supposed to do. Okay?

7 So, please, during the trial do not read, listen
8 to, or watch any news reports about this case. And I'm
9 going to specifically say this includes anything that
10 may be in newspapers, on the Internet, radio, TV,
11 social media, et cetera. You must not consider
12 anything you may have read or heard about this case
13 outside the courtroom whether before or during the
14 trial. Okay?

15 Now, if anyone, ladies and gentlemen, attempts to
16 talk with you about this case in violation of these
17 instructions that I've just given you, please let me
18 know or let the bailiffs know and I assure you I will
19 handle that situation properly. Okay?

20 Now, it's important, ladies and gentlemen, lastly,
21 that you keep an open mind and not decide any issue in
22 this case until all the evidence has been presented,
23 the parties have made their closing arguments, and I
24 have instructed you on the law of this case. It is
25 your solemn responsibility to determine the guilt or

1 innocence of the defendant, and your verdict must be
2 based solely on the evidence presented in this
3 courtroom in this trial and on the law as I instruct
4 you during and at the close of trial.

5 Again, thank you very much for your service. We
6 will now proceed with opening statements.

7 Solicitor.

8 MR. WILKINS: Your Honor, thank you. May it
9 please the Court.

10 THE COURT: Yes, sir.

11 MR. WILKINS: Good afternoon ladies and gentlemen.
12 I've introduced myself to you before. My name is Walt
13 Wilkins, and this is Betty Strom, my deputy solicitor,
14 and we represent the State in this case.

15 First I want to thank you for your service as a
16 juror. I know you were sort of voluntold to be here
17 today, and you were lucky enough to get chosen in this
18 particular case. But someone once told me that serving
19 as a juror in a criminal or civil case is one of the
20 highest forms of service you can do for your county,
21 your country, and your state, so we thank you for being
22 here sitting in judgment.

23 As the judge said, everyone in here has a role.
24 We all have an important role to play. As I said, I'm
25 the State. We represent the State. We're presenting

1 the case against the defendant in this case, which is
2 Anna Simpson. She sits over there with her defense
3 lawyers, and they represent her. We have a court
4 reporter here. She's going to be taking down
5 everything that we say so we can establish a record of
6 everything that goes on here. And, of course, we have
7 the judge who has spoken with you, and he's a very
8 important person in this case. He even gets to sit a
9 little higher than the rest of us to show his
10 importance.

11 Ladies and gentlemen, you are the finders of fact.
12 You are the individuals who are going to decide the
13 ultimate question in this case. You are going to be
14 the fact-finders once this case has been presented to
15 you.

16 Now, the charges that you're going to be hearing
17 about and you're going to hear testimony about are the
18 charges that the judge discussed against the defendant.
19 There's two charges of murder -- those are the murder
20 of Carly and Sawyer Simpson -- the attempted murder of
21 Mike Simpson, and the possession of a weapon during the
22 commission of a violent crime. That is having a weapon
23 while you're committing those murders and those
24 attempted murders.

25 So those are the charges that you're going to be

1 hearing testimony about. And the judge will instruct
2 you on the legal definition of murder and those kind of
3 things. And you'll have that at the end, but I think
4 in this case it's a little different than our normal
5 cases that we have, and I think that once you hear the
6 State's presentation of all its evidence, you're going
7 to find that Anna Simpson did, in fact, shoot and kill
8 her two children, Carly and Sawyer Simpson, and attempt
9 to kill her husband, Mike Simpson. I don't think
10 you're going to have a hard time with that part of the
11 scenario.

12 In this case the defense, those representing Anna
13 Simpson, has asserted what's called an affirmative
14 defense. Now, affirmative defense is something that
15 the defense can produce to say she is not guilty
16 because of this defense. They have asserted the
17 defense of not guilty by reason of insanity. Not
18 guilty by reason of insanity.

19 And so as you learn more about this case, you're
20 going to get a verdict form once you have all this
21 information that comes in, and there's going to be four
22 choices on that verdict form. Because they have
23 asserted this affirmative defense, you're going to have
24 four options. So I want you to be thinking about these
25 four options as you're listening to testimony from both

1 sides and think about where those options play with the
2 evidence that you're going to be hearing.

3 You're going to have guilty, which means the State
4 has proven their case beyond a reasonable doubt. And
5 the judge will tell you what reasonable doubt means.
6 He says it makes you hesitate. If you don't hesitate,
7 beyond a reasonable doubt. There's not guilty meaning
8 not guilty. The State did not prove their case.
9 There's going to be a third option, guilty but mentally
10 ill, and there's going to be a fourth option, not
11 guilty by reason of insanity. Those are going to be
12 your four options that you're going to be deliberating
13 on. So I want you to have those in your head as you're
14 thinking about the testimony as you hear it.

15 Guilty but mentally ill -- and, again, the judge
16 will define these for you at the conclusion of the
17 testimony. But guilty but mentally ill means that
18 someone has mental illness. I mean, someone has some
19 diagnosed mental illness in their -- like a medical
20 condition, but that their mental illness caused or
21 contributed to their actions so that they could not
22 conform with the law. Meaning the mental illness kind
23 of kept them from not doing something to violate the
24 law. I know that sounds a little awkward, but the
25 mental illness contributed or kept them from not doing

1 something.

2 Not guilty by reason of insanity means the person
3 did not know legal or moral right from wrong and,
4 therefore, should not be held accountable and is not
5 guilty.

6 So the main issue that you're going to be dealing
7 with during the presentation of this evidence and
8 during your deliberations is going to be: Did Anna
9 Simpson know legal or moral right from wrong at the
10 time of the incident? Did she know legal or moral
11 right from wrong?

12 You're going to hear all kinds of testimony.
13 There's different kinds of testimony. There's direct
14 testimony that you're going to hear from witnesses. So
15 you're going to hear lay witnesses. You're going to
16 hear people who saw Anna Simpson almost immediately
17 after the incident. You're going to hear -- you're
18 going to hear from emergency room workers who talked to
19 her as well. You're going to hear from Pickens County
20 Sheriff's Office who are going to describe the crime
21 scene and what they found inside the house, how the
22 murders were conducted.

23 There will be evidence suggesting different types
24 of things, how Anna Simpson went about conducting these
25 murders. And you're going to have to take all that in.

1 That's direct evidence. There's also circumstantial
2 evidence.

3 Circumstantial evidence allows you to derive a
4 conclusion based on a number of factors. For example,
5 a good example of circumstantial evidence would be if
6 somebody walks through that door right there and
7 they're wearing a raincoat and umbrella and they're
8 wet, I'm going to conclude that it's raining outside.
9 Now I don't have any windows in here. I can't see it
10 raining outside. But if somebody comes in like that,
11 I'm going to assume that it's raining outside. That's
12 called circumstantial evidence.

13 Direct evidence, circumstantial evidence are both
14 just as powerful. You can take all of one, none of
15 all, however you want to do it. You get to decide what
16 evidence is important to you.

17 Thirdly, you're going to hear from expert
18 witnesses. Now, expert witnesses are qualified by the
19 judge, assuming they have the qualifications, and they
20 have degrees, extra degrees, so that they can opine,
21 they can say opinions as to something. And you get to
22 hear expert witnesses.

23 Just as circumstantial and direct evidence is
24 presented, expert testimony can be presented to you.
25 And you can take all of that expert testimony; you can

1 take none of that expert testimony. Because at the end
2 of the day, ladies and gentlemen, you and you alone get
3 to decide the weight of the evidence, what's important
4 to you in determining one of those four options that
5 will be on the verdict form. What's important to you.

6 The great thing about being a juror is you don't
7 leave your common sense at the door. You get to bring
8 it with you. You get to have it with you while you're
9 listening to testimony and deliberating, get to use
10 that life experience and that common sense in
11 evaluating witnesses, in evaluating the evidence and
12 coming to the ultimate decision because, again, at the
13 end of the day, you're going to be determining whether
14 Anna Simpson knew right from wrong at the time of the
15 incident. And when you do, when you look at all the
16 evidence -- circumstantial, direct, potential expert
17 testimony, I think there's going to be but one
18 conclusion that you're going to come to, and that is
19 that Anna Simpson knew right from wrong when she woke
20 up one morning, got some guns, shot her husband, shot
21 her two children and left the house in a car and was
22 found by EMS later. That's the conclusion that you're
23 going to come to. Thank you.

24 THE COURT: Thank you, Solicitor. Mr. Mauldin.

25 MR. MAULDIN: Your Honor, before my opening, I

1 would request the Court note an objection to the
2 discussion of the four verdict forms --

3 THE COURT: Yes, sir. Noted.

4 MR. MAULDIN: -- in light of pretrial.

5 THE COURT: Yes, sir. Noted.

6 MR. MAULDIN: And I would like an opportunity at
7 an appropriate time to put on the record my objection
8 to that.

9 THE COURT: Yes, sir. Absolutely.

10 MR. MAULDIN: Thank you, Judge.

11 On May the 14th, 2013, in the Dacusville
12 community, a breathtaking and horrific incident
13 occurred. These children, Carly Simpson, she was
14 seven, and Sawyer -- Carly and Sawyer Simpson, seven
15 and five years old, were shot and killed in their own
16 home and their father was seriously injured, Michael
17 Simpson, was seriously injured. It was an insane and
18 senseless act. That's what it was. It was an insane
19 and senseless act.

20 I was -- yesterday I was thinking about this
21 opening statement just trying to imagine what in the
22 world I can say. And it happened to be Father's Day
23 yesterday. This horrible event occurred -- today is
24 Monday after Father's Day. This tragedy that we're in
25 this courtroom about occurred three years ago on the

1 Monday night and Tuesday morning after Mother's Day.

2 The irony, the horrific -- it's just hard to comprehend
3 how something like this could have happened. But we're
4 going to proceed and we're going to talk about it.

5 You're going to hear evidence about how such a
6 thing that's just beyond comprehension could actually
7 happen to these two beautiful, innocent children.

8 First, let me say what the case is not about. There's
9 not going to be any alibi defense, somebody was
10 somewhere else. There's not going to be any
11 self-defense. There's not going to be any mistake.
12 Not going to be any of this who done it because this
13 case is not about who done it. Their mother and my
14 client, Anna Simpson, killed her children. So we're
15 going to get that out of the way right now. She killed
16 her children.

17 But how can that be? How can that be? It's
18 essentially against the laws of nature for a mother to
19 kill her children. A mother will step out in front of
20 a speeding train to protect her children. A mother
21 will jump off the highest cliff to shield her children.
22 A mother will stare death in the face to save her
23 children. So how can it be? What in the world
24 happened? What happened in that house over on Cherokee
25 Trail in Dacusville?

1 This case is about being criminally responsible,
2 about the state of mind of a person who clearly
3 violates a basic and fundamental rule of our civilized
4 society. This is a person who has done something that
5 is clearly a violation of a very, very fundamental and
6 basic, the most basic of principles in our society, the
7 sanctity of life.

8 What our law says -- we're a community that is
9 governed by rules of law. We go by the rules. The law
10 says X, Y and Z. And when a person violates one of the
11 principles or one of the rules, but it is established
12 that that person could not distinguish between right
13 and wrong conduct, then the law says that that person
14 should not be held criminally responsible. And that's
15 really what it is about.

16 The judge, as he mentioned to you, is going to go
17 through some specific details while instructing you
18 about how to measure that. But that's the point: What
19 was the state of mind of the perpetrator, the person
20 who committed the offenses? Because that's part of our
21 law. That is the rule.

22 Now, all I can do is ask you to be patient with
23 this case. There's going to be a lot of doctors
24 testifying about stuff that we never even think about,
25 a lot of complicated thises and thats and we understand

1 that, and I'm going to ask you to take a deep breath
2 and try to allow the testimony to give you guidance
3 about what you think the right thing to do is, what is
4 the right thing to do.

5 This will be, I'll assure, will be very hard work,
6 but we have selected you. We've gone through this
7 process this morning and early afternoon about juror
8 number this and juror number that and up, down and in
9 and out the room. We have gone through this agonizing
10 selection process because we wanted people who would
11 fairly and appropriately apply those rules of law to
12 the facts that you find to be, and the 12 jurors, two
13 alternates, have been chosen. It will be difficult
14 because you're going to hear heartbreaking testimony.
15 You're going to hear heartbreaking evidence and graphic
16 testimony about the death of two absolutely innocent
17 and beautiful children that will be very emotional, it
18 will be very graphic, and it will be very sad.

19 You have been chosen by the lawyers in this case
20 and sworn by the judge to attempt -- to attempt to do
21 what you can to judge this case without passion or
22 emotion, and I'm telling you it's going to be hard to
23 do, but that's really what your responsibility says.
24 You've got to attempt to maintain an impartial and
25 balanced evaluation of what you hear. And so -- and,

1 you know, I'm no magician. I can't say to you, "Don't
2 be emotional and don't be affected." We're all going
3 to be affected. We're all going to be affected at the
4 absolute caving in of this family's house, this
5 destruction.

6 You've been sworn as jurors to try to do it, and
7 that's what I'm going to ask you to do, just try to do
8 it. This case is not about legal trickery. It's not
9 about smoke and mirrors and trying to fool you. The
10 testimony that you're going to hear comes from the
11 reality, not the technicality. It's the real, gritty
12 real world.

13 We know, we know, we know that mental illness is a
14 very part of our society. The judge passed out
15 individual forms for you to respond to and the reason
16 was because it is an uncomfortable subject to discuss.
17 There is a stigma. People want to deny, they want to
18 kind of turn their back, "Well, she's just not right,"
19 or, "It's going to be okay." You know, well, it's time
20 not to do that. And by passing those forms out, it
21 allowed you to express specific feelings that you had.
22 Well, it's time that we not turn our back and address
23 it.

24 A couple, few comments, and then I'll finish up.
25 Anna was born in North Carolina. She was adopted

1 when she was one month old. She was 31 days old, I
2 think it was, when she was adopted by Mike and Susan
3 Brown. Mike is there.

4 Raise your hand, Mike. That's Mike and Susan.
5 Those are her adopted parents.

6 She grew up in Taylors, a community in Greenville
7 County. Good God-fearing family. Went to Eastside
8 High School, finished Eastside High School, went to
9 Winthrop College, finished Winthrop College. Took five
10 years, but she finished, and married Mike Simpson right
11 over here, all right, who she had known since like the
12 fourth grade.

13 They got married. Carly, their first born, was
14 born in 2006. Anna suffered a miscarriage the next
15 year, and Sawyer was born in 2008. And the records
16 indicate that after each of these pregnancies, there
17 were major depressive episodes. She had major
18 depressive episodes after the conclusion of the
19 pregnancies. And what that was, it was like red flags
20 were kind of popping up, starting to pop up. Little
21 indicators. With the onset of this potential mental
22 illness, Anna began being treated and seen by a private
23 psychiatrist in Greenville. She would go to see the
24 private psychiatrist about monthly and he would meet
25 with them. And she was treated for bipolar.

1 But red flags continued to be -- things continued
2 to happen that were just kind of warnings that
3 something was not right. Anna then had flags, if you
4 will, of paranoia. And it began to escalate. Anna
5 talked with her husband Mike about, "We need to install
6 a camera because drug dealers live across the street
7 and they're coming into our house when we're not here."
8 It wasn't true. There were no drug dealers living
9 across the street. She imagined it. It was a
10 delusion. Mike installed a camera or a camera was
11 installed in the garage.

12 They had a ceiling fan, and Anna believed that
13 somebody put a bug so they could listen to the Simpson
14 family. So she took pictures of the ceiling fan and
15 went back to the store and compared the pictures of her
16 fan to the fans that were in the store on display. It
17 was not true. It was delusional. She was imagining it
18 but, to her, it was real.

19 July of 2012 Anna was worried that her in-laws
20 were mistreating the two children. Well, it wasn't
21 true. These are good people. These are good people.
22 God-fearing people. Every one of them. Everybody in
23 this case was good people. But she believed it and,
24 for her, it was real. For her, it was real.

25 She went to St. Francis and was hospitalized on

1 account of these delusions. There was a security guard
2 placed in the room with her. She was then transferred
3 from St. Francis to the Carolina Center for Behavioral
4 Health and she -- unfortunately, she only spent three
5 days there. They advised that guns be secured in a
6 safe at home. And, finally -- again, once again, Your
7 Honor, I appreciate the time.

8 And, finally, Mother's Day of 2013, Anna and
9 Michael and the two children went to lunch with Mike
10 and Susan. And Susan, the mother, was very distressed
11 because Anna, her observations about Anna, there was
12 just something boiling over. Things weren't right.
13 The next day, Monday, Anna took Carly -- that's the
14 seven-year-old girl -- out of Dacusville Elementary.
15 Sawyer had stayed home that day. Anna went over to
16 Dacusville Elementary and was getting Carly out of
17 school because Carly was sick. Carly wasn't sick. She
18 wasn't sick. Anna was scared for her children. It
19 wasn't really a danger. It wasn't real, but Anna
20 believed it with all of her heart that the children
21 were in danger. She believed it was real. And less
22 than 24 hours later, Anna got out of bed, shot her
23 husband in the bed, went into the bedrooms of her two
24 beautiful children and shot them and killed them. She
25 then attempted to reload the gun so she could turn the

1 gun on herself and kill herself right there in that
2 house. Three times she attempted to kill herself, but
3 she loaded the gun with the wrong ammunition and it
4 wouldn't fire. She then went and got in a truck in the
5 driveway and, mimicking an accident that had happened
6 four months earlier right out in front of their house,
7 she attempted to kill herself by running into a tree.
8 She had what we'll show is a very violent car wreck.
9 Broke her back. This is not something, ladies and
10 gentlemen, that came up after the fact. This is not
11 something that was cooked up. This was a boiling pot
12 of crisis and red flags were everywhere.

13 On May, 14th, 2013, in Dacusville, a breathtaking
14 tragedy occurred. These two beautiful children were
15 shot and killed in their house. It was an insane and
16 senseless act. I will be asking you to stand up for
17 what is right in this case. It won't be easy. It will
18 take an act of courage. Thank you.

19 THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Mauldin.

20 Is the State ready to proceed with its first
21 witness?

22 MR. WILKINS: Your Honor, the State is ready to
23 present actual testimony.

24 The State calls Scott Hart.

25 **SCOTT HART,**

1 BEING FIRST DULY SWORN, TESTIFIED AS FOLLOWS:

2 THE CLERK: Have a seat and state your name for
3 the record, please.

4 THE WITNESS: My name is Scott Hart.

5 DIRECT EXAMINATION

6 BY MR. WILKINS:

7 Q All right. Mr. Hart, I'm going to make sure that
8 you speak into that microphone so this jury can hear
9 everything you say. Okay?

10 A Okay.

11 Q Thank you.

12 Mr. Hart, where are you employed?

13 A Self-employed right now at 312 Cherokee Trail.

14 Q And is that where you live?

15 A Yes, sir.

16 Q Is that in Pickens County?

17 A Yes.

18 Q And are you familiar with your neighborhood and
19 where you live?

20 A Yes.

21 Q All right.

22 A I have several rental properties around me, so I'm
23 pretty familiar with the neighborhood.

24 Q And did you know the defendant, Anna Simpson?

25 A Yes. Yes, sir. Ever since I lived there, they

1 were there.

2 Q So how long did you live across the street from
3 them?

4 A I lived there about ten years as of now.

5 Q And how long did you live where they were across
6 the street from you?

7 A They were there when I moved in, so.

8 Q Did you know Mike Simpson?

9 A Yes, sir.

10 Q Did you ever speak with him and talk with him as
11 well?

12 A Yes, sir.

13 Q And did you know their children?

14 A Yes.

15 Q About where is your house located compared to the
16 Simpson household?

17 A Just about right across the street.

18 Q I'm going to show you what's marked as State's
19 Exhibit 1 and ask you if you recognize this. Do you
20 recognize that photo?

21 A Yes, sir. It's an aerial view of the street and
22 the houses, ours and theirs.

23 Q Okay.

24 MR. WILKINS: Your Honor, State moves Exhibit 1
25 into evidence.

1 THE COURT: Any objection, Mr. Mauldin?

2 MR. MAULDIN: No objection.

3 THE COURT: Without objection, introduced into
4 evidence.

5 (WHEREUPON, State's Exhibit Number 1 was admitted
6 into evidence.)

7 BY MR. WILKINS:

8 Q All right. Mr. Hart, I'm going to put this photo
9 up here. And there is a laser pointer over there if
10 you want to use it. It's right there.

11 A Okay.

12 Q So can you show me where your house is located?

13 A If I can use the laser pointer. There's my house
14 right there.

15 Q Can you tell this jury where Mike and Anna Simpson
16 lived?

17 A Right there.

18 Q Okay. Now, I'm going to take you back to the
19 early morning hours of May 14th, 2013. Do you recall
20 that day?

21 A Yes, sir.

22 Q And you were living in that house right there you
23 just showed us during that time?

24 A Yes, sir.

25 Q Can you tell us what happened early that morning

1 on May 14th?

2 A As usual, we were up getting ready. My wife was
3 getting ready for work. She was in the shower at the
4 time, and I heard a commotion in the yard. And as the
5 gentleman here stated earlier, a few months earlier
6 there had been a wreck in my yard, that this sounded
7 very familiar. And so me, I went running out to see
8 what had happened. And right there is where the truck
9 hit the tree in the previous wreck. And so we went
10 out, and these trees here on the side were down, these
11 little smaller trees on this morning. And there was a
12 tree here that was down, and I seen Anna's truck over
13 here in the ditch, over in here over in this area.

14 Q And do you see her truck down here in that aerial?

15 A Right there.

16 Q Okay. So when you heard a commotion, do you
17 remember about what time it was?

18 A Roughly around 6:00 in the morning, 5:30, 6:00 in
19 the morning. Something like that. I can't remember
20 exactly, but sometime that -- yeah, that time frame.

21 Q Was it dark outside?

22 A Yes, it was dark still.

23 Q So what did you do?

24 A I immediately run outside, got in my truck and run
25 down so I could put headlights on the vehicle to get a

1 better view to it. And while I checked on whoever was
2 in the truck -- I used to be a paramedic, so I just
3 tried to get some light on it so I could see what was
4 going on better.

5 Q So where did you drive your truck to?

6 A Drove my truck to right here to put the headlights
7 on.

8 Q All right. I'm going to show you what's State's
9 Exhibit 2 and 3.

10 MR. MAULDIN: No objection.

11 THE COURT: Without objection, introduced as
12 State's 2 and 3 into evidence.

13 (WHEREUPON, State's Exhibit Numbers 2 and 3 were
14 admitted into evidence.)

15 BY MR. WILKINS:

16 Q Mr. Hart, I'm going to ask you to take a look at
17 this picture I'm putting over here. Do you recognize
18 that?

19 A Yes, sir. That is the truck.

20 Q Okay. And can you tell this jury what you arrived
21 to the early morning of the 14th? When you got out of
22 your car, what did you see?

23 A When I got out of the car, that door wasn't open
24 at the time. Anna was sitting in the driver's seat.
25 She was kind of slumped down. My daughter had arrived

1 at that time. She had come out, my daughter Amber. I
2 had her -- we were able to get the back door open, and
3 I had her get in the back and hold her neck, hold
4 c-spine while I was asking Anna questions as to her
5 condition and all.

6 Q Okay. So when you approached the defendant, what
7 did she say and do when you approached her?

8 A She was -- she called my name. She recognized me.
9 She was like, "Scott." She goes -- I said, "Are you
10 okay?" And she goes, "My back. My back hurts." And
11 she said, "Scott." I said -- it seemed strange because
12 she lived right beside of me and I have never seen them
13 that early in the morning.

14 And first thing I asked her was, "Where is Mike?"
15 And, "Where are the kids?" And she just frantically
16 was -- I don't know. I -- I don't know. She was just
17 real frantic saying she didn't know where they were.
18 And then she goes, "Am I going to be okay?" Whenever I
19 asked about Mike and the kids, it was, "Am I going to
20 be okay?"

21 Q Did she have any problems recognizing you?

22 A No, sir.

23 Q Did she call you by your first name?

24 A Yes. She called me Scott and actually even
25 grabbed my arm anytime I would try to walk away to talk

1 to -- once the firemen did get there, every time I
2 tried to walk away, she would grab me.

3 Q Grab you by the arm?

4 A Yes.

5 Q Would she say anything?

6 A "Scott, don't go." "Scott."

7 Q So she was asking you to stay with her?

8 A Yes, sir.

9 Q Okay. How long were y'all there until somebody
10 else showed up?

11 A It was hard to tell. Probably five to
12 eight minutes, maybe, before the EMS arrived or the
13 firemen arrived.

14 Q And what were y'all doing during that five to
15 eight minutes?

16 A I was asking her questions about just, you know, I
17 had her wiggle her fingers, her toes, just things I had
18 been taught to do, just checking her status of anything
19 broken, anything, you know, that was not working
20 properly. But she kept complaining about her back was
21 the biggest thing she would complain about.

22 Q Did you ask her about where her husband and kids
23 were?

24 A Over and over I would ask her. And every time I
25 would ask her is the only time she would ask -- she

1 would always get that frantic, "I don't know. I don't
2 know." And then she would go, "Am I going to be okay?"
3 And the only time she would ever say, "Am I going to be
4 okay," which was odd to me, was when I asked about Mike
5 and the kids. Never when I was asking about her back
6 or wiggling her hands or toes or, you know, anything
7 else.

8 Q Did she appear to be responding to any outside
9 voices that you were aware of?

10 A No.

11 Q Was she talking to somebody in the next seat that
12 didn't exist?

13 A No, sir.

14 Q Was she -- was your conversation with her --

15 A She was very coherent.

16 Q Coherent?

17 A Yes.

18 Q You had no problems communicating with her?

19 A No, sir.

20 Q She wasn't appearing to react to any hallucination
21 or anything like that, was she?

22 MR. MAULDIN: Objection; leading.

23 THE COURT: Sustained. Please hold off on the
24 leading.

25 THE WITNESS: Okay.

1 MR. WILKINS: I couldn't hear the objection. I'm
2 sorry.

3 THE WITNESS: As --

4 MR. MAULDIN: Objection; leading.

5 THE COURT: I sustained it.

6 MR. WILKINS: Okay.

7 THE WITNESS: As a former paramedic, I was trained
8 to look for coherency in people because it helped me to
9 realize if they had been knocked unconscious, their
10 mental state at the time. Everything seemed normal to
11 me at the time.

12 Q Okay. So what did you do after EMS arrived?

13 A When EMS arrived, I, of course, let them take over
14 with the c-spine. I had my daughter get out. I come
15 out, and I told the firemen that this was very strange.
16 And I asked when the police would get there because the
17 husband, who lived next door -- they lived next door,
18 the husband and the kids, couldn't find out from her
19 where they were, and that we need to check on them
20 right away. And I immediately went next door to the
21 house and knocked on the door and the windows and tried
22 my best to get someone to the door and no response.

23 Then I came back and told a fireman there that I
24 got no response, and he went to go check himself and
25 got no response and said the back door was opened. And

1 he called the police on the radio and had them on their
2 way out.

3 I also called 911 again and asked them when they
4 would get the police out, that something was very
5 strange going on.

6 Q Did -- were you able to see tire tracks in your
7 yard?

8 A Yes, sir.

9 Q I'm going to show you State's Exhibit 3. Do you
10 recognize those tire tracks?

11 A Yes, sir. That used to be a catalpa tree.

12 Q Was that one of your trees?

13 A Yes, sir.

14 Q And that was it -- what had happened to it?

15 A She ran over it with the truck when she come
16 through -- the wreck previously a few months earlier, a
17 boy had died. He had hit an oak tree which is right
18 beside that tree. But this time the tracks came just
19 to the left of the oak tree and took out some small
20 trees as it went down. And you can see she went -- the
21 oak tree was here, and she went right through, hit the
22 smaller trees and run down and run over in the ditch
23 down here.

24 Q Mr. Hart, if you could answer any questions
25 Mr. Mauldin may have for you. Okay?

1 A Okay.

2 MR. MAULDIN: I'm going to get my water.

3 THE WITNESS: I took a few drinks. Hope you don't
4 mind.

5 CROSS-EXAMINATION

6 BY MR. MAULDIN:

7 Q Mr. Hart?

8 A Yes, sir.

9 Q I'm going to show you some photos that have been
10 marked for identification at this point Defendant's
11 Exhibits 1 through 9.

12 I have shown them to the prosecutor, Your Honor.

13 I'm going to ask if you would recognize them or
14 can identify them.

15 MR. WILKINS: Your Honor, the State has no
16 objection to these.

17 THE COURT: Okay.

18 MR. WILKINS: If he tries to introduce them.

19 THE WITNESS: This is right before my house if
20 you're coming -- if you're coming toward the wreck
21 from, say, 183, from the Spinx.

22 BY MR. MAULDIN:

23 Q Well, I tell you what. I'm going to show it up
24 there so the jury will be able to see what you're
25 talking about.

1 A I do recognize that, yes.

2 Q I just want you to familiarize yourself with them.

3 A Okay.

4 Q All right. Mr. Hart, on the first eight
5 photographs, do you recognize those as photographs
6 taken regarding the tracking of the accident that you
7 testified to?

8 A Yes, sir.

9 Q And in Exhibit Number 9, once again, this is an
10 aerial photograph of that street that shows your house,
11 Anna's house, and the truck that was wrecked; is that
12 correct?

13 A Yes.

14 Q All right. Let's go -- I'm going to go through
15 very quickly.

16 This right here shows the actual position of the
17 truck. Do you see that?

18 A Yes, sir.

19 Q Off the road which was also demonstrated in
20 State's Exhibit Number 2?

21 A Uh-huh.

22 Q It shows your residence right here?

23 A (No audible response.)

24 Q And Anna's residence?

25 A Yes.

1 Q Now, the photographs that I'm going to show to you
2 now are in a sequence in an attempt to demonstrate the
3 happening of this wreck. The first photo is where it
4 showed where her tire tracks went off the road. And
5 that's up close to the front of her house, is it not?

6 A Yes, sir.

7 Q The second is a continuation. And that's not real
8 clear. Hopefully -- but the tire tracks on that
9 photograph right here and right here are where her
10 truck was going through your yard?

11 A Uh-huh.

12 Q All right. A little better view.

13 A I have to say here is a combination of tracks from
14 the wreck before as well as that one.

15 Q Okay. Okay.

16 A That is a culmination of two wrecks there as they
17 were going through.

18 Q So there were tracks that were still in your yard
19 from the previous wreck where a fella got killed?

20 A Yes, sir.

21 Q He hit an oak tree in your yard?

22 A Yes, sir. That oak tree right there.

23 Q And he hit that tree, and these other marks are
24 Anna's truck?

25 A Correct.

1 Q And that tree, the tree he hit, is where?

2 A Here.

3 Q And the tree she hit is where?

4 A She hit half of this tree here. She went right
5 through here, only clipping half that tree.

6 Q And when she went past that tree, you can see the
7 tire tracks going right through to the right of that
8 telephone pole?

9 A Right. And to the left of the trees here, right
10 through here.

11 Q Went right between the tree and the telephone
12 pole?

13 A Yes, sir.

14 Q And that shows it even more clearly?

15 A Yes.

16 Q Those are her tracks, right?

17 A Yes, sir.

18 Q That other fella that got killed, he didn't go
19 that far?

20 A No, sir.

21 Q And when she went by the tree -- that's your
22 driveway?

23 A Yes, sir. That's one of the driveways. That goes
24 to a mobile home park I have.

25 Q Going to the right is your driveway?

1 A Yes, sir. That's actually Hardy Trail is the name
2 of that road.

3 Q The --

4 A The driveway is actually called Hardy trail. It
5 goes to a mobile home park that I have.

6 Q Do those photographs accurately reflect the
7 accident of the truck that Anna was driving --

8 A Yes, sir.

9 Q -- and also some evidence of a previous wreck?

10 A Yes.

11 Q Now, a couple of other quick questions. You said
12 that whenever you referenced Mike or the children, she
13 was real frantic and kept repeating, "I don't know. I
14 don't know." Whenever you would say that, she would
15 get very frantic and repeat "I don't know"?

16 A The whole frame of mind would change completely,
17 yes, sir.

18 Q Change of mind. The state of mind would change?

19 A Yes, sir.

20 Q And this was also when she was holding you to
21 prevent you from leaving her?

22 A Yes. She did not want me to go, yes.

23 Q That's all. Thank you, sir.

24 THE COURT: Redirect?

25 REDIRECT EXAMINATION

1 BY MR. WILKINS:

2 Q Briefly, Mr. Hart, that oak tree you pointed to
3 before, she missed that tree, right?

4 A Missed the oak tree. Sure did.

5 Q Thank you.

6 A And missed the other trees through the yard, too.

7 MR. WILKINS: Thank you.

8 THE COURT: Thank you, sir. You may step down.

9 Do y'all need a break?

10 Okay. Call your next witness.

11 MR. WILKINS: State calls Amber Hart.

12 AMBER HART,

13 BEING FIRST DULY SWORN, TESTIFIED AS FOLLOWS:

14 THE CLERK: Have a seat and state your name for
15 the record, please.

16 THE WITNESS: My name is Amber Hart.

17 DIRECT EXAMINATION

18 BY MR. WILKINS:

19 Q All right. Ms. Hart, again, I'm going to ask you
20 to make sure you speak into that microphone so we can
21 all hear you. I appreciate it.

22 Ms. Hart, where do you live?

23 A I live on 312 Cherokee Trail.

24 Q Is that the same place where --

25 A I live with my dad.

1 Q Is that your dad who just testified?

2 A Yes.

3 Q And, Ms. Hart, you live there currently now?

4 A I do.

5 Q Were you living there back in May of 2013?

6 A I was. I was still in high school.

7 Q What do you do now?

8 A I work at Greenville County Animal Care.

9 Q Now, I'm going to bring you back to May 14th, the
10 morning, early morning of May 14th, 2013. Do you
11 remember that day?

12 A I do.

13 Q Okay. Can you tell us what happened that morning?

14 A I woke up. I heard this loud noise. I thought it
15 was thunder outside, so I peeked out my window, and
16 there wasn't a cloud in the sky so I go running through
17 the house. And I open up the front door, and I see my
18 dad taking off the in the car. So I was like, Oh,
19 great. There must have been another wreck or
20 something.

21 So he drives down the road, and I was trying to
22 wave him down. I actually called 911 because I assumed
23 it was a wreck. He drives down the road and parks his
24 car, so I was like, Good. I don't have to chase him
25 far. I ran down there, and that's when I saw the

1 truck.

2 Q Do you remember about what time you called 911?

3 A I want to say it was about 6:30.

4 Q Was it dark outside?

5 A It was dark outside.

6 Q And so after you ran down your driveway, what did
7 you see?

8 A I didn't actually run down the driveway. I ran
9 through my front yard.

10 Q My apologizes. So you ran through the side, sort
11 of cut your yard in half?

12 A Yeah, because I was actually chasing my dad's car.
13 And when I got to the car where he had shined the
14 headlights on the truck, I saw Anna in the truck. And
15 she was talking to my dad, calling him Scott. And I
16 was like, "Oh, my gosh, Dad. This is the neighbor."

17 Q Is that what you said to your dad?

18 A Yeah.

19 Q And so what did you do when you got there after
20 you saw them talking?

21 A We tried to open up the front door, and it
22 wouldn't budge, so we opened up the back and I climbed
23 in and held her head while my dad was doing some type
24 of medical something.

25 Q Were you able to get into the back of the car?

1 A I was.

2 Q And what did you do there?

3 A I held her head, so.

4 Q And during this, what was Anna saying?

5 A She was begging my dad not to leave. Every time
6 he would like back up to go up to the road or even just
7 back up the littlest bit, she would grab his hand,
8 "Please don't leave me. Please don't leave me." And
9 he was like, "It's okay. It's okay." And she was
10 complaining about her back hurting. And she kept
11 asking, "Am I going to be okay?" every time he'd ask
12 about Mike and the kids. She just -- I don't know.
13 "Am I going to be okay?" And, of course, comforting
14 her. "You're fine. You're fine. You're wiggling your
15 toes. You're moving your fingers. You should be
16 fine." And he would ask, "Where is Mike and the kids?
17 Where are they? We're worried about them." And, "I
18 don't know."

19 Q Did -- was she responding to any voices that
20 weren't there?

21 A No.

22 Q Were you able to have a coherent conversation with
23 her?

24 A Yes. The only time she ever looked away from my
25 dad is when she would look at me and ask me if she was

1 going to be okay.

2 Q How many times did she ask you if she was going to
3 be okay?

4 A Like maybe twice.

5 Q Okay. About how long were you there with her?

6 A The entire time my dad was. I was there maybe
7 like ten minutes at the most, and then another lady
8 came in a car. I thought she was EMS, so I was like,
9 "Oh, you're EMS. Thank God you're here." And she was
10 like, "Oh, I'm actually off duty." So she came down
11 and helped out until the actual paramedics and firemen
12 and all that got there. And then when they got there,
13 I also left with my dad, and I went back inside while
14 he knocked on the doors.

15 Q Ms. Hart, ask any questions defense counsel may
16 have for you -- I'm sorry, answer any questions.

17 MR. MAULDIN: I have no questions, Your Honor.
18 Thank you.

19 THE COURT: Thank you, ma'am. You can step down
20 and call your next witness.

21 MR. WILKINS: Your Honor, the State calls Keri
22 Finley.

23 KERI FINLEY,

24 BEING FIRST DULY SWORN, TESTIFIED AS FOLLOWS:

25 THE CLERK: Have a seat. State your name for the

1 record please.

2 THE WITNESS: My name is Keri Finley.

3 DIRECT EXAMINATION

4 BY MR. WILKINS:

5 Q Ms. Findlay, make sure you speak into that
6 microphone for us. Thank you.

7 A Okay.

8 Q Ms. Finley, by who are you employed?

9 A Greenville County EMS.

10 Q And how long have you been employed with the
11 Greenville County EMS?

12 A Eight years.

13 Q Back in May 14th of 2013, who were you employed
14 with?

15 A Greenville County EMS.

16 Q Were you working that morning?

17 A I had just gotten off at 5 o'clock in the morning.

18 Q That morning, on the 14th, did you have the
19 occasion to go to -- drive by a car wreck on Cherokee
20 Trail?

21 A I did.

22 Q Can you tell us about that?

23 A I was going my normal way home. I pulled up.
24 There was a young girl standing in the middle of the
25 road flagging me down so I stopped. I saw the pickup

1 truck in the ditch, and I got out, introduced myself,
2 asked what happened -- or when I walked up, she -- the
3 female that was driving the vehicle yelled, "My God, my
4 back. My God." I asked what happened, and she said,
5 "I don't know." I asked if EMS was on the way. They
6 had already called 911. I asked her what her name was.
7 She said "I don't know." I continued to ask what
8 happened.

9 The neighbor told me that they couldn't get the
10 kids or the husband to the door, so I said, "Where are
11 your kids? Where is your husband?" "I don't know."
12 EMS got there. I got in the backseat to help keep her
13 still as they popped the door open.

14 Q Did you ever see her respond to any
15 hallucinations?

16 A I did not.

17 Q Did you ever see her respond to any outside voices
18 that didn't exist?

19 A I did not.

20 Q Namely, in a nutshell, what all was she -- was she
21 complaining of her injuries?

22 A Her back. She kept saying her back hurt. I
23 kept -- I was behind her, behind the driver's seat,
24 trying to hold her still, keep her calm, and the only
25 time she would talk is if I would ask her a question,

1 and then she would say, "I don't know."

2 When the EMS got there, they started talking and
3 she said, "My name's Anna." And then when she asked
4 about the kids and the husband, it was, "I don't know."

5 Q If you will answer any questions Mr. Mauldin may
6 have.

7 MR. MAULDIN: I've got just one, Your Honor.

8 THE COURT: Okay.

9 CROSS-EXAMINATION

10 BY MR. MAULDIN:

11 Q Ms. Finley, now, you were on EMS but you were
12 coming home?

13 A I was coming home from work.

14 Q Were you at that time aware or are you aware now
15 that she had a broken back, that in the car wreck she
16 had actually broken her back?

17 A I was not aware of that. She just kept
18 complaining about her back.

19 Q That's all.

20 THE COURT: Any redirect?

21 MR. WILKINS: No, sir.

22 THE COURT: Thank you, ma'am. You can step down.

23 Let's take about a ten-minute recess, stretch your
24 legs a little bit, get a little something to drink.

25 We'll get you back in here. Don't talk about the case.

1 (WHEREUPON, the jury exited open court at
2 4:28 p.m.)

3 THE COURT: Anything before I go back to the
4 chambers?

5 MR. WILKINS: No, Your Honor.

6 MR. MAULDIN: No, Your Honor.

7 THE COURT: All right. We'll put your argument on
8 the record on that issue when I get back.

9 MR. MAULDIN: Yes, sir, please. Thank you.

10 (WHEREUPON, a recess was taken from 4:29 p.m. to.
11 4:43 p.m.)

12 THE COURT: Mr. Mauldin.

13 MR. MAULDIN: Your Honor, I made a note of an
14 objection to the remark of the solicitor during his
15 opening statement, and I appreciate the opportunity now
16 to put that on the record.

17 THE COURT: Yes, sir.

18 MR. MAULDIN: In the statement by the solicitor,
19 he went at length to explain and describe the four
20 options that the jury would have in this case. He went
21 to define the guilty but mentally ill criteria, what
22 the jury would be asked to conclude in support of that,
23 and what I would describe as essentially provided the
24 jury with an invitation to begin the process of
25 practicing psychiatry.

1 We have put on the record vigorously our position
2 regarding that type of invitation to this jury. And in
3 light of particularly of this court's pretrial matters
4 involving what the verdict form may or may not show and
5 whether a statute was or was not applicable, I believe
6 that the opening was just simply like none of that had
7 happened. It was -- you know, the verdict form is
8 going to need to reflect the testimony and evidence in
9 the case. And anything that -- the jury has now been
10 for all intents and purposes, I'll use instructed, to
11 begin the process of developing whether or not Anna
12 Simpson was capable of conforming her conduct.

13 Well, there's no -- if you recall, Your Honor, in
14 my opening I tried to stay away from the law. And I
15 think that's a good policy because I don't know what
16 the evidence is going to say. And I just think that
17 this crossed the line. It made this jury begin to
18 speculate about what -- which of the four options, he
19 said it over and over again.

20 The remedy is a mistrial. We respectfully request
21 that the court declare the case a mistrial based upon
22 the inappropriate opening comments to this jury about
23 what verdict forms are or not going to be, particularly
24 in light of the pretrial rulings. Thank you.

25 THE COURT: All right. Thank you.

1 MR. WILKINS: Your Honor, the verdict form is by
2 law. I mean, I'm just reciting what the law was and
3 the options that they're going to have in every case
4 like this. It's by law. And that's merely laying out
5 their four options, ask them to take that -- use that
6 information as they're listening to testimony. To take
7 the testimony, you listen to it. I was actually --
8 didn't present a lot of testimony in my opening
9 statement, unlike defense counsel.

10 THE COURT: Anything else?

11 MR. WILKINS: No.

12 THE COURT: Anything else?

13 MR. MAULDIN: And to the extent that he says "by
14 law," if it's the statute he's depending upon, then I
15 once again take a position that's an absolute blatant
16 violation of the separation of powers and
17 unconstitutional. Thank you.

18 THE COURT: Yes, sir. And I believe it's 17-24-40
19 or 30. You got it? I've got it right here. All
20 right. 17-24-30 says, "In the prosecution for a crime
21 when the affirmative defense of insanity is raised by
22 the defendant, or when there is enough evidence of
23 that, the trier of fact," which in this case is the
24 jury, "shall find under the applicable law and the
25 verdict must so state whether the defendant is guilty,

1 not guilty, not guilty by reason of insanity, or guilty
2 but mentally ill."

3 And you're correct. In pretrial arguments you
4 discussed that that was a clear separation -- clear
5 violation of the separation of. Powers it's the
6 legislative branch telling the judicial branch or
7 telling the jury what they have to do, and so I did
8 take that under advisement, and I indicated that
9 regardless of what the statute says, if I think the
10 evidence doesn't show all four, that I think I have the
11 authority and the power to, you know, charge the jury
12 and give them a verdict form which does include
13 whatever findings they can make, whether it's all
14 three, whether it's two, whether it's one, whether
15 it's -- well, not one -- but whether it's two, whether
16 it's three, or maybe whether it's all four. So I did
17 take that under advisement, didn't make a ruling on it.
18 But I don't think him mentioning -- the solicitor
19 mentioning that in the opening statement so takes this
20 trial as to declare a mistrial, so I decline to grant a
21 mistrial. But you are protected in the record.

22 MR. MAULDIN: Thank you, Your Honor.

23 THE COURT: Anything else you want to say on that?

24 MR. WILKINS: No, sir, Your Honor.

25 THE COURT: All right. Y'all ready for the jury?

1 MR. WILKINS: Yes, sir.

2 THE COURT: Timing-wise. All right. Y'all see
3 what time, it is ten until 5:00. We're already in
4 traffic, okay.

5 So, you know, do y'all want to do two more?

6 MS. STROM: Yes, sir. We have two more available
7 to us.

8 THE COURT: Two more is what we'll do.

9 MS. STROM: 15, 20 minutes, tops, I think. Maybe
10 a little longer.

11 THE COURT: Then we've got tomorrow -- okay.
12 We'll talk about that afterwards.

13 All right. Let's bring the jury.

14 (WHEREUPON, the jury entered open court at
15 4:49 p.m.)

16 THE COURT: All right. All members of the jury
17 are present.

18 Ladies and gentlemen, it's my understanding we
19 have about two witnesses left, so we'll go ahead and
20 finish those today, and then we recess for the evening
21 and go from there. Okay?

22 All right. Solicitor.

23 MS. STROM: The State calls Jon Conway.

24 ///

25 JON CONWAY,

1 BEING FIRST DULY SWORN, TESTIFIED AS FOLLOWS:

2 THE CLERK: Have a seat and state your name for
3 the record, please.

4 THE WITNESS: I'm Jon or Jonathan Conway.

5 DIRECT EXAMINATION

6 BY MS. STROM:

7 Q Mr. Conway, I need for you to speak into that
8 microphone. Keep your voice up so everybody can hear
9 you. All right?

10 A Yes, ma'am.

11 Q By whom are you employed?

12 A Greenville Memorial.

13 Q Greenville Memorial Hospital?

14 A Hospital, in the emergency trauma center.

15 Q What do you do there?

16 A I'm an RN.

17 Q And how long have you been an RN?

18 A I've been there for over eight years now.

19 Q And has all that time been working in the
20 emergency room?

21 A Straight out of school into the emergency room.

22 Q All right. I'm going to take you back to the
23 early morning hours of May 14, 2013. That would have
24 been the morning that they brought Anna Simpson into
25 the hospital?

1 A Yes.

2 Q Do you recall that day?

3 A I do.

4 Q All right. Were you working that day?

5 A I was.

6 Q All right. Tell us how it was that you became
7 involved in this event?

8 A We're assigned rooms in the morning, and so my
9 assignment was in critical care that day and --

10 Q So you were assigned to the critical care unit,
11 which would mean what? What would you do in critical
12 care?

13 A It can be more severe accidents, sick people,
14 anything that requires more in-depth attention.

15 Q So you're working that morning. You were assigned
16 a particular room. Anna Simpson was the patient in
17 that room?

18 A She was. She was in Room 3. I can even remember
19 that.

20 Q Okay. Tell us -- tell us about your interaction
21 with the defendant, Anna Simpson, when she came in.

22 A When I went into the room, I have to introduce
23 myself, tell the patient what my role is, that I'm
24 going to be her nurse that day and --

25 Q Did you do that in this case?

1 A I did.

2 Q Okay. What happened?

3 A I introduced myself, told her my name. I said I
4 would be her nurse, and she was still on a backboard
5 with a neck collar on, just standard EMS protocols.
6 And when I introduced myself, I always just say, "What
7 brought you in here today?" And she had a very flat
8 affect. She wouldn't speak up at first. She was just
9 sitting there or laying there.

10 And so I got closer to her. She was pretty much
11 just looking up at the ceiling because you're on a
12 backboard, and you're kind of immobile, and you have
13 that neck collar on. So I made eye contact with her,
14 and I said, "Can you tell me what brought you in here?"
15 and she was quiet again. And I said, "If you don't
16 talk to me, I can't help you." I said, "You're going
17 to be on this hard board, you can't move, I don't know
18 what your injuries are." I said, "You need to talk to
19 me if you would like me to help you any further."

20 Q What did she say?

21 A I expected her to tell me about the wreck, and she
22 said, "I shot my husband and my kids," and she said,
23 "And then I had an accident."

24 Q Did you talk to her anymore about that?

25 A Yeah. I got -- I kept trying to get her to talk

1 and tell me more what was going on, and she
2 basically -- I asked her why she shot her kids. I
3 said, "Why would you hurt your kids?" And she said,
4 "Because it's an awful world." And I responded, I
5 said, "Don't you think your husband and kids should
6 have had the decision to make -- decide if they thought
7 it was an awful world? Why didn't you just try to kill
8 yourself?" And she said, "I thought about it and I
9 tried, but I couldn't do it." And I said, "So you
10 didn't have a problem shooting them, but you couldn't
11 kill -- shoot yourself?" And she said, "No, I couldn't
12 pull the trigger." And I said -- I kind of kept -- I
13 was pretty frustrated, you know. It was kind of hard
14 hearing someone say they just shot their kids. So I
15 said, "I just don't see why you would shoot your kids
16 and not yourself," and then she said, "Well, I tried
17 but then it wouldn't shoot." So she said that. She
18 got in the truck. And she said that someone had died
19 close to their house not long before that, and she
20 would get in the truck and try to kill herself that
21 way.

22 Q This conversation that you're having with her
23 there in the critical care room, when she first came
24 in, what was she, if anything, providing to you about
25 what happened?

1 A What is it? I'm sorry.

2 Q Well, when you first talked to her and you say,
3 you know, why are you in this -- why are you here,
4 what, if anything, did she say to you?

5 A Well, she was just -- she wouldn't speak at all at
6 first. You know, there were police in the room. But
7 then when they were going to the doors and leaving, it
8 seemed like that's when she started talking to me.
9 She's just -- she was just telling me, you know,
10 about -- she had never even mentioned her back hurt or
11 anything, just that she just wanted off that backboard.
12 And that's why I kept saying, "I can't help you until
13 you talk to me" and stuff, and then she got into more
14 detail because we told her we still had to take her to
15 CAT scan and check her out and look for any injuries
16 and stuff.

17 Q Did she ever indicate to you that she did not want
18 to talk about the event?

19 A No. She was quiet at the beginning, but I was
20 surprised that she started telling me the events that
21 she did do. So she told me about it 'til I think the
22 police saw her talking to me, and they started coming
23 back into the room because I remember someone even
24 holding a tape recorder, and that's when she stopped
25 talking to me again. And then she wouldn't talk after

1 that.

2 Q I'm going to show you -- can I refresh his memory
3 with his statement that he gave to law enforcement?

4 MR. MAULDIN: I don't think he said he doesn't
5 remember. I mean, in order to refresh a witness'
6 memory, the witness has got to say, "I don't remember."

7 THE COURT: You can show him the statement.

8 BY MS. STROM:

9 Q Take a minute. Don't talk about what's in it,
10 just take a minute and read it. Okay?

11 A Okay.

12 Q Don't talk about it.

13 THE COURT: Objection noted.

14 THE WITNESS: I do remember that.

15 BY MS. STROM:

16 Q Okay. Having read -- reread your statement, that
17 was a statement you gave law enforcement that day,
18 correct?

19 A Yes, ma'am.

20 Q All right. And my question was to you: Did she
21 ever at any time ever indicate to you that she did not
22 want to talk about this event?

23 A This, it was at the very beginning she said, "I
24 don't want to talk about it." And that's when I kind
25 of made my threat, "If you don't talk to me, I can't

1 help you." Then she started telling me again. But
2 then later again she started saying, "I don't want to
3 talk about it anymore."

4 Q Thank you.

5 A Yes.

6 MS. STROM: Please answer any questions the
7 defense may have.

8 THE WITNESS: Okay.

9 THE COURT: Yes, sir.

10 CROSS-EXAMINATION

11 BY MR. MAULDIN:

12 Q Mr. Conway?

13 A Yes.

14 Q How you doing today?

15 A I've been better, I guess.

16 Q Okay. She said, when you first began a
17 conversation with her, she's on a -- she has a broken
18 back, by the way. I guess you learned that?

19 A After she went to CAT scan, that's when we found
20 out she had a broke back.

21 Q So she's on one of these back board things with
22 the neck brace?

23 A Yes.

24 Q And you come in, and she says to you or you said
25 something to her and she said, "I don't want to talk

1 about it"?

2 A Right.

3 Q Okay. So we began with "I don't want to talk
4 about it," and then what we then ended up with was she
5 told you that, "I shot my kids, then my husband and
6 tried to shoot myself several times but couldn't do
7 it"?

8 A That's --

9 Q That's what she actually said to you, right?

10 A Yes.

11 Q And when you asked her -- so she said she tried to
12 shoot herself several times but couldn't do it?

13 A Yes.

14 Q I want to make sure the jury understands the exact
15 words.

16 A Okay.

17 Q Then you said something about the children, and
18 she said, "I didn't want them to live in this awful
19 world," is what she said to you. And she then said
20 that a man had died in the front yard in a previous
21 wreck and that she was attempting to crash her truck in
22 the same way that the man had done before?

23 A Yes.

24 Q Right? So there was absolutely no question, one,
25 that she didn't want to talk about it initially?

1 A She didn't want to talk about it to begin with.

2 Q She didn't want to talk about it when you first
3 approached, didn't want to talk about it, about
4 anything?

5 A Right.

6 Q But when you encouraged her to talk, she told you
7 she had shot her children, she told you she had shot
8 her husband?

9 A Yes.

10 Q She told you that she had attempted suicide with
11 the firearm several times, and she told you she had
12 attempted to mimic the car wreck that killed the man
13 three or four months before?

14 A She did.

15 Q Okay. Nothing further.

16 MS. STROM: Very briefly, Your Honor.

17 THE COURT: Yeah. Redirect.

18 REDIRECT EXAMINATION

19 BY MS. STROM:

20 Q This detail that she's giving you, does she just
21 blurt this out to you, or is this in response to your
22 questions?

23 A This was in response to my questions. And this
24 was also over probably 20, 30 minutes time, you know.
25 It's talking to her, trying to get her to tell me

1 what's going on, and then, you know, she would be quiet
2 for a while. And I had to kind of drag it out of her,
3 though.

4 Q And her answers to you, though, were appropriate
5 to what you were asking her?

6 A She answered every question, you know, when I got
7 her to speak, you know, completely clearly. She was
8 alert and oriented. She -- I also have to do my
9 questions that checks to see their mental status, you
10 know, like they're alert to person, place, and time.
11 She knew her name, she knew where she was, she knew
12 what day it was, you know. She spoke clearly. She
13 just didn't want to talk about it. And I noticed it
14 was more, to me, when the police were around than when
15 they weren't.

16 MR. MAULDIN: Your Honor, one moment. I believe
17 this went beyond the scope of redirect, so I do enter
18 an objection to that.

19 THE COURT: Okay. Objection overruled.

20 Anything on recross? She's tendered the witness.

21 MR. MAULDIN: No.

22 THE COURT: All right. Thank you, sir. You may
23 step down.

24 State call its next witness.

25 MS. STROM: Tommy Camp.

1 **THOMAS CAMP,**

2 BEING FIRST DULY SWORN, TESTIFIED AS FOLLOWS:

3 THE CLERK: Have a seat and state your name for
4 the record, please.

5 THE WITNESS: It's Thomas Camp.

6 DIRECT EXAMINATION

7 BY MS. STROM:

8 Q Mr. Camp, obviously you're employed with the
9 Pickens County Sheriff's Office?

10 A Yes, ma'am.

11 Q Wearing the uniform. How long have you been with
12 Pickens County?

13 A Right at five years, ma'am.

14 Q And do you have any previous law enforcement
15 experience, or what was your position before going with
16 the sheriff's office?

17 A I ran an insurance agency in Greenville since I
18 was 18, so family business.

19 Q All right. And in what capacity are you employed
20 with Pickens County? What's your job?

21 A I'm a road deputy, just patrol. Dacusville area
22 is my assignment.

23 Q As part of your duties, I want to take you back to
24 May 14th, the early morning hours of May 14th, 2013.
25 Were you working then?

1 A I was, yes, ma'am.

2 Q You were working that morning shift?

3 A Yes, ma'am.

4 Q How is it that you went out to Cherokee Trail?

5 A Okay. Initially, we go to what we call roll call
6 every morning before shift to find out what happened
7 during the night or find out what areas specifically we
8 need to specifically patrol. And I heard the accident
9 come over the radio and didn't think anything of it, so
10 we went on to our shift meeting.

11 Q When you say "coming over the radio," where are
12 you hearing that?

13 A It --

14 Q Dispatch?

15 A Dispatch, yes, ma'am. They had dispatched a
16 traffic unit to go out there to assist with traffic
17 until highway could show up on scene.

18 Q Do you know approximately what time was that?

19 A It was still dark. It was probably 5:30 or so.

20 Q When the accident was dispatched?

21 A Yes, ma'am.

22 Q What did you do then?

23 A Went on to the office and go over our BOLD, which
24 is be-on-the-lookout-for, items and go over the night
25 shift issues.

1 Q While you were in roll call, did you have occasion
2 to be dispatched out to the residence of Michael and
3 Anna Simpson?

4 A I did. Dispatch called. It didn't come out over
5 the radio. They called into our room by telephone and
6 talked to the lieutenant on duty and advised him that
7 Ms. Simpson had spoken to EMS, and EMS wanted us to do
8 a well-being check on Michael and the children at that
9 location. So he advised me to go lights and sirens and
10 they would follow shortly, so.

11 Q And did you?

12 A I did.

13 Q All right. And when you got to the residence,
14 that, of course, is in Pickens County, correct?

15 A Yes, ma'am, it is.

16 Q I'm going to show you State's Exhibits 4 and 5. I
17 have previously shown them to defense counsel.

18 I'm going to ask you first if you would just take
19 a quick look at those.

20 A Okay.

21 Q Are they true and accurate photographs of the
22 residence?

23 A Yes, ma'am, they are.

24 MS. STROM: Offer them into evidence.

25 MR. MAULDIN: No objection.

1 THE COURT: Without objection, introduce 4 and 5.
2 (WHEREUPON, State's Exhibit Numbers 4 and 5 were
3 admitted into evidence.)

4 BY MS. STROM:

5 Q When you get to the Simpson residence, tell this
6 jury what you did. What was the first thing you did?

7 A Turned my siren off and pulled into the driveway.
8 And I was approached by Dacusville fireman Tim Landers.
9 He advised me that he had found an open door leading
10 into the garage area, but he or no one had entered and
11 they were waiting on me to get there.

12 Q Okay.

13 A I told them to stay out of the way, stay back and
14 that my backup was on the way, so.

15 Q And what -- I take it you entered the residence?

16 A I did. I entered through the door next to the
17 garage door.

18 Q State's Exhibit 4. And there is a laser pointer
19 up there. I think you can --

20 A That door right there, ma'am.

21 Q You entered through that door?

22 A Yes, ma'am.

23 Q Where did you go?

24 A Cleared that garage area first to make sure there
25 was no one there. And then there's a door that leads

1 into like a kitchen or breakfast -- breakfast area.

2 Q State's Exhibit 5?

3 A Yeah. If I remember correctly, that screen door
4 was closed and that door was also closed. I knocked
5 and announced who I was, Pickens County Sheriff's
6 Office. And at that point I entered the residence.

7 Q To clarify, you did not take those photographs?

8 A No. Those are not my photographs.

9 Q Those were taken by SLED later when they came and
10 processed the scene?

11 A Yes, ma'am, I believe so.

12 Q I just want to make sure. The storm door was?

13 A Closed, as far as I remember, yes, ma'am.

14 Q And the hard -- the wooden door would have been?

15 A It was also shut. I knocked and entered. It was
16 unlocked.

17 Q It was unlocked?

18 A Yeah. There was no forced entry. I didn't see
19 any damage to any exterior doors.

20 Q Okay. So when you entered, tell us what you did.

21 A I, first off, opened the door and looked, and the
22 breakfast area, you could see the table and the chairs
23 right there. And as soon as I walked in, I could
24 hear -- at that point I didn't know what the noise was
25 but it was coming from the back of the house. It

1 was -- it was awful. It was -- later on I found out it
2 was from Mr. Simpson breathing, but you could hear it
3 from that doorway. It was labored breathing.

4 Q Labored breathing.

5 A And the kitchen is to the left. And I cleared
6 that and went toward the interior of the home clearing
7 it room by room.

8 Q Did you notice when you entered, were the lights
9 in the residence on or off?

10 A They were off, ma'am. I used my flashlight.

11 Q You had to use your flashlight to go through the
12 rooms?

13 A Yes, ma'am.

14 Q So you go through the kitchen, clear the kitchen,
15 then what do you do?

16 A There is another room to the left that's the front
17 of the house toward the front door, and there was a gun
18 safe to the right that was open with multiple guns
19 laying in the floor and some still in the safe and ammo
20 laying -- boxes of ammo laying all over the place and
21 scattered. That gets your heart rate up.

22 Q What did you do?

23 A Still didn't find anyone there. I could still
24 hear Mr. Simpson, but training teaching you to clear
25 room by room as you come to them. So I then went,

1 proceeded down the hallway, and there is a door to the
2 left, I believe, and it was locked. And I unlocked it,
3 opened it, and it was a set of steps that go down, so I
4 shut that door and locked that door back.

5 And then I entered Sawyer's room, found him there.
6 It was apparent that he was dead. He had -- his
7 eyeball was protruding from his eye socket. And he had
8 Spiderman stuff all in his room, Spiderman pajamas, and
9 he was tucked in his bed.

10 Q Did you notice any wounds to him?

11 A You could see the entry wound to the head area,
12 ma'am.

13 Q Okay.

14 A And I exited that room and then cleared -- across
15 the hallway was a bathroom, I believe. And then I
16 entered -- I believe her name is Carly. I believe I
17 entered Carly's room next, and Hello Kitty was all
18 about her room. And I remember seeing a bullet hole in
19 the wall, and I remember her -- her head slightly up,
20 and it was apparent she was dead also.

21 And I exited that room. I remember seeing shell
22 casings in both rooms. Laying -- one was on Sawyer's
23 bed and one was in the floor, and I believe in her room
24 I remember seeing one. But then I went to the master
25 bedroom and saw Michael laying there, and I cleared

1 that room. And I believe there was a master bathroom.
2 I cleared it. And I got on the radio and told my
3 lieutenant that I had one survivor and I needed EMS to
4 get there.

5 Q And did EMS come and remove him?

6 A They did pretty quickly after that, but my backup
7 arrived before they did and they re-cleared the house,
8 and I told Michael to hang in there. And then I
9 cleared the downstairs while they were upstairs.

10 MS. STROM: Just court's indulgence.

11 Thank you. Please answer any questions the
12 defense may have.

13 THE COURT: Mr. Mauldin.

14 MR. MAULDIN: Just a couple, Your Honor.

15 CROSS-EXAMINATION

16 BY MR. MAULDIN:

17 Q Mr. Camp, when you went in the residence, you
18 mentioned that you noticed a safe, and I think you said
19 it was a gun safe?

20 A Yes, sir.

21 Q Is that what that --

22 A Yes, sir. One of those secured gun safes with a
23 combination.

24 Q So it actually is a safe that's designed to put
25 guns in it?

1 A Yes, sir.

2 Q Okay. And you said that the door of the safe was
3 open?

4 A Correct.

5 Q And your testimony was that there were multiple
6 guns. Do you have an estimate of how many guns were
7 involved?

8 A Not really. I mean --

9 Q Okay.

10 A -- probably five or six, at least.

11 Q Photographs were taken of that, were they not?

12 A Yes, sir.

13 Q And there would have been rifles and handguns?

14 A I believe there were shotguns and rifles and some
15 handguns also.

16 Q And handguns?

17 A Yes.

18 Q And there was an array of ammunition laid out --

19 A Yes, sir.

20 Q -- on the carpet in front of the safe, the door to
21 the gun safe?

22 A Yes, sir, that's correct.

23 Q Different types of ammunition?

24 A At a quick glance, yes, sir.

25 Q Is that what your recollection is? All right.

1 The last question I want to ask you: When you
2 came in and you came in through the door from the
3 garage, I think you said you heard a noise, didn't know
4 what it was at that point. And in your report, I think
5 you said that you heard Victim Number 1, who was
6 Michael Simpson, gasping for breath; is that what you
7 described, gasping for breath?

8 A Yes, sir. Yes, sir.

9 Q Okay. All right. That's all.

10 THE COURT: Any redirect?

11 MS. STROM: No, Your Honor.

12 THE COURT: All right. Thank you, sir. You can
13 step down.

14 Anything further from the State today?

15 MR. WILKINS: Nothing from the State.

16 THE COURT: All right. Thank you.

17 All right. Ladies and gentlemen of the jury, now
18 is a good time to stop for the afternoon. Again, I'm
19 going to remind all of you that you cannot talk about
20 this case with anybody, not even yourselves. If
21 somebody -- I'm not naive. I know many of you may be
22 married and your spouse says, "Are you on the jury?"

23 "Yes."

24 "Well, what happened?"

25 "Well, the judge told me I can't talk about it."

1 That's all you have to say, okay. Don't do any
2 independent research on the case. Do not watch any
3 news, read any newspapers about it, go on Facebook, go
4 on Google, Twitter, et cetera. Just don't do it. If
5 you do it, you are violating your oath as a juror,
6 you're going to mess up things, and you'll have to
7 answer to me. And I know y'all won't do that.

8 So having said that, we will recess until tomorrow
9 morning at 9:45 a.m., okay. I want y'all to be in your
10 jury room ready to go at 9:45. We'll be here a little
11 bit earlier dealing with some other matters so we can
12 probably get started with y'all at 9:45, okay.

13 Thank you very much. Y'all have a wonderful
14 evening.

15 (WHEREUPON, the jury exited open court at
16 5:16 p.m.)

17 THE COURT: Anything further?

18 MR. WILKINS: Not from the State.

19 MR. MAULDIN: Nothing further.

20 THE COURT: All right. Y'all be ready to go at
21 9:45 tomorrow morning.

22 (WHEREUPON, proceedings adjourned at 5:18 p.m.)
23
24
25

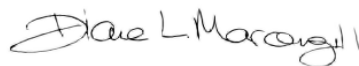
Certificate of Reporter

I, Diane L. Marcengill, Official Court Reporter for the Tenth Judicial Circuit of the State of South Carolina, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, accurate, and complete certified copy of the transcript of record of a portion of the proceedings had and evidence introduced in the trial of the captioned case, relative to appeal, in the Circuit Court for Pickens County, South Carolina, on the 20th day of June 2016.

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I do further certify that I am neither of kin, counsel, nor interest to any party hereto.

May 10, 2017



Diane L. Marcengill, RPR, CRR
Circuit Court Reporter

1 State of South Carolina In the Court of General Sessions
2 County of Pickens
3

4 State of South Carolina,)
5) 2014-GS-39-0396-98
6 -vs-) June 21, 2016
7 Suzanna Brown Simpson,) Volume 2 of 4
8 Defendant.) Pages 231 - 413
9 -----) Transcript of Record
10

11 B E F O R E:
12 The Honorable Brian M. Gibbons, Judge;
13 and a jury.
14

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Teal Johnson, Esquire
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24 Circuit Court Reporter
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14 For the Defendant:

15	Marked	Description	I.D.	Admitted
16	10	Photo	322	324
17	11	Photo	375	376
	12	Photo	375	376
18	13	Photo	375	376

19

20

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24

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1 (WHEREUPON, court convened with all parties
2 present and the following proceedings were had
3 commencing at approximately 9:48 a.m.)

4 THE COURT: All right. Good morning.

5 Lawyers, any issues before we bring the jury out?

6 MR. WILKINS: There's none from the State, Your
7 Honor.

8 MR. MAULDIN: None, Your Honor.

9 THE COURT: Okay. Let's bring the jury out.

10 (WHEREUPON, the jury entered open court at
11 9:49 a.m.)

12 THE COURT: All right. All members of the jury
13 are present.

14 Good morning, ladies and gentlemen. I hope you
15 had a nice evening. I know we're getting ready to work
16 first thing this morning, so thank you again for
17 serving as jurors.

18 Y'all ready to proceed?

19 MS. STROM: State is ready, Your Honor.

20 THE COURT: Call your next witness.

21 MS. STROM: State calls Kukilia Wallace.

22 KUKILIA WALLACE,

23 BEING FIRST DULY SWORN, TESTIFIED AS FOLLOWS:

24 THE CLERK: Thank you, ma'am. If you would have a
25 seat and state your name for the record, please.

1 THE WITNESS: My name is Kukilia Wallace.

2 DIRECT EXAMINATION

3 BY MS. STROM:

4 Q Kukilia. I apologize for mispronouncing that.

5 A No problem.

6 Q By whom are you employed?

7 A I'm employed with the South Carolina Law
8 Enforcement Division, also known as SLED.

9 Q What do you do there?

10 A I'm a crime scene agent. My responsibilities are
11 to respond throughout the state to assist local, state,
12 and federal agencies as relates to processing crime
13 scenes.

14 Q How long have you been employed with SLED?

15 A I've been employed with SLED 11 years.

16 Q Has it all been in that capacity?

17 A No, it has not.

18 Q What capacity?

19 A I served for five years in the drug analysis
20 department, at which time I then transferred to the
21 crime scene department and have been doing that for the
22 last six years.

23 Q And what is your education, professional training
24 to hold that position?

25 A I have a bachelor's degree from the University of

1 South Carolina in chemistry. I've also completed basic
2 training at the South Carolina Criminal Justice Academy
3 where I completed 12 weeks of law enforcement training.
4 I've also received competency testing within the crime
5 scene discipline to include evidence collection and
6 documentation and report writing.

7 Q Have you ever been qualified in the courts of this
8 state as an expert in crime scene investigation and
9 collection of evidence?

10 A I have.

11 Q Approximately how many times?

12 A Three times.

13 Q Three times.

14 MS. STROM: Your Honor, at this time we would
15 offer Ms. Wallace as an expert in the area of crime
16 scene investigations and evidence collection.

17 THE COURT: All right.

18 Any further voir dire from the defense?

19 MR. MAULDIN: No objection.

20 THE COURT: Without objection, then she is
21 qualified as an expert in the field of crime scene
22 investigation and evidence collection.

23 Ladies and gentlemen of the jury, when someone
24 is -- normally when somebody testifies, they have to
25 testify about what they saw, heard, or smelled or

1 something of the like. There is an exception, however,
2 for those witnesses who we in court refer to as expert
3 witnesses. If someone is qualified as an expert
4 because of their education, their training, et cetera,
5 or their credentials, et cetera, they are allowed to
6 give opinion testimony, okay.

7 Now, just because someone is qualified as an
8 expert doesn't mean you have to accept their opinion.
9 You can weigh that and determine its credibility just
10 as you weigh and determine the credibility of all the
11 evidence when you begin to deliberate. But it's just
12 an evidentiary issue for you to consider.

13 Okay.

14 MS. STROM: Thank you, Your Honor.

15 Q Ms. Wallace, did you have an occasion to respond
16 to Cherokee Trail, the home of Anna and Mike Simpson,
17 back on May 14, 2013?

18 A Yes.

19 Q And how was it that you were called out to do
20 that?

21 A I received notification from SLED operations,
22 which is where all of the requests for crime scene go
23 to. They called us and indicated that we had a request
24 from the Pickens County Sheriff's Department in
25 reference to processing a crime scene. We then

1 responded.

2 Upon arrival, I made contact with -- may I refer
3 to my notes throughout my testimony?

4 THE COURT: Yes, ma'am.

5 MS. STROM: Yes.

6 THE WITNESS: I made contact with Chief Deputy
7 Hashe and Lieutenant T. Gilstrap with the Pickens
8 County Sheriff's Office.

9 BY MS. STROM:

10 Q Once you made contact -- what's the purpose of
11 making contact with the investigators out there?

12 A The purpose of making contact is to get all of the
13 initial information, what it is that they received at
14 the time of the incident or the time of call. We also
15 determine, based on the information that we receive,
16 how we're going to go about processing the scene.

17 Q And did you, in fact, process this scene?

18 A Yes, I did.

19 Q Tell this jury briefly, give us a walk-through of
20 what you did when you arrived.

21 A Upon arrival, as I said before, I met with Chief
22 Deputy Hashe and Lieutenant Gilstrap. The information
23 they provided to me was they had received a 911 call in
24 reference to a collision not too far from the
25 residence, which was 307 Cherokee Trail.

1 Upon arriving, there was a female in the vehicle.
2 During the time of them administering medical
3 attention, they received information that there were
4 two children and a male, adult male, in the house with
5 gunshot wounds.

6 Q Did you, in fact, proceed inside that residence?

7 A Yes, I did.

8 Q Where did you enter the residence?

9 A We entered the residence through the garage. Once
10 you enter through the garage, there's a door just in
11 front of the garage door that goes into the residence
12 which begins with the kitchen.

13 Q And tell us what you did once you went in.

14 A Well, upon arriving on scene, once we get the
15 initial information, we do what we call an initial
16 walk-through. Upon walking through the house, we
17 assess the evidence, we see where evidence is, what we
18 have, what we're going to do to process the scene.

19 So upon walking through the kitchen, the kitchen
20 appeared to be normal. There were two items of
21 evidence observed in the kitchen that I will discuss
22 later. We walked further through the house. There was
23 a living room just beyond the kitchen, appeared to be
24 normal, no disturbances there. There's a second living
25 room where we see a safe that's open with multiple

1 items of firearms-related evidence to include guns,
2 unfired bullets, fragments, cartridge cases up in that
3 area.

4 As we proceeded through, we saw both unfired and
5 fired cartridges in the foyer area. So we go through
6 the foyer area, we go into the hallway which leads to
7 all of the bedrooms in the house. First bedroom we
8 observed it to be maybe a storage area undisturbed.
9 Second bedroom is where the first victim was observed,
10 which was the young male victim. He was in the bed,
11 multiple gunshot wounds observed to the head.
12 Cartridge cases observed on the floor.

13 We proceed through the house. We go into the
14 third bedroom where we see the young female victim.
15 She's in the bed as well, multiple gunshot wounds to
16 the head. We also notice two bullet defects in the
17 wall near her bed. We also notice bullet defects in
18 the area where I told you the gun -- the safe was with
19 the gun and all of the firearms evidence located.

20 So we leave out of her room. We go into the
21 master bedroom. Male victim was transported to the
22 hospital so he was not -- the adult male victim was
23 transported to the hospital so he was not on scene, but
24 we did see multiple cartridge cases, fired cartridge
25 cases, and unfired cartridges in the bedroom.

1 Q And all this evidence that you're talking about,
2 the fragments, the cartridge casings and that sort of
3 stuff, you collected that, correct?

4 A I did.

5 Q All right. Let's just go through -- I think it
6 might be easier if we just go through each room
7 individually.

8 MR. MAULDIN: No objection.

9 THE COURT: Okay.

10 MS. STROM: This is State's Exhibit 88.

11 THE COURT: Do you want to introduce that?

12 MS. STROM: Yes, sir.

13 THE COURT: Without objection, introduced into
14 evidence.

15 (WHEREUPON, State's Exhibit Number 88 was admitted
16 into evidence.)

17 BY MS. STROM:

18 Q Let's go first, I believe you said you entered the
19 kitchen area first, 6, 7 and 8. And we had previously
20 shown these to Mr. Mauldin.

21 MR. MAULDIN: No objection.

22 MS. STROM: 6, 7, and 8 move them into evidence.

23 THE COURT: Without objection, introduced into
24 evidence.

25 (WHEREUPON, State's Exhibit Numbers 6, 7 and 8

1 were admitted into evidence.)

2 BY MS. STROM:

3 Q Just familiarize yourself with those.

4 A Okay.

5 Q You said earlier when you entered the kitchen that
6 there were items of note for you, that you made
7 particular notice of certain items?

8 A I did.

9 Q What were they?

10 A The items that I noticed in the kitchen was a
11 flashlight. And the flashlight had a strap on it so it
12 was something that you would attach to your head. So
13 it had the strap and then like a square-shaped light on
14 the front of it.

15 Q State's Exhibit Number 6. Can you point out to us
16 on this photograph what you're referring to.

17 A This is what I'm talking about right here.

18 Q So that's sort of a headlamp, a flashlight that
19 you wear on your head?

20 A Correct.

21 Q Do you recall if that were on or off when you saw
22 it?

23 A It was on.

24 Q It was on, okay. What else did you note?

25 A The next thing I observed was this cell phone that

1 was right next to it.

2 Q Uh-huh.

3 A We documented it, photographed it, but we did not
4 collect it. That was turned over to Pickens County
5 Sheriff's Office along with the light. However, we did
6 collect swabs for DNA from the light.

7 Q And show us on the diagram, if you will, where
8 these are collected.

9 A Both the light and the cell phone was here at
10 Marker A.

11 Q What else of note did you see in the kitchen?

12 A We also noticed a gun holster which was on the
13 other side of the stove.

14 Q State's Exhibit 8.

15 A Here.

16 Q All right. And, again, show us on the diagram.

17 A Marker B.

18 Q And I believe you said that was -- was that
19 collected by you or by someone else?

20 A That was collected -- let me verify -- that was
21 collected by someone else as well.

22 Q After the kitchen, where did you go?

23 A So from the kitchen, we go into what's marked
24 Living Room A. As I stated before, nothing out of the
25 ordinary here. We then go into this room, which is

1 living room -- marked Living Room Number 2. This is
2 the safe that I referenced earlier, and the guns and
3 ammo and firearms evidence was up in here.

4 Q Okay. Photographs 9 through 16.

5 MR. MAULDIN: No objection.

6 THE COURT: Without objection, those are
7 introduced into evidence.

8 (WHEREUPON, State's Exhibit Numbers 9 through 16
9 were admitted into evidence.)

10 BY MS. STROM:

11 Q All right. I need you to look at these just very
12 briefly. Just familiarize yourself with them.

13 A I recognize these.

14 Q Okay. Thank you.

15 MR. MAULDIN: Your Honor, with the solicitor's
16 permission, I'm going to maybe sit in that seat because
17 I'm blocked out over here.

18 THE COURT: That's fine.

19 MR. MAULDIN: Thank you, Judge.

20 BY MS. STROM:

21 Q State's Exhibit Number 9. Can you describe to us
22 what you're seeing and where it was on the diagram?

23 A So this is the safe in Living Room Number 2, and
24 this is it here on the diagram.

25 Q And I believe you said it was open, the safe was

1 open?

2 A Correct.

3 Q State's Exhibit 10.

4 A So what you're looking at here is the open safe
5 with all of the firearms evidence. There's still some
6 guns still within the safe, but where I say that
7 there's firearms evidence scattered about in the front
8 of it, all of this is what I'm talking about.

9 Q This is State's Exhibit 11. Just maybe a little
10 bit closer shot. What are those yellow markers we're
11 seeing in that photograph?

12 A The yellow markers that you're seeing in the
13 photographs are fragments of bullets.

14 Q Okay. But the markers themselves, is that
15 something you placed there?

16 A Yes. So what we do when we process the scene
17 after we have done the initial walk-through and we
18 photograph the scene as is, we'll go through and mark
19 items of evidence. So all of the yellow markers that
20 you see throughout the scene were markers that my team
21 placed within the scene to indicate that these are
22 items of interest in reference to this scene.

23 Q And did you collect those particular items?

24 A Yes, I did.

25 Q As well as some others?

1 A I did.

2 MR. MAULDIN: No objection.

3 MS. STROM: State's Exhibit Number 52, Your Honor.

4 THE COURT: Entered into evidence.

5 (WHEREUPON, State's Exhibit Number 52 was admitted
6 into evidence.)

7 BY MS. STROM:

8 Q I'm going to show you State's Exhibit 52. Ask you
9 to look at that.

10 A I recognize this.

11 Q You recognize it. What is it?

12 A This is a Walther P22 handgun with magazine which
13 was collected from this area.

14 Q All right. I'm going to show you State's Exhibit
15 Number 12, which is a close-up of that. Is that it?

16 A Yes. This is the handgun that I just described.

17 Q And I noticed from State's Exhibit 11 it's in a
18 slightly different position?

19 A That's correct. So what we do, as I stated
20 earlier, we document the evidence, photograph the
21 evidence as is. Because we want to render it safe to
22 make sure that we don't harm ourselves or anyone else
23 and for transport purposes, we move it to further
24 document it, to ensure that it's not loaded, and to
25 document any markings that's on it to include serial

1 numbers, make, model of the handgun.

2 Q Thank you. Did you also collect fragments from
3 that area?

4 A Yes, I did.

5 Q I'm going to show you -- just one second. I'm
6 going to show you State's Exhibit 54, 55, 56, 57 and
7 58. Take a look at those for me, please.

8 A I recognize these.

9 Q And are those items that you collected?

10 A Yes.

11 MS. STROM: I enter those into evidence. Offer
12 them into evidence.

13 MR. MAULDIN: Your Honor, we have no objection.
14 I'm assuming she is going to tie up where they were.

15 MS. STROM: Oh, sure.

16 MR. MAULDIN: But we have no objection.

17 THE COURT: Without objection, introduced into
18 evidence.

19 (WHEREUPON, State's Exhibit Numbers 54 through 58
20 were admitted into evidence.)

21 BY MS. STROM:

22 Q All right, specifically, Ms. Wallace, as to
23 State's Exhibit Number 54, which I believe you had
24 marked as an E; is that correct?

25 A State's Exhibit 54 is actually marked as D.

1 Q Oh, I'm sorry. All right. Well, let's look at
2 54.

3 A Okay.

4 Q Where was it recovered?

5 A It was recovered from this area right here.

6 Q All right. And on the diagram, where would that
7 be?

8 A On the diagram, it would be right in here.

9 Q All right. As to State's Exhibit 55?

10 A State's Exhibit 55 with Marker E, it's this area
11 right here, which is a bullet fragment. In relation to
12 the diagram, it would be right there near where Marker
13 D was.

14 Q As to State's Exhibit 56?

15 A 56, also Marker E, it's a copper jacket. Same
16 area that I previously point out -- pointed out.

17 Q State's Exhibit 57.

18 A State's Exhibit 57, Marker F, which is here,
19 bullet fragment, and it would be right there near where
20 Marker E would have been.

21 Q Then State's Exhibit 58.

22 A State's Exhibit 58 is Marker H.

23 Q And I don't see that on this photograph. Where
24 was it located?

25 A Okay. Marker H, here's the couch. Marker H was

1 up in here.

2 Q And you collected those items and submitted them
3 to the ballistics unit?

4 A I did.

5 Q In particular, in this area, you noticed -- I
6 think -- I can't remember the term you used, but did
7 you notice anything unusual about the wall near the
8 safe area?

9 A Yes. I noticed two defects in the wall.

10 Q State's Exhibit 16. Explain to what us what we're
11 seeing here.

12 A The two defects that I observed in the wall, here
13 and here. Based on the characteristics of it, it
14 indicated to me that this area was the exit of a
15 projectile.

16 Q And by projectile, what do you mean?

17 A A fired bullet.

18 Q So we have two bullet holes in the wall by the
19 safe?

20 A Correct.

21 Q And they are exiting by the safe?

22 A Correct.

23 Q Again, would you point out where that would be?

24 A So here's your safe. Talking about this wall
25 right here. You have the two defects.

1 Q After you went to -- let me -- I'm going to try
2 and keep these sort of separate since we have several.

3 After processing that room, where did you go?

4 A So we left out of Living Room A. We went into
5 this area, what we call the foyer area. We observed
6 additional firearms evidence.

7 MS. STROM: 17, 18, 19 we offer into evidence,
8 photographs.

9 MR. MAULDIN: No objection.

10 THE COURT: Without objection, entered into
11 evidence.

12 (WHEREUPON, State's Exhibit Numbers 17 through 19
13 were admitted into evidence.)

14 THE WITNESS: I recognize these photos.

15 BY MS. STROM:

16 Q Just if you would, just orient us as to what we're
17 seeing and where it is on the diagram, if you would.

18 A So what we're seeing, this is H that we talked
19 about earlier. Some additional fragments here. Then
20 you have marker -- Markers J, K, L and M in the foyer
21 area. And the scale tape that you see here on the
22 floor in the foyer area and also in the area where the
23 safe is, is suspected blood, possibly due to transport
24 when the adult male victim was transported by EMS.

25 Q And can you point out the front door so that we

1 can be oriented as to where we are?

2 A This is the front door.

3 Q And Markers D and E and these weapons we see right
4 here is what we saw previously?

5 A Correct.

6 Q Particularly -- okay. I'm going to show you in
7 particular -- just one second. I'm going to show you
8 State's Exhibit 59.

9 MR. MAULDIN: No objection.

10 THE COURT: All right. Entered into evidence.

11 (WHEREUPON, State's Exhibit Number 59 was admitted
12 into evidence.)

13 BY MS. STROM:

14 Q Do you recognize that?

15 A Yes, I do.

16 Q Where did you collect that?

17 A This item, which is an unfired cartridge, Marker
18 L, which is here.

19 Q State's Exhibit 18. Just an enlargement?

20 A This is a close-up of Marker L.

21 Q And you called it an unfired cartridge?

22 A Yes.

23 Q Is that a live round?

24 A Yes.

25 Q Show you State's Exhibit 60. Do you recognize it?

1 A I do.

2 Q What is it?

3 A This is a cartridge case collected from Marker M,
4 which is here.

5 Q State's Exhibit 19. An enlargement of that?

6 A This is a close-up of what's marked Marker M,
7 cartridge case.

8 Q And you're calling this a cartridge case. What's
9 the difference between a cartridge case and a live
10 round?

11 A A live round, it still has the bullet attached to
12 it. Cartridge case indicates to me that it's been
13 fired, the bullet has been ejected from it.

14 Q So that's a fired cartridge casing at Marker M?

15 A Correct.

16 Q Were you able to determine what caliber that was?

17 A Yes. Marker M here, the fired cartridge case, is
18 a 22-caliber cartridge case. Marker L, the live round,
19 is a 9mm.

20 Q Thank you.

21 And did you collect fragments from that area as
22 well?

23 A Yes, I did.

24 Q I'm going to show you State's Exhibit 61 and 62.

25 MS. STROM: Offer them into evidence.

1 MR. MAULDIN: No objection.

2 THE COURT: Without objection, entered into
3 evidence.

4 (WHEREUPON, State's Exhibit Numbers 61 and 62
5 were admitted into evidence.)

6 THE WITNESS: I recognize these.

7 BY MS. STROM:

8 Q And what are they?

9 A These are bullet fragments that were collected
10 from Markers J and K.

11 Q Thank you.

12 After processing and collecting the items from the
13 foyer, where did you go?

14 A So we left out of the foyer. We went into the
15 hallway. We observed additional firearms evidence here
16 at P, Q, and R, and here we observed the bullet holes
17 that we talked about earlier, right here on the other
18 side of the wall. Based on the characteristics of the
19 defect, we indicated or determined that this was the
20 entry of those bullet holes.

21 Q And when you say you found firearm evidence in the
22 hallway, are you talking guns or are you talking
23 ammunition and casings?

24 A I'm talking ammunition and casings here in the
25 hallway.

1 Q So there were no additional firearms, weapons
2 found in the hallway?

3 A No. All firearms evidence was found here.
4 Firearms, handguns, any weapons were found here in this
5 area.

6 Q I'm going to have you look at State's Exhibit 20
7 through 24.

8 MR. MAULDIN: No objection.

9 THE COURT: Without objection, entered into
10 evidence.

11 (WHEREUPON, State's Exhibit Numbers 20 through 24
12 were admitted into evidence.)

13 BY MS. STROM:

14 Q If you will take just a moment and familiarize
15 yourself with them.

16 A I recognize these.

17 Q Thank you. I'll put up State's Exhibit Number 20.
18 If you would familiarize us with what we're seeing in
19 State's Exhibit 20.

20 A So as I stated, there were ammunition, both live
21 and fired cartridge cases, here. Here at Marker P,
22 there's an unfired bullet, appears to be a 22-caliber
23 unfired bullet. Q is a 40-caliber cartridge case,
24 meaning it has been fired. And at R is another live
25 round, .22.

1 Q Show you close-ups of those. State's Exhibit 21.
2 What is that?

3 A A live .22 cartridge.

4 Q State's Exhibit 22?

5 A It's a cartridge case, 40-caliber.

6 Q And State's Exhibit 23?

7 A This is another live 22-caliber round.

8 Q I'm going to show you those items that we just
9 talked about.

10 State's Exhibit 63, 64, and 65.

11 MR. MAULDIN: No objection.

12 THE COURT: Without objection, those are entered
13 into evidence.

14 (WHEREUPON, State's Exhibit Numbers 63 through 65
15 were admitted into evidence.)

16 BY MS. STROM:

17 Q So you collected those items?

18 A Yes.

19 Q You also talked about the entrance wound -- I mean
20 the entrance into the wall, the defects in the wall?

21 A Correct.

22 Q Show you State's Exhibit 24.

23 A So these are the defects that I discussed earlier.
24 One here in the picture and the other one at the bottom
25 of the picture.

1 Q And in relation to where that picture is, that's
2 just on the other side of the gun safe?

3 A Correct. Here.

4 Q After processing the hallway, where did you go?

5 A After processing the hallway, we entered into
6 Bedroom Number 2. As I stated earlier about Bedroom
7 Number 1, nothing unusual was observed there. We
8 photographed it, but we did not collect anything of
9 evidentiary value from here.

10 Bedroom 2 was where the child male victim was
11 located. He was here in this bed, and there were
12 40-caliber cartridge cases observed in all of these
13 markers listed.

14 MS. STROM: I'm going to offer into evidence
15 items -- photographs State's Exhibit 25, 26, 27, 28, 29
16 and 30.

17 MR. MAULDIN: Those are the photos?

18 MS. STROM: Photos.

19 MR. MAULDIN: No objection.

20 THE COURT: Without objection, they're entered
21 into evidence.

22 (WHEREUPON, State's Exhibit Numbers 25 through 30
23 were admitted into evidence.)

24 MS. STROM: And then cartridge casings, State's
25 Exhibit 66, 67, 68 and 69.

1 MR. MAULDIN: No objection.

2 THE COURT: Entered into evidence.

3 (WHEREUPON, State's Exhibit Numbers 66 through 69
4 were admitted into evidence.)

5 THE WITNESS: I recognize these.

6 BY MS. STROM:

7 Q If you would, orient us again on the diagram as to
8 where we are on the diagram. What bedroom are we in?

9 A We're in Bedroom 2.

10 Q State's Exhibit 25. What are we seeing here?
11 Where are we in the bedroom?

12 A So, here's the door of the bedroom. We're taking
13 photographs into the room where you see Markers S near
14 the foot of the bed, T over by a bean bag, and U which
15 is over near the dresser so --

16 Q Will you point to those.

17 A So S here, T there, U here.

18 Q Again, these are just close-ups of each of those?

19 A This is Marker S, close-up of a 40-caliber
20 cartridge case. Marker T, close-up of a 40-caliber
21 cartridge case. Marker U, close-up of a 40-caliber
22 cartridge case.

23 Q And did you recover another cartridge case from
24 that area?

25 A I did.

1 Q And where was it?

2 A I recovered it from the bed, which is here at V.

3 Q State's Exhibit 30.

4 A Marker V on the bed is a 40-caliber cartridge
5 case.

6 Q And those are the cartridge cases that you have
7 there in front of you?

8 A Correct. And they all were collected in Bedroom 2
9 and all four of them are here.

10 Q After processing that room, Sawyer's room, where
11 did you go?

12 A So I went from Bedroom 2 into Bedroom 3 where we
13 found the child female victim here in the bed with one,
14 two, three, four cartridge cases observed, 40-caliber
15 cartridge cases observed in the room. There was also
16 one in the clothes hamper that we found later on upon
17 doing a further search of the room for additional
18 evidence.

19 Q I'm going to have you look at State's 31, 32, 33,
20 34, 35, and 36 which are photographs.

21 MR. MAULDIN: No objection.

22 THE COURT: Introduced into evidence.

23 (WHEREUPON, State's Exhibit Numbers 31 through 36
24 were admitted into evidence.)

25 BY MS. STROM:

1 Q If you would take a look at State's Exhibits 31
2 through 36 and familiarize yourself with those.

3 A I recognize these.

4 Q Okay. Then I'm going to hand you State's
5 Exhibits 70, 71, 72, 73, and 74. Do you recognize
6 those?

7 A I do.

8 Q And are those items that you collected?

9 A Yes.

10 MS. STROM: Your Honor, we would offer them into
11 evidence at this time.

12 MR. MAULDIN: No objection.

13 THE COURT: Introduced into evidence.

14 (WHEREUPON, State's Exhibit Numbers 70 through 74
15 were admitted into evidence.)

16 BY MS. STROM:

17 Q As to -- I'm going to put up State's Exhibit 31.
18 Can you tell us where this is located? Show us on the
19 diagram, please.

20 A So 31 is located here, next to the hamper, which
21 is a 40-caliber cartridge case.

22 Q So it is a fired cartridge casing?

23 A Correct.

24 Q All right. State's Exhibit 33.

25 MR. MAULDIN: What was that number?

1 MS. STROM: The one before was 31, which is the
2 photograph.

3 MR. MAULDIN: Got you. Thank you.

4 BY MS. STROM:

5 Q Now, State's Exhibit 33, a photograph. What are
6 we seeing here?

7 A We see Markers X, Y and Z which are marking
8 40-caliber cartridge casings, meaning they have been
9 fired. And that's on this side of the bedroom door.

10 Q And you had mentioned -- you had talked about an
11 additional one was found in the clothes hamper?

12 A Correct.

13 Q Do you see the clothes hamper?

14 A Yes. The clothes hamper is here. So upon
15 conducting a further search of the residence for
16 additional evidence, the cartridge case was found in
17 this clothes hamper.

18 Q State's Exhibit 36.

19 A And it's that silver piece there just beyond the
20 mesh.

21 Q And those are the items, the actual cartridge
22 casings there that you collected?

23 A Correct.

24 Q When you processed -- when you finished processing
25 Carly's room, where did you go?

1 A We left out of this bedroom, then we went into the
2 master bedroom where we saw additional firearms
3 evidence to include live rounds and fired cartridge
4 cases.

5 Q I'm going to show you State's Exhibit 37 through
6 45 which are photographs.

7 MR. MAULDIN: No objection.

8 THE COURT: Without objection, introduced into
9 evidence.

10 (WHEREUPON, State's Exhibit Numbers 37 through 45
11 were admitted into evidence.)

12 BY MS. STROM:

13 Q If you will familiarize yourself with them.

14 A I recognize these.

15 Q Thank you.

16 I'm going to show you State's Exhibit 75, 76, 77,
17 78, 79 and 80.

18 MR. MAULDIN: No objection.

19 THE COURT: Without objection, introduced into
20 evidence.

21 (WHEREUPON, State's Exhibit Numbers 75 through 80
22 were admitted into evidence.)

23 BY MS. STROM:

24 Q These are the casings you collected from the
25 master bedroom?

1 A That's correct.

2 Q And if you will, using these photographs, State's
3 Exhibit 37, and also using the diagram, can you point
4 out to us where you collected these items?

5 A Okay. So we're in the master bedroom. 6, 7, 8,
6 those are 22-caliber cartridge cases that were
7 collected. 6, 7, 8 on the photo.

8 Q Okay. And I won't go through each close-up of
9 each one of those, but you collected additional casings
10 from that area -- from that room?

11 A Yes, I did.

12 Q Can you show us in this photograph and on the
13 diagram where they were collected?

14 A 9, 15, 16, here on the diagram. 9, 15, 16 there
15 in the photo.

16 Q And, again, what caliber casings, fired casings,
17 were found in the master bedroom?

18 A 22-caliber.

19 Q 22-caliber. And the fired casings in the
20 children's bedrooms were what caliber?

21 A 40-caliber.

22 Q Did you find any live ammunition in the master
23 bedroom?

24 A Yes, I did.

25 Q I show you State's 45. Can you tell us what we're

1 seeing in State's 45?

2 A Item 13 here, this is a live round, and that's
3 actually a 9mm live round, and there it is in the
4 photo.

5 Q And what's the black thing beside the live round?

6 A It's a holster, a gun holster.

7 Q Did you collect the gun holster?

8 A No, I did not.

9 Q I'm going to show you State's Exhibit 81.

10 MR. MAULDIN: No objection.

11 THE COURT: Introduced into evidence.

12 (WHEREUPON, State's Exhibit Number 81 was admitted
13 into evidence.)

14 BY MS. STROM:

15 Q Do you recognize 81?

16 A I do.

17 Q And what is 81?

18 A 81 is the item that we just discussed. It's a
19 live cartridge case -- a live cartridge, 9mm, collected
20 from Marker 13.

21 Q Thank you. So in total in the master bedroom, in
22 Mike's bedroom, there were six -- well, how many fired
23 .22 casings were there?

24 A A total of six collected from the master bedroom.

25 Q And one live round of a 9mm?

1 A Correct.

2 Q In Carly's bedroom, how many fired cartridge
3 casings were there?

4 A Bedroom 3, there were a total of five 40-caliber
5 cartridge casings collected from this bedroom.

6 Q And in Sawyer's bedroom?

7 A Bedroom 2, there were a total of four 40-caliber
8 cartridge cases collected from this bedroom.

9 Q Okay. Did you have an occasion to collect any
10 additional weapons in reference to this event?

11 A Yes. Upon conducting an inventory of all of the
12 firearm weapons that we had, I didn't find a 40-caliber
13 handgun. Based on the 40-caliber cartridge cases that
14 I collected from these two bedrooms, I knew there had
15 to be one somewhere.

16 So we went back to the collision scene to conduct
17 a further search, and that's where we found the
18 40-caliber handgun which was ejected from the vehicle
19 at the time of the collision.

20 Q I'm going to show you State's Exhibit 82. I'm
21 sorry. And State's 46, 47 and 48.

22 MR. MAULDIN: No objection.

23 THE COURT: Introduced into evidence.

24 (WHEREUPON, State's Exhibit Numbers 82, 46,
25 47 and 48 were admitted into evidence.)

1 THE WITNESS: I recognize these photos.

2 BY MS. STROM:

3 Q Let me ask you, as to State's Exhibit 82 --

4 A 62?

5 Q 82. If you would step down.

6 What do we see here?

7 A What you see here is a 40-caliber handgun. It's a
8 Glock 23 with cartridges here, and the cartridges that
9 are with it are actually 9mm cartridges with the
10 magazine.

11 Q And this weapon was found where? Where was it
12 collected?

13 A At the collision scene.

14 Q Thank you. You may retake the stand.

15 And with regard to that weapon, State's
16 Exhibit 46, what are we seeing?

17 A This is the 9mm cartridge -- I mean 9mm handgun
18 that was found at the collision scene.

19 MR. MAULDIN: Your Honor.

20 THE WITNESS: I'm sorry. I misspoke. It's a
21 40-caliber handgun that was collected at the collision
22 scene.

23 BY MS. STROM:

24 Q So it's a 40-caliber weapon?

25 A Correct.

1 Q All right. And then State's Exhibit 47?

2 A Same 40-caliber handgun, different position, just
3 for further documentation.

4 Q And then State's 48?

5 A This is a photograph of the magazine that was
6 collected from the 40-caliber handgun.

7 Q I want to -- and you said that was collected down
8 by the collision scene?

9 A Correct.

10 Q And you actually collected it and maintained it
11 with you?

12 A Yes.

13 Q I want to go back, Ms. Wallace, to the living room
14 area where the gun safe was. You collected another
15 weapon from that area, didn't you?

16 A I did.

17 Q I'm putting up State's Exhibit 17. What are we
18 seeing here?

19 A This is some additional firearms evidence that we
20 observed and documented. Here is a shotgun. This one
21 that you see is a .22 long rifle, and this one that
22 you're seeing is a -- let me refer to my notes for
23 that -- a 9mm handgun.

24 Q State's Exhibit 11 may be a little bit closer up
25 of that. As to the .22 handgun we're seeing there,

1 does it have a magazine in it?

2 A No, it does not.

3 Q Did you collect that .22?

4 A I did.

5 Q And as to the 9mm?

6 A That was collected, and it did have a magazine in
7 it.

8 Q I'm going to show you State's Exhibit 53.

9 MR. MAULDIN: No objection.

10 THE COURT: Without objection, introduced into
11 evidence.

12 (WHEREUPON, State's Exhibit Number 53 was admitted
13 into evidence.)

14 THE WITNESS: I recognize this.

15 BY MS. STROM:

16 Q And what are we seeing in that exhibit?

17 A So what you're seeing here is a 9mm handgun with
18 the magazine with it, and these are the cartridges that
19 were in the magazine upon collection.

20 Q And when you collected it, the magazine was in the
21 weapon?

22 A Correct.

23 Q Did you have an occasion, Ms. Wallace, to attend
24 the autopsies of Carly Sawyer Simpson -- Carly and
25 Sawyer Simpson?

1 A I did.

2 Q And did you retrieve items of evidence from
3 Dr. Fulcher who performed those autopsies?

4 A Yes, I did.

5 Q I'm going to show you State's Exhibits 83 and 84.

6 MR. MAULDIN: Your Honor, as to -- I'm assuming
7 that the doctor would come in and complete admission of
8 these.

9 MS. STROM: Yes.

10 MR. MAULDIN: We have no objection for
11 identification purposes only at this point with
12 follow-up from the doctor.

13 THE COURT: Okay.

14 BY MS. STROM:

15 Q Do you recognize State's Exhibits Number 83 and
16 84?

17 A I do.

18 Q And from whom did you receive those?

19 A I received it from the doctor at autopsy.

20 Q Both of those items?

21 A I did.

22 Q And upon receiving those at autopsy, what did you
23 do with them?

24 A I transported them to the forensic services
25 laboratory at SLED. I submitted them to the firearms

1 department for further analysis.

2 Q And as to each of these items that we've discussed
3 here today -- the firearms, the casings, the live
4 rounds, you collected all of those?

5 A I did.

6 Q And did you maintain them in your custody until
7 you turned them over to SLED to the firearms
8 examination?

9 A Yes, I did.

10 Q And are they essentially in the same condition as
11 when you found them?

12 A Well, when the firearms examiner does do their
13 examination, they have to add lab numbers and things
14 for identification purposes on there. But as far as I
15 can tell, nothing has been changed from the last time I
16 had them.

17 Q And you did nothing with the evidence in between
18 the time that you collected it and turned it over to
19 firearms other than to label it and mark it?

20 A Correct.

21 MS. STROM: Court's indulgence.

22 THE COURT: Okay.

23 MS. STROM: Thank you. Please answer any
24 questions the defense may have.

25 MR. MAULDIN: Your Honor, if I could have a few

1 moments.

2 THE COURT: Yes, sir.

3 Would you like to take a break at this moment?

4 MR. MAULDIN: And it doesn't matter, Your Honor.

5 It might be a good idea.

6 THE COURT: Let's take about a ten-minute recess.

7 Y'all freshen up. Don't talk about the case. All

8 right? Thank you.

9 (WHEREUPON, the jury exited open court at

10 10:46 a.m.)

11 MS. STROM: Before we bring the jury back in,
12 along with State's Exhibit 88, which is the diagram,
13 I'm going to -- and we can do this outside the presence
14 of the jury. I don't think the jury needs to see this.
15 It's State's Exhibit 88A.

16 Q I ask you, do you recognize this?

17 A Yes.

18 Q Is that the legend that goes with State's
19 Exhibit 88?

20 A That's correct.

21 Q That you prepared?

22 A I did.

23 MS. STROM: Your Honor, we would admit 88A into
24 evidence as well.

25 MR. MAULDIN: No objection.

1 THE COURT: Without objection introduced into
2 evidence.

3 (WHEREUPON, State's Exhibit Number 88A was
4 admitted into evidence.)

5 MR. WILKINS: Fragments.

6 MR. MAULDIN: Your Honor, the State approached me
7 regarding the fragments that were removed at the
8 autopsy. At this point they were actually introduced
9 only for identification. We have no objection to that
10 being clarified and that they actually --

11 THE COURT: Coming all the way in. Okay. They're
12 in evidence then, those items which were previously
13 marked or introduced just for identification. Those
14 item numbers are?

15 MS. STROM: 83 and 84.

16 THE COURT: All right.

17 (WHEREUPON, State's Exhibit Numbers 83 and 84
18 were admitted into evidence.)

19 MR. WILKINS: Thank you, John.

20 THE COURT: Y'all ready for the jury?

21 MS. STROM: The State is ready.

22 THE COURT: All right. Bring the jury in.

23 (WHEREUPON, the jury entered open court at
24 11:00 a.m.)

25 THE COURT: All right. All members of the jury

1 are present.

2 And, Ms. Durham, I'm appointing you as the
3 Forelady of the jury. Thank you for volunteering for
4 that.

5 I always appoint. And it's going to be your duty,
6 as the foreperson of the trial jury, to preside over
7 the deliberations in the jury room. You will also be
8 the spokesperson for the jury and court. For example,
9 if y'all need a break or something like that, please
10 let me know. I'm looking to you for that.

11 You will also be the only juror who can sign and
12 mark on the verdict form, but you can't do that until
13 all of you have reached a unanimous verdict. And I'll
14 give you more specific instruction on that at the end.
15 So, again, thank you for serving in this capacity.

16 All right. Your witness.

17 MR. MAULDIN: Thank you, Judge.

18 CROSS-EXAMINATION

19 BY MR. MAULDIN:

20 Q Ms. Wallace, I'm going to ask you only a few
21 clarification questions, if I may. The information
22 that you have given the jury this morning indicates
23 that the two children in this case were killed with
24 40-caliber ammunition?

25 A Correct.

1 Q Your reconstruction indicates that the weapon used
2 in those two homicides was 40-caliber?

3 A Correct.

4 Q And the weapon that was used to injure or
5 seriously injure Mike Simpson, the husband, apparently
6 was a 22-caliber?

7 A Correct.

8 Q Is that right?

9 A Right.

10 Q All right. Now, the 40-caliber is entered as
11 State's Exhibit 82. I want to make sure I'm right
12 about that. Let's make sure we're talking about the
13 right thing.

14 A This is correct.

15 Q And a 40-caliber handgun, which is shown in the
16 photographs at the wreck scene, that's where that gun
17 was recovered?

18 A That's correct.

19 Q And that firearm -- and I beg the court's
20 indulgence.

21 Well, that firearm is shown in a photograph in
22 this big stack here somewhere on the side of the road.
23 Do you remember how far from the vehicle it was? Was
24 it just right outside the vehicle?

25 A I don't recall. Actually, the vehicle was already

1 towed by the time we found it.

2 Q Okay.

3 A It wasn't in the vehicle when we conducted the
4 search. Went back into the house, processed the scene.
5 We didn't find it there so we went back to the
6 collision scene to do a further search, and that's
7 where we found the 40-caliber handgun, in the brush
8 near where the vehicle was at the collision scene.

9 Q Well, I must be going blind, but I can't find the
10 photos that were introduced -- here we go. Here they
11 are. All right. That photo -- and you've got that
12 little pointer thing.

13 A Yes.

14 Q Show the jury. This is the type of weapon that
15 when you shoot it, it throws out the casing, right?

16 A Correct.

17 Q And it's different from a revolver. A revolver,
18 actually, the cylinder turns and retains the casing?

19 A That's correct.

20 Q So the casing flies out of the side of this gun?

21 A Correct.

22 Q Would you show the jury the area where a casing
23 would come out of the gun?

24 A This area right here.

25 Q Okay. So that spot that you're pointing to is how

1 a casing comes out. And on that handgun, this is --
2 well, okay. Okay. All right. I'm going to turn it in
3 the box and ask you to step down for just a moment,
4 please, ma'am.

5 In fact, Your Honor, may I be allowed to lift the
6 gun from the box?

7 THE COURT: Yes, sir.

8 BY MR. MAULDIN:

9 Q I'm going to ask, please, ma'am, if you -- if you
10 will show the jury where the casing comes out of this
11 gun when it's fired.

12 A It comes out of this area right here.

13 Q And it discharges in what direction?

14 A Well, the opening is to the right.

15 Q Okay. So it's going to come out and right?

16 A It comes out of the right, but in terms of flight
17 and everything.

18 Q Not real sure?

19 A Yes.

20 Q All right. Now, and the reason I ask those
21 questions, ma'am, is because you identified Location Q
22 right here.

23 A I can't see it. Q?

24 Q Yeah. There you go. You identified Location Q in
25 another one of those photographs as a 40-caliber

1 casing?

2 A Correct.

3 Q Which means that it is a casing that came out of
4 that gun, but we're not sure where the person, where
5 the gun would have been at the time that casing was
6 discharged, right?

7 A Correct.

8 Q So if a person, for example, were standing in this
9 doorway, it would make sense that the casing would fly
10 out to the left; is that right?

11 A Can you repeat that question?

12 Q If a person was standing in the doorway to Bedroom
13 3, do you see that? You see the doorway to Bedroom 3?

14 A I see the doorway to Bedroom 3.

15 Q There it is. And if a person was standing in that
16 doorway and discharged that weapon, the casing would
17 come out and to the left, which would explain the
18 position of Casing Q, right?

19 A There are different variables as to how that could
20 have happened, and I can't say without having been
21 there to determine where a person is standing, how this
22 got there. The only thing that I can say is this is
23 where it was when I arrived on scene.

24 Q So the fact of the matter is you can't say how it
25 got there, you can just say that's where it was?

1 A Correct.

2 Q Okay. Now, I'll hand you State's Exhibit 53. I
3 want you to once again identify that for the jury and
4 show the jury where it was located.

5 A So this is the 9mm handgun that I showed you all
6 previously, and that gun was located in front of the
7 safe.

8 Q Would you point to the 9mm handgun.

9 A This is it right here.

10 Q All right. And that was the condition of the 9mm
11 at the time you were doing your scene investigation?

12 A That's correct.

13 Q And the box there has the magazine and what
14 appears to me to be live rounds?

15 A Correct.

16 Q All right. And did you identify what type of
17 ammunition that was? Would you take a look at it to
18 make sure?

19 A It's 9mm ammunition.

20 Q All right. And so there was a 9mm in front of
21 that safe that had the magazine in it, and the magazine
22 contained 9mm ammunition?

23 A That's correct.

24 Q Okay. This third firearm was the 22-caliber, and
25 can you identify where the 22-caliber pistol was found?

1 A There were actually two 22-caliber guns in this
2 scene, one being here and then another one there.

3 Q All right. And in this box that has the second
4 one you identified, the one that's closest to the safe
5 door, that one, this box has a cartridge case. Do your
6 records show whether the cartridge was in that weapon
7 at the time it was recovered by you at the scene?

8 A Here in my records I have "with magazine."

9 Q I'll let you look at it. You just testify to what
10 you remember.

11 A So this was empty, didn't have any cartridge cases
12 it in. The magazine did not and neither did the gun.

13 Q All right. So the gun didn't have any ammo in it,
14 the magazine didn't have any ammo in it. Was the
15 magazine in the gun or not? That's my question.

16 A The magazine was in the gun.

17 Q All right. And in the gun, that gun, which is
18 40-caliber, which was found at the location of the
19 truck wreck, it appears that there is a magazine up in
20 the butt of that gun, does it not?

21 A That's correct.

22 Q Would you point to the jury what I'm talking
23 about.

24 A This is the magazine of the gun right there.

25 Q And the magazine is what holds the ammunition?

1 A That's correct.

2 Q And that magazine is demonstrated in State's
3 Exhibit 48, is it not?

4 A Yes.

5 Q And what kind of ammunition was that?

6 A That was 9mm ammunition.

7 Q So it is fair, then, to conclude without any
8 question that this 40-caliber pistol was reloaded with
9 9mm ammunition and thereafter would not fire, right?

10 A I'm not a firearms examiner. Firearms examiner
11 could answer that question for you further. However, I
12 can attest to when I found the gun and I collected it,
13 it was a 40-caliber handgun that had 9mm ammunition in
14 it.

15 Q And, in fact, let me look here just one moment. I
16 was looking through my notes -- well, there was an --
17 where is L?

18 A L is here in the foyer area of the residence.

19 Q And L -- I don't want to get too close to you,
20 ma'am. L is an unfired 9mm cartridge or whatever you
21 would call it?

22 A That's correct.

23 Q Did you -- I was looking through my notes to see
24 if you found any other unfired 9mm ammunition laying
25 around anywhere. How about at 13? Take a look at your

1 Number 13 which is at the door of the master bedroom.

2 A Number 13.

3 Q All right. And what was that?

4 A That also was a 9mm unfired round.

5 Q All right. So there's unfired 9mm ammunition at
6 least in two locations of this house that are just
7 laying on the carpet. There is a 40-caliber pistol
8 loaded with 9mm ammunition located at the car wreck,
9 and one more time Exhibit Number 82. I want to make
10 sure we're not getting these guns mixed up. 82 is the
11 gun that was found at the car wreck?

12 A That's correct.

13 Q And the live rounds that are in that box with that
14 exhibit were taken out of that magazine, right?

15 A That's correct.

16 Q And how many live rounds are there?

17 A There are a total of five.

18 Q And the magazine for that firearm holds more than
19 five cartridges, doesn't it?

20 A Correct.

21 Q And if a person attempted to fire that weapon with
22 misloaded ammunition and that ammunition was discharged
23 without going off, then the magazine would have had
24 less and less ammunition in it, wouldn't it?

25 A It would.

1 Q And that would explain why we've got at least two
2 locations where there was an effort to fire that gun
3 with misloaded ammunition in that house before the gun
4 was located at the wreck?

5 A I can't say that there was an effort to fire it.
6 Again, I collected the evidence based on what I
7 observed. I'm not a firearms examiner, but if there
8 are any questions related to that, the firearms expert
9 would be able to answer those questions for you.

10 Q All right. Well, we'll let him answer those,
11 then. Thank you.

12 All right. That's all, Your Honor.

13 Thank you.

14 THE COURT: Any redirect?

15 MS. STROM: No, sir, Your Honor. We'd ask that
16 Ms. Wallace be allowed to be excused.

17 MR. MAULDIN: No objection.

18 THE COURT: Thank you, ma'am. You can step down.
19 You are free to leave.

20 State may call its next witness.

21 MS. STROM: State calls Suzanne Cromer.

22 **SUZANNE CROMER,**

23 **BEING FIRST DULY SWORN, TESTIFIED AS FOLLOWS:**

24 THE CLERK: Thank you, ma'am. If you would have a
25 seat and state your name for the record, please.

1 THE WITNESS: My name is Suzanne Cromer.

2 DIRECT EXAMINATION

3 BY MS. STROM:

4 Q Ms. Cromer, by whom are you employed?

5 A I'm employed by the South Carolina Law Enforcement
6 Division, commonly referred to as SLED.

7 Q In what capacity are you so employed with them?

8 A I am a firearm and tool mark examiner in the
9 forensic services laboratory.

10 Q What is your education and professional training
11 that allows you to do that kind of work?

12 A I have a bachelor's degree from Clemson
13 University. I did some graduate work at the University
14 of South Carolina. During that time I did an
15 internship in the firearms department at SLED. I was
16 hired on at SLED. I had completed their in-house
17 training program, which is a three to five-year intense
18 study program, more of an apprenticeship, if you will,
19 where we take written tests, oral tests, practical
20 exercises and prepare cases for other court-qualified
21 firearms examiners.

22 Upon completion of all the sections in our
23 training manual, we are given a comprehensive final
24 exam, essay, terms, and actual mock casework. That is
25 also graded by our training officer and then by our

1 lieutenant before we are allowed to start our own
2 casework unsupervised.

3 I have taken classes with the Association of
4 Firearm and Tool Mark Examiners. We call it AFTE.
5 It's an international organization for our profession.
6 You have to apply for membership. I have been granted
7 membership. They meet once a year for a week-long
8 seminar to discuss relevant topics in our field. I
9 have attended several of those conferences. I have
10 also taken extra workshops with them such as machine
11 gun conversion, barrel making, ethics, Hi-Point firearm
12 familiarization. I've taken workshops with the South
13 Carolina chapter of the International Association of
14 Identification, most recent being a three-day shooting
15 scene reconstruction workshop. I have taken classes
16 with the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms on
17 serial number restoration and the integrative ballistic
18 identification system, which is a computer database for
19 images of cartridge cases. I've toured several gun
20 manufacturers as well as tool manufacturers.

21 Q How long have you been with SLED in total?

22 A 17 and a half years.

23 Q How long have you been working cases on your own?

24 A Since 2004. I started our training program in
25 February of 2000.

1 Q So have you been qualified in the courts of this
2 state before as an expert?

3 A Yes, I have. I've been qualified approximately 92
4 times in the field of firearm and tool mark
5 identification.

6 MS. STROM: Your Honor, at this time we would
7 offer Ms. Cromer as an expert in firearms and tool
8 marking identification.

9 MR. MAULDIN: No objection.

10 THE COURT: Without objection so qualified.

11 Ladies and gentlemen of the jury, remember what I
12 told you about what an expert is, what an expert can
13 do, okay.

14 BY MS. STROM:

15 Q Ms. Cromer, if you would, please explain to me and
16 the others in very layman's terms what it is that you
17 do.

18 A What I do is called firearms identification. A
19 lot of people incorrectly term it ballistics, but it's
20 called firearms identification. What we're doing is
21 we're looking at ammunition components -- bullets,
22 cartridge cases, shotgun shells, waddings, pellets to
23 determine whether they were fired by or loaded into and
24 extracted from a specific firearm.

25 If we do not have a firearm, we can look at the

1 rifling that's left on a bullet. And a rifling is
2 what's put in the firearm by the gun manufacturer to
3 put rotary motion on the bullet. Very similar to a
4 quarterback throwing a football. They want it to go
5 into a tight spiral so it will go more accurately
6 towards its target. And that rifling gives us a wealth
7 of information. It's made up of a series of raised and
8 depressed areas, lands and grooves, that we can look
9 at. We can look at the number of lands and grooves.
10 We can look at which way that bullet is spinning, to
11 the left or to the right. We can look at the caliber
12 and potentially give investigators a list of firearms
13 that could have fired that bullet.

14 If we don't have firearms, we can actually analyze
15 the evidence from the scene and tell them potentially
16 how many firearms could have fired it.

17 Q And if you actually do have a firearm, what are
18 you able to do with it?

19 A We microscopically compare test specimens that we
20 fire from that firearm to our evidence, our unknowns,
21 and we come up with one of four conclusions. We can
22 say positive, it was fired by that gun; negative, no,
23 it wasn't fired by that gun; unsuitable, it's too
24 damaged, it doesn't have any of those markings that we
25 need for identification purposes, or we can say

1 inconclusive. We can't rule a firearm out, but there's
2 not enough information for us to say whether it was
3 fired by that or not.

4 Q If you will bear with me. Did you have an
5 occasion to be involved in conducting examinations on
6 certain pieces of evidence related to this case?

7 A Yes, I did.

8 Q Show you first -- let's deal with the weapons
9 first. I'm going to show you State's Exhibit 52. Is
10 that the weapon that you received?

11 MR. MAULDIN: What's that number?

12 MS. STROM: 52.

13 THE WITNESS: What I'm doing is I'm looking for my
14 markings on this firearm. Whenever I receive a
15 firearm, I mark it on the barrel, the slide, and the
16 magazine well with my lab number, my item number, and
17 my initials.

18 Yes. State's 52 is an item of evidence that I
19 received in this case.

20 BY MS. STROM:

21 Q Item 52 has previously been testified as being
22 this weapon here collected. What can you tell us about
23 Item 52?

24 A Item 52 is a Walther model P22 semiautomatic
25 pistol in .22 long rifle-caliber.

1 Q When you say it is an automatic, tell us about
2 that.

3 A It's a semiautomatic.

4 Q Excuse me, semiautomatic. I apologize.

5 A Meaning to fire this firearm, you would load the
6 magazine, place it in the magazine well, you pull the
7 slide back, and that would allow the unfired cartridge
8 to come into the chamber of the firearm. So then all
9 you have to do to fire this gun is pull the trigger.
10 So one pull of the trigger will fire a bullet, it works
11 the slide backwards, it will eject the fired cartridge
12 case, and then when the slide comes to its rearmost
13 position, it's under spring tension. So then it will
14 fly forward pushing another round from the cartridge or
15 from the magazine into the chamber of the gun. So
16 semiautomatic means one pull of the trigger, one fire.

17 Q And it ejects the casings of the fired
18 cartridge -- I mean a fired cartridge?

19 A Yes. It will eject the fired cartridge case.

20 Q What examinations or testing did you do as to that
21 weapon?

22 A When I receive a gun, the first thing I do is I
23 photograph it. I take pictures, I note it, I do a
24 visual inspection. Then I will note its rifling in the
25 gun barrel like we talked about, how many lands and

1 grooves it has and what direction of twist. Then I
2 will take the firearm -- I test the safeties to make
3 sure that they work. And then I will take this firearm
4 and fire ammunition that was similar to what I received
5 in the case into what we call a bullet recovery tank.

6 Our bullet recovery tank at SLED is a vertical
7 tank. We're on the second floor of our laboratory.
8 The tank goes all the way down to the first floor and
9 it's full of water. So we shoot into the tank of water
10 so it will slow down that bullet without adding or
11 taking away from any of the markings by the firearm,
12 then I will compare those test specimens to each other.

13 Q Okay. You did that with regards to this weapon?

14 A Yes, I did.

15 Q Did you find it to be in good working order?

16 A Yes. I found this firearm was in working order.

17 Q I'm going to show you some casings that were
18 collected from the scene. Bear with me just one
19 second. These are State's Exhibits 75 through 80 which
20 were previously testified as casings coming from our
21 scene, collected from the master bedroom. Ask you,
22 will you look at each one of those, please?

23 A Okay. These were all evidence that I received in
24 this case. They are also still contained in a sealed
25 container with my initials and seal date.

1 Q I want to back up. When you received that Walther
2 .22, can you tell me if it was loaded or unloaded?

3 A At SLED we have a policy that no firearm enters
4 the laboratory loaded. As you can imagine, if it's in
5 a box and it's loaded, somebody could drop it, it could
6 go off, we could have an accident. So no firearms
7 should come into the laboratory loaded. So whenever I
8 receive a gun, it should be unloaded.

9 Q But the person who collects it at the scene will
10 maintain the magazine with that weapon?

11 A They should, that's correct.

12 Q And when you received this Walther .22, how did it
13 come to you?

14 A It came in this container with the magazine.

15 Q And no ammunition?

16 A No ammunition.

17 Q Thank you. With regards to the casings recovered
18 from the master bedroom, what, if anything, can you
19 tell us about those casings?

20 A First off, State's Exhibit 75, 76, 77, 78, 79 and
21 80 are all fired .22 long or long rifle-caliber
22 cartridge cases. Long and long rifle .22, 22-caliber
23 ammunition. You can have .22 short, .22 long, .22 long
24 rifle. And the only difference between .22 long and
25 long rifle is actually the length of the bullet that's

1 loaded into them. So when they're fired, I can't
2 determine whether it had a long or long rifle bullet in
3 it. So these were all fired .22 long or long
4 rifle-caliber cartridge cases, and I microscopically
5 examined the firing pin impressions on these cartridge
6 cases to the cartridge cases are the test fires that I
7 fired from this weapon, and I determined in my opinion
8 that these were fired by this gun.

9 Q And would that be proper ammunition for that gun?

10 A Yes, it is.

11 Q Also collected from that master bedroom was
12 State's Exhibit No. 81. You have that in front of you?

13 A Yes, I do. And, again, it's still in a sealed
14 container with my initials and seal date.

15 Q And for reference purposes, it was collected from
16 the master bedroom at Marker 13?

17 A That is what it's labeled, Marker 13.

18 Q Thank you.

19 What can you tell us about that ammunition?

20 A This is an unfired 9mm-caliber Luger cartridge.

21 Q Unfired?

22 A Unfired.

23 Q And did you do any examination or microscopic
24 examination of it?

25 A I just determined that it was an unfired

1 cartridge.

2 Q Thank you. You can put that in there.

3 I am going to show you State's Exhibit Number 82.

4 Do you recognize it?

5 A Yes, ma'am, I do. State's Exhibit 82 was my Item
6 62. It is a Glock Model 23 .40 S&W caliber
7 semiautomatic pistol.

8 Q And, again, semiautomatic -- one pull of the
9 trigger, it ejects a casing and another round goes into
10 the chamber?

11 A That's correct.

12 Q And did you conduct any testing on it to determine
13 if it was in proper working order?

14 A Yes, I did. And I determined that it was in
15 proper working order. The Glock is a little different
16 from the Walther in that the Walther had external
17 safeties. The Glock has only internal safeties, so I
18 checked those safeties after test firing, but this
19 firearm was in working order.

20 Q And what do you mean by these safeties?

21 A The Glock firearm has three internal safeties -- a
22 firing pin safety, a drop safety, and a trigger safety.

23 Q And they were all in working order?

24 A That's correct.

25 Q When you received that weapon, obviously it was

1 unloaded, but did it come with a magazine and
2 ammunition?

3 A Yes, it did. It came with a detachable box
4 magazine and five total 9mm cartridges. Hold on one
5 second. Three of them were unfired and two were
6 misfired.

7 Q All right. Explain that to the jury, please.

8 A A misfire occurs when a firing pin strikes a
9 cartridge primer but it doesn't go off. It doesn't
10 detonate. And there are a lot of factors why a firearm
11 will misfire such as you're shooting the wrong caliber
12 ammunition for the firearm or the ammunition was a
13 little too small and it fell down the chamber. Or it
14 could be ammunition problems, defective ammunition.
15 But for whatever reason, these cartridge cases
16 displayed a slight firing pin impression that had
17 identifiable markings on them to be compared to the
18 firearm.

19 Q Could you tell which firearm, which pistol fired
20 those two misfired nines?

21 A Okay. Yes. These two misfired 9mm-caliber
22 cartridges were misfired by this firearm. And what I
23 did was I test fired this firearm, test fired it four
24 times with 40-caliber ammunition, and then I set aside
25 five rounds of 9mm to shoot in this firearm. Four

1 times it went off fine, it fired the 9mm-caliber
2 ammunition. One time it misfired. And I
3 microscopically compared those to this gun and
4 determined that they were struck by this firing pin.

5 Q So the misfired -- you said you had two misfired?

6 A That's correct.

7 Q Okay. And they were fired by that weapon?

8 A They were misfired by this weapon.

9 Q Excuse me, misfired. That's correct, misfired by
10 that weapon.

11 Ms. Cromer, you talked about earlier when a bullet
12 is fired from that gun, a casing will eject. When a
13 bullet is misfired, does it automatically eject?

14 A No, it does not. The ejection of a cartridge
15 takes the burning of the gases that happens from being
16 fired. So you build up all that pressure, it's going
17 to push the bullet down the barrel, but it's also
18 pushing the slide backward which causes ejection. So
19 if it's misfired, it's not going to leave the firearm
20 until it's manually removed.

21 Q So a misfired bullet would have to be manually
22 removed from the weapon?

23 A A misfired cartridge, yes.

24 Q A misfired cartridge. And how do you manually
25 remove that?

1 A In this firearm, you do it by working the slide.
2 You would pull the slide back to allow it to fall out.

3 Q With regards to that 40-caliber, I show you what's
4 been marked as State's Exhibits 66, 67, 68, 69, and
5 they have previously been testified to as cartridge
6 casings coming from Bedroom 2, being Sawyer Simpson's
7 bedroom.

8 A State's Exhibit 66, 67, 68 and 69 were all fired
9 40-caliber cartridge cases. And, again, they're all
10 still in a sealed container with my initials and seal
11 date. What I did with these was microscopically
12 compared them with the test specimens that I fired from
13 the firearm and found sufficient agreement to conclude
14 in my opinion that they were fired by this gun.

15 Q Thank you. Bear with me. I don't want to get
16 them confused.

17 Thank you. State's 70, 71, 72, 73 and 74, let me
18 show you those.

19 A State's Exhibit 70, 71, 72, 73 and 74 were all
20 40 -- fired 40-caliber cartridge cases that I received
21 in this case, and I microscopically compared them to
22 the test specimens that I fired from this firearm and
23 concluded that they were fired by this firearm.

24 Q I'm going to show you State's Exhibit 53. 53 has
25 been testified to as being the 9mm weapon found there

1 in front of the safe. How did it come to you?

2 A I received all my evidence in this case from
3 Lieutenant Wallace of the crime scene department.

4 Q And did it come with a magazine?

5 A Yes, it did.

6 Q And how many rounds will that magazine hold?

7 A This magazine will hold, I believe it's 14. Let
8 me check my notes.

9 Q Sure.

10 A Yes. This magazine will hold 14 rounds. And how
11 I do that is I actually physically load the magazine
12 until no more will go into it.

13 Q And did you receive ammunition with that magazine?

14 A Yes, I did. I received 14 rounds of 9mm Luger
15 caliber ammunition.

16 Q Did you conduct any testing on this to determine
17 if it was in working order?

18 A Yes, it was.

19 Q And it was?

20 A It was.

21 Q I don't recall if I asked you, Ms. Cromer, so I
22 apologize. As to the 40-caliber weapon that was found
23 down near the vehicle, how many rounds will that
24 magazine hold?

25 A Check my notes for a moment. This magazine will

1 hold 13 .40 Smith & Wesson caliber cartridges.

2 Q Thank you.

3 Court's indulgence for just one second.

4 Did you also -- well, we've gone through cartridge
5 casings from the master bedroom, cartridge casings from
6 Sawyer's bedroom, and the cartridge casings from
7 Carly's bedroom. Did you also receive fragments and
8 what would be considered part of ammunition, part of
9 fired ammunition?

10 A Yes, I did.

11 Q All right. I'm going to show you State's Exhibits
12 50 through 58.

13 A Again, I recognize these as evidence I received in
14 this case. They're all in sealed containers with my
15 initials and seal dates still.

16 Q And let's go through each one of those, please.

17 A State's Exhibit 54 was my Item 1. It is a lead
18 bullet core -- a lead bullet core. If you think about
19 jacketed ammunition, when I say "jacketed ammunition,"
20 I -- the easiest thing I can compare it to is an M&M if
21 you think about it. The M&M has the chocolate in the
22 middle and the hard candy shell on the outside. So the
23 chocolate in the middle or the lead core is not going
24 to come in contact with the rifling in the gun barrel.
25 That will be the hard shell or the jacket.

1 So this is what we call a core fragment, so it was
2 unsuitable for identification with a specific firearm;
3 however, it was most consistent with being a core from
4 a 40-caliber projectile.

5 Q And that was previously testified, the marker on
6 it, from Ms. Wallace?

7 A It was labeled Marker D.

8 Q Marker D, which she previously testified came from
9 the Living Room 2. All right.

10 Now, as to 55.

11 A 55 was my Item 2. It was labeled from Marker E.
12 This is a lead fragment. It also was unsuitable for
13 identification. It's just too small. It did not have
14 any of those individual markings that I needed.

15 Q Were you able to conduct any further testing on it
16 to see what it was more consistent with or most
17 consistent with?

18 A No. I could not determine the caliber of Item 2.
19 Or my Item 2, State's Exhibit 55.

20 Q As to State's Exhibit 56?

21 A State's Exhibit 56 was my Item 3. It is a fired
22 copper bullet jacket, and it was -- excuse me. Hold on
23 one moment. Let me check my notes. It also was
24 compared to the 40-caliber test bullets that I fired
25 from the Glock because it was 40-caliber and it was

1 inconclusive with those test specimens due to a limited
2 markings of -- limited markings that corresponded with
3 each other, I could not rule out the Glock firearm as
4 firing this, but I could not say that it did either.

5 Q But it is a 40-caliber jacket?

6 A Yes, it is. And when I examine fired components,
7 it has like a step. You first have to determine the
8 caliber. Could it have been fired by that gun? Then
9 you look at the rifling. This displayed four of the
10 lands and grooves that I needed, but it had room for
11 six. It was right-hand twist, which was similar with
12 the Glock. Then it also had polygonal rifling.
13 There's two types of rifling, conventional and
14 polygonal. All of these factors made it consistent
15 with the Glock.

16 Q State's 57?

17 A State's 57 was my Item 4, and it was labeled "from
18 Marker F." And it is a lead fragment that was
19 unsuitable for identification, but it also had some
20 what we call copper wash or copper plating to it which
21 was consistent with some of the unfired .22 long rifle
22 caliber ammunition that I found in this case.

23 Q So that was more consistent with the .22
24 ammunition?

25 A Just based on construction.

1 Q Okay. State's Exhibit 58?

2 A State's Exhibit 58 was my Item 6. Again, the same
3 thing with State's Exhibit 57. It was too small to
4 make any conclusion about its caliber, but it did
5 display some of that copper wash or copper plating that
6 was consistent with the .22 ammunition I received in
7 this case.

8 Q Thank you.

9 MR. MAULDIN: Where was that located?

10 MS. STROM: Can you tell me the markers again?

11 THE WITNESS: State's Exhibit 57 was from Marker
12 F, and State's Exhibit 58 was from Marker H.

13 MR. MAULDIN: H.

14 THE WITNESS: H.

15 MS. STROM: Which was previously testified as
16 coming from the Living Room 2.

17 Court's indulgence one second, Your Honor.

18 THE COURT: Okay.

19 MS. STROM: Just double-checking my numbers here.

20 Q I'm going to show you State's Exhibit 61 and 62
21 which were previously identified by Ms. Wallace as
22 fragments collected from the area of the foyer.

23 A Okay. State's Exhibit 61 and 62 were my Items 8
24 and 9, again still in sealed containers with my
25 initials and sealed date.

1 Q And what are you able to tell us about each one of
2 those?

3 A Okay. They were both, again, lead fragments that
4 were too small for me to identify a caliber and they
5 were unsuitable for identification, but they also both
6 displayed that same copper presence just as the
7 22-caliber ammunition I received in this case.

8 Q Two other items that were collected from the
9 foyer, State's Exhibit 59. What can you tell me about
10 State's Exhibit 59?

11 A State's Exhibit 59 was my Item 10 labeled from
12 Marker L --

13 Q Marker L.

14 A -- still in a sealed container with my initials
15 and seal date. It is a misfired 9mm Luger caliber
16 cartridge that I compared back to the 9mm rounds that I
17 fired or misfired from the Glock and determined that it
18 was struck by the firing pin of the Glock that I
19 received in this case.

20 Q And, again, for it to be located in the foyer, it
21 would have had to have been manually ejected from the
22 weapon?

23 A That's correct.

24 Q I'm going to show you State's Exhibit 60 which was
25 also testified as being collected from the foyer.

1 A State's Exhibit 60 was my Item 11. Again, still
2 in a sealed container with my initials and seal date,
3 and it is a fired .22 long or long rifle caliber
4 cartridge case. And I compared this back to the
5 test-fired rounds that I fired from the Walther P22 in
6 this case and determined that it was fired by that
7 Walther.

8 Q Just a couple more. I'm going to show you State's
9 Exhibit 63, 64, and 65. These were all previously
10 testified as coming from and being collected from the
11 hallway of the residence.

12 A Okay.

13 Q What can you tell us about each one of those?

14 A Okay. State's Exhibit 50 or -- excuse me, 63 was
15 my Item 14, and, again, still in the sealed container
16 with my initials and seal date. It is an unfired .22
17 long rifle caliber cartridge.

18 Q And what mark -- what marker? Does it say on
19 there which marker it came from?

20 A Marker P.

21 Q And that is an unfired .22?

22 A That's correct.

23 Q All right.

24 A State's Exhibit 64 labeled from Marker Q, my Item
25 15, is a fired 40-caliber cartridge case that I

1 determined to be fired by the Glock that I received in
2 this case.

3 Q And the Glock is the 40-caliber weapon?

4 A That's correct.

5 Q Okay.

6 A State's Exhibit 65 was a misfired .22 long rifle
7 round or cartridge labeled from Marker R, my Item 16,
8 and I compared this to the rounds that I fired from the
9 Walther.

10 Give me one moment, please.

11 And I determined that this firing pin impression
12 was made by that Walther P22 that I received in this
13 case.

14 Q And as to the misfired .22 that we just talked
15 about, again, would that have had to have been manually
16 ejected?

17 A Yes, it would have had to have been manually
18 removed from the firearm.

19 Q And I know that previously Ms. Wallace talked
20 about that she also recovered a -- collected this .22
21 long here. You received that weapon as well, did you
22 not?

23 A Yes, I did.

24 Q Okay. And did you test fire it?

25 A Yes, I did. I test fired it with a

1 laboratory-supplied magazine.

2 Q And -- because it did not come with a magazine?

3 A That is correct.

4 Q And did you find any indication that it was
5 involved with any of these casings or evidence here?

6 A No, I did not.

7 Q I'm going to show you State's Exhibit Number 83
8 and ask you, can you identify it?

9 A State's Exhibit 83 was my Item 52.

10 Q And that's been previously testified as being
11 recovered from the autopsy?

12 A That's correct.

13 Q Of Carly Simpson?

14 A From autopsy of Carly Simpson.

15 Q What, if anything, did you do with that?

16 A This was -- I determined it to be a 40-caliber
17 fired bullet jacket, and then lead fragments. I
18 determined that this was -- that it was consistent with
19 40-caliber; therefore, the only firearm that it could
20 have been fired from that I received was the
21 40-caliber.

22 Give me a moment.

23 And I concluded that there was enough of those
24 individual identifying markings from the rifling left
25 to conclude that this bullet was fired by the Glock

1 that I received.

2 Q The Glock 40-caliber?

3 A That's correct.

4 Q Thank you.

5 State's Exhibit 84?

6 A State's Exhibit 84 was my Item 53. It is two
7 copper jacket fragments from the autopsy of Sawyer
8 Simpson.

9 Give me one moment, please.

10 I microscopically compared this jacket to test
11 fires that I fired from the Glock with inconclusive
12 results. There just wasn't enough of those individual
13 markings to say whether or not it was definitively
14 fired by that firearm.

15 Q Thank you.

16 MS. STROM: Court's indulgence, Your Honor.

17 THE COURT: Uh-huh.

18 MS. STROM: Thank you. Please answer any
19 questions the defense may have.

20 MR. MAULDIN: One moment, Your Honor.

21 CROSS-EXAMINATION

22 BY MR. MAULDIN:

23 Q All right. Ms. Cromer, I was asking your
24 colleague, Ms. Wallace, about the act of semiautomatic
25 ejecting, and I think you were in the courtroom during

1 those questions, were you not?

2 A Yes, sir, I was.

3 Q All right. The 40-caliber involved in this case
4 is a semiautomatic, and it does eject the casings?

5 A That's correct.

6 Q And it ejects them, according to the photograph --
7 do you wish for me to show you the photograph, or do
8 you need it?

9 A I have not seen it.

10 Q Okay. All right. Here it is. I got lucky that
11 time. All right. That's the photograph. And it shows
12 what I'll -- I don't know what they call it. What do
13 they call the little thing there on the side of the gun
14 where the ejection occurs?

15 A The ejection port.

16 Q Port. Okay. And the port on this particular
17 40-caliber is on the right side of the 40-caliber; is
18 that right?

19 A That's correct.

20 Q Okay. And so when the casings are ejected, they
21 would eject generally in that general direction?

22 A They are made to come out of the ejection port.
23 There are many different factors for ejection,
24 depending on how you're holding the firearm, if you're
25 holding it in the proper orientation, if you're holding

1 it with the ejection port facing the ground, if you're
2 holding it with the ejection port face up. We do not
3 do ejection pattern testing for all of those reasons.
4 It's trying to re-create something that we don't -- we
5 weren't there, we don't know. And ammunition factors.
6 Different ammunitions have different pressures,
7 different powers so they will go different lengths.

8 Also, when you're talking about ejection pattern
9 testing, when that cartridge does leave the firearm,
10 you don't know what it hit, what it bounced off of.
11 Anyone who's shot numerous times will know sometimes
12 they fly back and hit you. Sometimes you can't find
13 them. So there are multiple factors or ejection
14 patterns.

15 Q Okay. Now, I want to ask a couple of questions
16 about 52, State's Exhibit 52, and I'll use 53 as -- to
17 demonstrate. 52 is the 22-caliber. And that box
18 contains the firearm and the magazine but does not
19 contain any ammunition?

20 A No, sir. I did not receive it with any
21 ammunition.

22 Q All right. So you received it exactly like you're
23 holding it there, right?

24 A That's correct.

25 Q All right. And put that one back. 53 is the 9mm

1 that was laying on the floor in front of the safe.

2 That box has what in it?

3 A It has a Browning model high powered 9mm-caliber
4 semiautomatic pistol, a magazine, and 14 unfired
5 9mm-caliber cartridges.

6 Q Okay. So -- and that's the condition -- well,
7 let's see. When you got this thing, was that magazine
8 inside the gun with the bullets inside of it or was it
9 basically in the condition --

10 A It was basically in this condition. Like I said
11 before, we do not allow loaded firearms into the lab.

12 Q So the firearm may have been in a different
13 condition when it was recovered, but when it got to
14 you, it was in the condition that it's in today?

15 A That's correct.

16 Q All right. So, is it fair, then, to conclude that
17 52 was recovered with no ammunition?

18 A If it would have been found with ammunition, I
19 would believe that it would have been in the box with
20 it.

21 Q Right. Right. In other words, if there was
22 ammunition in it at the time it was found to be
23 consistent with all this other stuff, then the
24 ammunition would be in there, right?

25 A It should have been in there, or I should have

1 received ammunition that was labeled with the firearm.

2 Q And you did not?

3 A I did not.

4 Q All right. Okay. So it's fair to assume then
5 that 52, the 22-caliber, was empty?

6 A As I received it, it was empty, yes.

7 Q Now, 82 is the Glock. And you have testified that
8 it is your opinion that this particular firearm is the
9 firearm that was involved in the shootings in Bedroom
10 Number 2 and Bedroom Number 3 involving these children?

11 A Yes, it is.

12 Q And the ammunition that's in that box was
13 delivered to you at the same time. Just take a look,
14 make sure. Is that what was given to you?

15 A Yes, it was.

16 Q All right. And there are five cartridges in
17 there. Five cartridges?

18 A That's correct.

19 Q And you said that three of those would have been
20 unfired; there has been no attempt by that weapon to
21 fire those three?

22 A There's no indication of any firing pin impression
23 on three.

24 Q And the other two were misfired by that weapon?

25 A That's correct.

1 Q And they actually had to be manually removed,
2 which would lead one to believe that a person would
3 have attempted to fire, misfire, take that cartridge
4 out, attempt to fire, misfire, take that cartridge out,
5 right?

6 A That's correct.

7 Q But it seems to me if the picture is correct and
8 the magazine was in the gun, that they would, once
9 again, reload it into the same gun?

10 A If they were found in the magazine, that would be
11 correct.

12 Q Okay. All right. So they were attempted to be
13 fired, they were misfired, they were unloaded, they
14 were put back in the same gun again and attempted
15 again?

16 A I do not know that. I can only attest to they
17 were misfired by that firearm.

18 Q Three of them unfired, two of them misfired?

19 A That's correct.

20 Q And just a last follow-up on that. When you get
21 the magazine, it would be real nice for us to know --
22 it's going to be hard for me to describe this. If you
23 don't understand this question, let me know.

24 Speaking from Exhibit Number 82, this is the
25 magazine that came with 82?

1 A That's correct.

2 Q And it would be nice for us -- when you load this
3 magazine, you put the bullets right here on the top and
4 you press them down?

5 A Yes. You put the unfired cartridges in the top
6 and press them down.

7 Q And then press them down. And so the last one in
8 the bottom of this thing -- or the one in the top is
9 the next one that's going to be fired?

10 A That's correct.

11 Q Right, because they push up, okay. But when
12 you've got this, you have no way of saying whether the
13 misfired cartridges were at the top, had been put in
14 there, or whether they were at the bottom, there's just
15 no way to know that?

16 A No. I could not tell because they were already
17 unloaded from the magazine.

18 Q You just got three and two?

19 A That's correct.

20 Q All right. Location L on this diagram right here
21 in the foyer, there is a misfired 9mm?

22 A That's correct.

23 Q And your testing indicated that that misfired 9mm
24 actually was misfired from the 40-caliber that's
25 Exhibit 82 that we have been talking about?

1 A That's correct.

2 Q And do you happen to recall whether -- I mean, did
3 you make a visual comparison -- is that ammunition
4 consistent with each other?

5 A Yes, it was.

6 Q Okay. Okay. All right. In the hallway, I'm
7 particularly interested in Q, which is a fired
8 40-caliber casing. You with me?

9 A Yes, sir.

10 Q That casing was fired by that 40-caliber, Exhibit
11 Number 82?

12 A That's correct. In my opinion.

13 Q And the casing is where the bullet part of it's
14 already has been shot and that casing has been ejected?

15 A From the Glock.

16 Q And how it got where it is, nobody knows?

17 A That's correct.

18 Q Now, the last -- well, hang on a minute. Let me
19 ask these people if this is going to be my last
20 question, so hold on.

21 You used the term conclusive or inconclusive a
22 number of times, and I'm trying to make sure I
23 understand the distinction. This pen is red. That is
24 conclusive, right?

25 A That's right.

1 Q That would be conclusive. Inconclusive would mean
2 that it could be something other than red?

3 A Correct. When I use "inconclusive" as part of a
4 conclusion, even if I watched you fire a bullet into
5 that wall and pulled that bullet out of that wall,
6 unless I have the markings that match to the test
7 specimens from the firearm that you have, I can't say
8 it was fired, even though I saw you do it. It would be
9 inconclusive. If it doesn't have those microscopic
10 markings that I'm looking for, then it would be
11 inconclusive.

12 Q And the reason I ask that is because there was a
13 good bit of testimony about consistencies, that is,
14 characteristics that were consistent, consistent. But
15 they're still inconclusive. I mean, this is either red
16 or not. And I'm saying that they may have
17 characteristics, but it's either a yes or a no, not a
18 maybe in your business, right?

19 A I'm not sure I follow you.

20 Q All right. All right. When you express an
21 opinion that something is conclusive --

22 A Right.

23 Q -- that is definite. That's definitely your
24 opinion?

25 A That's correct.

1 Q Anything less than conclusive is indefinite, isn't
2 it?

3 A When I was talking about consistent with,
4 consistent with ammunition received in the case,
5 consistent with, those are visual -- visual
6 observations. Like consistent, the gold plating or the
7 brass washing, it was consistent with the 22-caliber
8 ammunition. I can't say that it was 22-caliber
9 ammunition. But it was visibly consistent with what I
10 received in that case.

11 Q All right.

12 A So I couldn't say --

13 Q That's the best you can come up with?

14 A That's correct.

15 Q All right.

16 I've got nothing further.

17 THE COURT: Any redirect?

18 MS. STROM: No, sir, Your Honor. We ask that
19 Ms. Cromer be excused and allowed to go back to
20 Columbia.

21 MR. MAULDIN: No objection.

22 THE COURT: Thank you, ma'am. You may step down.
23 You are free to leave.

24 All right. Now is a good time. Do y'all have a
25 short 15-minute witness or do you want to go ahead and

1 break for lunch?

2 MS. STROM: I don't foresee the next witness as
3 being that long, but I just can't anticipate cross,
4 Judge.

5 THE COURT: Do y'all want to break now or go on a
6 little bit longer? It's 12:15. It's your choice.

7 JURY FOREMAN: We're good.

8 THE COURT: You want to keep going?

9 JURY FOREMAN: Yeah.

10 THE COURT: Call your next witness.

11 MS. STROM: State calls Tony Robinson.

12 TONY ROBINSON,

13 BEING FIRST DULY SWORN, TESTIFIED AS FOLLOWS:

14 THE CLERK: Thank you. Please have a seat and
15 state your name for the record.

16 THE WITNESS: Tony Robinson.

17 DIRECT EXAMINATION

18 BY MS. STROM:

19 Q Mr. Robinson, by whom are you employed?

20 A I'm with the Pickens County Sheriff's Office.

21 Q In what capacity are you with the Pickens County
22 Sheriff's Office?

23 A I'm lieutenant over the forensic unit of the
24 sheriff's office.

25 Q How long have you been with Pickens County?

1 A 27 years.

2 Q 27 years, okay. Did you have an occasion to be
3 involved in the investigation that occurred at Cherokee
4 Trail, the home of Anna and Mike Simpson?

5 A I did.

6 Q Tell me, what was your involvement in that? Did
7 you actually go to the scene?

8 A I went to the scene early that morning on the 14th
9 of May.

10 Q There's previously been testimony about items
11 located within the kitchen area. Were you in the
12 courtroom when Ms. Wallace testified?

13 A I was.

14 Q You heard her speak specifically about different
15 items of evidence that she observed in the kitchen?

16 A I did.

17 Q Specifically, we're looking at State's Exhibit
18 Number 6. Do you recall going into the kitchen?

19 A I did.

20 Q And did you observe also the items contained
21 therein?

22 A Yes, ma'am.

23 Q I show you State's Exhibit Number 85. Do you
24 recognize State's Exhibit 85?

25 A Yes, ma'am.

1 Q Did you collect State's Exhibit Number 85?

2 A I did.

3 Q And when you collected that, did you collect it
4 from the kitchen counter?

5 A From the kitchen counter, yes, ma'am.

6 Q And when did you collect that?

7 A The night of May 14th.

8 Q What did you do with it when you collected it?

9 A I took it back to the Pickens County Sheriff's
10 Office and secured it in evidence, and that's where
11 it's been ever since.

12 MS. STROM: We move State's Exhibit Number 85 into
13 evidence.

14 MR. MAULDIN: No objection.

15 THE COURT: Without objection, introduced.

16 (WHEREUPON, State's Exhibit Number 85 was admitted
17 into evidence.)

18 BY MS. STROM:

19 Q Show you State's Exhibit Number 66. Do you
20 recognize it?

21 A I do.

22 Q And did you collect 66?

23 A Yes, I did.

24 Q And I'm putting on the overheard State's Exhibit
25 Number 8. Is that where you collected it? Is that

1 from where you collected it?

2 A That's the kitchen counter on the other side of
3 the stove.

4 MS. STROM: We offer that into evidence.

5 MR. MAULDIN: No objection.

6 THE COURT: Without objection, introduced.

7 (WHEREUPON, State's Exhibit Number 66 was
8 previously admitted into evidence.)

9 BY MS. STROM:

10 Q What is State's Exhibit 86, excuse me?

11 A It's a holster, a pistol holster.

12 Q And when you recovered that, did you compare that
13 holster to any of these weapons we have in evidence
14 today?

15 A I did.

16 Q And which one of those fit?

17 A This holster is made for that Walther P22.

18 Q The Walther .22?

19 A Yes.

20 Q Did you attempt to load the other weapons in that
21 holster?

22 A I did.

23 Q Did they fit?

24 A None of the other weapons collected fit that
25 holster.

1 Q I'm going to show you State's Exhibit Number 87.

2 Do you recognize State's Exhibit 87?

3 A I do.

4 Q Did you collect that item?

5 A I collected that item, yes, ma'am.

6 Q Did it remain in your custody in the Pickens
7 property and evidence?

8 A It has been in evidence ever since.

9 MS. STROM: Your Honor, we offer that into
10 evidence.

11 MR. MAULDIN: No objection.

12 THE COURT: Introduced.

13 (WHEREUPON, State's Exhibit Numbers 86 and 87
14 were admitted into evidence.)

15 BY MS. STROM:

16 Q What is State's Exhibit 87?

17 A It's a 22-caliber bullet.

18 Q Showing you State's Exhibits 49 and 50 and ask do
19 you recognize those?

20 A Yes, I do.

21 Q Did you take those photographs?

22 A I did.

23 Q Are they true and accurate representations of the
24 ammunition?

25 A Yes, ma'am.

1 MS. STROM: We offer those into evidence.

2 MR. MAULDIN: No objection.

3 THE COURT: Introduced.

4 (WHEREUPON, State's Exhibit Numbers 49 and 50
5 were admitted into evidence.)

6 BY MS. STROM:

7 Q You have a laser pointer there. I'm putting
8 State's Exhibit 49 up on the overhead. Can you show us
9 where the ammunition is, please?

10 A It's right here.

11 Q And State's Exhibit Number 50. What is that?

12 A That's just a closer-up photograph of the round.

13 Q And where -- can you locate on this diagram for us
14 where you recovered that item?

15 A It was -- that round was actually in the sink in
16 the laundry room, which is right around here.

17 Q Thank you.

18 Please answer any questions the defense may have.

19 CROSS-EXAMINATION

20 BY MR. MAULDIN:

21 Q Mr. Robinson, I've only got a couple of questions.
22 When a person or a law enforcement officer or
23 investigator or something arrives at a crime scene,
24 items are where they are, but there's really no way for
25 you, for example -- and I'm thinking about this

1 22-caliber shell that was in that laundry basket. You
2 have no idea when in terms of time frame something like
3 that would have gotten in that spot?

4 A That's correct. I don't know when it got there.

5 Q And the holster on the kitchen counter, this one,
6 again, all you do is you come in there, and it's a
7 static situation and you place things and position
8 things, but you have no way of knowing how long
9 something may have been in that position?

10 A That's correct.

11 Q Okay. When you were conducting also your
12 investigation in this incident, I think you went with
13 Detective Taylor to the residence of an individual by
14 the name of Nathan Stegall?

15 A I did.

16 Q And, of course, without saying what his address
17 is, you were with Officer Taylor when he went to that
18 location?

19 A Yes, sir.

20 Q And I believe you took a photograph of
21 Mr. Stegall's smart phone?

22 A I did.

23 Q And that photograph was taken in order to preserve
24 the text message that was on the smart phone?

25 A That's correct.

1 Q All right. Thank you. I don't know what number
2 my exhibit -- do you keep up with that?

3 MS. STROM: No objection.

4 (WHEREUPON, Defendant's Exhibit Number 10
5 was marked for identification.)

6 BY MR. MAULDIN:

7 Q I'm going to show you, Officer Robinson, what has
8 been marked as Defendant's Exhibit No. 10 and see if
9 you recognize it.

10 A I do.

11 Q What is that?

12 A That's a photograph of the phone and the message
13 on the phone.

14 Q And it's a photograph of Nathan Stegall's smart
15 phone; is that right?

16 A Yes, sir.

17 Q And it shows a text message?

18 A It does.

19 Q All right. And what does the text message say?

20 A "Hell on Earth."

21 Q All right. I want to put that up on the little
22 Elmo. Is that a fair and accurate representation of
23 Mr. Stegall's smart phone?

24 A Yes, sir.

25 Q I don't understand why that's not showing on

1 there.

2 THE COURT: Can y'all see that? Okay.

3 BY MR. MAULDIN:

4 Q Can you read this --

5 Your Honor, would you ask the jury if they can
6 read the actual text?

7 THE COURT: Can you read the text?

8 They indicate they can.

9 BY MR. MAULDIN:

10 Q All right. Officer Robinson, this says, it has
11 the name "Anna Simpson" as the sender of the text?

12 A That would be my understanding, yes, sir.

13 Q Right. And the text was apparently sent to
14 Mr. Stegall's phone?

15 A Yes.

16 Q And the text from Anna Simpson says, "Hell on
17 Earth, question mark"?

18 A Yes, sir.

19 Q All right.

20 MR. MAULDIN: That's all. Thank you.

21 THE COURT: Did you want -- did you wish to
22 introduce that exhibit?

23 MR. MAULDIN: Yes.

24 MS. STROM: It was without objection.

25 THE COURT: Without objection, introduced as

1 Defendant's Exhibit 10, I believe.

2 (WHEREUPON, Defendant's Exhibit Number 10 was
3 admitted into evidence.)

4 MR. MAULDIN: Thank you, Judge.

5 THE COURT: Any redirect?

6 MS. STROM: No, sir, Your Honor.

7 THE COURT: Thank you, sir. You may step down.
8 Do you have another witness?

9 MS. STROM: Judge, I actually think this might be
10 a good time to break.

11 THE COURT: Okay. We're going to break now. So
12 what we're going to do, ladies and gentlemen of the
13 jury, we're going to break for lunch. I want you back
14 in your jury room at 2:00 p.m.

15 During lunch remember what I said yesterday when I
16 was talking to the whole group of you. Pickens is a
17 small community. Some of you may choose to go eat
18 lunch around here at various places. You may see some
19 familiar faces from in this courtroom. Do not speak to
20 anybody at all about anything, even pleasant, innocent
21 conversations can be easily misconstrued.

22 While you're on your lunch break, don't go on your
23 smart phone if you have one and start Googling
24 information or looking up news reports or what's on
25 Twitter about this case or anything. Don't do any

1 independent research, okay. Just don't. If it's on
2 the paper, the newspaper, the printed paper, don't read
3 it. Because, remember, your verdict has to be based
4 solely from the evidence and the information presented
5 in this courtroom and within this courtroom alone, and
6 that is your sworn duty as a juror. Okay? So we'll
7 see you back at 2:00 p.m. Y'all are free to leave at
8 this time.

9 I want everybody else in the courtroom to stay
10 here for about five minutes while we make sure the jury
11 gets out so we won't have any interaction on the stairs
12 or the elevator, okay. The jury is free to leave.

13 (WHEREUPON, the jury exited open court at
14 12:30 p.m.)

15 THE COURT: Anything from the lawyers that we need
16 to address at this time while we're waiting?

17 MS. STROM: Nothing from the State.

18 MR. MAULDIN: No, Your Honor.

19 THE COURT: All right. Thank you. We'll just
20 remain at ease in the courtroom. Y'all can talk to
21 whatever you want, just give them an opportunity to get
22 out of the courthouse. Okay? Thank you.

23 (WHEREUPON, lunch recess was taken from
24 12:31 p.m. to 2:00 p.m.)

25 THE COURT: Anything before we bring the jury in?

1 MR. WILKINS: Not from the State, Your Honor.

2 MR. MAULDIN: No, Your Honor.

3 THE COURT: Okay.

4 (WHEREUPON, the jury entered open court at
5 2:00 p.m.)

6 THE COURT: All right. All members of the jury
7 are present. I hope you had a good lunch. We'll move
8 right into it this afternoon.

9 Y'all may call your next witness.

10 MR. WILKINS: Thank you, Your Honor. The State
11 calls Nate Stegall.

12 NATHAN STEGALL,

13 BEING FIRST DULY SWORN, TESTIFIED AS FOLLOWS:

14 THE CLERK: Thank you, sir. If you would please
15 have a seat and state your name, if you would.

16 THE WITNESS: My name is Nathan Stegall.

17 DIRECT EXAMINATION

18 BY MR. WILKINS:

19 Q Mr. Stegall, I appreciate you being here, and make
20 sure you talk into that microphone so this jury can
21 hear you.

22 Mr. Stegall, where are you employed?

23 A I'm employed at the Greenville-Spartanburg
24 Airport.

25 Q What do you do for them?

1 A I'm a police sergeant with the police department.

2 Q How long have you been doing that?

3 A Since 2001.

4 Q I'm going to ask you, did you ever know Mike and
5 Anna Simpson?

6 A Yes, sir, I did.

7 Q Can you tell us a little bit about your
8 relationship with them and how long you've known them?

9 A I've known Mike and Anna since approximately the
10 late '90s -- '98, '99, just friends. Mikey and I went
11 hunting and fishing and doing those kind of things
12 together.

13 Q Did you ever do anything with them as a couple?

14 A Yes. A lot of times Anna tagged along with us,
15 the group, so she could be included in it.

16 Q Okay. So how would you describe your relationship
17 with them in general?

18 A Just, in general, the best of friends. On the
19 weekends that I had my daughter, I would take my
20 daughter over to their house to let my daughter play
21 with Carly and Sawyer.

22 Q So would you say you had a good bit of interaction
23 with them?

24 A Yes, a very good bit.

25 Q I'm going to draw your attention to May 13th,

1 2013. On that day, did you have an opportunity to
2 interact with Mike and Anna Simpson?

3 A Yes, I did.

4 Q Can you tell this jury how that came about?

5 A Well, I guess, in our group of friends, I'm the
6 guy without a truck. So I was going to Mikey's house
7 to borrow his truck to run some errands and do some
8 stuff I needed to do this afternoon.

9 Q Okay. So how did you arrange that?

10 A I had called Mike and, you know, said, "I need to
11 borrow your truck." And, well, of course, as always,
12 he said, "No problem. Just go over there and Anna will
13 have the key."

14 And I went over there to pick up the truck and go
15 about my business, but we couldn't locate the key for
16 the vehicle.

17 Q Now, you said you went over there. Which house
18 did you go to?

19 A To their house on Cherokee Trail.

20 Q Cherokee Trail, okay. So what happened when you
21 got there?

22 A When I got there, it was just a normal afternoon.
23 I remember Sawyer chasing Carly around the truck with a
24 water gun giving her a hard time like he always did.
25 And, you know, I got with Anna. It was like, "Well, I

1 need to get this" -- after some small talk, you know,
2 it was like "Well, I need to get going and get this
3 stuff done," and she couldn't locate the key to the
4 truck. It had been misplaced.

5 So at that point I called Mike, and I was like,
6 "Hey, we can't find the key." And he was like, "It's
7 no problem. I'm going to lunch break, I'll run one up
8 to you." He had the spare with him.

9 Q Okay. So were you waiting on Mike to come back
10 with a spare key?

11 A Yes, sir, I was. He was -- he was coming home
12 from his job in Powdersville to bring the key.

13 Q What were you doing while you were waiting for
14 Mike to rush to the house?

15 A Well, while I was waiting, I was just sitting on
16 the bench watching Sawyer and Carly play and, you know,
17 trying to have a little bit of small talk with Anna.

18 Q Okay. Tell us about your interaction with Anna.
19 What was it like?

20 A It was very -- that afternoon, it was very short.
21 I would say contrite. You could tell she was
22 aggravated and just like, as I would describe, just an
23 angry wife. So things were just kept short and simple.
24 I didn't want to be put into the situation or get
25 involved with anything.

1 Q Did you have any extensive conversation with her
2 or just more light conversation?

3 A Just light conversation about the kids and how my
4 daughter was doing and, you know, when was the next
5 time they're going to get to see each other and things
6 like that.

7 Q Was your interaction with her coherent?

8 A Yes.

9 Q Did you have any trouble communicating with her?

10 A No, none whatsoever.

11 Q Did you have any feelings that something was wrong
12 with her?

13 A Not that something was --

14 MR. MAULDIN: Your Honor, I object to that. If
15 he's asking --

16 THE COURT: Repeat your question, Solicitor.

17 MR. WILKINS: The question was: Did you have any
18 feeling that there was anything wrong with Anna?

19 MR. MAULDIN: That's speculation. That's total
20 speculation.

21 THE COURT: Objection overruled.

22 THE WITNESS: At that time I couldn't tell that
23 there was anything wrong with her as far as what I
24 would -- what I would say would be something that would
25 cause danger, but I could tell she was highly agitated

1 and, you know, typical of husband-wife argument-type
2 scenario.

3 BY MR. WILKINS:

4 Q Were you aware of her and Mike having a
5 disagreement, or were you aware of any disagreement
6 they were having?

7 A No, not of any disagreement they were having.
8 They had talked on the phone in reference to the keys
9 and stuff, but not anything specific that I could
10 testify to.

11 Q So about how long did it take for Mike to arrive?

12 A Approximately between 30 and 40 minutes. He was
13 coming from 153 in Powdersville all the way to
14 Dacusville, so I would say about 30 minutes.

15 Q And what happened once Mike arrived?

16 A When Mike got there, of course the kids flocked to
17 him because daddy was home, and then Anna had came over
18 and they had an exchange of some sort. And I was
19 sitting there still sitting on the bench trying to stay
20 out of the way, and Mikey had given me the key. And I
21 was, you know, "Y'all have a great afternoon. I'll see
22 you when I get back."

23 Q While you were waiting on Mike to get there, what
24 was Anna's interaction with her children?

25 A It was one of sorts that Sawyer, he -- not that he

1 was rambunctious, but he was really, really high
2 strung, and he was giving his sister a hard time,
3 squirting her with the water gun and, you know, just
4 being a boy. And, you know, it was -- it -- there
5 wasn't really any discipline issued out. It was to the
6 point of, "Hey, quit doing that." You know, "I don't
7 want to have to tell your dad you have been bad when he
8 gets home," that type of deal.

9 Q After you left with the truck, where did you go?

10 A I had to run several errands including the dump,
11 and I had picked up some Sheetrock and stuff like that.

12 Q And did you return the truck?

13 A Yes, I did, later that afternoon.

14 Q And what did you do when you returned the truck?

15 A When I returned the truck, I waited until Mikey
16 got home because I picked up some Sheetrock and he was
17 going to have to help me unload it because it was too
18 big and too awkward for me to do myself. So I waited
19 until he got home from work and saw him and we got
20 everything unloaded and taken care of, and that was it.

21 Q Did he mention to you anything -- did he mention
22 to you anything any problems or issues he was having?

23 A No.

24 MR. MAULDIN: Your Honor -- Your Honor, that would
25 be hearsay. He's asking this witness about a

1 conversation with a third party.

2 THE COURT: Sustained.

3 MR. MAULDIN: That's hearsay.

4 THE COURT: Sustained.

5 Rephrase your question.

6 BY MR. WILKINS:

7 Q Did you give the keys back to Mike?

8 A Yes, sir, I did.

9 Q Did you have -- don't tell me what he said. Did
10 you have any further conversations with Mike once --
11 after you gave him the keys?

12 A No, sir, nothing that would pertain to what we
13 spoke about.

14 Q And did you leave the house then?

15 A Yes, sir, I did.

16 Q Okay. Did you ever have any further contact with
17 Mike or Anna after you left the house that day?

18 A That evening is when I got the text message that
19 counselor showed the court earlier.

20 Q Okay. All right. Mr. Stegall, I'm going to show
21 you what's already been admitted into evidence as
22 Defense Exhibit 10. Do you recognize that?

23 A Yes, sir, I do.

24 Q Okay. Is that a picture of your cell phone?

25 A Yes, sir, it is.

1 Q Okay. And what was the text message that you
2 received on the night of May 13th?

3 A On the night at 9:11 p.m. Verizon time, I got a
4 text message from Anna that said "Hell on Earth" with a
5 question mark.

6 Q And when did you respond?

7 A At 9:39 Verizon time I responded with "huh?" Just
8 h-u-h, question mark.

9 Q Okay. Were you familiar with Mike's guns and
10 ammunition and his ownership of guns?

11 A Yes, sir, very much.

12 Q Did you know that he owned guns?

13 A Yes.

14 Q Had you gone hunting with him before?

15 A Yes, sir, multiple times.

16 Q Do you know -- and if you don't know, answer you
17 don't know -- do you know if he kept his gun safe
18 locked or not?

19 A It was diligently locked.

20 Q Answer any questions Mr. Mauldin may have.

21 CROSS-EXAMINATION

22 BY MR. MAULDIN:

23 Q Mr. Stegall, and I just missed what you said, they
24 were always locked or unlocked?

25 A I said the safe was diligently locked.

1 Q Okay. So the guns were routinely, at least,
2 routinely secured?

3 A Yes.

4 Q Okay. Now, let me ask a few questions about your
5 interaction. And when we're talking about the 13th,
6 we're talking about the Monday?

7 A Yes.

8 Q And this -- did this occur on Monday afternoon,
9 the interaction between you and Anna?

10 A Yes, it did.

11 Q It was a Monday afternoon at her residence?

12 A That's correct.

13 Q Okay. I've written these comments as you were
14 going along that she -- that Anna was aggravated, you
15 used that term, that she was not acting as her normal
16 self?

17 A I didn't state that.

18 Q Or not normal?

19 A I didn't state that either.

20 Q Oh, all right. You did not want to be put into
21 anything, and that is -- you didn't want to -- you
22 didn't make any inquiry about why she was aggravated;
23 is that fair to say?

24 A That is fair to say.

25 Q All right. And she was clearly agitated. I think

1 you said "agitated"?

2 A I did.

3 Q Okay. The bottom line, while folks can speculate
4 about what would or would not have been aggravating
5 somebody, agitating somebody, we really have no real
6 idea what was causing her to be agitated, right?

7 A That's correct.

8 Q There was no -- there was no statement to you by
9 her or anybody else, here's why she's aggravated?

10 A You're correct.

11 Q That's right. Okay. And I appreciate that.

12 One other question I've got. This was May the
13 13th, which would be a spring day, day after Mother's
14 Day. Do you recall whether -- and I don't know what
15 your habit is and so I'll just ask you, do you recall
16 whether or not you were wearing sunglasses?

17 A I do not recall.

18 Q Okay. Do you wear sunglasses -- some people wear
19 them, some people don't.

20 A Yes, I do.

21 Q Could you have been or is it possible that you
22 were wearing sunglasses that day when you were over at
23 Anna's house?

24 A It is possible.

25 Q Okay. All right.

1 One moment.

2 All right. And this text that you received from
3 Anna shows on the text Monday, so that was the same day
4 that you described to us that you saw her when she was
5 aggravated, agitated, but you don't know why?

6 A That's correct.

7 Q And this is that same -- that was later that same
8 evening and that was the text from her?

9 A Yes, sir.

10 Q All right. I apologize, Mr. Stegall. This is the
11 first and only text that you've ever -- that you ever
12 received from Anna Simpson, wasn't it?

13 A To my recollection, I would say so, but I couldn't
14 swear to the court.

15 Q Let me -- I'm going to just refresh him.

16 I'm going to show you this document, let you look
17 it over just to refresh your memory, sir. All right.

18 Now, we'll repeat that question. This is the
19 first and only text that you've ever gotten from Anna
20 Simpson?

21 A As far as my recollection goes, yes.

22 Q All right. That's all.

23 THE COURT: Any redirect?

24 MR. WILKINS: No redirect, Your Honor.

25 THE COURT: Thank you, sir. You may step down.

1 MS. STROM: Your Honor, we'd ask he be excused.

2 THE COURT: Any objection?

3 MR. MAULDIN: No. He's under subpoena by us as
4 well, so we do agree to excuse him.

5 THE COURT: Okay. You can be excused, but you're
6 still subject to being called by the defense. Okay?
7 Thank you, sir.

8 State can call its next witness.

9 MR. WILKINS: Your Honor, the State calls Kevin
10 Sanders.

11 KEVIN SANDERS,

12 BEING FIRST DULY SWORN, TESTIFIED AS FOLLOWS:

13 THE CLERK: If you would have a seat and state
14 your name for the record, please.

15 THE WITNESS: My name is Kevin Sanders.

16 DIRECT EXAMINATION

17 BY MR. WILKINS:

18 Q Mr. Sanders, make sure you speak into that
19 microphone so the jury can hear you.

20 A Yes.

21 Q Where are you employed?

22 A S&S Home Improvement.

23 Q How long have you been employed there?

24 A Since 1994.

25 Q And do you have any children?

1 A Yes.

2 Q How many children do you have?

3 A I have two, a girl and a boy.

4 Q And where do you live?

5 A I live --

6 Q I don't need your specific address, but in what
7 county?

8 A In Easley.

9 Q Do you have any children that were attending the
10 Dacusville Elementary School back in 2013?

11 A Yes, sir.

12 Q I'm going to take you back to May of 2013. Do you
13 recall having any interaction with the defendant, Anna
14 Simpson, on that day?

15 A Yes, sir.

16 Q Do you remember where that was?

17 A That was in the school office.

18 Q And can you tell this jury why you were there at
19 that school?

20 A I was getting an early dismissal for my son to go
21 see a baseball game he was attending.

22 Q And so can you tell this jury what happened when
23 you were there to get your son out of school, out of
24 the Dacusville Elementary School?

25 A I'm arriving, walking in right after Ms. Anna is

1 walking in, and we both were signing our kids out. And
2 one of the odd things that was said was a reason for
3 getting your kid out. And she kind of said to her son
4 that the reason why we getting the daughter out is you
5 sick. And the little boy just blurted out, saying
6 that, "I'm not sick, Mom," and --

7 Q So let me back you up. So you saw her inside the
8 school?

9 A Yes, sir.

10 Q Is there an area you go to to sign your children
11 out?

12 A Yes, sir. The office.

13 Q Where is that area?

14 A The office.

15 Q It's the office?

16 A Yes, sir.

17 Q Were y'all both signing your children out about
18 the same time?

19 A About the same time.

20 Q Okay. And when you were doing that, did you have
21 some conversation with her?

22 A Not at that time. I was just behind her in line.

23 Q You were behind her in line?

24 A Yes.

25 Q So what was she doing when she was in front of

1 you?

2 A She was filling out the paper for early dismissal.

3 Q For early dismissal?

4 A Yes.

5 Q And was she talking to anybody?

6 A Yes.

7 Q Who was she talking to?

8 A I believe to the secretary of the office.

9 Q Okay. And what was she saying to the secretary of
10 the office?

11 A I don't recall that. I just -- I think that the
12 secretary asked her the reason you have to fill out on
13 the paper, and that's what was kind of said.

14 Q So what did Anna say?

15 A That her boy had been sick, and she wanted to get
16 the girl out because she thought she may be sick, too.

17 Q And the son who was with her at that time --

18 A Yes, sir.

19 Q -- what did he say?

20 A He said, "Mom, I'm not sick," just called her out
21 right there on the spot, you know.

22 Q And did you say anything?

23 A No, I didn't say anything.

24 Q So what happened after this exchange inside the
25 office?

1 A Well, after we signed the papers and all, the
2 secretary leaves to go get the kids for early
3 dismissal. And she was walking back and forth and kind
4 of real, I guess, impatient and just wondering what's
5 taking so long and stuff like that. Just a different
6 atmosphere that she had. And she realized when she
7 seen her kid coming, the kid was going upstairs to get
8 some items, backpack, I'm assuming, but --

9 Q Was she able to see her child walk by?

10 A Yes, sir. Yes, sir. And she thought that she was
11 coming to her immediately and turned and go up the
12 steps. And she was just like really in a hurry or
13 something. And she was wanting to know what was taking
14 so long. So I just suggested, "Hey, they got to go get
15 their backpacks."

16 Q That's what you said to Anna?

17 A Yes, sir. I sure did. I said, "They probably
18 going to get their backpacks and then come down for
19 early dismissal." And she mentioned the fact, "Where
20 she's going to go, she don't need no backpack." That's
21 what she said.

22 Q Did her daughter actually come out and meet her?

23 A Yes. After coming down the steps and retrieving
24 their backpack.

25 Q Did your son come down as well?

1 A Yes, sir.

2 Q So what did y'all do after your children arrived
3 to you in the office?

4 A We exited the building and was walking out to the
5 front curb where we parked. I was telling my son that
6 we was going to have a good day, Upper State
7 Championship baseball game. And she spins around real
8 angry and said, "What did you say to me?" And I said,
9 "Ma'am, we was talking to my little boy about a
10 baseball game today," and we went about our business.

11 Q Did you have any further conversation --

12 A No, sir.

13 Q -- with her there?

14 A No, sir.

15 Q Did you see Ms. Simpson having any or answering to
16 any voices that weren't there?

17 A No, sir.

18 Q Was she responding appropriately to questions that
19 were asked of her?

20 A Yes, sir.

21 Q Was she cognizant of her surroundings and what was
22 going on?

23 A Yes, sir.

24 Q Did she recognize her child as she walked by the
25 door?

1 A Yes, sir.

2 Q Did she --

3 MR. MAULDIN: Your Honor, I'm going to have to
4 object to the leading form of the question.

5 THE COURT: Okay.

6 MR. MAULDIN: Objection.

7 THE COURT: All right. Sustained.

8 BY MR. WILKINS:

9 Q Mr. Sanders, what was your overall impression of
10 Ms. Simpson's interaction?

11 A She was just real impatient, something didn't feel
12 right, wasn't acting real -- I don't want to say
13 normal. Just very in a hurry and "let's get it and go"
14 attitude.

15 Q All right. Answer any questions defense counsel
16 may have for you.

17 CROSS-EXAMINATION

18 BY MR. MAULDIN:

19 Q Mr. Sanders, I've got a few questions for you.
20 These are the notes that I've jotted down, and I want
21 to make sure I'm accurate --

22 A Yes, sir.

23 Q -- with what I heard you say --

24 A Yes, sir.

25 Q -- on direct examination. The jury, we need to

1 make sure it's as accurate as possible.

2 Your description early in your testimony was that
3 it was just a different atmosphere, that it was just a
4 different -- she was acting strangely, that it was a
5 different atmosphere, is what I wrote down. You said
6 that?

7 A Yes, sir.

8 Q Is that accurate?

9 A Yes, sir.

10 Q That she was very impatient, pacing back and
11 forth?

12 A Yes, sir.

13 Q That she seemed to be in a real hurry?

14 A Yes, sir.

15 Q And then you said just a moment ago something just
16 didn't feel right, and that was what your impressions
17 were about this experience you were having with her?

18 A Yes, sir.

19 Q You gave a statement to law enforcement, and the
20 date of the statement was May the 22nd 2013, so that
21 would have been about a week after the incident you
22 were interviewed by the police?

23 A Yes, sir.

24 Q And I think at that time you stated that Simpson
25 was acting very strangely, and she was extremely

1 uptight and on edge. Is that a fair description?

2 A Yes, sir.

3 Q Okay. I'm going to ask you one other thing about
4 that statement you gave to law enforcement,
5 Mr. Sanders.

6 Just a moment ago you said that she -- that Carly
7 was coming and then went another direction. And your
8 statement to Anna -- it was obviously she was agitated
9 about this, right?

10 A Yes, sir.

11 Q Okay. And you said to Anna, "She's probably going
12 to get her bookbag." And when Mr. Wilkins was asking
13 you the questions, what I understood you to say that
14 Anna said to you was, "Well, where she's going, she
15 won't need her bookbag." Is that what you just
16 testified to just a minute ago?

17 A Yes, sir.

18 Q All right. All right. "Well, where she's going,
19 she won't need her bookbag." That's what you testified
20 to; is that correct?

21 A Yes, sir. Yes, sir.

22 Q And this is June of 2016. It's three years after
23 the incident?

24 A Yes.

25 Q On May the 22nd, it was about a week after the

1 incident; is that correct?

2 A Yes, sir.

3 Q And you were having an interview with the law
4 enforcement people about this encounter with
5 Ms. Simpson. You knew that law enforcement needed to
6 know as much information as you could give them, right?

7 A Yes, sir.

8 Q And you need -- that information needed to be
9 accurate?

10 A Yes, sir.

11 Q Best that you could give them? All right.

12 I want to show you the statement you made to law
13 enforcement. Mr. Sanders, I want you to look where I
14 have bracketed with the blue pen. You see those
15 brackets?

16 A Yes, sir.

17 Q I want you to read that to yourself and then look
18 up when you're through. Just read that to yourself and
19 look up when you're through.

20 Regarding the bookbag, you said that Anna Simpson
21 said to you, "Well, she doesn't need her bookbag. We
22 just need to go." Did I read that correctly?

23 A Yes, sir.

24 MR. MAULDIN: Nothing further, Your Honor.

25 THE COURT: Any redirect?

1 MR. WILKINS: No, sir, Your Honor.

2 THE COURT: All right. Thank you, sir. You can
3 step down.

4 Call your next witness.

5 MR. WILKINS: Thank you, Your Honor.

6 The State calls Alison Simpson.

7 **ALISON SIMPSON,**

8 BEING FIRST DULY SWORN, TESTIFIED AS FOLLOWS:

9 THE CLERK: Thank you, ma'am. If you would have a
10 seat and state your name for the record, please.

11 THE WITNESS: My name is Alison Simpson.

12 **DIRECT EXAMINATION**

13 BY MR. WILKINS:

14 Q Ms. Simpson, where do you live?

15 A I live on Terre Haute Drive.

16 Q Who do you live with?

17 A I live with my husband and my son.

18 Q Who is your husband and your son?

19 A My husband is John Simpson. My son is Michael
20 Simpson.

21 Q Is Michael Simpson the victim of the case that
22 we're talking here today?

23 A Yes, he is.

24 Q And do you know Anna Simpson?

25 A I do.

1 Q And who is she?

2 A Anna was married to Michael. She's my
3 daughter-in-law.

4 Q So that would make her your daughter-in-law?

5 A Yes.

6 Q Tell this jury a little bit about how long you
7 have known Anna.

8 A I first met Anna after she left high school and my
9 son met her -- well, he met her in school but he kind
10 of got to dating after, and I met her when he brought
11 her home, which is probably 20 years ago.

12 Q And I'm assuming you were there through their
13 courtship and marriage?

14 A Yes.

15 Q Were you at their wedding?

16 A Yes, I was.

17 Q And did you maintain a relationship with Mike and
18 Anna once they got married?

19 A Yes.

20 Q Can you tell us a little bit about your
21 relationship with them after they got married?

22 A They were fine. They seemed like a happy couple.

23 Q How often --

24 A As far as I know.

25 Q How often did you interact with them?

1 A We spoke to Michael two, three times a week. I
2 didn't see Anna very often because at that time she was
3 working.

4 Q I'm assuming you were there for the birth of their
5 children?

6 A Yes -- not -- after they were born.

7 Q After they were born?

8 A Yes.

9 Q Okay. And since they had children, what kind of
10 relationship did you have with Anna and Mike and the
11 children?

12 A Pretty good. We saw a lot of the children.

13 Q Were you able to -- how often were you able to see
14 the children?

15 A It depends. Sometimes more, sometimes less. You
16 know, a week or a month.

17 Q So let's go up until a year before this incident.

18 A Okay.

19 Q Were you able to interact with the children a
20 decent amount?

21 A Not as much as I would like because the only time
22 I saw the children mostly was when Michael brought them
23 to our house because Anna rarely ever brought them to
24 the house.

25 Q And would you see Anna and Michael and the

1 children on holidays?

2 A Yes. At Thanksgiving, Christmas, times like that.

3 Q Normal times?

4 A Pretty much.

5 Q I want to take you to -- well, let me ask you

6 this. Would your interaction with your

7 daughter-in-law, Anna Simpson, how would you describe
8 it?

9 A I would describe it as a little difficult.

10 Q Why is that?

11 A Because Anna disagreed with me most on a lot of
12 stuff, and she was very, very selfish.

13 Q In what way?

14 A I think she always thought about herself all the
15 time and she would even put herself before her children
16 like for having shots and going to the dentist, stuff
17 like that.

18 Q So who would do those things?

19 A I don't understand your question.

20 Q You said that she would put herself before going
21 to the doctor or going to the dentist?

22 A Yeah.

23 Q Would somebody else do those things for her?

24 A No. She would eventually get around to doing it.
25 And when she thought she kind of wanted to.

1 Q Did you ever have any concerns about Anna's mental
2 health?

3 A After she came back from the behavioral place, I
4 did talk to her mom one time and I said to her, "Is
5 Anna able to take care of her children?" And, "Would
6 she harm them in any way?" And Anna's mom said she
7 would never hurt her children.

8 Q I'm going to take you to the day before -- I'm
9 going to take you to May 13th --

10 A Okay.

11 Q -- 2013 --

12 A Okay.

13 Q -- which is the day before this incident.

14 A Right.

15 Q Did you ever have a conversation with Anna Simpson
16 that day?

17 A I did.

18 Q Do you remember when that conversation occurred?

19 A Between -- I think between 6:00 and 6:30.

20 Q Can you tell us about that conversation?

21 A I can. I answered the phone and she asked me if
22 she could ask me a question.

23 Q So she called you on the telephone?

24 A She called me.

25 Q Okay.

1 A And I said, "Yes, you can ask me anything." And
2 she said, "Why don't you come up and see us as much as
3 you used to," or, "Why don't you help as much?"

4 Q And when she said, "Why don't you help as much,"
5 what did you think she meant by that?

6 A Probably taking --

7 MR. MAULDIN: Excuse me one moment, please, ma'am.
8 I think that calls for speculation.

9 THE COURT: All right. Interpose an objection
10 there.

11 Rephrase your question or ask your question again.

12 MR. WILKINS: The question was: What did you
13 think she meant by help with the kids? Or help, I
14 think, is what she said.

15 THE COURT: Is there an objection to that?

16 MR. MAULDIN: Speculation.

17 THE COURT: Sustained.

18 MR. WILKINS: Okay.

19 Q So, again, what did Anna ask you?

20 A She asked me what I just said, why didn't we go to
21 their house as much.

22 Q And what was your response?

23 A My response was that the children were growing up
24 and they didn't need as much help as they did and that
25 the house was pretty well finished because we used to

1 go up a lot when and John would help Michael with
2 woodworking and stuff like that. And that was mostly
3 done, and the children's school, and so we really
4 didn't need to go up as much.

5 Q Okay. And was that the end of your conversation?

6 A She said, "Oh." And then she said, "I just wanted
7 to say hello."

8 Q Okay.

9 A And that was pretty much the end of the
10 conversation.

11 Q Did y'all have an occasion to talk again?

12 A We did. About 20 minutes later, I thought maybe
13 she might like to go to the Pickens Flea Market with
14 me, and I asked her would she -- I called her back and
15 asked her would she like to go, and she said, "Well,
16 that sounds good. I'll let you know." And we put the
17 phone down, and that was the last time I spoke.

18 Q That was the last time you spoke to Anna?

19 A Yes.

20 Q Okay. Your son, Michael Simpson, was shot as
21 well; is that correct?

22 A Yes, he was.

23 Q Can you tell us a little bit about what his
24 current condition and what happened to him, what his
25 injuries were?

1 A Michael has --

2 Q Take your time, Ms. Simpson.

3 A Michael has a TBI which is like a very, very
4 serious head injury. He lost his peripheral vision.
5 He has seizures. He has lost the use of his left side.
6 He can't remember short-term memory. He remembers a
7 few things from when he was little. He doesn't
8 initiate conversation. We mostly have to initiate
9 conversation with him. I think he is paralyzed on his
10 left side. And he's very flat in his personality and
11 stuff. And he also has a bullet at the back of his
12 left eye that they could not move.

13 Q Ms. Simpson, if you will answer any questions
14 Mr. Mauldin may have for you. Okay?

15 CROSS-EXAMINATION

16 BY MR. MAULDIN:

17 Q Ms. Simpson, I only have a few questions for you.

18 A Okay.

19 Q You mentioned early in your testimony with
20 Mr. Wilkins, you mentioned that it was not until after
21 the Carolina Center for Behavioral Health
22 hospitalization --

23 A I believe it was.

24 Q -- that you actually noticed a significant change?

25 A Yes.

1 Q Is that about the right timing?

2 A Pretty much.

3 Q And, in fact --

4 A Well, when you say "significant change," what do
5 you mean by that?

6 Q Well, I think that you said that you noticed a
7 change?

8 A I did.

9 Q After her release from the health -- behavioral
10 health?

11 A I don't think I said that.

12 Q Okay. Well, then, let me ask you about that.

13 A Okay.

14 Q You recall she was hospitalized in, let's see,
15 early August, I think, at St. Francis, maybe late July,
16 early August of 2012?

17 A Yes.

18 Q She spent some days at St. Francis Hospital and
19 then was transferred to the Carolina Center. You
20 recall that?

21 A Yes.

22 Q Okay. And after days at the Carolina Center, she
23 was then released?

24 A Yes.

25 Q And she went back home to Dacusville?

1 A Yes.

2 Q And at some point very soon, and I don't have the
3 actual dates of the trip, but Mike, your son, went to
4 Africa on a hunting trip?

5 A Yes, he did.

6 Q And that was right -- that was after Anna had
7 gotten out of the behavioral health?

8 A I can't remember the dates.

9 Q Yeah. But it was -- and if she got out in August
10 of '12, then that trip to Africa was sometime during
11 August of '12?

12 A It was sometime during August, but I can't
13 remember the dates.

14 Q Okay. Okay. And while Mike was in Africa, do you
15 recall getting a telephone conversation from Anna when
16 she asked you --

17 A Uh-huh.

18 Q -- if Mike was coming back to them?

19 A Yes. I remember that.

20 Q You remember that conversation --

21 A Yes. Yes.

22 Q -- when Anna, the wife and mother, was asking her
23 mother-in-law --

24 A Uh-huh.

25 Q -- if her husband, your son --

1 A Uh-huh.

2 Q -- was going to come back to his family?

3 A Yes. Well, to her.

4 Q Huh?

5 A To her.

6 Q Right. And that -- correct me if I'm wrong, that
7 you felt that that was a strange conversation?

8 A Yes, I did.

9 Q And you called Anna's parents about that call and
10 told them about that you thought that was bizarre for
11 her to ask a question about whether Mike was ever
12 coming back?

13 A I know I talked to Susan sometime, but I'm not
14 sure if it was at that time.

15 Q Right. And that conversation, the conversation
16 you had with Susan, who is Susan Brown, that's Anna
17 Simpson's mother, that conversation was about how
18 strange the call from Anna was?

19 A I can't remember if it was that time or not.

20 Q Okay. And then the other thing, let me ask you,
21 you said that the evening of the 13th of May --

22 A Uh-huh.

23 Q -- the conversation was -- and let me see, make
24 sure I've got -- you say that Anna called you?

25 A Uh-huh. She did.

1 Q Would that have been unusual? Did she call you
2 very often?

3 A Every now and again.

4 Q Every now and then?

5 A Yeah.

6 Q Okay. But she called you?

7 A She did.

8 Q And she said -- and this is what I jotted down,
9 and I'm just making notes -- why can't you help more?

10 A No. She didn't say that. She said, "Why don't
11 you come and see us more?"

12 Q Okay. Why --

13 A Don't. She didn't say "why can't." She said,
14 "Why don't you come and see us?"

15 Q Okay. "Why don't you"?

16 A Yeah.

17 Q And she used the term "help"?

18 A She said, "Why don't you come and help us?"

19 Q "And help us"?

20 A "Anymore," or, "as much as you used to."

21 Q Okay. Thank you, ma'am. Thank you.

22 A Yes.

23 THE COURT: Any redirect?

24 MR. WILKINS: No, Your Honor.

25 THE COURT: Thank you, ma'am. You may step down.

1 You may call your next witness.

2 MS. STROM: The State calls Susan Brown.

3 Susan Brown.

4 THE COURT: Is Susan Brown in the courtroom?

5 MR. MAULDIN: Your Honor, the question has been
6 raised whether Susan Brown is under subpoena. I don't
7 know if it necessarily makes any difference, but there
8 is a question about whether she is a subpoenaed
9 witness. You might ask her.

10 THE COURT: Okay.

11 MS. STROM: I did not put her under subpoena. I
12 assumed she would be here. If she is here in the
13 courtroom, I can call her as a witness.

14 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.

15 Swear her in.

16 MR. MAULDIN: We acknowledge that.

17 **SUSAN BROWN,**

18 **BEING FIRST DULY SWORN, TESTIFIED AS FOLLOWS:**

19 THE CLERK: Thank you, ma'am. If you would have a
20 seat and state your name for the record, please.

21 THE WITNESS: Susan Brown.

22 **DIRECT EXAMINATION**

23 **BY MS. STROM:**

24 Q Ms. Brown, I know this is difficult, and I realize
25 this is difficult, and so I'm just going to ask you

1 just some straightforward questions. Okay?

2 You're obviously related to Anna. You're her
3 mother?

4 A Right.

5 Q And after this incident, after this event, you
6 gave a statement to the police. I believe you
7 described to the police some conversations that you had
8 been having with Anna prior to this day?

9 MR. MAULDIN: Your Honor, I have to object to the
10 form of the question.

11 THE COURT: All right. Thank you.

12 Ladies and gentlemen of the jury, let's head on
13 back to your jury room. I've got to take up some
14 matters with the lawyers. Don't talk about the case.

15 (WHEREUPON, the jury exited open court at
16 2:46 p.m.)

17 THE COURT: All right. First, let me hear your
18 objection, then I can determine whether we need to
19 proffer the witness or not.

20 MR. MAULDIN: Ms. Brown is a lay witness called by
21 the State on direct. She is going to have to couch her
22 questions in an open-ended form and not lead or make
23 speeches about her questions. I mean, she just needs
24 to ask the question instead of giving what I would
25 describe respectfully as editorial communications to

1 the witness.

2 THE COURT: All right.

3 MS. STROM: My question was going to be prior to
4 this event did she have conversations with Anna Simpson
5 that gave her concern.

6 MR. MAULDIN: Well, and that's a good question.

7 THE COURT: Then if she says yes, then your
8 follow-up question is going to be, "What were they?"
9 And then she describes what they were and then we're
10 all there.

11 MR. MAULDIN: And that's right. But I just think
12 that we've got to have, at least in my view, Your
13 Honor, with all due respect, there will have to be
14 discipline regarding the form of the question.

15 THE COURT: I'm with you on that, but let me pull
16 up something real quick. Hang on.

17 Okay. All right. I'm going to refer -- both
18 y'all are excellent trial attorneys. Y'all have tried
19 many, many cases. Rule 611 is the operative
20 evidentiary rule. You know, I'm in charge of the mode
21 and the order of interrogation and presentation. That
22 means I can allow some leading questions, and I intend
23 on doing that because we have to facilitate this
24 discussion to try to make it presentable to the jury.
25 So I'm going to allow the State to make some leading

1 questions which they can be absolutely leading, but
2 then again, I'm going to let you do it also. Okay?

3 And so, you know, all is fair in love and war.
4 We're going to be fair here, and we're going to get
5 this jury the information they need so they can make an
6 intelligent decision on the issue.

7 So we're all on the same page?

8 MS. STROM: Yes, sir.

9 THE COURT: I don't think we need to proffer.

10 They may be taking a full break. Do y'all want to
11 take five minutes? Maybe after the lunch. So y'all go
12 ahead and take five minutes, restroom break, do
13 whatever you need, refresh, and then we'll pull back
14 up.

15 Madam witness, if you need to step down, run to
16 the restroom, get a cup of water, okay.

17 (WHEREUPON, a recess was taken from 2:50 p.m. to
18 2:57 p.m.)

19 THE COURT: Ready for the jury?

20 MS. STROM: State's ready.

21 (WHEREUPON, the jury entered open court at
22 2:57 p.m.)

23 THE COURT: All right.

24 MS. STROM: Thank you, Your Honor.

25 Q Ms. Brown, I'm going to direct your attention to

1 May 13th, 2013. Did you have a conversation with your
2 daughter that day over the phone?

3 A I had several conversations.

4 Q You had several, okay. And, specifically as to
5 conversations you had with her that evening, I believe
6 you had one -- well, when did you talk to her?

7 A I talked to her maybe 10:30 or 11:00 in the
8 morning.

9 Q And what was that conversation about?

10 A Very bizarre. Question -- I answered the
11 telephone. The question, you know, "Mom, I have a
12 question for you. Did you and dad really want me?" I
13 said, "Of course we wanted you. You know all about
14 that." And that was basically it. That's what she
15 wanted to know. That was a very bizarre question to
16 ask me.

17 Q And that was in the morning?

18 A That was in the morning.

19 Q Okay. Did you have any other conversations with
20 her that afternoon?

21 A Maybe 12:30.

22 Q Okay.

23 A Answered the telephone. Another very bizarre
24 question. It almost didn't sound like her, the tone
25 that she used. And she wanted to know did I tell her

1 that I really thought my mother, her grandmother, and
2 my sister, her aunt, were better off in Heaven. And I
3 said, "You know how they both suffered. And, yes, I
4 still say that they're better off in Heaven."

5 Q Did you have any more conversations with her?

6 A There was another call.

7 MR. MAULDIN: Ms. Brown, could you pull a little
8 closer.

9 THE COURT: Could you slide up to the microphone.

10 THE WITNESS: I could, sure.

11 There was another call.

12 BY MS. STROM:

13 Q When was that?

14 A And that must have been 1:30. And she was talking
15 very fast, nonstop about the evils of the world and how
16 you couldn't protect yourself, you couldn't protect
17 your children from the evils of this world. And that
18 was the main gist of that conversation.

19 Q And I believe you had at least two more
20 conversations, did you not?

21 A I did.

22 Q When were those?

23 A One was at maybe 5:45 in the afternoon, and that
24 was -- we were in the car. My husband and I were on
25 the way to a meeting and she sounded so happy. She

1 sounded like herself but just thrilled. And she said,
2 "Mike and I have talked, and we're going to sit down
3 and talk to somebody. We're going to sit down and talk
4 just -- just about things that we need somebody to talk
5 to." And I said, "I think that's wonderful." And she
6 said, "We may talk to Alison." And she may have said
7 "Alison and John," I'm not sure.

8 Q And those would be Mike's parents?

9 A Mike's parents. And I said, "That's wonderful
10 that you can talk to them." And she said, "Well, I
11 have one question." She said, "Do you trust Alison?"
12 And I said, "You know I trust Alison." And she said,
13 "Well, that's good." And I was going through the door,
14 a meeting that I was going to, and I said, "I've got to
15 go," and we hung up.

16 Q And did you have any further conversation with
17 her?

18 A I had a further conversation at 8:45. We were
19 back home by then. And that one, her voice was as sad
20 and low as it had been happy and high two, three hours
21 before.

22 Q What was the conversation?

23 A And I said -- when she said, "Mom," I said,
24 "What's wrong?" And she said, "I can't take care of
25 the children anymore." I said, "What do you mean?"

1 You're a good mother. What do you mean you can't take
2 care of the children anymore?" She said, "Well, I just
3 stare into space all the time. Mike says I just stare
4 into space all the time." And I said, "But what
5 happened that you all were going to talk to somebody,
6 you were going to talk to Alison and John." And she
7 said, "Well, we're not." And about that time one of
8 the children came up to her and she said, "I've got to
9 go." She says, "It's time to put kids to bed," and, "I
10 love you." And that was the last.

11 Q That was the last conversation you had that night?

12 A That was the last conversation.

13 Q Thank you.

14 Please answer any questions the defense may have.

15 THE COURT: Mr. Mauldin.

16 CROSS-EXAMINATION

17 BY MR. MAULDIN:

18 Q Ms. Brown, I counted five telephone calls that you
19 summarized for the jury today. Would that have been
20 unusual that you would have had five telephone calls
21 from Anna in one day?

22 A Very unusual.

23 Q How often would you normally speak to her, say,
24 daily or weekly, whichever?

25 A Every other day probably.

1 Q Okay. Okay. So I guess it's fair to say that
2 receiving five calls in less than 12 hours would have
3 been a very rare event?

4 A Very rare.

5 Q And if I made my notes correctly, it appears that
6 you literally were talking to a different person on
7 every one of these calls but you were talking to the
8 same person, that's Anna?

9 A Right.

10 Q She asked if you really wanted her. That would
11 have been when you adopted her. Is that what you
12 understood?

13 A Correct. Uh-huh.

14 Q That was when she was 30 days old?

15 A Uh-huh. And she's always known that whole story
16 and loved to hear it over and over and over.

17 Q That you wanted her?

18 A Yes.

19 Q Did that story about being adopted reassure her or
20 tend to reassure her?

21 A On that telephone call?

22 Q Not on this one, but just in general.

23 A Oh, yes.

24 Q You call at 12:30. She did not sound like
25 herself?

1 A (Shaking head.)

2 Q The call at 1:30, she was talking very fast,
3 nonstop about the evil of the world and about the need
4 for her to protect her children?

5 A Yes.

6 Q At 5:45 she was happy and high. At 8:45 she was
7 sad and low?

8 A Yes.

9 Q That's a summary of the calls you've described?

10 A Yes.

11 Q I'm going to ask you a few questions while you're
12 on the witness stand about the developing of her
13 difficulties particularly in the last year or year and
14 a half prior to the incident, just how -- what you
15 noticed about the escalation of her problems.

16 Do you recall when Mike's sister -- and Mike I
17 refer to Mike Brown's sister.

18 A Yes, sir.

19 Q Do you recall when Mike's sister up in Asheville
20 was having her 90th birthday?

21 A Yes.

22 Q That was the summer of 2012?

23 A That's correct.

24 Q Do you recall going to that event?

25 A I did.

1 Q And who was with you?

2 A Anna and Carly and I drove together, and my
3 husband and his brother drove together.

4 Q All right. And that trip to Asheville immediately
5 preceded her being hospitalized at St. Francis for a
6 psychotic episode; is that correct?

7 A Correct.

8 Q Can you tell the jury the connection between that
9 event in Asheville and your coming back and noticing
10 Anna's behavior and what happened that night to lead to
11 her being hospitalized at St. Francis?

12 A Yes. On the drive up to Asheville, she was
13 talking nonstop, nonstop, things that did not make
14 sense, number patterns, all kinds of things that just
15 nothing -- nothing connected from one thing to another
16 to another to another, talking about friends that she
17 had talked with but it wasn't their voice coming out of
18 their mouth, it was somebody else's voice coming out of
19 their mouth. Very, very bizarre things.

20 The afternoon after we got to Asheville, her
21 behavior was odd but we were around other family
22 members that we're not around that often. And I'm not
23 sure that they noticed it as much as her dad and I did.

24 Driving back, it was the same thing, just talking.
25 I don't know any way to describe it except out of her

1 head, just bizarre. We got to Travelers Rest and we
2 tried to persuade her to come on home with us.

3 Q Why did you feel like she needed to come home with
4 you?

5 A Well, Mike, her Mike, her husband, and Sawyer were
6 at the lake that weekend with his parents, and Anna and
7 Carly were having a girls weekend. That's the way it
8 was supposed to be. And because of the way she was
9 acting, I wanted her to come on home with us, just
10 spend the night with us because I knew something was
11 really wrong. She said no, she -- they would go on.
12 They'd go on to their house. And they went on to
13 Dacusville and we went on to our house in Taylors.

14 We didn't hear anything until midnight and she
15 called. And again it didn't sound like her at all.
16 And she just said, "Turn the lights on. We're coming.
17 We're coming to your house," and she was real frantic.
18 And I said, "Why?" She said, "Because this house just
19 isn't safe." And I said, "But what do you mean it's
20 not safe?" She said, "I -- I can't explain it. It's
21 just not safe. We've got to get out of here."

22 Q All right.

23 A "And we're leaving."

24 Q So this call and as a result of that call, did
25 Carly and Anna stay -- come over to y'all's house and

1 stay?

2 A Yes.

3 Q And then the next day with a continuing -- with
4 this erratic behavior continuing, and as a result did
5 you feel it necessary to contact a doctor about it, and
6 as a result of that doctor call, did you -- where did
7 you take Anna?

8 A Took her to the emergency room at St. Francis on
9 the east side.

10 Q All right. And did you have her admitted?

11 A She was admitted.

12 Q At St. Francis?

13 A Uh-huh.

14 Q And do you recall when she was admitted -- and
15 that -- do you remember the date or about the date of
16 that?

17 A It was the very last of July. It was probably the
18 31st of July because that's when the birthday is.

19 Q Okay. And do you remember how many days she
20 stayed at St. Francis?

21 A She stayed at St. Francis about five days.

22 Q And during the time that she stayed at St. Francis
23 as a result of this episode that she had, psychotic
24 episode?

25 MS. STROM: Objection, Your Honor. There's been

1 no testimony as to the characterization of the episode.

2 MR. MAULDIN: It's cross-examination.

3 THE COURT: Just rephrase your question.

4 BY MR. MAULDIN:

5 Q All right. Did you understand that she was
6 hospitalized in St. Francis because of a psychotic
7 episode?

8 A Yes.

9 Q All right. And as a result she stayed five days.
10 During the time she was in St. Francis Hospital, did
11 they have a security guard staying in the room with
12 her?

13 A They did. They had him right outside the door and
14 the door could not be closed.

15 Q So the door had to stay open?

16 A He stood at the door.

17 Q And a security guard was positioned right outside
18 her door. After five days at St. Francis, was she then
19 transferred to the Carolina Center For Behavioral
20 Health?

21 A She was. During that five days at St. Francis,
22 they kept telling us they -- she needed to go to a
23 special hospital, but there were no beds available,
24 that they had tried calling all hospitals and there was
25 not a bed available. And finally there came one at

1 Carolina Behavioral.

2 Q Okay. And that lead to her going to that
3 hospital, and she stayed at that hospital how long?

4 A About three days.

5 Q And then she was sent home?

6 A (Nodding.)

7 Q All right. That was August of 2012?

8 A Yes.

9 Q All right. Ask you a few questions about specific
10 references and ask if you are familiar with these
11 references, and if so, explain to the jury. If not,
12 just that you don't know.

13 Are you familiar with the ceiling fan in their
14 house and her taking photos of that ceiling fan?

15 A Yes, I am.

16 Q All right. I want you to explain to the jury what
17 that was about.

18 A She thought someone was following her. She
19 thought someone was listening out and had everything
20 bugged, her phones and computer and finally she decided
21 probably in the ceiling fan, so she took pictures of
22 the ceiling fan and then went to Lowe's to find the
23 exact ceiling fan to look at it real good and see if it
24 had all the same parts and looked like the one in her
25 house.

1 Q Do you remember about when that was? Was that
2 before the hospitalization at St. Francis, after the
3 hospitalization, if you remember just --

4 A I don't remember.

5 Q All right. Do you recall the references to drug
6 dealers living across the street and the deer camera?

7 A The deer camera?

8 Q I mean the drug dealers across the street and the
9 camera that had something to do with the garage?

10 A Okay. I remember that she thought not only were
11 there drug dealers across the street, but they were
12 watching her. They seemed to know when she came and
13 went all the time. And she was hoping to get cameras
14 installed so it might prove if somebody was watching
15 her or coming into the yard or even coming into the
16 house. She felt that there were times when they would
17 leave the house and somehow somebody would get in.

18 Q All right. I'm going to ask you a few final
19 questions, Ms. Brown. I'm going to ask --

20 MR. MAULDIN: Let's get a number, please, ma'am.

21 (WHEREUPON, Defendant's Exhibit Numbers 11
22 12 and 13 were marked for identification.)

23 BY MR. MAULDIN:

24 Q I'm going to ask you, Susan, if you recognize
25 these three photographs, please, ma'am.

1 A Yes.

2 Q All right. When were these photographs taken?

3 A They were taken on the evening of Mother's Day.

4 Q Mother's Day of 2013?

5 A That's correct.

6 Q Which would have been May the 12th, the Sunday
7 before the incident Monday night, Tuesday morning?

8 A Correct.

9 Q All right. I'm going to -- I offer these.

10 MS. STROM: Without objection.

11 THE COURT: All right. Entered.

12 (WHEREUPON, Defendant's Exhibit Numbers 11,
13 12 and 13 were admitted into evidence.)

14 BY MR. MAULDIN:

15 Q All right. I'm going to ask you if you would
16 describe that photograph.

17 A I would describe it as not quite Anna.

18 Q Well, who's in the picture?

19 A It's Anna and myself.

20 Q All right.

21 A But the expression on her face is not quite Anna.

22 Q All right. So that picture was taken on Mother's
23 Day?

24 A Yes.

25 Q And what were the two of you doing or what was the

1 occasion? I understand it was Mother's Day, but what
2 was the occasion?

3 A We had all gone out to eat together, and we were
4 coming back to the parking lot to get in our cars to go
5 home.

6 Q And who went to -- was this lunch or dinner?

7 A Dinner.

8 Q And who went to dinner?

9 A Mike, my Mike.

10 Q That's Mike Brown?

11 A And I and Anna and Mike Simpson and the two
12 children.

13 Q All right. So it was the Simpsons, the family of
14 Simpsons, four, and the two of you?

15 A Uh-huh.

16 Q Six folks?

17 A Uh-huh.

18 Q All right. And is this Anna at that dinner?

19 A That's Anna with her plate untouched.

20 Q With her plate untouched?

21 A Yes. She didn't eat.

22 Q Was that picture taken at a time when others at
23 the table had already eaten?

24 A I imagine so or just starting, maybe -- I don't
25 know. I just know she didn't eat that night.

1 Q But she didn't eat. And, finally, that picture?

2 A That's what I was seeing.

3 Q Pardon me?

4 A That is what I was seeing. That was the Anna that
5 I was seeing that whole evening when we were at their
6 house before we went out to dinner and when we were at
7 dinner. She would just be staring, staring.

8 Q And the next morning was when the phone calls
9 began that you've described to the prosecutor?

10 A That's right.

11 Q And this is who was making the phone calls?

12 A Yes, sir.

13 Q Nothing further. Thank you, ma'am.

14 MS. STROM: Very briefly, Your Honor.

15 THE COURT: Yes, ma'am.

16 REDIRECT EXAMINATION

17 BY MS. STROM:

18 Q Ms. Brown, back when you took Anna to St. Francis
19 and you said you believe the security guard was outside
20 the door; is that correct?

21 A Yeah, and we couldn't shut the door.

22 Q Couldn't shut the door. But she wasn't restrained
23 to the bed or anything like that?

24 A I don't think so.

25 Q Okay. All right. And are you aware -- you were

1 talking about this incident involving drug dealers
2 across the street. Are you aware that the Pickens
3 County Sheriff's Office conducted some surveillance of
4 the residence across the street in the trailers?

5 A I think I do remember there was something.

6 Q That they were doing?

7 A Seemed to be something they were doing.

8 Q Then, finally, back on these two phone calls or,
9 in fact, the very last phone call that you had with
10 Anna, I'm going to show you your statement that you
11 made back on May 14th, 2013. I want you to start right
12 here where, "Then at 8:45 she called me," and read to
13 me what you told the police back then.

14 A "Then at 8:45 she called me and said 'Mike's
15 through with me.' I asked her what had changed since
16 6 o'clock. She just said, 'He thinks I can't take care
17 of the children.'"

18 Q Thank you.

19 That's all I have, Your Honor.

20 THE COURT: Recross?

21 MR. MAULDIN: Yeah. One quick one.

22 RECROSS-EXAMINATION

23 BY MR. MAULDIN:

24 Q "He thinks I can't take care of the children."

25 That's what you told them that Anna said?

1 A I actually remember her saying -- saying, "Because
2 I'm just -- I just stare all the time," but I didn't
3 write that down.

4 Q That she's just scared all the time?

5 A No. Staring, just staring all the time.

6 Q Staring, okay. That she's just staring all the
7 time and can't take care of the children.

8 All right. Nothing further, Your Honor.

9 THE COURT: Thank you, ma'am. You may step down.
10 State, go ahead and call your next witness.

11 MS. STROM: State calls Leigh Snow.

12 LEIGH SNOW,

13 BEING FIRST DULY SWORN, TESTIFIED AS FOLLOWS:

14 THE CLERK: If you would have a seat and state
15 your name for the record, please.

16 THE WITNESS: Leigh Snow.

17 DIRECT EXAMINATION

18 BY MS. STROM:

19 Q And if you would keep your voice up and speak into
20 the microphone so everyone can hear you. All right?

21 A Uh-huh.

22 Q By whom are you employed, Ms. Snow?

23 A Blue Ridge Security Systems.

24 Q And what is Blue Ridge Security Systems?

25 A We're an industrial, commercial, residential

1 security installation and monitoring company. Am I
2 loud enough?

3 Q Speak up just a little bit.

4 A Okay.

5 Q Back in 2013, what was your position there?

6 A I was a monitoring center manager for the call
7 center, alarm monitoring.

8 Q And what is your position now?

9 A In February of 2014 I moved to the headquarters
10 office, and I actually -- now I manage all the
11 documents, licensing, registration, background checks,
12 that sort of thing.

13 Q I'm going to show you what's been marked as
14 State's Exhibit number 51 for identification at this
15 time. Ask you to take a look at that. Do you
16 recognize that document?

17 A Yes.

18 Q Is that a document that you prepared with regards
19 to the investigation of this event?

20 A Yes. This is a download of the activity from the
21 alarm panel.

22 Q And is that the information that is contained by
23 your company and made in the normal course of business?

24 A Yes.

25 MS. STROM: Your Honor, we'd offer State's

1 Exhibit 51 into evidence.

2 MR. MAULDIN: No objection.

3 THE COURT: Without objection, introduced.

4 (WHEREUPON, State's Exhibit Number 51 was admitted
5 into evidence.)

6 MS. STROM: Thank you.

7 Q If you would, tell me, are you familiar with the
8 file contained -- regarding Mike Simpson and Anna
9 Simpson's home with regards to an alarm system?

10 A Yes.

11 Q Okay. And did y'all install an alarm system in
12 their home?

13 A Yes. The alarm system was installed in December
14 of 2012.

15 Q December of 2012?

16 A Right.

17 Q All right. And explain to this jury a little bit
18 about what their system contained.

19 A It was a typical residential system, door
20 contacts, motion detector, smoke detector, and keypad
21 key fob.

22 Q What do you mean by key fob?

23 A A key fob is a device that you can put on your key
24 ring, and you can arm and disarm your system with just
25 a button.

1 Q So you don't have to do it at the panel?

2 A Right.

3 Q In particular, with regards to this system, what
4 can you tell us about the arming and disarming of this
5 system on May 13th, 2013, and May 14th, 2013?

6 A The system was armed by the keypad, the panel, and
7 disarmed by the key fob.

8 Q Let's go to the night or the day of the 13th.
9 Let's just back up a day.

10 A Okay.

11 Q What time in the morning was it disarmed on the
12 13th?

13 A Just a second.

14 Q Sure.

15 A Disarmed at 7:36 a.m.

16 Q 7:36 a.m. All right. And can you tell if that
17 was disarmed by the fob or at the panel?

18 A It was by User 2, which is the key fob.

19 Q The key fob. All right. When was the next time
20 any activity took place on that system on the 13th?

21 A There was a test signal that was transmitted at
22 8:35, which is typical, it transmits every day, and on
23 the 13th, and there was a panic alarm at 1:07 p.m.

24 Q 1:07?

25 A Uh-huh.

1 Q And when you received a panic alarm, what, if
2 anything, do y'all do? And what did y'all do in
3 relation to that?

4 A A panic alarm is a silent signal, so an operator
5 will automatically notify the police. They wait until
6 the officer clears, and then they call the key holder
7 or the owner. And this particular situation, they
8 talked to Mr. Simpson and he verified with password
9 everything was okay.

10 Q All right. Again on the 13th, what time -- what
11 other activity occurred with regards to this alarm
12 system on the 13th?

13 A At 11:13 p.m. the system was armed by the keypad.

14 Q So it was armed at the keypad?

15 A Right.

16 Q Then what was the next activity on this alarm
17 system?

18 A There was -- on the 14th there was a disarming by
19 Zone 2, which is the key fob -- I'm sorry, Zone 2 --
20 User 2. And that was at 4:48 a.m.

21 Q When it is noted that it is armed or disarmed at
22 the keypad, what user is shown there?

23 A User Zero.

24 Q That indicates that it's the keypad?

25 A Right.

1 Q What indicates that it's a fob, that the fob has
2 been used to arm or disarm?

3 A User 2.

4 Q And, again, what time on the 13th was it armed at
5 the panel?

6 A 11:13 p.m.

7 Q And what time was it disarmed by the fob on the
8 14th?

9 A 4:48 a.m.

10 Q Thank you. Please answer any questions the
11 defense may have.

12 CROSS-EXAMINATION

13 BY MR. MAULDIN:

14 Q Just a couple of questions to make sure I get
15 this. When you say the keypad, are you able to show us
16 where in the house that would be? I mean, I don't know
17 whether you have that knowledge or not, but do you
18 know?

19 A I would know from looking at the alarm contract,
20 but typically it's installed next to an entry/exit
21 door.

22 Q Okay. So the likelihood is that the actual
23 keypad, it's kind of like -- can it be described like a
24 thermostat? It hangs on the wall and --

25 A Yeah, has a numeric code pad and has --

1 Q Okay. And somewhere, then, in the residence of
2 the Simpsons there is a pad, and that's what you're
3 referring to as User Zero?

4 A Yes.

5 Q Okay. User 2, which is the other user or Owner 2
6 or whatever, is the other one I need to clarify. That
7 is on a key, like an automobile key?

8 A Right. It's a small device that you can arm or
9 disarm or set off a panic alarm. When it arms and
10 disarms, it disarms the entire system or arms the
11 entire system. If you arm from the keypad, you can
12 arm -- just stay at home such as the perimeter.

13 Q And if I had that system, I could be -- I could
14 use the little key thing even if I was inside the
15 house?

16 A Yes.

17 Q In other words, doesn't mean you're riding around
18 in the car, right?

19 A Well, as you approach the house, you can turn it
20 on from the outside of the house. But if the system is
21 armed, you can't exit the premises without setting off
22 the alarm if you don't disarm it.

23 Q Okay. So an example, then, of trying to make sure
24 I understand how this thing works, if I'm in my living
25 room and I want to -- I say, okay. I'm going to go to

1 bed. I can have that thing in my hand instead of going
2 to the keypad -- oh, I can't turn it on?

3 A You can turn it on if you leave the house because
4 it arms all the devices. But if you want to arm it so
5 you can walk around interior and not set off a motion
6 detector, you use the keypad to do that. That's why
7 typically it's armed at night with the keypad, you put
8 it on night.

9 Q So you would have to use the keypad to disarm the
10 interior of the house?

11 A No, to arm it, you use the keypad. To disarm it,
12 you could use the fob.

13 Q Okay. All right. And then the other question
14 I've got, Ms. Snow, this system was installed by your
15 company in December of 2012; is that the date --

16 A Yes.

17 Q -- that I heard you say?

18 A Right.

19 Q All right. That's all. Thank you, ma'am.

20 MS. STROM: No redirect. We'd ask that this
21 witness be allowed to be excused.

22 THE COURT: Any objection?

23 MR. MAULDIN: No objection.

24 THE COURT: Thank you, ma'am. You're free to
25 leave.

1 State can call its next witness.

2 MR. WILKINS: State calls Dr. James Fulcher.

3 JAMES WILLIAM FULCHER, M.D.,

4 BEING FIRST DULY SWORN, TESTIFIED AS FOLLOWS:

5 THE CLERK: Thank you. If you would have a seat.

6 State your name for the record.

7 THE WITNESS: Dr. James William Fulcher.

8 DIRECT EXAMINATION

9 BY MR. WILKINS:

10 Q Dr. Fulcher, with whom are you employed?

11 A I'm a pathologist with Pathology Associates of
12 Greenville, South Carolina.

13 Q All right. And what do you do for them?

14 A I do autopsies. I'm the medical examiner for
15 Greenville, South Carolina. We do autopsies for
16 contract for Pickens County.

17 Q Briefly tell this jury what your educational and
18 professional training is.

19 A Sure. I'm from Virginia originally. I went to
20 college at the University of Virginia, medical school
21 at the Medical College of Virginia, did my residency in
22 anatomic clinical and forensic pathology all there in
23 Richmond, Virginia. I'm board certified in anatomic,
24 clinical, and forensic pathology. I have been
25 practicing in South Carolina right out of school. I've

1 been here for nine years. This is my first job.

2 Q And how many autopsies do you think you've
3 performed?

4 A Approximately 2,000.

5 Q And how many times have you been qualified as an
6 expert?

7 A Many.

8 MR. WILKINS: Your Honor, I'd like to offer
9 Dr. Fulcher as an expert in the area of forensic
10 pathology.

11 MR. MAULDIN: No objection.

12 THE COURT: Without objection, he's qualified as
13 an expert in the field of forensic pathology.

14 Ladies and gentlemen of the jury, remember an
15 expert witness can give an opinion but it doesn't mean
16 you have to accept the opinion. You will determine
17 that whenever you consider all the weight and
18 credibility of the evidence when you deliberate. Okay?
19 Thank you.

20 BY MR. WILKINS:

21 Q Dr. Fulcher, did you have the occasion to perform
22 an autopsy on Sawyer Simpson?

23 A Yes.

24 Q Do you remember when you did that?

25 A Yes. I'll refer to my notes for this case. I did

1 the postmortem examination, the autopsy, May 15th,
2 2013.

3 Q And do you remember how old Sawyer was at the time
4 of the autopsy?

5 A Five.

6 Q And can you tell this jury what your findings
7 were?

8 A Yes. Mr. Simpson died from four gunshot wounds to
9 the head.

10 Q Okay. And can you tell this jury about where they
11 were located?

12 A Sure. In this case all entrances are on the right
13 anterior cheek. They penetrate into the cranial vault
14 severely damaging the brain. Two of these projectiles
15 exit the left lateral forehead on the other side. I
16 personally recover multiple fragments of copper jacket
17 and lead core that are mixed in essentially pulpified
18 or mushed up brain matter.

19 Q What did you do with those projectiles?

20 A They are given to law enforcement that's present
21 at autopsy.

22 Q Can you tell us in what position, based on your
23 autopsy, Sawyer was when he sustained the gunshot
24 wounds?

25 MR. MAULDIN: One moment. If the question relates

1 to essentially the scene reconstruction, I'm not really
2 sure the pathologist is qualified. I think that
3 Mr. Wilkins can ask him the direction of the gunshots,
4 but I don't think he could actually tell him how the
5 victim with the gunshot wound was positioned.

6 THE COURT: Is that an objection?

7 MR. MAULDIN: Yes.

8 THE COURT: Okay.

9 Rephrase your question.

10 MR. WILKINS: Sure.

11 Q Let me ask you this. Can you tell -- can you
12 estimate how far away the gun was from Sawyer at the
13 time he sustained the gunshot wounds?

14 A Yes. Mr. Sawyer's face has prominent gunpowder
15 tattooing with no significant soot that makes it an
16 intermediate range wound, which means it's several feet
17 away but probably no further than three or four feet
18 away. Within a few feet, usually.

19 Q Any other information about the -- let me ask you
20 this. How many gunshot wounds to the head were there?

21 A Four.

22 Q Any other information that was present?

23 A The direction of wounding in this case is from
24 right to left, slightly upward, with no significant
25 deviation from front to back across the head.

1 Q Would that be consistent with somebody laying down
2 or sitting up, or can you say?

3 A It's difficult to say without examining the scene.

4 Q Did you do a toxicology on the victim?

5 A I did, yes, sir.

6 Q And what were those results?

7 A It was negative. We send all our toxicology to
8 National Medical Services Laboratory for our purposes
9 in this case. It's a very thorough toxicology screen,
10 and it is totally negative.

11 Q And you may have already stated this before, but
12 what is the manner and cause of death?

13 A Cause of death in this case is gunshot wounds to
14 the head. The manner of death is homicide.

15 Q Okay. Did you also perform an autopsy on Carly
16 Simpson?

17 A I did, yes, sir.

18 Q And when did you do that?

19 A Same day, May 15th, 2013.

20 Q And how old was Carly at the time?

21 A Seven.

22 Q Can you tell this jury what injuries she
23 sustained?

24 A Yes. She has two intermediate range also gunshot
25 wounds to the head which cause very severe damage to

1 the brain. Additionally, she has an intermediate range
2 wound to the back. It actually enters in the posterior
3 left shoulder and tracks across the soft tissue of the
4 back without actually entering into the chest cavity.
5 It exits at the right posterior shoulder. The
6 direction of wounding in all cases is from left to
7 right on her.

8 Q The injuries she sustained across the back, did
9 that cause any damage to any organs or any bones or
10 anything like that?

11 A It -- I'm referring to my notes. It tunnels under
12 the skin and is only a flesh wound.

13 Q A flesh wound?

14 A At this point. It affects skin, subcutaneous fat
15 but does not enter the thoracic cavity.

16 Q Did you recover any projectiles?

17 A In this case I did from the head, yes. Multiple
18 fragments of lead and copper jacket. On the back
19 wound, I do not. That projectile exits the body and is
20 not recovered by myself.

21 Q And were you able to determine, again, the range
22 or how far away the individual was who pulled the
23 trigger?

24 A Yes. In this case, it's also an intermediate
25 range, several feet away.

1 Q Did you perform any toxicology?

2 A Yes, sir, I did. It is negative also in this
3 case. Same laboratory performed that toxicology.

4 Q And then, finally, can you tell us the cause and
5 manner of death?

6 A Yes, sir. The cause of death in this case is
7 multiple gunshot wounds to the head. The manner is
8 homicide.

9 Q Answer any questions Mr. Mauldin may have.

10 THE COURT: Mr. Mauldin.

11 MR. MAULDIN: No questions. Thank you, Doctor.

12 THE COURT: Thank you, sir. You may step down.

13 Any objection to him leaving?

14 MR. MAULDIN: No problem.

15 THE COURT: You are free to leave. Thank you.

16 State may call its next witness.

17 MR. WILKINS: Your Honor, may we have a moment?

18 Your Honor, the State rests.

19 THE COURT: The State rests.

20 All right. Ladies and gentlemen, I have certain
21 legal matters I need to take up with the lawyers at
22 this time. So I'm going to ask that you go back to
23 your jury room. Again, do not talk about the case you
24 have to wait until the very end when I tell you you can
25 talk about the case before you can talk about it.

1 Y'all enjoy some snacks and water and some
2 beverages. Thank you.

3 (WHEREUPON, the jury exited open court at
4 3:46 p.m.)

5 Mr. Mauldin.

6 MR. MAULDIN: Your Honor, I would ordinarily ask
7 for a few moments to gather my thoughts on this, but
8 I'll proceed and perhaps come back to it if I feel like
9 I left something out.

10 But we commenced the case with a motion for a
11 directed verdict and knew at that time that that was a
12 rather awkward timing for such a motion. But because
13 of the uniqueness of the issue in this case, the fact
14 issue in this case, we felt we wanted to put it on the
15 record in advance.

16 As additional notice to the State of what our
17 position is on the not guilty by reason of insanity
18 issue, we have provided to the State not only the
19 identity but also in two cases written material from
20 prospective or potential psychiatric witnesses.

21 The notice of our intention to claim or at least
22 to assert NGRI was provided to the State in June of
23 2014, over two years ago, and it raised the question of
24 the state of mind of the defendant in this charge. It
25 raised the challenge to the State that state of mind

1 would be the issue and that sanity of the defendant
2 would be the question.

3 We take the position under those circumstances
4 because the elements of the crime in this case require
5 proof of malice for the murder and proof of specific
6 intent to kill on the attempt to murder, that the State
7 was on notice that the state of mind of the defendant
8 was the focus of the case. I raised to you at that
9 time a comparative analysis with competency. If
10 raised, the State must respond and prove -- I raised
11 the comparison of alibi, which the rules of our court
12 require that we notice the State of, and if we notice
13 the State, they have to prove that the defendant was
14 present at the crime.

15 And the fact of the matter is the State has simply
16 not established by any evidence any state of mind of
17 this defendant. They haven't established any -- any
18 evidence what the state of mind of the defendant is,
19 and it now cannot be assumed to be sane because we have
20 put them on notice according to the rules.

21 To the extent that the State can then say, "Well,
22 wait a minute. Under the case law, the defendant has
23 the burden of proving that the defendant did not know
24 right or wrong by a preponderance of the evidence, and,
25 therefore, it's now our turn," and that's when they get

1 to fill in their blanks? Well, I mean, a directed
2 verdict occurs at the end of the State's case. And
3 it's going to be renewed, I'll assure you, if you don't
4 grant it at this point.

5 THE COURT: I understand exactly where you're
6 going with this. It's burden shifting.

7 MR. MAULDIN: That's right. And we say that that
8 is an unconstitutional burden shifting on the
9 defendant.

10 And, Your Honor, it's one thing if a defendant
11 comes in and by surprise somehow raises such questions.
12 But this -- the State's been aware of the nature of the
13 trial of this case for two years. They know what the
14 issue is.

15 And so let's assume that now, if this motion is
16 not granted, we have to present evidence, and we will,
17 then the question is going to be do they then have the
18 right to bring in reply testimony. And here's the
19 problem with that. They have given to the defendant in
20 this case until this very moment zero notice of the
21 intention to provide a forensic expert witness either
22 in the State's case-in-chief or potentially in reply.
23 We still have not received any notice of the State's
24 intention to provide a forensic expert, which is what
25 it would take in reply testimony or otherwise it's not

1 going to be -- that witness is not going to be called.

2 We're going to object to the calling of a witness
3 that we've gotten no notice of. And you're talking
4 about a case of hiding the ball. That is about as bad
5 of hide the ball as I have ever even imagined. We were
6 told at the beginning of this trial that Jeff Smith was
7 a potential State's witness. Jeff Smith is the
8 treating psychiatrist at Piedmont Psychiatric in
9 Greenville. He is this woman's doctor who's not a
10 forensic psychiatrist. He has been given no release or
11 no consent to offer testimony in a trial of her case by
12 her or anybody on her behalf.

13 So what we've got here is they put up their case.
14 They -- and we're required to tell them everything
15 we've got under Rule 5. They don't have to tell us a
16 thing, apparently, and what they now have said was a
17 potential witness is a treating physician. And I'm
18 assuming that's who's going to be called in rebuttal.

19 That scenario, which is what is playing out before
20 our very eyes, is fundamental denial of due process
21 under the state and federal constitution. I mean, you
22 talk about ambush and trial by surprise. The law says
23 the defendant, who is presumed innocent, has all of
24 these requirements that we notify. We notified them
25 two years ago, we tell them who the witnesses are, we

1 give them the written reports, and yet they get to sit
2 over there and hide it.

3 I still don't know who they plan on calling, if
4 they do plan on calling anybody. I mean, what are we
5 going to do then? I will tell you, if they call a
6 witness with the intention of qualifying that witness
7 as an expert in any field of psychiatry, forensic,
8 clinical, or any otherwise, I will object to the
9 offering of such testimony point blank and absolute.

10 So, I mean, if they're going to play that way
11 and -- no. I apologize. I don't mean that. If that's
12 the way in which this case is going to process, then I
13 will actually operate accordingly.

14 So, that being said, Your Honor, I make a motion
15 for a directed verdict at this time.

16 THE COURT: Thank you.

17 Who's going to argue on behalf of the State?

18 MR. WILKINS: Why not, Your Honor.

19 THE COURT: Mr. Wilkins.

20 MR. WILKINS: Thank you, Your Honor.

21 In light of Mr. Mauldin's theatrical presentation,
22 there is a couple things that he's failing to
23 recognize. First and foremost, *State vs. Milan*
24 *Hernandez*, the defendant is presumed sane. She's
25 presumed sane when we started this trial. She's

1 presumed sane until they -- it's not burden shifting.
2 It's their defense. And our legislature has said for
3 them to assert a particular affirmative defense, we
4 still have a burden. Our burden is to prove the case
5 beyond a reasonable doubt. That's our case. We have
6 to prove that Anna Simpson did, in fact, with malice
7 aforethought kill Sawyer Simpson, Carly Simpson, and
8 attempt to kill Michael Simpson. That's our burden.

9 They have asserted an affirmative defense, and
10 under the law they have to give us notice of it, which
11 they did, and then they have to prove by a
12 preponderance of the evidence that she was insane at
13 the time of the murders. And once they do that, then
14 we have to prove beyond a reasonable doubt to this jury
15 she wasn't.

16 But we're not there yet. And so what we have done
17 is we have presented a case for two counts of murder,
18 possession of weapon with -- possession of weapon
19 during commission of violent crime, attempted murder.
20 And in the light most favorable to the State, we have
21 presented all the elements of that crime. We have laid
22 those out to the jury, and --

23 THE COURT: What is the evidence of malice?

24 MR. WILKINS: Well, couple of pieces. She was
25 having issues with her husband. She says to her

1 mother-in-law the night before -- her mother the night
2 before, "He's done with me," or, "He is through with
3 me." Nate Stegall testified that she was an angry
4 wife. They had words about things that day before.

5 Malice aforethought can be through circumstantial
6 evidence. She went and got a gun. She went and got a
7 gun and arguably loaded it away from them so they could
8 not hear her; loads it and shoots her husband with a
9 .22. Comes back and gets another gun and shoots both
10 her kids. We don't have to prove motive, Your Honor.
11 Motive is not an element of murder.

12 THE COURT: Sure.

13 MR. WILKINS: But right now we have evidence of a
14 couple who was going through a tough time. "Mike says
15 I can't take care of the kids. He's through with me,"
16 was part of the statement as well. That's -- that's
17 actually motive, Your Honor, not necessarily but also
18 evidence of malice in forethought. Malice in
19 forethought doesn't have to be premeditated.

20 And, finally, in regards to the Rule 5, keep in
21 mind, the defense filed a limited Rule 5 up until about
22 three weeks ago. And I don't know if Your Honor is
23 familiar with this practice in your circuit, but what
24 the defense does is they file a Rule 5, and all they
25 want is the statements of the defendant. That's in

1 Rule 5, the first section of Rule 5. It does not
2 trigger reciprocal discovery. So we can't get -- they
3 don't have to give us anything. But Mr. Mauldin did on
4 Friday hand me the report of one of their experts.
5 Four days ago, Friday, he did me a report. And we both
6 had a report from the State's witness, Dr. Frierson,
7 which was given to both of us. That's a state doctor.
8 Not my doctor, not his doctor, a state Department of
9 Health doctor. Doesn't work for either of us.

10 And then there is a third expert that he may or
11 may not call, who I tried to contact. He said he had
12 to talk with Mr. Mauldin. And I haven't spoken with
13 him, and I have no report from him, so I don't know
14 what he's going to say as far as -- you know, I'm
15 assuming he's going to say she was insane, but I don't
16 know that.

17 And so at this juncture, you know, we feel like
18 light most favorable to the State, Your Honor, we have
19 met our burden to get past directed verdict to prove
20 two elements of two counts of murder, one attempted
21 murder, and a --

22 THE COURT: Assuming arguendo, what's before me is
23 a motion for directed verdict.

24 MR. WILKINS: Sure.

25 THE COURT: Mr. Mauldin did go into what happens

1 later, okay, assuming we get to the later points. He
2 produces -- or the defense does its case. At the
3 conclusion of the defense case, the State has the
4 option for reply --

5 MR. WILKINS: Absolutely.

6 THE COURT: -- if you wish to. Do you know if the
7 State intends on calling an expert witness in reply?

8 MR. WILKINS: Based on -- based on what I believe
9 the experts are going to say -- and, again, Your Honor,
10 I don't have a magic looking glass. I can't see into
11 the future. I don't know how our cross-examination is
12 going to go. Based on what I believe, there is a
13 significant chance we intend to call rebuttal
14 witnesses.

15 THE COURT: Okay.

16 MR. WILKINS: But, you know, I can't tell you that
17 until I get there. And I've already represented to the
18 court, if you remember, Your Honor, any rebuttal
19 witness that I may or may not call, Mr. Mauldin is very
20 well aware of. I told you who it might be. It will be
21 Dr. Jeff Smith.

22 THE COURT: We talked about that yesterday.

23 MR. WILKINS: So I've already represented to the
24 court I don't have this mysterious expert coming in
25 here that he has never heard of or doesn't know

1 anything about.

2 THE COURT: I think he mentioned her treating
3 psychiatrist as well as the ER psychiatrist, possibly.

4 MR. WILKINS: That's correct, Your Honor.

5 THE COURT: Coming back to you. Any further
6 argument on the directed verdict motion?

7 MR. MAULDIN: One final comment. Keep in mind,
8 Your Honor, with regard to the attempted murder
9 regarding Michael Simpson, Michael Simpson was not
10 called to testify. There was no actual direct
11 testimony regarding that. So I don't -- you know, in
12 times of like malice, in terms of this evidence of
13 marital -- I mean, that is blatant speculation. And it
14 has to be more than suspicion or speculation. It's got
15 to be actual evidence in the record to support it, not
16 what might have been going on. If that is what -- both
17 of the mothers-in-law, Alison Simpson and Anna's
18 mother, Susan, they both testified and they had
19 opportunity to question them at that time about marital
20 discord or any kind of difficulties.

21 So I don't get the idea that that somehow would
22 pass the threshold regarding the intent elements of
23 these crimes.

24 THE COURT: Anything else y'all wish to say about
25 that?

1 I'll give him the last word.

2 MR. WILKINS: Your Honor, just, you know, the fact
3 that she shot him in the head is evidence of malice, by
4 the way.

5 THE COURT: Y'all give me just a second.

6 All right. Defense motion for a directed verdict
7 is denied.

8 All right. Mr. Mauldin, at this time I need to
9 speak with your client concerning her right to testify.

10 MR. MAULDIN: Your Honor, could we spend a moment
11 with her?

12 THE COURT: Sure. Why don't you talk to her about
13 that. Plus I'm going to have y'all move that Elmo so I
14 can make eye contact with her, talk to her about it.

15 If you could explain to her what I'm going to do.

16 MR. MAULDIN: We can bring her over here.

17 THE COURT: That's fine. Let's take about a
18 five-minute recess while we get ready for that.

19 (WHEREUPON, a recess was taken from 4:05 p.m. to
20 4:10 p.m.)

21 MR. MAULDIN: Your Honor, we're prepared. And if
22 the court would prefer to do the questioning, certainly
23 that's your discretion. I will do it if you wish.

24 THE COURT: I will do that. And if y'all see the
25 need to editorialize what I'm saying to her, as long as

1 it means the same thing as what I'm saying, that will
2 be fine.

3 MR. MAULDIN: Yes, sir.

4 THE COURT: All right.

5 Ms. Simpson, will you raise your right hand.

6 Do you swear to tell me the truth, the whole
7 truth, and nothing but the truth, so help you God?

8 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

9 THE COURT: Thank you. You can be seated.

10 Now, Ms. Simpson, at this time I'm going to
11 explain to you certain rights that you have. If you
12 don't understand anything I say, please let me know.
13 And if you want me to explain anything in more detail,
14 let me know that also.

15 Do you understand?

16 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

17 THE COURT: Okay. We've now reached the stage of
18 the trial where you get to present your defense. Now,
19 you have the right to claim the protections given to
20 you by the Fifth Amendment of the United States
21 Constitution which says that no person shall be
22 compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against
23 himself or herself. This means, Ms. Simpson, that you
24 cannot be required to testify in this case. Okay?
25 Nobody can make you testify.

1 Do you understand that?

2 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

3 THE COURT: Now, if you want to testify, you can,
4 but nobody can make you do that. Do you understand?

5 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

6 THE COURT: Do you know what "testify" means?

7 THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

8 THE COURT: What does "testify" mean?

9 THE DEFENDANT: Testify my case.

10 THE COURT: Okay. That means to speak and answer
11 questions from the lawyers. Do you understand that?

12 THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

13 THE COURT: Okay. Now, your right to decide
14 whether or not to testify is a personal right that
15 nobody can make you give up except for you yourself.
16 Do you understand that?

17 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

18 THE COURT: Okay. Now, if you do decide to
19 testify, if you decide to get up on this witness stand
20 and answer questions, then you will be subject to be
21 cross-examined by the State's lawyers. And they will
22 try to make your testimony look bad in front of the
23 jury the way your lawyer has tried to make, through
24 cross-examination, other witnesses' testimony look bad
25 in front of the jury. Do you understand what

1 "cross-examination" means?

2 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

3 THE COURT: Okay. No prior record?

4 MS. STROM: None.

5 MR. WILKINS: No.

6 THE COURT: Okay. Now, if you decide to testify,
7 you yourself must voluntarily make that decision,
8 understanding your Fifth Amendment rights. Do you
9 understand that?

10 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

11 THE COURT: Now, if you decide not to testify, I
12 will instruct that jury that they cannot give that fact
13 that you didn't testify any consideration whatsoever.
14 In fact, I'll tell them they can't even bring it up in
15 the jury room when they're discussing your case. Do
16 you understand that?

17 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

18 THE COURT: Now, it is left entirely up to you
19 whether or not you wish to testify. You can talk with
20 your lawyer, your family, friends, or anyone else, but
21 the final decision will be left up to you.

22 Now, do you understand what I've explained to you?

23 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

24 THE COURT: Do you need any further explanation?

25 THE DEFENDANT: No, sir.

1 THE COURT: Do you have any questions?

2 THE DEFENDANT: No, sir.

3 THE COURT: Have you discussed with your lawyers
4 about whether or not you should testify?

5 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

6 THE COURT: All right. Do you wish to talk to
7 your lawyers anymore at this time?

8 THE DEFENDANT: No, sir.

9 THE COURT: Do you wish to testify?

10 THE DEFENDANT: No, sir.

11 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.

12 All right. Do y'all concur with that decision,
13 Mr. Mauldin?

14 MR. MAULDIN: Nothing further, Your Honor.

15 THE COURT: All right. What we're going to do,
16 then, of course, we're already ten after 4:00. I
17 already indicated to you the defense will be able to
18 start its case tomorrow morning.

19 MR. MAULDIN: 10 o'clock.

20 THE COURT: Yes, sir. I told you 10:00 because
21 you have witnesses coming from out of town, that kind
22 of thing, to give them time to get here with traffic.

23 MR. MAULDIN: Yes, sir.

24 THE COURT: All right. So what we'll do is bring
25 the jury back in. I'll look at you again and you will

1 say, "The State rests." I'll look to you, and you will
2 say, "Your Honor, we have witnesses coming in tomorrow
3 morning," and I'll tell them that's what we're going to
4 do.

5 Sounds good? All right. Bring the jury in.

6 (WHEREUPON, the jury entered open court at
7 4:15 p.m.)

8 THE COURT: All right.

9 Solicitor.

10 MR. WILKINS: Your Honor, the State rests.

11 THE COURT: The State rests.

12 And, yes, sir, Mr. Mauldin.

13 MR. MAULDIN: Yes. Our witnesses are subpoenaed
14 for 10 o'clock in the morning, Your Honor.

15 THE COURT: Okay.

16 So, ladies and gentlemen, now is a good time to
17 recess this trial for the day. It is now a quarter
18 after 4:00, and, of course, as you heard Mr. Mauldin,
19 the defense will begin presenting their case tomorrow
20 morning at 10:00 a.m. That's a decision I made based
21 upon their witnesses' availability with traffic coming
22 from Greenville and their being out of town, okay. So
23 normally I like to start at 9:30, but we're doing it at
24 10:00. That's on me. So having said that, I want
25 y'all back in your jury room tomorrow morning at 9:45.

1 Okay?

2 Now, I will specifically instruct you again on
3 what I did right prior to lunch and what I did
4 yesterday when we finished for the day. Do not talk
5 with anybody about this case. Do not listen to any
6 news reports or read any media accounts of this case.
7 Do not go online and read what they're talking about on
8 Twitter or on Facebook or other social media about this
9 case. Your decision is based solely on the evidence as
10 it is presented in this courtroom. Do not do any
11 independent research on this case. If you do that, you
12 violate your oath as a juror. All right?

13 Also, if anybody attempts to contact you or talk
14 with you about this case, don't do that, number one.
15 Number two, let me know who that is and that they did
16 that, and I assure you I will take care of that. Okay?
17 And, ladies and gentlemen, also you may have noticed
18 there are some cameras in the courtroom. I assure you
19 in no way are y'all visible to the camera so don't
20 worry about that.

21 So having said that, we are recessed for the
22 evening. We'll see you tomorrow morning at 9:45 in the
23 jury room. Thank you very much. You are free to
24 leave.

25 (WHEREUPON, the jury exited open court at

1 4:17 p.m.)

2 THE COURT: Again I'll ask the crowd in the
3 courtroom to hold on about five minutes for the jury to
4 leave before y'all exit the courtroom, if y'all don't
5 mind.

6 All right. We're at ease for the next five
7 minutes or so and y'all can leave. Y'all are free to
8 talk and mingle and stuff.

9 (WHEREUPON, proceedings adjourned at 4:28 p.m.)

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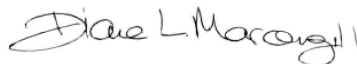
Certificate of Reporter

I, Diane L. Marcengill, Official Court Reporter for the Tenth Judicial Circuit of the State of South Carolina, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, accurate, and complete certified copy of the record of the proceedings had and evidence introduced in the trial of the captioned case, relative to appeal, in the Circuit Court for Pickens County, South Carolina, on the 21st day of June 2016.

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I do further certify that I am neither of kin, counsel, nor interest to any party hereto.

May 10, 2017



Diane L. Marcengill, RPR, CRR
Circuit Court Reporter