

IN THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA
IN THE COURT OF APPEALS

CASE DOCKET NO. 2025-001856

RECEIVED
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SC Court of Appeals

APPEAL FROM THE COUNTY OF KERSHAW
IN THE COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS

APPLICATION FOR FORENSIC DNA TESTING
UNDER CASE 2004-GS-28-00385

LAWRENCE L. CRAWFORD,

PETITIONER-APPELLANT

Vs.

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,

RESPONDENT

AFFIDAVIT OF FACTS GIVING JUDICIAL NOTICE; MOTION TO
ACT PRO SE (SEEKING TO RELIEVE STATE APPOINTED COUNSEL
ALSO DUE TO CONFLICT OF INTEREST); MOTION TO VACATE THE
ORDER ISSUED ON DECEMBER 3, 2025 HOLDING THE CASE IN
ABEYANCE DUE TO CONSTITUTIONAL STRUCTURAL ERROR VOIDING
THE ORDER UNDER THE CONSTITUTIONAL ELEMENT TO SUBJECT
MATTER JURISDICTION; MOTION TO RENEW THE PREVIOUS FILE
PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDAMUS AND OTHER PLEADING THAT ARE
SUBJECT TO THE DECEMBER 3, 2025 ORDER AND MOTION
TO MOTION THEREFOR

TO: THE SOUTH CAROLINA COURT OF APPEALS ET. AL.,

HERE THE S.C. COURT OF APPEALS AND PARTIES WILL FIND:

(1) APPENDIX NO. (1) THIS IS A COPY OF THE DOCUMENT ENTITLED, "AFFIDAVIT OF FACTS GIVING JUDICIAL NOTICE; NOTICE OF RELEASE AND ADDRESS CHANGE FOR MAURICE BELLAMY; MOTION TO SUBMIT ADDITIONAL EVIDENCE IN SUPPORT OF PROVING MACHINATION AND ESTABLISHING THAT THE STATE PROCESS IS INEFFECTIVE IN PROTECTING THE CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS OF THE APPELLANT(S) AND MOTION TO MOTION THEREFOR", [10] PAGES DATED DECEMBER 8, 2025.

(2) APPENDIX NO. (2). THIS IS A COPY OF THE DOCUMENT ENTITLED, "AFFIDAVIT OF FACTS GIVING JUDICIAL NOTICE; NOTICE OF SUBMISSION OF APPELLANTS INFORMAL BRIEF", [29] PAGES DATED OCTOBER 28, 2025. THESE DOCUMENTS ARE FILED BEFORE THE S.C. DISTRICT COURT UNDER THE RELATED CASES AND BEFORE THE 4TH. CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS UNDER THE CASES CAPTIONED ON THE DOCUMENTS. THEY ARE NOW SUBMITTED IN SUPPORT OF MOTIONING TO RELIEVE STATE APPOINTED APPELLATE COUNSEL TO ALLOW THE PETITIONER TO EXERCISE HIS CONSTITUTIONALLY PROTECTED DUE PROCESS RIGHT TO ACT PRO SE AND SELF REPRESENTATION.

INSOMUCH, THERE IS NO NEED TO BE REDUNDANT. THE [10] PAGE DOCUMENT DATED DECEMBER 8, 2025 NOW FILED BEFORE THE 4TH. CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS IS MORE THAN SUFFICIENT TO ADDRESS THESE MATTERS. IT IS BY THE PLEADING IN THAT DOCUMENT THAT THE PETITIONER MOTIONS TO RELIEVE THE STATE APPOINTED COUNSEL AND ACT PRO SE. SINCE WHEN, IN THE ANNALS OF THIS NATION'S HISTORY CAN A STATE COURT FORCE LEGAL COUNSEL ON AN INDIVIDUAL AGAINST HIS WILL WHO CHOOSES TO ACT PRO SE AND EXERCISE HIS RIGHT OF SELF REPRESENTATION, IF THE PERSON IS MENTALLY COMPETENT AND SEEKS TO DO SO VOLUNTARILY, KNOWINGLY AND INTELLIGENTLY, ACKNOWLEDGING ON THE RECORD THAT HE IS FULLY AWARE OF THE DANGERS OF SELF REPRESENTATION AND MAKES THAT CHOICE WITH HIS EYES WIDE OPEN KNOWING THE SAME AND THERE IS A CLEAR CONFLICT OF INTEREST INVOLVING THE S.C. APPELLATE DEFENSE OFFICE? IT IS THE

APPELLANT(S) POSITION THAT THIS UNCONSTITUTIONAL ACTION, FRAUD AND OBSTRUCTION IS DONE AS AN ADDITIONAL ACT OF FRAUD, OBSTRUCTION AND MACHINATION INVOLVING THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA COURTS TO PLACE COMPROMISED STATE APPOINTED LEGAL COUNSEL ON THE APPELLANT, CRAWFORD, TO STIFLE HIS VOICE AND PREVENT HIM FROM ARGUING AGAINST THE PRECEDENT ESTABLISHED BY THE STATE v. GENTRY CASE OF 2005 UNDER APPELLATE COURT RULE, RULE 217 AND TO PREVENT THE LEGAL ISSUES THAT HE INTENDS TO BE ARGUED BEFORE THAT COURT FROM BEING PROPERLY HEARD, VIOLATING HIS CONSTITUTIONALLY PROTECTED DUE PROCESS RIGHT OF AUTONOMY. THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT SPOKE IN NO UNCERTAIN TERMS. WITH INDIVIDUAL LIBERTY AT STAKE, IT IS THE APPELLANT'S PREROGATIVE, NOT THE S.C. COURT OF APPEALS CONSPIRING UNDER COLOR OF STATE LAW IN ACTS OF FRAUD, OBSTRUCTION AND MACHINATION TO PREVENT LEGAL ISSUES AND CLAIMS FROM BEING HEARD AND TO STIFLE THE APPELLANT'S RIGHT TO BE FULLY HEARD BY THIS CONFLICT OF INTEREST THAT EXISTS, TO DECIDE ON THE OBJECTIVES OF HIS DEFENSE AND OR APPEAL AND THE LEGAL ISSUES TO BE PRESENTED, AND THE APPELLANT MAY INSIST UPON REPRESENTING HIMSELF NO MATTER HOW COUNTER PRODUCTIVE THAT COURSE MAY BE. THE RIGHT TO BRING THIS APPEAL UNDER CASE 2025-001856 IS PERSONAL, ESPECIALLY SINCE THERE IS A CONFLICT OF INTEREST, AND THE APPELLANT'S CHOICE IN EXERCISING THAT RIGHT OF SELF REPRESENTATION DUE TO THE CONFLICT MUST BE HONORED OUT OF THAT RESPECT FOR THE INDIVIDUAL WHICH IS THE LIFEblood OF LAW AS IT RELATES TO HOW HE WISHES TO PROCEED WITHIN HIS APPEAL WHERE THE MOTION IS MADE EARLY, AND IS NOT DONE TO DISRUPT THE COURT OR CAUSE ANY UNDULY DELAY. AS A MATTER OF FACT, ITS THE CONTRARY. THIS IS SOUGHT IN ORDER TO EXPEDITE THESE MATTERS WHERE THE APPELLANT, CRAWFORD, WAS ALREADY SUBJECT TO UNCONSTITUTIONAL, INORDINATE DELAY WITHIN THE KERSHAW COUNTY COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS AND THIS INJUSTICE IS DONE TO PREVENT THE APPELLANT FROM ARGUING AGAINST THE PRECEDENT RELATED TO THE ISSUE OF SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION UNDER THE CONSTITUTIONAL ELEMENT TO SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION AS DUE PROCESS LAW WOULD PERMIT. IT IS DONE TO PREVENT FAIR AND PROPER RULING ON THE OTHER JURISDICTIONAL CLAIMS THAT ARE PRESENTED BEFORE THAT COURT BY THE PLEADING FILED. THE APPELLANT(S) ARE MOTIONING FOR AND SEEKING DECLARATORY

JUDGMENT ON THIS ISSUE RELATED TO THIS MATTER BEFORE THE 4TH. CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS THAT PRODUCE FURTHER EVIDENCE THAT THE STATE PROCESS IS INEFFECTIVE IN PROTECTING THE CONSTITUTIONAL DUE PROCESS RIGHTS OF THE APPELLANT(S) BY PLACING LEGAL COUNSEL WHERE THERE IS A CONFLICT OF INTEREST INVOLVED, JONES v. STATE, 2024 WL 2787273 (Tex.2024); McCOY v. LOUISIANA, 584 U.S. 414, 138 S.Ct. 1500, 200 L.Ed.2d. 821(U.S.2018); UNITED STATES v. DiMARTINO, 949 F.3d. 67 (2nd.Cir.2020); MAZE v. OLIVER, Fed. Supp., 2024 WL 2848308(3rd.Cir.2024); WEAVER v. MASSACHUSETTS, 582 U.S. 286, 137 S.Ct. 1899, 198 L.Ed.2d. 420(U.S.2017)(THE RIGHT OF A DEFENDANT TO CONDUCT HIS OWN PROCEEDINGS IS BASED UPON THE FUNDAMENTAL LEGAL PRINCIPLE THAT THE APPELLANT MUST BE ALLOWED TO MAKE HIS OWN CHOICES ABOUT THE PROPER WAY TO PROTECT HIS OWN LIBERTY WHICH ESTABLISH CONSTITUTIONAL STRUCTURAL ERROR THAT VOIDS THE ORDER UNDER THE CONSTITUTIONAL ELEMENT TO SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION. THE APPELLANT, CRAWFORD, MOTION TO VACATE THE ORDER BEFORE THE S.C. COURT OF APPEALS AND RENEWS THE PREVIOUS FILED MOTIONS THAT ARE THE SOURCE OF THIS UNCONSTITUTIONAL ACTION DONE BY THE S.C. COURT OF APPEALS.

THIS IS NOT THE FIRST TIME SOMETHING LIKE THIS OCCURRED, AND THIS IS NOT YOUR GARDEN VARIETY FRAUD. IT IS A FRAUD UPON THE COURT DIRECTED AT THE MACHINERY OF THE COURT ITSELF BY OFFICERS OF THE COURT WHICH PREVENT THE S.C. COURT OF APPEALS BY THIS MACHINATION FROM NORMALLY ADJUDICATING CASES IN ACCORDANCE WITH DUE PROCESS LAW WHERE THE COURT HAS SADDLED THE PETITIONER WITH COUNSEL THAT PRODUCE A CONFLICT OF INTEREST. THE SOUTH CAROLINA COURT OF APPEALS PULLED THIS STUNT IN 2004 ALONG WITH THE S.C. APPELLATE DEFENSE OFFICE TO PREVENT THE APPELLANT, CRAWFORD, FROM BEING FULLY HEARD ON THE JURISDICTIONAL ISSUES WHEN HE WAS ON HIS INITIAL DIRECT APPEAL IN 2004 AND LITIGATING ESSENTIALLY (11) YEARS AHEAD OF U.S. SUPREME COURT RULING THAT DID NOT OCCUR UNTIL 2016. THEIR INTENT IS TO APPOINT THIS COMPROMISED INAPPROPRIATE INFLUENCE STATE APPOINTED ATTORNEY, PRODUCING A CONFLICT OF INTEREST, CONSPIRING UNDER COLOR OF STATE LAW IN ACTS OF MACHINATION, TO ALLOW THE COMPROMISED APPELLATE ATTORNEY TO THROW OUT AND OR FAIL TO LITIGATE ALL THE CLAIMS AND ISSUES THAT ARE NOW PROPERLY PLACED BEFORE THE COURT BY THE CURRENT PLEADING

UNDER THE GUISE OF ASSERTING THERE IS NO HYBRID DEFENSE IN THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA. THE APPELLANT(S) OBJECT AS IS ARGUED WITHIN THE [10] PAGE DOCUMENT ATTACHED. THE PETITIONER HAS NOW BROUGHT THE EYES OF THE WORLD INTO THESE JUDICIAL PROCEEDING WITHIN THE S.C. COURT OF APPEALS. LET THE WORLD NOW SEE IF THE PETITIONER IS RIGHT ABOUT THE STATE PROCESS NOT BEING EFFECTIVE IN PROTECTING HIS CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS IN THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA. THE PETITIONER IS MENTALLY COMPETENT TO REPRESENT HIMSELF. THE S.C. COURT OF APPEALS IN MANY REGARDS PERTAINING TO THESE MATTERS HANDLED THE COURT LIKE THE "DEATH STAR" FROM STAR WARS UTILIZING THIS STATE APPOINTED COUNSEL AS A MEANS OF MACHINATION TO STIFLE THE VOICES OF THE PETITIONER WHERE THERE IS A CONFLICT OF INTEREST IN THEY REPRESENTING THE PETITIONER TO CLAIM THEIR IS NO HYBRID DEFENSE TO PREVENT JURISDICTIONAL ISSUES FROM BEING HEARD FOR FAR TO LONG. THE MOTION FOR SELF REPRESENTATION IS TIMELY MADE. THE PREJUDICE TO THE PETITIONER IS OVERWHELMING. THOUGH THE RIGHT TO SELF REPRESENTATION ON APPEAL IS DISCRETIONARY, THE MAGNITUDE OF THE DAMAGE THAT CAN OCCUR BY ALLOWING THE APPELLATE DEFENSE OFFICE TO HANDLE THIS CASE CANNOT BE OVERSTATED AND WOULD IN FRAUD AND MACHINATION, NOT STRATEGY, PREVENT THE PROPER CHALLENGE TO THE STATE v. GENTRY CASE UNDER THE CONSTITUTIONAL ELEMENT TO SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION. THERE IS ALSO A CONFLICT OF INTEREST INVOLVING THE S.C. APPELLATE DEFENSE OFFICE WHERE THE COUNTIES OF RICHLAND AND KERSHAW ARE CURRENTLY BEING SUED UNDER CASE 9:24-cv-04660-BHH-MHC ET. AL., IN THE S.C. DISTRICT COURT. THE COUNTY AND ITS INVOLVED OFFICERS, INCLUDING THE APPELLANT DEFENSE OFFICE ARE CURRENTLY BEING SUE FOR THEIR INVOLVEMENT WITH THE CONSPIRACY THAT OCCURRED IN 2024 REGARDING THIS CASE. IT WOULD BE A CONFLICT OF INTEREST AND INAPPROPRIATE FOR THE APPELLATE DEFENSE OFFICE TO REPRESENT THE PETITIONER ON THIS SECOND APPEAL WHILE A § 1983 FEDERAL LAWSUIT IS CURRENTLY PENDING AGAINST THEM FOR ALLEGED INVOLVEMENT IN THE CONSPIRACY TO FRAME THE PETITIONER BEHIND RELIGIOUS AND RACIAL HATRED TO CONFIRM THE UNCONSTITUTIONAL CONVICTION. A DIRECT CONFLICT ARISES WHEN A LAWYER'S OR LAW FIRM'S (IN THIS CASE, THE APPELLATE DEFENSE OFFICE) DUTY TO THEIR CURRENT CLIENT (THE PETITIONER) IS MATERIALLY LIMITED BY THEIR OWN PERSONAL INTERESTS OR BY THEIR RESPONSIBILITY TO A THIRD PARTY. THIS CURRENT APPEAL

INVOLVE CHALLENGE TO THE LEGITIMACY OF THE PRIOR CONVICTION, WHICH COULD POTENTIALLY EXPOSE OR SUPPORT CLAIMS MADE IN THE PENDING § 1983 TO WHICH PETITION FOR HABEAS CORPUS IS ALSO FILED THAT WOULD PERMIT SELF REPRESENTATION BEFORE THAT COURT AGAINST THE OFFICE AND ITS ACTORS. THE OFFICE INTEREST IS DEFENDING ITSELF AGAINST SERIOUS ALLEGATIONS OF CONSPIRACY IN THE FEDERAL LAWSUITS CREATES A SIGNIFICANT RISK THAT ITS REPRESENTATION OF THE PETITIONER WOULD BE COMPROMISED. ATTORNEYS OWE THEIR CLIENTS A DUTY OF UNDIVIDED LOYALTY. THE APPELLATE DEFENSE OFFICE ALONG WITH THE OTHER COUNTY OFFICIALS ARE BEING SUED BY THE PETITIONER WHO YOU SET UP AS THEIR CLIENT FOR THE ALLEGED CONSPIRACY IN CONFIRMING AN UNLAWFUL CONVICTION. IT WOULD BE FUNDAMENTALLY OPPOSED TO THE PETITIONER'S INTEREST FOR THE OFFICE TO CONTINUE TO REPRESENT HIM IN THE UNDERLYING CRIMINAL CASE. LEGAL ETHICS RULES UNIVERSALLY PROHIBIT SUCH CONFLICTS TO ENSURE A CLIENT RECEIVES ZEALOUS AND UNCOMPROMISED REPRESENTATION. CONTINUED REPRESENTATION UNDER THESE CIRCUMSTANCES WOULD VIOLATE RULES OF PROFESSIONAL ETHICS. THE APPELLATE DEFENSE OFFICE ALONG WITH THE OTHER COUNTY OFFICIAL'S INVOLVEMENT IN THE CIVIL LAWSUIT FOR THE ALLEGED CONSPIRACY RELATED TO THE ORIGINAL CONVICTION DIRECTLY UNDERMINES ITS ABILITY TO PROVIDE CONFLICT-FREE AND ZEALOUS ADVOCACY IN THE CONTINUING APPEAL PROCESS. THE PETITIONER MOTIONS FOR LEAVE TO RELIEVE APPOINTED COUNSEL AND TO EXERCISE HIS RIGHT OF AUTONOMY AND TO ACT PRO SE DUE TO THIS SIGNIFICANT CONFLICT OF INTEREST THAT EXIST IN THE APPELLATE DEFENSE OFFICE REPRESENTING THE PETITIONER IN THIS APPEAL. SEE S.C. RULES OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT RULE 1.7.(a)(2)(A LAWYER SHALL NOT REPRESENT A CLIENT IF THERE IS A SIGNIFICANT RISK THAT THE REPRESENTATION WILL BE MATERIALLY LIMITED BY THE LAWYER'S PERSONAL INTERESTS OR RESPONSIBILITIES TO A THIRD PARTY). THE OFFICE POTENTIALLY DEFENDING ITSELF IN A FEDERAL LAWSUIT FROM THE CLIENT FOR CONSPIRACY TO WRONGFULLY CONVICT THE PETITIONER PRESENTS A PROFOUND "PERSONAL INTEREST" CONFLICT. WHEN A LAWYER'S OWN CONDUCT IN A RELATED TRANSACTION IS IN "SERIOUS QUESTION", IT WOULD BE "DIFFICULT OR IMPOSSIBLE" TO GIVE THE PETITIONER DETACHED ADVICE. THIS PRINCIPLE DIRECTLY APPLIES HERE AS THE OFFICE AND COUNTY'S PRIOR CONDUCT IS SUBJECT TO THE PETITIONER'S CIVIL LAWSUIT. RULE 1.16(a)(1) THAT A LAWYER MUST TERMINATE OR

DECLINE REPRESENTATION IF THE "REPRESENTATION WILL RESULT IN A VIOLATION OF THE RULES OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT OR OTHER LAW". THIS PRODUCES A SCENARIO THAT IS NON-CONSENTABLE, THE LAWYER CANNOT REASONABLY BELIEVE THEY CAN PROVIDE COMPETENT AND DILIGENT REPRESENTATION, IN THE MATTER OF ANONYMOUS MEMBER OF SOUTH CAROLINA BAR, 392 S.C. 328, 709 S.E.2d. 633(S.C.App.2011); IN THE MATTER OF ANONYMOUS MEMBER OF THE BAR, 346 S.C. 177, 552 S.E.2d. 10 (S.C.App.2001); STANKO v. STIRLING, 109 F.4TH. 681(4th.Cir.2024); CUYLER v. SULLIVAN, 446 U.S. 335, 100 S.Ct. 1708, 64 L.Ed.2d. 333(U.S.1980); HOLLOWAY v. ARKANSAS, 435 U.S. 475, 98 S.Ct. 1173, 55 L.Ed.2d. 426(U.S.1978); STATE v. HENDERSON, 205 Kan. 231, 468 P.2d. 136(1970); PEOPLE v. BLALOCK, 197 Colo. 320, 592 P.2d. 406 (1979); STRICKLAND v. WASHINGTON, 466 U.S. 668, 104 S.Ct. 2052, 80 L.Ed.2d. 674(U.S.1984); WILLIAMS v. TAYLOR, 529 U.S. 362, 391, 120 S.Ct. 1495, 146 L.Ed.2d. 389(U.S.2000).

INASMUCH, RULE 602, SCACR (REPRESENTATION OF INDIGENT DEFENDANTS): OUTLINES THE PROCEDURE FOR APPOINTING AND RELIEVING COUNSEL FOR INDIGENT DEFENDANTS. THE RULE DOES NOT PROVIDE MECHANISM TO FORCE AN ATTORNEY ONTO AN UNWILLING, COMPETENT CLIENT, ESPECIALLY WHERE THERE EXIST A CONFLICT OF INTEREST. RULE 71.1(g), SCRCR (POST CONVICTION RELIEF ACTIONS SIMILAR TO FORENSIC DNA TESTING GOVERNS THE CONTINUANCE OF REPRESENTATION DURING APPEAL. COUNSEL AT THE LOWER COURT STAGE, IN THIS CASE SELF REPRESENTATION, SHALL CONTINUE REPRESENTATION ON APPEAL. THE S.C. COURT OF APPEALS CANNOT FORCE A MENTALLY COMPETENT INDIVIDUAL TO ACCEPT LEGAL COUNSEL AGAINST THEIR WILL IF THEY MAKE A TIMELY MOTION TO REPRESENT THEMSELVES AND THERE IS A CLEAR CONFLICT OF INTEREST INVOLVING THE APPELLATE DEFENSE OFFICE AS STATED. MOTION IS OFFICIALLY AND TIMELY MADE. THE RIGHT TO SELF REPRESENTATION IS A CONSTITUTIONALLY PROTECTED RIGHT ROOTED IN DUE PROCESS LAW, EVEN THOUGH THE PETITIONER IS AWARE THAT ON APPEAL IT GOES TOWARDS THE COURT'S DISCRETION. A CONFLICT OF INTEREST CLEARLY EXISTS. THE ONLY THING THAT THE S.C. COURT OF APPEALS IS REQUIRED TO DO UNDER THESE CIRCUMSTANCES IS CONFIRM THAT THE INDIVIDUAL'S RIGHT TO MOVE FORWARD WITHOUT COUNSEL IS MADE KNOWINGLY, INTELLIGENTLY, AND VOLUNTARILY AND THAT THE PARTY

IS FULLY AWARE OF THE CONSEQUENCES AND SIGNIFICANT RISKS OF SELF REPRESENTATION. THE REQUEST MUST BE TIMELY MADE, WHICH OF COURSE THE REQUEST IS TIMELY, SINCE THE APPEAL JUST BEGAN. ANY OTHER REQUIREMENT WOULD BE AN ACT OF OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE AND FRAUD UPON THE COURT AND MACHINATION WHERE THERE IS A CONFLICT OF INTEREST INVOLVING THE APPELLATE DEFENSE OFFICE ESTABLISHING CONSTITUTIONAL STRUCTURAL ERROR THAT WOULD VOID THE S.C. COURT OF APPEALS JURISDICTION UNDER THE CONSTITUTIONAL ELEMENT TO SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION. SEE CASES CITED WITHIN THE 4TH. CIRCUIT INFORMAL BRIEF. ALSO SEE STATE v. BARNES, 407 S.C. 27, 753 S.E.2d. 545 (S.C.App.2014); BROOKS v. SOUTH CAROLINA COMMISSION OF INDIGENT DEFENSE, 419 S.C. 319, 797 S.E.2d. 402(S.C.App.2017); STATE v. POLITE, S.E.2d., 2017 WL 105020 (S.C.App.2017); STATE v. MAZIQUE, 419 S.C. 282, 797 S.E.2d. 730 (S.C.App.2016); STATE v. GREEN, S.E.2d., 2016 WL 3200132 (S.C.App.2016); INDIANA v. EDWARDS, 554 U.S. 164, 128 S.Ct. 2379, 171 L.Ed.2d. 345(U.S.2008); FARETTA v. CALIFORNIA, 422 U.S. 806, 95 S.Ct. 2525, 45 L.Ed.2d. 562(U.S.1975); HERRINGTON v. DOTSON, 99 F.4TH. 705(4th.Cir.2024); UNITED STATES v. ZIEGLER, 1 F.4TH. 219 (4th.Cir.2021); UNITED STATES v. GLOVER, 2021 WL 3500350 (4th.Cir.2021). THE S.C. COURT OF APPEALS NEVER EXPECTED THE APPELLANT TO MOVE THIS FAST TO FORCE THE MATTER BEFORE THE COURT AND TO SEEK TO MOTION TO OBTAIN TRIAL TRANSCRIPTS AND ADVANCE THE CAUSE TO MOVE THE CASE UP ON THE DOCKET DUE TO THERE BEING A CONFLICT OF INTEREST INVOLVING THE APPELLATE DEFENSE OFFICE AS STATED. SUCH INTENT IS NOT JUST MEANT TO STIFLE THE APPELLANT'S VOICE. IT IS ALSO TO UNDER THE GUISE OF A MISREPRESENTED CLAIM OF HYBRID DEFENSE PREVENT THE APPELLANT FROM ARGUING AGAINST THE PRECEDENT ESTABLISHED BY THE STATE v. GENTRY CASE AND TO EXERCISE RIGHTS ESTABLISHED BY THE CLAIM PROCESSING RULE RELIED UPON TIMELY INVOKED BEFORE THE KERSHAW COUNTY GENERAL SESSIONS COURT AND OTHER DUE PROCESS AND UNCONSTITUTIONAL ACTION ARGUED FROM BEING GIVEN "JUST AND FAIR" JUDICIAL REVIEW, BY PLACING SUCH COMPROMISED COUNSEL ON THE PETITION WHEN THERE IS A CLEAR CONFLICT OF INTEREST. IN LIGHT OF THESE CIRCUMSTANCES, INCLUDING THE CONFLICT OF INTEREST INVOLVING THE APPELLATE DEFENSE OFFICE. THIS WOULD FURTHER DEMONSTRATE THAT THE STATE PROCESS BY THIS MACHINATION AND MANIFEST INJUSTICE IS INEFFECTIVE IN PROTECTING

THE CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS OF THE APPELLANT(S) WARRANTING HABEAS
CORPUS AS IS SOUGHT WITHIN THE 4TH. CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS. THE
PETITIONER MOTIONS TO RELIEVE COUNSEL AND MOTION TO ACT PRO SE,
MOTION TO VACATE THE ORDER OF ABEYANCE AND RENEWS THE PREVIOUS
FILED PLEADINGS BEFORE THE COURT OF APPEALS.

RESPECTFULLY,
LAWRENCE L. CRAWFORD

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Lawrence L. Crawford", written in a cursive style.

DECEMBER 8, 2025

APPENDIX NO. 1

IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS
FOR THE FOURTH CIRCUIT

APPELLATE CASE NO.(S) 2025-6589, 2025-6599, 2025-1840, 2025-6602

APPEAL FROM THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA
IN THE SOUTH CAROLINA DISTRICT COURT

APPEAL FROM CASE NO. 9:24-cv-04660-BHH-MHC ET. AL.,

LAWRENCE L. CRAWFORD AKA JONAH GABRIEL JAHJAH T. TISHBITE, ALTON
CHISOLM, YAHDINA OVERSTREET-U-DEEN, MAURICE BELLAMY,

PLAINTIFFS-APPELLANTS

Vs.

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA ET. AL.,

DEFENDANTS-APPELLEES

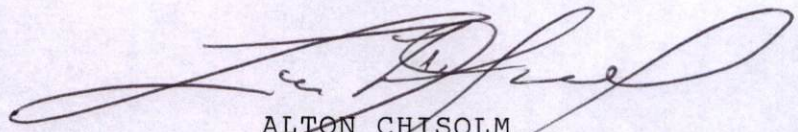
AFFIDAVIT OF SERVICE

WE, LAWRENCE L. CRAWFORD AKA JONAH GABRIEL JAHJAH T. TISHBITE, ALTON CHISOLM, YAHDINA OVERSTREET-U-DEEN, MAURICE BELLAMY, DO HEREBY CERTIFY, THAT WE HAVE MAILED AND OR SERVED A COPY OF AN AFFIDAVIT OF FACTS GIVING JUDICIAL NOTICE; NOTICE OF RELEASE AND ADDRESS CHANGE FOR MAURICE BELLAMY; MOTION TO SUBMIT ADDITIONAL EVIDENCE IN SUPPORT OF PROVING MACHINATION AND

ESTABLISHING THAT THE STATE PROCESS IS INEFFECTIVE IN PROTECTING THE CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS OF THE APPELLANT(S) AND MOTION TO MOTION THEREFOR, ON THE S.C. COURT OF APPEALS P.O. BOX 11629 COLUMBIA, S.C. 29211, ATTORNEY MS. WANDA H. CARTER OF THE S.C. APPELLATE DEFENSE OFFICE 1330 LADY STREET SUITE 401, COLUMBIA, S.C. 29201, THE 4TH. CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS, THE S.C. U.S. DISTRICT COURT, THE S.C. ATTORNEY GENERAL, THE S.C. DEPT. OF CORRECTIONS, MR. LAWRENZ DIRECTOR AT WELL PATH CENTER, THE UNITED STATES CONGRESS, THE UNITED STATES SENATE, THE U.S. ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE AT THE DEPT. OF JUSTICE, THE U.S. ATTORNEY FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA, ARCH BISHOP FABRE-JEUNE, POPE LEO AND THE VATICAN, THE UNITED NATIONS, THE COUNTY OF RICHLAND, THE COUNTY OF KERSHAW, THE COUNTY OF HORRY, THE COUNTY OF CHARLESTON AND ALL OTHER INVOLVED PARTIES VIA THEIR ADDRESSES ON RECORD WITHIN THE 4TH. CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS, BY U.S. MAIL AND OR CERTIFIED, POSTAGE PREPAID, BY DEPOSITING IT IN THE INSTITUTION MAILBOX ON DECEMBER 8, 2025. FEDERAL LAW PREEMPTS STATE LAW IN THIS CASE. IT IS DEEMED FILED ON THAT DATE PURSUANT TO THE MAILBOX RULE, HOUSTON v. LACK, 287 U.S. 266, 273-76, 108 S.Ct. 2379(U.S.1988).

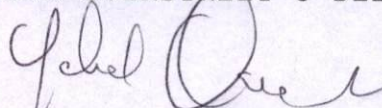
RESPECTFULLY,

JONAH THE TISHBITE




ALTON CHISOLM
Alton Chisolm

YAHDIRA OVERSTREET-U-DEEN



MAURICE BELLAMY



DECEMBER 8, 2025

IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS
FOR THE FOURTH CIRCUIT

APPELLATE CASE NO.(S) 2025-6589, 2025-6599, 2025-1840, 2025-6602

APPEAL FROM THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA
IN THE SOUTH CAROLINA DISTRICT COURT

APPEAL FROM CASE NO. 9:24-cv-04660-BHH-MHC ET. AL.,

LAWRENCE L. CRAWFORD AKA JONAH GABRIEL JAHJAH T. TISHBITE, ALTON
CHISOLM, YAHDINA OVERSTREET-U-DEEN, MAURICE BELLAMY,

PLAINTIFFS-APPELLANTS

Vs.

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA ET. AL.,

DEFENDANTS-APPELLEES

AFFIDAVIT OF FACTS GIVING JUDICIAL NOTICE; NOTICE OF
RELEASE AND ADDRESS CHANGE FOR MAURICE BELLAMY; MOTION
TO SUBMIT ADDITIONAL EVIDENCE IN SUPPORT OF PROVING
MACHINATION AND ESTABLISHING THAT THE STATE PROCESS IS
INEFFECTIVE IN PROTECTING THE CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS OF
THE APPELLANT(S) AND MOTION TO MOTION THEREFOR

TO: THE 4TH. CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS ET. AL.,
3-of-10

THE APPELLANTS GIVE THE 4TH. CIRCUIT JUDICIAL NOTICE OF ADDRESS CHANGE AND RELEASE OF THE APPELLANT MAURICE BELLAMY FROM THE S.C. DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS. HIS CURRENT ADDRESS NOW IS:

MAURICE BELLAMY
137 BENDICK COURT
LITTLE RIVER, S.C. 29566

HERE THE 4TH. CIRCUIT AND PARTIES WILL FIND:

(1) A COPY OF THE ORDER ISSUED IN THE SOUTH CAROLINA COURT OF APPEALS UNDER CASE 2025-001856 DATED DECEMBER 3, 2025.

(2) A COPY OF THE DOCUMENT ENTITLED, "AFFIDAVIT OF FACTS GIVING JUDICIAL NOTICE; MOTION TO ACT PRO SE; MOTION TO VACATE THE ORDER ISSUED ON DECEMBER 3, 2025 HOLDING THE CASE IN ABEYANCE DUE TO CONSTITUTIONAL STRUCTURAL ERROR VOIDING THE ORDER UNDER THE CONSTITUTIONAL ELEMENT TO SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION; MOTION TO RENEW THE PREVIOUS FILED PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDAMUS AND OTHER PLEADING THAT IS SUBJECT TO THE DECEMBER 3, 2025 ORDER AND MOTION TO MOTION THEREFOR".

INSOMUCH, SINCE WHEN, IN THE ANNALS OF THIS NATION'S HISTORY CAN A STATE COURT FORCE LEGAL COUNSEL ON AN INDIVIDUAL AGAINST HIS WILL WHO CHOOSES TO ACT PRO SE AND EXERCISE HIS RIGHT OF SELF REPRESENTATION, IF THE PERSON IS MENTALLY COMPETENT AND SEEKS TO DO SO VOLUNTARILY, KNOWINGLY AND INTELLIGENTLY, ACKNOWLEDGING ON THE RECORD THAT HE IS FULLY AWARE OF THE DANGERS OF SELF REPRESENTATION AND MAKES THAT CHOICE WITH HIS EYES WIDE OPEN KNOWING THE SAME?

IT IS THE APPELLANT(S) POSITION THAT THIS UNCONSTITUTIONAL ACTION, FRAUD AND OBSTRUCTION IS DONE AS AN ADDITIONAL ACT OF FRAUD, OBSTRUCTION AND MACHINATION INVOLVING THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA COURTS TO PLACE COMPROMISED STATE APPOINTED LEGAL COUNSEL ON THE APPELLANT, CRAWFORD, TO STIFLE HIS VOICE AND

PREVENT HIM FROM ARGUING AGAINST THE PRECEDENT ESTABLISHED BY THE STATE v. GENTRY CASE OF 2005 UNDER APPELLATE COURT RULE, RULE 217 AND TO PREVENT THE LEGAL ISSUES THAT HE INTENDS TO BE ARGUED BEFORE THAT COURT FROM BEING PROPERLY HEARD, VIOLATING HIS CONSTITUTIONALLY PROTECTED DUE PROCESS RIGHT OF AUTONOMY. THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT SPOKE IN NO UNCERTAIN TERMS. WITH INDIVIDUAL LIBERTY AT STAKE, IT IS THE APPELLANT'S PREROGATIVE, NOT THE S.C. COURT OF APPEALS CONSPIRING UNDER COLOR OF STATE LAW IN ACTS OF FRAUD, OBSTRUCTION AND MACHINATION TO PREVENT LEGAL ISSUES AND CLAIMS FROM BEING HEARD AND TO STIFLE THE APPELLANT'S RIGHT TO BE FULLY HEARD, TO DECIDE ON THE OBJECTIVES OF HIS DEFENSE AND OR APPEAL AND THE LEGAL ISSUES TO BE PRESENTED, AND THE APPELLANT MAY INSIST UPON REPRESENTING HIMSELF NO MATTER HOW COUNTER PRODUCTIVE THAT COURSE MAY BE. THE RIGHT TO BRING THIS APPEAL UNDER CASE 2025-001856 IS PERSONAL, AND THE APPELLANT'S CHOICE IN EXERCISING THAT RIGHT OF SELF REPRESENTATION MUST BE HONORED OUT OF THAT RESPECT FOR THE INDIVIDUAL WHICH IS THE LIFEblood OF LAW AS IT RELATES TO HOW HE WISHES TO PROCEED WITHIN HIS APPEAL WHERE THE MOTION IS MADE EARLY, AND IS NOT DONE TO DISRUPT THE COURT OR CAUSE ANY UNDULY DELAY. AS A MATTER OF FACT, ITS THE CONTRARY. THIS IS SOUGHT IN ORDER TO EXPEDITE THESE MATTERS WHERE THE APPELLANT, CRAWFORD, WAS ALREADY SUBJECT TO UNCONSTITUTIONAL, INORDINATE DELAY WITHIN THE KERSHAW COUNTY COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS AND THIS INJUSTICE IS DONE TO PREVENT THE APPELLANT FROM ARGUING AGAINST THE PRECEDENT RELATED TO THE ISSUE OF SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION UNDER THE CONSTITUTIONAL ELEMENT TO SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION AS DUE PROCESS LAW WOULD PERMIT. IT IS DONE TO PREVENT FAIR AND PROPER RULING ON THE OTHER JURISDICTIONAL CLAIMS THAT ARE PRESENTED BEFORE THAT COURT BY THE PLEADING FILED. THE APPELLANT(S) ARE MOTIONING FOR AND SEEKING DECLARATORY JUDGMENT ON THIS ISSUE RELATED TO THIS MATTER BEFORE THE 4TH. CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS THAT PRODUCE FURTHER EVIDENCE THAT THE STATE PROCESS IS INEFFECTIVE IN PROTECTING THE CONSTITUTIONAL DUE PROCESS RIGHTS OF THE APPELLANT(S), JONES v. STATE, 2024 WL 2787273 (Tex.2024); McCOY v. LOUISIANA, 584 U.S. 414, 138 S.Ct. 1500, 200 L.Ed.2d. 821(U.S.2018); UNITED STATES v. DiMARTINO, 949 F.3d. 67 (2nd.Cir.2020); MAZE v. OLIVER, Fed. Supp., 2024 WL 2848308(3rd.Cir.2024); WEAVER v. MASSACHUSETTS,

582 U.S. 286, 137 S.Ct. 1899, 198 L.Ed.2d. 420(U.S.2017)(THE RIGHT OF A DEFENDANT TO CONDUCT HIS OWN PROCEEDINGS IS BASED UPON THE FUNDAMENTAL LEGAL PRINCIPLE THAT THE APPELLANT MUST BE ALLOWED TO MAKE HIS OWN CHOICES ABOUT THE PROPER WAY TO PROTECT HIS OWN LIBERTY WHICH ESTABLISH CONSTITUTIONAL STRUCTURAL ERROR THAT VOIDS THE ORDER UNDER THE CONSTITUTIONAL ELEMENT TO SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION. THE APPELLANT, CRAWFORD, MOTION TO VACATE THE ORDER BEFORE THE S.C. COURT OF APPEALS AND RENEWS THE PREVIOUS FILED MOTIONS THAT ARE THE SOURCE OF THIS UNCONSTITUTIONAL ACTION DONE BY THE S.C. COURT OF APPEALS.

THIS IS NOT THE FIRST TIME SOMETHING LIKE THIS OCCURRED, AND THIS IS NOT YOUR GARDEN VARIETY FRAUD. IT IS A FRAUD UPON THE COURT DIRECTED AT THE MACHINERY OF THE COURT ITSELF BY OFFICERS OF THE COURT WHICH PREVENT THE S.C. COURT OF APPEALS BY THIS MACHINATION FROM NORMALLY ADJUDICATING CASES IN ACCORDANCE WITH DUE PROCESS LAW. THE SOUTH CAROLINA COURT OF APPEALS PULLED THIS STUNT IN 2004 TO PREVENT THE APPELLANT, CRAWFORD, FROM BEING FULLY HEARD ON THE JURISDICTIONAL ISSUES WHEN HE WAS ON HIS INITIAL DIRECT APPEAL IN 2004 AND LITIGATING ESSENTIALLY (11) YEARS AHEAD OF U.S. SUPREME COURT RULING THAT DID NOT OCCUR UNTIL 2016. THEIR INTENT IS TO APPOINT THIS COMPROMISED INAPPROPRIATE INFLUENCE STATE APPOINTED ATTORNEY, CONSPIRING UNDER COLOR OF STATE LAW IN ACTS OF MACHINATION, TO ALLOW THE COMPROMISED APPELLATE ATTORNEY TO THROW OUT AND OR FAIL TO LITIGATE ALL THE CLAIMS AND ISSUES THAT ARE NOW PROPERLY PLACED BEFORE THE COURT BY THE CURRENT PLEADING UNDER THE GUISE OF ASSERTING THERE IS NO HYBRID DEFENSE IN THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA. THE APPELLANT(S) OBJECT. THIS ACT OF FRAUD, OBSTRUCT AND MACHINATION GOES TOWARDS FURTHER ESTABLISHING THE CLAIM BEFORE THE 4TH. CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS THAT THE STATE COURTS PROCESS IS INEFFECTIVE BY THIS CONTINUED MACHINATION TO PROTECT THE CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS OF THE APPELLANT(S) REQUIRING THE GRANTING OF HABEAS CORPUS AND OTHER RELIEF THAT IS SOUGHT WITHIN THE INFORMAL BRIEF, de CSEPEL v. REPUBLIC OF HUNGARY, 752 F.Supp.3d. 147 (D.D.C.2024); de CSEPEL v. REPUBLIC OF HUNGARY, 613 F.Supp.3d. 255 (D.D.C.2020); ROSS v. BLAKE, 136 S.Ct. 1850(U.S.2016). THE STATE PROCESS IS NO LONGER EFFECTIVE IN PROTECTING THE CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS OF THE

APPELLANTS, KAUR v. WARDEN, NO. 24-6440 (4th.Cir.2025); WOLFE v. CLARK, 691 F.3d. 410(4th.Cir.2012)(COURTS FOUND OFFICIAL SUPPRESSED EVIDENCE (IN THIS CASE CONSPIRING TO SUPPRESS LEGAL ISSUES FROM BEING HEARD CLAIMING HYBRID DEFENSE VIOLATING AUTONOMY) AND ENGAGED IN A PATTERN OF MACHINATION); SIMS v. HYATTE, 914 F.3d. 1078 (7th.Cir.2019)(THE LEGAL ISSUES OF RELIGIOUS PROPHECY THAT ARE FILED IN CHISOLM, BELLAMY AND CRAWFORD CASES ARE SEEN WITHIN THIS APPEAL AS EVIDENCE OF THE CLAIMS WHICH THEY ARE CONSPIRING TO BLOCK REVIEW BY THE APPOINTMENT OF THIS COUNSEL CONSTITUTE MACHINATION); HILL v. REYNOLDS, 942 F.2d. 1494 (10th.Cir.1991)(PLACING THIS COMPROMISED COUNSEL TO INORDINATELY DELAY AND OR PREVENT LEGITIMATE JURISDICTIONAL CLAIMS FROM BEING RAISED IS MACHINATION IN STATE PROCESS RENDING THAT PROCESS INEFFECTIVE); MOONEY v. HOLOHAN, 294 U.S. 103 (U.S.1935)(THE SUPREME COURT HELD THAT A CONVICTION OBTAINED THROUGH THE KNOWING USE OF PERJURED TESTIMONY AS WAS DONE IN THE CRAWFORD CASE VIOLATES DUE PROCESS. THE STATE'S FAILURE TO PROVIDE CORRECTIVE PROCESS BY CONSPIRING UNDER COLOR OF STATE LAW TO PREVENT JURISDICTIONAL CLAIMS FROM BEING ARGUED REGARDING THIS TYPE OF MISCONDUCT MAKES FEDERAL REVIEW BY HABEAS CORPUS NECESSARY). THE ACTIONS OF THE S.C. COURT OF APPEALS ESTABLISH OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE, FRAUD UPON THE COURT, MACHINATION AND DENIES THE APPELLANT RIGHTS UNDER THE EQUAL PROTECTION OF THE LAWS CLAUSE, PAUL ADAMS v. CALIFORNIA INSTITUTION, 2016 WL 6464444; U.S. v. HARE, 820 F.3d. 93 (4th.Cir.2016); PEGG v. HEARNBERGER, 845 F.3d. 112 (4th.Cir.2017); GRAHAM v. GAGNON, 831 F.3d. 176 (4th.Cir.2016).

SUPPRESSION OF TRUTH WITH INTENT TO DECEIVE BY PLACING THIS COMPROMISED STATE APPELLANT COUNSEL ON THE APPELLATE, CRAWFORD, TO CONSPIRE UNDER COLOR OF STATE LAW TO SUPPRESS LEGITIMATE JURISDICTIONAL CLAIMS FROM BEING ARGUED UNDER THE GUISE OF ASSERTING THERE IS NO HYBRID DEFENSE IS FRAUD UPON THE COURT TO DENY THE RIGHT OF SELF REPRESENTATION. FRAUDULENT CONCEALMENT WITHOUT ANY MISREPRESENTATION (LIKE THEY ARE GIVING CRAWFORD COUNSEL BUT THE INTENT IS TO PREVENT JURISDICTIONAL CLAIMS FROM BEING RAISES, OR DUTY TO DISCLOSE, CONSTITUTE FRAUD,

EVEN IN ABSENCE OF FIDUCIARY DUTY, STATUTORY, OR OTHER INDEPENDENT LEGAL DUTY TO DISCLOSE MATERIAL INFORMATION (LIKE RULING ON ALL THE ISSUES SEEN IN THE FILING THEY BLOCKED REVIEW BY THE DENIAL OF THE MOTION TO FORCE LEGAL COUNSEL ON THE APPELLANT(S)), COMMON LAW FRAUD INCLUDES ANY ACTS TAKEN TO CONCEAL, CREATE A FALSE IMPRESSION (LIKE IS OCCURRING HERE BY THE APPOINTMENT), MISLEAD, OR OTHERWISE DECEIVE TO PREVENT OTHER PARTY FROM ACQUIRING MATERIAL INFORMATION, SUCH AS A RULING ON ALL THE LEGAL ISSUES THAT ARE CURRENTLY BEFORE THE S.C. COURT OF APPEALS BY THE CURRENT FILING UNDER CASE 2025-001856, U.S. v. COTTON, 231 F.3d. 890 (4th.Cir.2000); MDC INNOVATIONS, LLC. v. NORTHERN, --Fed. Appx'--, 2018 WL 1129607 (4th.Cir.2018); HAMER v. NEIGHBORHOOD HOUSING SERVICES OF CHICAGO, 138 S.Ct. 13, 199 L.Ed.2d. 249(U.S.2017); IN RE: DURAMAX DIESEL LITIGATION, --F.R.D.--, 2018 WL 949856 (E.D.Mich.2018); UNITED STATES v. PALIN, 874 F.3d. 418 (4th.Cir.2017); UNITED STATES v. LUSK, 2017 WL 508589 (S.D.Va.2017).

INASMUCH, RULE 602, SCACR (REPRESENTATION OF INDIGENT DEFENDANTS): OUTLINES THE PROCEDURE FOR APPOINTING AND RELIEVING COUNSEL FOR INDIGENT DEFENDANTS. THE RULE DOES NOT PROVIDE MECHANISM TO FORCE AN ATTORNEY ONTO AN UNWILLING, COMPETENT CLIENT. RULE 71.1(g), SCRCP (POST CONVICTION RELIEF ACTIONS SIMILAR TO FORENSIC DNA TESTING GOVERNS THE CONTINUANCE OF REPRESENTATION DURING APPEAL. COUNSEL AT THE LOWER COURT STAGE, IN THIS CASE SELF REPRESENTATION, SHALL CONTINUE REPRESENTATION ON APPEAL. THE S.C. COURT OF APPEALS CANNOT FORCE A MENTALLY COMPETENT INDIVIDUAL TO ACCEPT LEGAL COUNSEL AGAINST THEIR WILL IF THEY MAKE A TIMELY MOTION TO REPRESENT THEMSELVES. MOTION IS OFFICIALLY AND TIMELY MADE. THE RIGHT TO SELF REPRESENTATION IS A CONSTITUTIONALLY PROTECTED RIGHT ROOTED IN DUE PROCESS LAW. THE ONLY THING THAT THE S.C. COURT OF APPEALS IS REQUIRED TO DO IS CONFIRM THAT THE INDIVIDUAL'S RIGHT TO MOVE FORWARD WITHOUT COUNSEL IS MADE KNOWINGLY, INTELLIGENTLY, AND VOLUNTARILY AND THAT THE PARTY IS FULLY AWARE OF THE CONSEQUENCES AND SIGNIFICANT RISKS OF SELF REPRESENTATION. THE REQUEST MUST BE TIMELY MADE, WHICH OF COURSE THE REQUEST IS TIMELY, SINCE THE APPEAL JUST

BEGAN. ANY OTHER REQUIREMENT WOULD BE AN ACT OF OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE AND FRAUD UPON THE COURT AND MACHINATION ESTABLISHING CONSTITUTIONAL STRUCTURAL ERROR THAT WOULD VOID THE S.C. COURT OF APPEALS JURISDICTION UNDER THE CONSTITUTIONAL ELEMENT TO SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION. SEE CASES CITED WITHIN THE 4TH. CIRCUIT INFORMAL BRIEF. ALSO SEE STATE v. BARNES, 407 S.C. 27, 753 S.E.2d. 545 (S.C.App.2014); BROOKS v. SOUTH CAROLINA COMMISSION OF INDIGENT DEFENSE, 419 S.C. 319, 797 S.E.2d. 402(S.C.App.2017); STATE v. POLITE, S.E.2d., 2017 WL 105020 (S.C.App.2017); STATE v. MAZIQUE, 419 S.C. 282, 797 S.E.2d. 730 (S.C.App.2016); STATE v. GREEN, S.E.2d., 2016 WL 3200132 (S.C.App.2016); INDIANA v. EDWARDS, 554 U.S. 164, 128 S.Ct. 2379, 171 L.Ed.2d. 345(U.S.2008); FARETTA v. CALIFORNIA, 422 U.S. 806, 95 S.Ct. 2525, 45 L.Ed.2d. 562(U.S.1975); HERRINGTON v. DOTSON, 99 F.4TH. 705(4th.Cir.2024); UNITED STATES v. ZIEGLER, 1 F.4TH. 219 (4th.Cir.2021); UNITED STATES v. GLOVER, 2021 WL 3500350 (4th.Cir.2021). THE S.C. COURT OF APPEALS NEVER EXPECTED THE APPELLANT TO MOVE THIS FAST TO FORCE THE MATTER BEFORE THE COURT AND TO SEEK TO MOTION TO OBTAIN TRIAL TRANSCRIPTS AND ADVANCE THE CAUSE TO MOVE THE CASE UP ON THE DOCKET. THEIR INTENT IS NOT JUST TO STIFLE THE APPELLANT'S VOICE. IT IS ALSO TO UNDER THE GUISE OF A MISREPRESENTED CLAIM OF HYBRID DEFENSE PREVENT THE APPELLANT FROM ARGUING AGAINST THE PRECEDENT ESTABLISHED BY THE STATE v. GENTRY CASE AND TO EXERCISE RIGHTS ESTABLISHED BY THE CLAIM PROCESSING RULE RELIED UPON TIMELY INVOKED BEFORE THE KERSHAW COUNTY GENERAL SESSIONS COURT AND OTHER DUE PROCESS AND UNCONSTITUTIONAL ACTION ARGUED FROM BEING GIVEN "JUST AND FAIR" JUDICIAL REVIEW FURTHER DEMONSTRATING THAT THE STATE PROCESS BY THIS MACHINATION IS INEFFECTIVE IN PROTECTING THE CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS OF THE APPELLANT(S) WARRANTING HABEAS CORPUS AS IS SOUGHT WITHIN THE 4TH. CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS.

RESPECTFULLY,

JONAH THE TISHBITE

ALTON CHISOLM

Alton Chisolm

YAHDIRA OVERSTREET-U-DEEN

Yahdira Overstreet-U-Deen

MAURICE BELLAMY

Maurice Bellamy

DECEMBER 8, 2025

APPENDIX NO. 2

LAWRENCE L. CRAWFORD AKA
JONAH GABRIEL JAHJAH T. TISHBITE
#300839 F3B. RM. 148
EVANS C.I. 610 HWY. 9 WEST
BENNETTSVILLE, S.C. 29512

YAHDIRA OVERSTREET-U-DEEN
15306 ROBEY AVENUE SUITE 707
HARVEY, ILLINOIS 60426

MAURICE BELLAMY
#359514 F3B. RM. 121
EVANS C.I. 610 HWY. 9 WEST
BENNETTSVILLE, S.C. 29512

ALTON CHISOLM
4546 BROAD RIVER ROAD
COLUMBIA, S.C. 20210

IN RE: CASE(S) 2025-6589, 2025-6599, 2025-1840, 2025-6602

TO: THE 4TH. CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS ET. AL.,

ATTACHED THE COURT AND PARTIES WILL FIND, IS A COPY OF
THE INFORMAL BRIEF RELATED TO THE ABOVE CAPTIONED CASES. THE 4TH.
CIRCUIT IS GIVEN NOTICE THAT ALL PARTIES HAVE BEEN SERVED AS WAS
REQUIRED BY THE COURTS ORDERS.

RESPECTFULLY,
JONAH THE TISHBITE
YAHDIRA OVERSTREET-U-DEEN
MAURICE BELLAMY
ALTON CHISOLM

OCTOBER 30, 2025

IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS
FOR THE FORTH CIRCUIT

APPELLATE CASE NO.(S) 2025-6589, 2025-6599, 2025-1840, 2025-6602

APPEAL FROM THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA
IN THE SOUTH CAROLINA DISTRICT COURT

APPEAL FROM CASE NO. 9:24-cv-BHH-MCH ET. AL.,

LAWRENCE L. CRAWFORD AKA JONAH GABRIEL JAHJAH T. TISHBITE, ALTON
CHISOLM, YAHDINA OVERSTREET-U-DEEN, MAURICE BELLAMY,

PLAINTIFFS-APPELLANTS

Vs.

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA ET. AL.,

DEFENDANTS-APPELLEES

AFFIDAVIT OF SERVICE

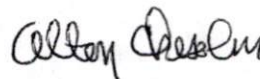
WE, LAWRENCE L. CRAWFORD AKA JONAH GABRIEL JAHJAH T. TISHBITE, ALTON CHISOLM, YAHDINA OVERSTREET-U-DEEN, MAURICE BELLAMY, DO HEREBY CERTIFY, THAT WE HAVE MAILED AND OR SERVED A COPY OF AN AFFIDAVIT OF FACTS GIVING JUDICIAL NOTICE; NOTICE OF SUBMISSION OF APPELLANTS INFORMAL BRIEF, ON THE 4TH. CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS 1100 EAST MAIN STREET, SUITE 501, RICHMOND, VIRGINIA 23219, THE S.C. DEPT. OF CORRECTIONS, S.C.D.C. GENERAL

COUNSEL, DIRECTOR BRYAN STERLING, DIRECTOR JOEL ANDERSON, WARDEN JAMES, A.W. SMITH, A.W. McDUFFY, MAJOR MEEKS, SGT. CROWLEY, NURSE MILLER, WARDEN STONEBREKAR, WARDEN MARTELL VIA 4444 BROAD RIVER ROAD, COLUMBIA, S.C. 29221, THE S.C. ATTORNEY GENERAL P.O. BOX 11549 COLUMBIA, S.C. 29211, MR. LAWRENZ DIRECTOR AT THE WELL PATH CENTER 4546 BROAD RIVER ROAD, COLUMBIA, S.C. 29210, THE UNITED STATES CONGRESS MEMBERS AT THE CAPITAL BUILDING 219 CAPITAL COURT, N.E. WASHINGTON, D.C. 20002, THE UNITED STATES SENATE OFFICE OF SENATE LEGAL COUNSEL HART SENATE OFFICE BUILDING, ROOM 642 WASHINGTON, D.C. 20510, THE U.S. ATTORNEY GENERAL U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE 950 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, N.W. WASHINGTON, D.C. 20530-0001, U.S. ATTORNEY FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA FEDERAL COURTHOUSE 901 RICHLAND STREET COLUMBIA, S.C. 29201, ARCH BISHOP FABRE-JEUNE, POPE LEO, THE VATICAN ETC. AT DIOCESE OF CHARLESTON, S.C. 901 ORANGE GROVE ROAD, CHARLESTON, S.C. 29407 OR BY THEIR EMAIL, THE 194 MEMBER STATES OF THE UNITED NATIONS AT 1st. AVENUE 46TH. STREET, NEW YORK, NEW YORK 10017, THE COUNTY OF RICHLAND VIA THEIR CLERK OF COURT OR CONTROLLER AT RICHLAND COUNTY COURTHOUSE 1701 MAIN STREET COLUMBIA, S.C. 29201, THE COUNTY OF KERSHAW VIA THEIR CLERK OF COURT OR CONTROLLER P.O. BOX 1885 CAMDEN, S.C. 29021, THE COUNTY OF HORRY VIA THEIR CLERK OF COURT OR CONTROLLER 1301 2nd. AVENUE, CONWAY, S.C. 29526, THE COUNTY OF CHARLESTON VIA ITS CLERK OF COURT OR CONTROLLER 100 BROAD STREET, COLUMBIA, S.C. 29401 AND ALL OTHER INVOLVED PARTIES BY U.S. MAIL AND OR CERTIFIED, POSTAGE PREPAID, BY DEPOSITING IT IN THE INSTITUTION MAILBOX ON OCTOBER 29, 2025. IT IS DEEMED FILED ON THAT DATE, HOUSTON v. LACK, 287 U.S. 266, 273-76, 108 S.Ct. 2379(U.S.1988).

RESPECTFULLY,
MAURICE BELLAMY



ALTON CHISOLM



JONAH THE TISHBITE

YAHDIRA OVERSTREET-U-DEEN

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Yahdira Overstreet-U-Deen', written in a cursive style.

OCTOBER 29, 2025

IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS
FOR THE FOURTH CIRCUIT

APPELLATE CASE NO.(S) 25-6589, 2025-6599, 2025-1840 AND 2025-6602

APPEAL FROM THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA
IN THE SOUTH CAROLINA DISTRICT COURT

APPEAL FROM CASE NO. 9:24-cv-04660-BHH-MCH ET. AL.,

LAWRENCE L. CRAWFORD AKA JONAH GABRIEL JAHAH T. TISHBITE, ALTON
CHISOLM, YAHDINA OVERSTREET-U-DEEN, MAURICE BELLAMY,

PLAINTIFFS-APPELLANTS

Vs.

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA ET. AL.,

DEFENDANTS-APPELLEES

AFFIDAVIT OF FACTS GIVING JUDICIAL NOTICE; NOTICE OF
SUBMISSION OF APPELLANTS INFORMAL BRIEF

TO: THE 4TH. CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS ET. AL.,

PURSUANT TO FEDERAL RULES OF APPELLATE PROCEDURE, RULE
28(i) IN CASES INVOLVING MORE THAN ONE APPELLANT, INCLUDING FOR
PURPOSES OF SEEKING TO CONSOLIDATE THESE APPEALS AND HAVING THEM

REMANDED FOR FURTHER JUDICIAL DETERMINATION UNDER RULE 52, THE APPELLANTS MAY JOIN IN A BRIEF ALSO PURSUANT TO FRAP 3(b) SEEKING CONSOLIDATION OF THESE APPEALS. THE APPELLANTS GIVE THE COURT AND PARTIES JUDICIAL NOTICE. THE DOCUMENTS RELIED UPON THAT ARE FILED WITHIN THE RECORD IN THE LOWER COURT AND THE 4TH. CIRCUIT THAT ARE TO BE SUBMITTED AND VIEWED IN SUPPORT OF THE LEGAL ISSUES AND OR QUESTIONS ON APPEAL ARE AS FOLLOWS: (1) A COPY OF THE PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS THAT IS FILED SUBJUDICE. (2) A COPY OF THE DOCUMENT ENTITLED, "AFFIDAVIT OF SERVICE AND AFFIDAVIT OF FACTS GIVING JUDICIAL NOTICE; MOTION FOR TWO PRELIMINARY INJUNCTIONS AND OR ORDERS; MOTION TO STAY THE TIME TO COMPLETE SERVICE ON THE OTHER PARTIES UNTIL THE MOTION(S) FOR PRELIMINARY INJUNCTIONS ARE RULED ON; MOTION FOR EXTENSION OF TIME TO FILE INFORMAL BRIEF BASED UPON THE SAME AND MOTION TO MOTION THEREFOR", [15] PAGES DATED SEPTEMBER 10, 2025. (3) A COPY OF THE DOCUMENT ENTITLED, "AFFIDAVIT OF SERVICE AND MOTION FOR A PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION; MOTION FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME TO PLACE CASE IN PROPER FORM ONCE COURT RULES ON MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION AND MOTION TO MOTION THEREFOR", [7] PAGES DATED MAY 1, 2025 (DOCUMENT 6). THIS DOCUMENT IS ALREADY BEFORE THE COURT. (4) A COPY OF THE DOCUMENT ENTITLED, "AFFIDAVIT OF SERVICE AND AFFIDAVIT OF FACTS GIVING JUDICIAL NOTICE; MOTION TO VACATE THE ORDER(S) FILED ON MARCH 10, 2025; MOTION TO INTERVENE; MOTION TO CONSOLIDATE; MOTION FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME; MOTION TO FORWARD NEEDED DOCUMENTS; MOTION FOR COMPLEX CASE DESIGNATION; MOTION TO APPOINT LEGAL COUNSEL; MOTION TO WAIVE THE USE OF ARTICLE III JUDGE, TO RECALL MAGISTRATE JUDGE AND INVOKE THE MAGISTRATE STATUTE; MOTION TO RENEW THE MOTION FOR RECUSAL AND MOTION TO MOTION THEREFOR; NOTICE OF CASE BEING ON APPEAL IN 6th. CIRCUIT SINCE 2/28/25", [26] PAGES DATED APRIL 5, 2025. (5) A COPY OF THE DOCUMENT ENTITLED, "AFFIDAVIT OF SERVICE AND AFFIDAVIT OF FACTS GIVING JUDICIAL NOTICE; NOTICE OF SUBSEQUENT NOTICE OF APPEAL AND MOTION TO REMAND; MOTION TO VACATE THE ORDER DOCUMENT NO. 36 FILED JULY 22, 2025 FOR FRAUD UPON THE COURT, DUE PROCESS VIOLATION, VIOLATION OF RIGHTS UNDER THE F.S.I.A. AND UNCONSTITUTIONAL ACTION, ALSO DUE TO VAGUENESS, CHALLENGING THE S.C. DISTRICT COURT'S JURISDICTION TO ISSUE IT; MOTION TO RENEW THE MOTION FOR RECUSAL; MOTION TO SEEK ADDITIONAL FINDINGS

PURSUANT TO RULE 52 AND 28 U.S.C. § 1602...", [29] PAGES DATED JULY 31, 2025 (DOC. 6 IN THE COURT RECORD). (6) A COPY OF THE DOCUMENT ENTITLED, "AFFIDAVIT OF FACTS GIVING JUDICIAL NOTICE; MOTION TO FILE OBJECTIONS TO THE MAGISTRATE JUDGE'S TEXT ORDER VACATING THE COMPLAINT CHALLENGING THE OHIO DISTRICT COURT'S JURISDICTION TO ISSUE IT DUE TO FRAUD UPON THE COURT AND UNCONSTITUTIONAL ACTION; MOTION TO EXCEED THE PAGE LIMIT AND FOR ACCEPTANCE; NOTICE OF SEEKING LEAVE TO APPEAL....", [70] PAGES DATED OCTOBER 1, 2024. (7) A COPY OF THE DOCUMENT ENTITLED, "AFFIDAVIT OF FACTS GIVING JUDICIAL NOTICE; MOTION TO FILE OBJECTIONS TO THE MAGISTRATE JUDGE'S ORDER: RULES FOR DOCUMENTS SUBMITTED IN THE CASE DOCUMENT # 40; MOTION TO VACATE IT DUE TO FRAUD UPON THE COURT, CONSPIRACY....", [40] PAGES DATED NOVEMBER 22, 2024. (8) A COPY OF THE DOCUMENT ENTITLED, "AFFIDAVIT OF FACTS GIVING JUDICIAL NOTICE; MOTION TO AMEND THE NOTICE OF APPEAL TO SEEK CHANGE OF VENUE; MOTION FOR ACCEPTANCE AND MOTION TO MOTION THEREFOR", [40] PAGES DATED MARCH 14, 2025. DOCUMENTS 6, 7 AND 8 ARE FILED WITHIN THE S.C. DISTRICT COURT, FILED BEFORE THE 6TH. CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS UNDER CASES 25-3689, 25-3727 et. al., THEY ARE FILED UNDER CASE 24-0659 IN THE PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT COURT, UNDER CASE 24-13930 IN THE 11th. CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS AND THE GEORGIA DISTRICT COURT INVOLVED. THEY ARE FILED BEFORE THE NEW JERSEY DISTRICT COURT WHERE 28 U.S.C. § 1402(a) TRANSFER IS SOUGHT, THEY ARE FILED WITHIN THE KENTUCKY DISTRICT COURT, THE SOUTH CAROLINA DISTRICT COURT, THE CRAWFORD APPLICATION FOR FORENSIC DNA TESTING UNDER CASE 2004-GS-28-00385 IN KERSHAW COUNTY S.C. AND ARE SUBMITTED IN SUPPORT OF THE ISSUES REGARDING CLAIMS UNDER THE FOREIGN SOVEREIGN IMMUNITY ACT AND INTERNATIONAL LAW WHICH WERE DEFAULTED ON BY THE DEFENDANTS UNDER THE RICHLAND COUNTY CASES BUT IN FRAUD UPON THE COURT AND OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE WERE DENIED WITHIN PROCEEDINGS THAT WERE REMOVED TO THE FEDERAL DISTRICT COURT AT TIME DEPRIVING THOSE STATE COURT CASES OF JURISDICTION. THE REMAINDER OF THE DOCUMENTS REFERRED TO ARE SUBMITTED IN SUPPORT OF THE OTHER ISSUES AND FEDERAL LEGAL QUESTIONS THAT ARE THE SOURCE OF THIS APPEAL. THE APPELLANTS REITERATE FOR THE COURT RECORD. BY NO MEANS ARE THE

APPELLANTS SEEKING TO HAVE THE MERITS OF THESE CLAIMS ADJUDICATED WITHIN THE 4TH. CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS OTHER THAN THAT WHICH IS NECESSARY TO ADDRESS THE THE SPECIFIC ISSUES ON APPEAL ONLY. THE APPELLANTS PRESERVE, ASSERT AND EXERCISE THEIR CONSTITUTIONAL DUE PROCESS RIGHTS TO HAVE THE OVERALL MERITS OF THE CLAIMS ADJUDICATED WITHIN THE LOWER COURT UPON THE SOUGHT REMAND TO ALLOW THE APPELLANTS TO PROPERLY PRESERVE THESE LEGAL ISSUES AND OR QUESTIONS FOR ANY POTENTIALLY NEEDED SUBSEQUENT APPELLANT REVIEW.

INASMUCH, THE ISSUES AND LEGAL QUESTION THAT ARE THE SOURCE OF THIS APPEAL ARE AS FOLLOWS:

(1) BY THE PLEADING AND DOCUMENT REFERRED TO, ARE THE APPELLANTS ENTITLED TO HAVE THE TWO PRELIMINARY INJUNCTIONS SOUGHT GRANTED?

THERE IS NO NEED TO BE REPETITIVE IN ADDRESSING THIS CONCERN. THE 4TH. CIRCUIT ALREADY HAS THIS PLEADING BEFORE IT AND DETERMINED TO DEFER UNTIL THE INFORMAL BRIEF WAS SUBMITTED. THE CLAIM IS NOT MOOT. THOUGH THE INFORMAL BRIEF IS NOW FILED, THE APPELLANTS HAD TO ENGAGE IN EXTRAORDINARY MEASURES TO FIGHT TO BE IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE COURT'S ORDER WHICH WAS COMPOUNDED BY ADDITIONAL ACTS OF STATE INTERFERENCE AND OBSTRUCTION WHERE THE INSTITUTION HELD CRAWFORD'S WORD PROCESSOR RIBBONS IN HOPES OF PUSHING US PAST THE TIME LINE SET IN PLACE BY THE COURT'S ORDER REQUIRING THE FILING OF THE INFORMAL BRIEF. THE ACTS OF OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE AND DISCRIMINATORY AND RETALIATORY BEHAVIOR ON THE PART OF S.C.D.C. STILL PERSIST INCLUDING THEY UNTIL THIS DAY HAVE NOT GIVEN AND OBSTRUCTED IN RETALIATION PRESCRIBED MEDICAL TREATMENT AS ASSERTED WITHIN THE PREVIOUS FILINGS IN ACTS OF RETALIATORY AND DISCRIMINATORY BEHAVIOR BECAUSE WE SOUGHT TO BRING THIS ACTION BEFORE THE COURTS. IT IS UNCONSTITUTIONAL FOR THE PLAINTIFF TO BE REQUIRED TO LITIGATE AND PLACE THE CASE WITHIN THE LOWER COURT IN PROPER FORM BEING SUBJECTED TO SUCH ADVERSE CONDITIONS AND STATE INTERFERENCE TO IMPEDE, DEFEAT, HINDER AND OBSTRUCT THE DUE COURSE OF JUSTICE IN

VIOLATION OF 42 U.S.C. § 1985(2) AND RETALIATORY AND DISCRIMINATORY BEHAVIOR ON THE PART OF THE DEFENDANTS IN THIS CASE IN THE FORM OF S.C.D.C. WORKING TO AVOID SUIT. THE APPELLANTS RENEW THE REQUEST FOR THE TWO PRELIMINARY INJUNCTIONS SOUGHT.

(2) ARE THE APPELLANTS CRAWFORD AND CHISOLM ENTITLED TO FILE HABEAS CORPUS UNDER THE § 1983 ACTION, OR SUCCESSIVE PETITION AND SEEK INJUNCTIVE AND DECLARATORY RELIEF FOR RELEASE OF THE DNA EVIDENCE OF ACTUAL INNOCENCE BASED UPON NEWLY DISCOVERED EVIDENCE, DNA APPLICATION OBSTRUCTION OF EVIDENCE OF ACTUAL INNOCENCE BY FRAUD UPON THE COURT, INORDINATE DELAY, MACHINATION AND VIOLATIONS OF THE SEPARATION OF POWERS CLAUSE AND THE CLAIM PROCESSING RULE(S) RELIED UPON THAT ARE JURISDICTIONAL IN NATURE THAT WERE TIMELY ASSERTED WHERE THE CONVICTION BY THE AFRMENTIONED ARE ALREADY INVALIDATED AND VOID DUE TO THE UNCONSTITUTIONAL ACTION AS IS ARGUED WITHIN THE LEGAL DOCUMENTS IN QUESTION UNDER THE CONSTITUTIONAL ELEMENT TO SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION?

THE APPELLANTS HUMBLY CONTENTS, IN PURSUANT TO ARTICLE V § 4 OF THE SOUTH CAROLINA CONSTITUTION:

"IT IS ORDERED, THAT ALL CRIMINAL CASES IN THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA "[S]HALL" BE DISPOSED OF WITHIN (180) DAYS FROM THE DATE OF THE FILING OF THE COMPLAINT OR ARREST. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THE CIRCUIT COURT MAY CONTINUE A CRIMINAL CASE BEYOND THE (180) DAYS BY "[W]RITTEN" ORDER (EMPHASIS ADDED), IF THE COURT DETERMINES THAT EXCEPTIONAL CIRCUMSTANCES EXIST IN THE CASE. THIS DOES NOT CREATE OR DEFINE A RIGHT TO A SPEEDY TRIAL", (SEE S.C. RULES OF COURT 2003 EDITION ON PAGE 652 AND S.C. RULES OF COURT 2004 EDITION ON PAGE 659). THERE IS NO ORDER ISSUED BY THE GENERAL SESSIONS COURT BEFORE THE (365) DAYS EXPIRED THAT DETERMINE THE STATE CAN TAKE THE CASE BEYOND THE (365) DAYS SUBJECTING THEM TO DEFAULT, FORFEITURE AND WAIVER.

THIS RULE WAS MODIFIED IN 2013 FROM (180) DAYS TO (365)

DAYS BUT STILL THE CLAIM PROCESSING RULE EXIST UNTIL THIS VERY DATE. THERE IS A SIMILAR CLAIM PROCESSING RULE THAT GOVERNS CASES FILED WITHIN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS WHICH RELATE TO POST CONVICTION RELIEF APPLICATIONS. THE APPELLANTS AS STATED WITHIN THE LEGAL PLEADINGS ARE ARGUING AGAINST THE PRECEDENT ESTABLISHED BY THE STATE v. GENTRY, 363 S.C. 93 CASE WHERE THOSE CASES REFERRED TO WITHIN, INCLUDING PARKHURST AND COTTON WERE ADJUDICATED UNDER THE STATUTORY ELEMENT TO SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION. THESE CLAIMS ARE BEING ARGUED UNDER THE CONSTITUTIONAL ELEMENT TO SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION AS IS ARGUED WITHIN THE CRAWFORD HABEAS CORPUS PETITION FILED WITHIN THE LOWER COURT. SOUTH CAROLINA LAW IS CLEAR AND UNAMBIGUOUS. THE PROVISIONS OF THE SOUTH CAROLINA CONSTITUTION "[S]HALL" (EMPHASIS ADDED) BE TAKEN, DEEMED AND CONSTRUED TO BE **MANDATORY** AND OR **PROHIBITORY** AND NOT MERELY DIRECTORY, EXCEPT WHERE MADE DIRECTORY OR PERMISSORY BY ITS OWN TERMS. SEE ARTICLE 1 § 23 OF THE S.C. CONSTITUTION. THERE IS NO LANGUAGE WITHIN THIS PROVISION OF LAW THAT DETERMINE THAT THE COURT CAN TAKE THE CASE BEYOND 365 DAYS WITHOUT AN ORDER OF CONTINUANCE BEING FILED TO DO SO. THUS, WE ARE DEALING WITH S.C. CONSTITUTIONAL PROTECTION AND STATUTORY PROTECTIONS THAT WERE OBVIOUSLY DENIED THE APPELLANTS WHEN THE CLAIM PROCESSING RULE WAS TIMELY INVOKED WITHIN CHISLUM, BELLAMY AND CRAWFORD CASES INVOLVED RELATED TO THIS APPEAL AND THE CASE BEFORE THE S.C. DISTRICT COURT. DUE TO THE CLAIM PROCESSING RULE IN FUNDAMENTAL FAIRNESS THE SAME MUST APPLY TO BELLAMY.

S.C. CODE ANN. § 44-48-110(C) REQUIRED THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA TO GET ALTON CHISLUM BEFORE THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS WITHIN (60) DAYS WAY BACK IN APRIL-MAY OF 2025 TO HAVE THE HEARING TO RELEASE HIM. THIS FORCED HIM TO FILE A PETITION BEFORE THE S.C. SUPREME COURT BECAUSE THE STATE CONSPIRING UNDER COLOR OF STATE LAW PLACED A COMPROMISED ATTORNEY ON ALTON CHISLUM TO DELAY HIS RELEASE AND HAVE HIS CASE HEARD UNDER CASE NO. 2006-CP-10-2715 TO KEEP HIM INAPPROPRIATELY REGISTERED AS A SEX OFFENDER FOR THE REMAINDER OF HIS LIFE AS OPPOSED TO HAVING THEM HEARD UNDER CASES 2022-CP-10-01674 AND 2023-CP-10-00435 SOUGHT CONSOLIDATED ALSO INVOKING CLAIM PROCESSING RULE TO PREVENT HIS MATTERS FROM BEING HEARD UNDER THOSE CASES BECAUSE CRAWFORD WAS

FILED AS THIRD PARTY INTERVENOR IN THE CASES, AND TO ILLEGALLY FORCE CHISOLM TO WAIVE HIS JURISDICTIONAL CHALLENGES. S.C. CODE ANN. § 44-48-110 ON EVALUATION OF MENTAL CONDITION AND RELATED PROCEEDINGS PROVIDE:

(A)(1) A RESIDENT COMMITTED PURSUANT TO THIS CHAPTER "MUST" (EMPHASIS ADDED) HAVE AN EVALUATION OF HIS MENTAL CONDITION PERFORMED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF MENTAL HEALTH-DESIGNATED QUALIFIED EVALUATOR WITHIN ONE YEAR (EMPHASIS ADDED) AFTER A PENDING REVIEW IS RESOLVED BY A FILED COURT INDICATING:

(a) A FINDING OF NO PROBABLE CAUSE;

(b) A WAIVER OF THE RESIDENT; OR

(c) AN ORDER OF CONTINUED COMMITMENT AFTER A PERIODIC REVIEW TRIAL (WHICH WAS SUPPOSED TO HAVE OCCURRED EVERY YEAR AS THE STATUTE REQUIRED BUT DID NOT SINCE ABOUT 2013).

(c) THE ATTORNEY GENERAL IS REQUIRED TO SERVE NOTICE WITHIN (60) DAYS AND A HEARING WAS TO OCCUR WITHIN (60) DAYS FOR CHISOLM TO BE DENIED RELEASE IN VIOLATION OF THE STATUTE FOR GOING ON 4 MONTHS NOW FOR WHICH HE SHOULD HAVE BEEN FREED. BUT IN ACTS OF OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE AND RETALIATION BECAUSE THE LEGAL ISSUES OF RELIGIOUS PROPHECY APPEAR IN ALTON CHISOLM'S CASE, THE HEARING IS DELAYED WHEN HE SHOULD HAVE BEEN RELEASED 4 MONTHS AGO WHERE THE STATE VIOLATED THE STATUTE IN HOLDING ALTON CHISOLM SINCE AROUND 2013 WITH NO PROPERLY DOCUMENTED YEARLY EVALUATIONS OR NOTICES OF RIGHT TO CHALLENGE AND OTHER PROVISIONS AS THE STATUTE REQUIRES WHICH IS THE SOURCE OF THE FILING OF THE CURRENT § 1983 ACTION THAT IS THE SOURCE OF THIS APPEAL. HE IS BEING UNCONSTITUTIONALLY AND ILLEGALLY HELD IN CLEAR VIOLATION OF THE APPLICABLE STATUTES WHERE RELEASE HEARING SHOULD HAVE BEEN OCCURRED FOR HIM AT LEAST, AT MINIMUM 4 MONTHS AGO.

IN FURTHER REFERENCE TO CHISOLM, S.C. CODE ANN. § 17-27-70 PURSUANT TO THE TWO POST CONVICTION RELIEF APPLICATIONS SOUGHT CONSOLIDATED AND ARE STILL PENDING PROVIDE:

(a) WITHIN (30) DAYS AFTER THE DOCKETING OF THE APPLICATION, OR WITHIN ANY TIME THE COURT MAY FIX (THE COURT FAILED TO ESTABLISH ANY FURTHER TIME THE STATE IS TO RESPOND BEYOND THE 30 DAYS), THE STATE "SHALL" RESPOND BY ANSWER OR BY MOTION WHICH MAY BE SUPPORTED BY AFFIDAVIT.... THE STATE IS IN VIOLATION OF THE POST CONVICTION STATUTE THAT REQUIRED RESPONSE WITHIN THE TIME DESIGNATED BY THE PCR STATUTE. THIS IS COMPOUNDED BY THE CLAIM PROCESSING RULE TIMELY INVOKED AT THE ONE YEAR MARK THAT IS ATTACHED TO THE S.C. CONSTITUTION MAKING IT MANDATORY AND JURISDICTIONAL IN NATURE. THE CLAIM PROCESSING RULE APPLIES TO THE CRAWFORD AS WELL REGARDING HIS FILED FORENSIC DNA APPLICATION. EVEN THOUGH THE LANGUAGE IN THE STATUTE MAKES USE OF THE WORD "OR". THE PREREQUISITE OF "OR" SETS A SPECIFIC TIMEFRAME. ONCE THAT TIME FRAME PURSUANT TO CLAIM PROCESSING RULE IS INVOKED, THE COURT BY DUE PROCESS LAW IS PROHIBITED FROM EXERCISING THE "OR" CONDITION OF THE STATUTE AS SUPPORTED BY U.S. SUPREME COURT RULING. SINCE CHISOLM IS NOT CONSIDERED CONVICTED BUT IS SUBJECT TO CIVIL COMMITMENT HE CAN SUE UNDER § 1983 AND FILE HABEAS CORPUS PETITION UNDER § 2241 TO CHALLENGE THE CONTINUED CIVIL CAPTIVITY WHEN THE PSYCHOLOGIST DETERMINED THAT HE IS NO LONGER TO BE HELD IN CAPTIVITY.

AS IT RELATES TO CRAWFORD, S.C. CODE ANN. § 17-28-50(B) PROVIDES:

"WITHIN NINETY DAYS AFTER THE FORWARDING OF THE APPLICATION (PRECURSOR PREREQUISITE BASED UPON CLAIM PROCESSING RULE), OR UPON ANY FURTHER TIME THE COURT MAY FIX (IF THE CLAIM PROCESSING RULE TIME WAS NOT TIMELY INVOKED), THE SOLICITOR WITHIN THE CIRCUIT IN WHICH THE APPLICANT WAS CONVICTED OR ADJUDICATED, OR THE ATTORNEY GENERAL IF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL PROSECUTED THE CASE, "SHALL" (MANDATORY) "RESPOND" TO THE APPLICATION. WITHIN (90) DAYS AFTER THE DOCKETING OF THE APPLICATION, OR WITHIN THE TIME THE COURT MAY FIX (THE GENERAL SESSIONS COURT, NOT THE S.C. SUPREME COURT WHO NEVER ENTERTAINED JURISDICTION OVER THE CASE), THE VICTIM MAY RESPOND AS PROVIDED BY ARTICLE 15, CHAPTER 3, TITLE 16. THERE IS NOTHING THAT PROVES THAT THE COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS SET AN ORDER INSTRUCTING THE

RESPONDENT TO RESPOND TO THE APPLICATION BEYOND THE (90) DAYS SET BY THE STATUTE. THE STATUTE REQUIRED THE GENERAL SESSIONS COURT TO DO IT, NOT THE S.C. SUPREME COURT PRODUCING EXTREME PREJUDICE TO CRAWFORD SINCE THE S.C. SUPREME COURT DID NOT ENTERTAIN JURISDICTION WHICH IN FRAUD UPON THE COURT PERMITTED THE RESPONDENT TO CIRCUMVENT THE REQUIREMENT OF THE STATUTE THAT THE LOWER COURT WAS REQUIRED TO SET ANY TIME FOR RESPONSE. THIS IS COMPOUNDED BY THE FACT THAT NO EXPLANATION OR EXCUSE WHATSOEVER, TO THE EXTREME PREJUDICE OF THE APPLICANT, WAS GIVEN FOR THE OVER 4 YEAR INORDINATE DELAY AS WAS INSTRUCTED BY THE S.C. SUPREME COURT IN VIOLATION OF THE STATUTE, U.S. SUPREME COURT HOLDINGS UNDER BETTERMAN v. MONTANA 2016 AND THE CLAIM PROCESSING RULE RELIED UPON. THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA EVEN THE S.C. SUPREME COURT AIDING THEM IN THIS INSTANCE SUBTLY EXPANDED AND OR FORCE CONSTRUCTED THE STATUTE ALL OVER THE PLACE VIOLATING THE SEPARATION OF POWERS CLAUSE AND DUE PROCESS PRODUCING UNCONSTITUTIONAL ACTION WHICH VOIDS THEIR JURISDICTION UNDER THE CONSTITUTIONAL ELEMENT TO SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION INVALIDATING THE CONVICTION ITSELF BY THE FRAUD UPON THE COURTS INVOLVED PRODUCING MACHINATIONS TO THWART JUST AND FAIR REVIEW AND TO FIND ADDITIONAL MEANS TO DELAY CRAWFORD'S RELEASE BEHIND RELIGIOUS AND RACIAL HATRED AS IS ARGUED IN THE CASE. DUE TO THE MACHINATION, OBSTRUCTION AND FRAUD UPON THE COURTS INVOLVED, ANY FURTHER NEED OF EXHAUSTION IS NO LONGER REQUIRED WHERE THEIR ACTION LED TO FURTHER ACTS OF INORDINATE UNNECESSARY DELAY. THIS ALSO PROVES BY THE S.C. SUPREME COURT AIDING THEM IN THIS MANNER, IN THIS EGREGIOUS MANIFEST INJUSTICE, THAT THE STATE PROCESS IS NO LONGER EFFECTIVE IN PROTECTING THE CONSTITUTIONAL DUE PROCESS RIGHTS OF THE DEFENDANT DEMONSTRATING PREJUDICE AND NO NEED FOR FURTHER EXHAUSTION, de CSEPEL v. REPUBLIC OF HUNGARY, 752 F.Supp.3d. 147 (D.D.C.2024); de CSEPEL v. REPUBLIC OF HUNGARY, 613 F.Supp.3d. 255 (D.D.C.2020); ROSS v. BLAKE, 136 S.Ct. 1850(U.S.2016). THE STATE PROCESS IS NO LONGER EFFECTIVE IN PROTECTING THE CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS OF THE APPELLANTS, KAUR v. WARDEN, NO. 24-6440 (4th.Cir.2025); WOLFE v. CLARK, 691 F.3d. 410(4th.Cir.2012)(COURTS FOUND OFFICIALS SUPPRESSED EVIDENCE AND ENGAGED IN A PATTERN OF MACHINATION); SIMS v. HYATTE, 914 F.3d. 1078 (7th.Cir.2019)(HABEAS CORPUS WHERE OFFICIAL WITHHELD

EVIDENCE DEMONSTRATING THAT SUCH CONDUCT CONSTITUTE MACHINATION); HILL v. REYNOLDS, 942 F.2d. 1494 (10th.Cir.1991)(INORDINATE DELAY OF STATE PROCESS RENDER STATE REMEDIES INEFFECTIVE); MOONEY v. HOLOHAN, 294 U.S. 103 (U.S.1935)(THE SUPREME COURT HELD THAT A CONVICTION OBTAINED THROUGH THE KNOWING USE OF PERJURED TESTIMONY AS WAS DONE IN THE CRAWFORD CASE VIOLATES DUE PROCESS. A STATE'S FAILURE TO PROVIDE CORRECTIVE PROCESS OF THIS TYPE OF MISCONDUCT MAKES FEDERAL REVIEW BY HABEAS CORPUS NECESSARY).

INASMUCH, THE APPELLANT, CRAWFORD, WAS CONVICTED OF MURDER OF HIS 11 YEAR OLD CHILD BY TRIAL MARCH 2004. PRIOR TO THAT THE APPELLANT WAS ARRESTED FOR TWO COUNTS OF CRIMINAL UNLAWFUL NEGLECT LATER DROPPED AND WAS HELD AS A PRETRIAL DETAINEE FOR OVER 4 YEARS IN VIOLATION OF THE SPEEDY TRIAL PROVISIONS REQUIRING REVERSAL OF THE CONVICTION UNDER BETTERMAN v. MONTANA 2016 AND NO ONE WAS CHARGED WITH MURDER AT THIS TIME THOUGH THE AUTOPSY PRODUCED BY THE STATE WAS FULLY COMPLETED AND IN THE HANDS OF THE KERSHAW COUNTY CORONER JOHNNY FELLORS. IT WAS AT THAT TIME THAT THE INVESTIGATING OFFICER, KORT CORLEY, INFORMED THE APPELLANT, "MR CRAWFORD WE KNOW THAT YOU ARE INNOCENT. BUT WE ARE GOING TO FIND A WAY TO CONVICT YOU AND MAKE YOU PAY FOR A CRIME WHETHER YOU ARE INNOCENT OR NOT", ALSO BEING CALLED BY HIM A "NIGGER CULT LEADER AND NIGGER JIM JONES" IN RACIAL AND RELIGIOUS HATRED. ONCE THE BOND HEARING FOR THE CRIMINAL UNLAWFUL NEGLECT WAS HEARD, THE CORONER, JOHNNY FELLORS, APPEARED TO TESTIFY FOR THE STATE AND COUNTY AT THAT BOND HEARING. WITH THE FULL AUTOPSY COMPLETED AND IN HAND, THE CORONER, JOHNNY FELLORS, THEN TESTIFIED IN OPEN COURT THAT, "NO ALLEGED BEATING KILLED THE CHILD. AT MOST IT MAY HAVE BEEN A CONTRIBUTING FACTOR". CRAWFORD SOUGHT THE TRANSCRIPT FOR THAT BOND HEARING ONLY TO BE TOLD BY THE 5TH. CIRCUIT SOLICITOR'S OFFICE AND STATE THAT NO TRANSCRIPT OF THAT BOND HEARING WAS RECORDED WHICH IN ITSELF WAS EXTREMELY UNUSUAL. THIS WAS PART OF THE STATE'S EFFORTS TO CONCEAL THE TRUE CAUSE OF DEATH TO ATTACK THE APPELLANT BEHIND RELIGIOUS AND RACIAL HATRED DUE TO CRAWFORD CLAIMING TO BE A NAZARITE HIGH PRIEST AND CLAIMING TO BE MUSLIM, CHRISTIAN AND JEW COMBINED

WHICH THE COUNTY AND STATE ACTORS SAW AS STRANGE OCCURRING DURING THE TIME OF 9/11 WHEN THIS NATION HARBORED AN INTENSE HATRED FOR ANYTHING THAT REMOTELY WAS CONSIDERED MUSLIM. THE APPELLANT, CRAWFORD'S, DECEASED CHILD WAS HAVING SEX WITH HER HALF BROTHER, MICHAEL LEE. SHE EXPERIENCED AN UNEXPLAINED WEIGHT LOSS OF ABOUT 30 lbs. SEEMINGLY OVERNIGHT APPROXIMATELY TWO WEEKS PRIOR TO HER DEATH. SHE WAS SCHEDULED TO SEE THE DOCTOR BUT NEVER MADE IT TO THAT APPOINTMENT. SHE WAS MISSING HER PERIOD FOR 3 MONTHS AFTER HAVING SEX WITH HER HALF BROTHER. HER BLOOD SUGAR LEVELS DROPPED TO 17dm/ml. FROM 70dm/ml. AT THE TIME OF HER DEATH WHICH IS THE NORMAL BLOOD SUGAR LEVEL FOR PEOPLE. IF BLOOD SUGAR LEVELS DROP TO 40 IT CAN KILL YOU. NOTHING IN THE AUTOPSY EXPLAINED ALL OF THIS. THESE FACTS ARE IN CONTRADICTION TO THE PATHOLOGIST'S STATEMENTS WHICH IS WHAT SPECIFICALLY THE DNA TESTING WAS SOUGHT TO ESTABLISH, NOT A PATERNITY TEST, WHICH TRIGGERED THE STATUTE FOR THE RELEASING OF THE DNA EVIDENCE SOUGHT. THESE JURISDICTIONAL FACTS WERE EVEN BROUGHT UP ON DIRECT APPEAL. AS PART OF THE CONSPIRING COUNTY AND STATE ACTORS EFFORTS TO FRAME THE APPELLANT, CRAWFORD, BEHIND RELIGIOUS AND RACIAL HATRED, THEY FIRST SUPPRESSED THE INVESTIGATIVE FILE AT SLED, FILE 5501014 BECAUSE WITHIN THE FILE WAS THE CORONER'S NOTES THAT INDICATED WHAT THE TRUE CAUSE OF DEATH WAS IN CONTRADICTION TO THE PERJURED TESTIMONY OF THE PATHOLOGIST, DR. JOEL SEXTON, WHO TESTIFIED AT TRIAL THAT THE APPELLANT, CRAWFORD'S, DAUGHTER WAS NOT EVER PREGNANT. WHEN ASKED FOR THE FILE AT THE APPELLANT, CRAWFORD'S, COMPETENCY HEARING, JOHN MEADORS, THE SOLICITOR, LIED, PERJURED HIMSELF ON THE COURT RECORD WHEN ASKED FOR THE SLED FILE PURSUANT TO DISCOVERY. MEADORS LIED AND STATED THAT HE DID NOT KNOW WHAT THE APPELLANT, CRAWFORD, WAS TALKING ABOUT WHEN GIVEN THE SPECIFIC FILE NUMBER OF THE FILE IN THE POSSESSION OF SLED VIOLATING U.S. SUPREME COURT HOLDINGS UNDER WEARRY v. CAIN, 577 U.S. 385(U.S.2016) REGARDING THE REQUIREMENT TO RELEASE ALL DISCOVERY EVIDENCE REQUIRING A REVERSAL OF THE CONVICTION AND IS GROUNDS FOR A NEW TRIAL DUE TO THE UNCONSTITUTIONAL ACTION VOIDING THE COURT'S JURISDICTION UNDER THE CONSTITUTIONAL ELEMENT TO SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION. AS PART OF THE COUNTY AND STATE'S PLOT TO FRAME THE APPELLANT, CRAWFORD, THEY RUBBER STAMPED AN

INDICTMENT, GIVING THE FALSE IMPRESSION THAT SUCH INDICTMENT WAS PASSED UPON BY THE GRAND JURY, WHEN NO SUCH REQUIRED GRAND JURY REVIEW OCCURRED, PRODUCING THIS FRAUD PROCURED INDICTMENT THE DAY OF THE TRIAL WHEN NO PANEL OF THE GRAND JURY WAS SCHEDULED TO MEET. THEY THEN ALSO PRODUCED AN ALLEGED CONFESSION SAID TO HAVE BEEN MADE BY CRAWFORD WHICH WAS NEVER MADE OR SIGNED AND USED IT AT TRIAL IN VIOLATION OF S.C. CODE ANN §§ 19-1-80 AND 19-1-90. THIS PRODUCES SEPARATION OF POWERS CLAUSE VIOLATION AND VIOLATES DUE PROCESS PRODUCING UNCONSTITUTIONAL ACTION VOIDING THE LOWER COURT'S JURISDICTION UNDER THE CONSTITUTIONAL ELEMENT TO SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION. THE GRAND JURY PANEL DOCUMENTS WERE SOUGHT BEFORE THE DNA HEARING COURT AS WELL ONLY TO BE OBSTRUCTED IN FRAUD UPON THE COURT. UNCONSTITUTIONAL PRACTICES LIKE THIS HAVE BEEN DISCOVERED AND CONFIRMED WITHIN YORK COUNTY AND SPARTANBURG COUNTY DEMONSTRATING A PATTERN OF DECEIT GOING ON FOR DECADES WITHIN VARIOUS COUNTIES WITHIN THIS STATE. THIS IS OFTEN A COMMON DESIGN BY THIS STATE THAT IS NOW SUBSTANTIATED WITHIN THE COUNTIES REFERRED TO AND WAS DOCUMENTED BY PBS PUBLIC NEWS RADIO IN THEIR REPORTING. THE COUNTY AND STATE ACTORS THEN SOLICITED PERJURED TESTIMONY FROM THE APPELLANT, CRAWFORD'S, FAMILY AFTER THREATENING THEM WITH PRISON IF THEY DID NOT ALLOW THE MANIPULATION SAYING THAT THE APPELLANT, CRAWFORD'S, DECEASED CHILD WAS DISCIPLINED OVER A \$5 TELESCOPE AS OPPOSED TO THEM BEING DISCIPLINED OVER THEY BEING SEXUALLY INVOLVED WITH EACH OTHER IN CLASS "A" FELONIES OF CSC WITH A MINOR BECAUSE THE CHILD WAS 11 YEARS OLD AT THAT TIME AND THERE ARE NO ROMEO AND JULIET LAWS IN SOUTH CAROLINA AND AN 11 YEAR OLD CANNOT LEGALLY GIVE CONSENT. AS PART OF THE PRICE FOR THE PERJURED TESTIMONY, WHICH IS A REVERSIBLE ERROR VOIDING THE COURT'S JURISDICTION UNDER THE CONSTITUTIONAL ELEMENT TO SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION. THE STATE HAS FAILED TO PROSECUTE MICHAEL LEE UNTIL THIS VERY DAY FOR WELL OVER 24 COUNTS OF CRIMINAL SEXUAL MISCONDUCT WITH A MINOR FOR THAT PERJURED TESTIMONY, WHICH POTENTIALLY LED TO THE DECEASED CHILD'S DEATH, BECAUSE THEY NEEDED TO DEMONSTRATE TO THE JURY A "WICKED AND DEPRAVED MIND" AS THE ELEMENT FOR MURDER REQUIRED AND IT WOULD NOT BE A "WICKED AND DEPRAVED MIND" IF THEY WERE DISCIPLINED FOR BEING CONSISTENTLY INVOLVED IN NUMEROUS COUNTS OF

CLASS "A" FELONIES OF CSC WITH A MINOR. THIS TOO, IS A FAILURE AT THE RELEASE OF DISCOVERY BY THE STATE AND IS DISCOVERABLE VIOLATING DUE PROCESS BECAUSE THESE WERE UNDER THE TABLE DEALS WITH MICHAEL, CYLENA AND SYLVIA LEE WHICH WERE NEVER DISCLOSED AND IS RELEVANT AND DISCOVERABLE EVEN FOR IMPEACHMENT PURPOSES, WHICH IS WHY THEY REFUSE TO TEST THAT DNA AND WHY MICHAEL LEE REMAINS UNPROSECUTED UNTIL THIS VERY DAY THOUGH THERE IS NO STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS ON CSC WITH A MINOR IN ACTS OF OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE AND AIDING AND ABETTING AFTER THE FACT IN WELL OVER 24 COUNTS OF CLASS "A" FELONIES OF CSC WITH A MINOR. THIS TOO, IS FAILURE IN THE RELEASE OF DISCOVERY THAT CAUSE FOR REVERSAL OF THE CONVICTION UNDER WEARRY v. CAIN 2016.

THE APPELLANT, CRAWFORD, MADE EVERY STEP AND EFFORT TO LEGALLY OBTAIN THAT DNA EVIDENCE OF ACTUAL INNOCENCE, TESTING IT TO MICHAEL LEE, NOT TO PROVE A PATERNITY TEST AS MR. PAULING IN FRAUDULENT MISREPRESENTATION ASSERTED. IT WAS TO PROVE THAT THE PATHOLOGIST GAVE PERJURED TESTIMONY AS TO WHAT THE TRUE CAUSE OF DEATH WAS AT THE APPELLANT, CRAWFORD'S, TRIAL, STATING THAT THERE WERE NO SIGNS OF PREGNANCY, CONSPIRING WITH THE COUNTY AND STATE ACTORS UNDER COLOR OF STATE LAW TO FRAME CRAWFORD BEHIND RELIGIOUS AND RACIAL HATRED BASED UPON THE CLAIMS ARGUED IN THIS CASE. MALE SPERM AND FEMALE EGGS ARE "HAPLOID" IN GENETIC TERMS, MEANING HAVING ONLY ONE SET OF CHROMOSOMES AND ALLELES WHERE DNA MATERIAL CAUSED BY CONCEPTION BETWEEN MOTHER AND FATHER WOULD BE WHAT IS CALLED "DIPLOID" IN GENETIC TERMS HAVING THE CHROMOSOMES AND ALLELES OF BOTH MOTHER AND FATHER. IF THE DNA SAMPLES TAKEN FROM KORRESHA AT THE TIME OF HER DEATH ARE TESTED TO MICHAEL LEE, AND ANY OF THE GENETIC MATERIAL WITHIN HER IS DISCOVERED TO BE "DIPLOID" IN GENETIC TERMS AS OPPOSED TO "HAPLOID"? IT WOULD PRODUCE INDISPUTABLE SCIENTIFIC EVIDENCE THAT WOULD PROVE THAT SHE WAS PREGNANT AT ONE POINT AND POSSIBLY SPONTANEOUSLY ABORTED DUE TO THE POTENTIAL GESTATIONAL DIABETES WHICH CAUSED HER BLOOD SUGAR LEVELS TO DROP, THAT THE PATHOLOGIST LIED ABOUT THE AUTOPSY AND POTENTIAL TRUE CAUSE OF DEATH WHICH WOULD DESTROY THE CORPUS DELECTI FOR THE CRIME OF MURDER CALLING FOR A NEW TRIAL WHERE ANY JURIST WOULD CONCLUDE THAT THE OUTCOME WOULD HAVE BEEN DIFFERENT AS THE STATUTE FOR DNA TESTING REQUIRES. CRAWFORD MADE EVERY

EFFORT POSSIBLE TO OBTAIN THAT DNA TESTING SINCE 2006 UNDER CASES SUCH AS 2006-CP-400-3567, 3568, 3569; 2013-CP-400-0084, 2294 IN THE RICHLAND COUNTY COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, CASES THAT APPEARED BEFORE BOTH THE S.C. COURT OF APPEAL AND S.C. SUPREME COURT THAT WERE ALSO OBSTRUCTED TALKING ABOUT CRAWFORD HAD TO PAY A FILING FEE WHICH HE DID NOT HAVE AT THAT TIME. THANK GOD THERE IS NO REQUIRED PAYING OF A FILING FEE FOR THE SEEKING OF THIS DNA EVIDENCE OF ACTUAL INNOCENCE MANDATED BY THE STATUTE WHERE PREVIOUSLY CRAWFORD WAS CRIMINALLY OBSTRUCTED IN EVERY POSSIBLE WAY IMAGINABLE BY THE STATE AND COUNTY ACTORS IN MACHINATIONS CONSPIRING UNDER COLOR OF STATE LAW TO PREVENT THEIR CRIMINALITY OF OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE AND AIDING AND ABETTING AFTER THE FACT IN OVER 24 COUNTS OF CSC WITH A MINOR FROM BEING REVEALED. CRAWFORD ATTEMPTED TO TIMELY FILE FOR POST CONVICTION RELIEF TO OBTAIN THE DNA BEFORE THE KERSHAW COUNTY COURT OF COMMON PLEAS BY THAT MEANS, ONLY TO BE BLOCKED AND CRIMINALLY OBSTRUCTED FILING BY THE KERSHAW COUNTY CLERK ACTING AS PROXY FOR THE STATE AND COUNTY ACTORS SINCE 2006. CRAWFORD WAS DENIED HIS RIGHT TO FILE PCR BY THE UNCONSTITUTIONAL ACTION OF THE DEFENDANTS. THIS IS WHAT FORCED CRAWFORD TO FILE THE CASES AS A TORT ACTION IN RICHLAND COUNTY AFOREMENTIONED WHERE THEY CONSPIRED IN EGREGIOUS ACTS OF FRAUD UPON THE COURT TO PREVENT THAT DNA EVIDENCE OF ACTUAL INNOCENCE FROM BEING REVEALED. CRAWFORD MADE EVERY EFFORT THEREAFTER SINCE 2012 TO FILE APPLICATION FOR FORENSIC DNA TESTING IN BOTH RICHLAND AND KERSHAW COUNTIES ONLY TO BE BLOCKED AND CRIMINALLY OBSTRUCTED AGAIN BY THE CONSPIRING COUNTY AND STATE ACTORS WHERE MAKING USE OF THE KERSHAW COUNTY CLERK OF COURT THEY PREVENTED THE DNA TESTING FROM BEING FILED AS WELL. CRAWFORD WAS THEN FORCED TO OBTAIN ASSISTANCE FROM HIS FAMILY MEMBER, YAHDINA OVERSTREET-U-DEEN, TO GET THE DNA APPLICATION FILED THAT WAS BLOCKED AND OBSTRUCTED BY THE CONSPIRING STATE AND COUNTY ACTORS. THIS PRODUCED PETITION TO INVOKE THE S.C. SUPREME COURT'S ORIGINAL JURISDICTION IN 2020 THAT TEMPORARILY HALTED THEIR OBSTRUCTION PURSUANT TO FILING ALLOWING THE CURRENT DNA APPLICATION TO BE FINALLY FILED BEFORE THE KERSHAW COUNTY COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS. THE CONSPIRING STATE AND COUNTY ACTORS THEN HELD THOSE PROCEEDINGS IN LIMBO FOR OVER 4 YEARS IN VIOLATION OF

THE STATUTE AND U.S. SUPREME COURT HOLDINGS UNDER BETTERMAN v. MONTANA, 136 S.Ct. 1609 (U.S.2016) AND WHERE MOTION FOR DEFAULT, JUDGMENT, FORFEITURE AND WAIVER WAS FILED BEFORE THE KERSHAW COUNTY COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS AT THE ONE YEAR MARK BASED UPON RIGHTS ESTABLISHED BY THE CLAIM PROCESSING RULE THAT IS JURISDICTIONAL IN NATURE WHICH REQUIRED THAT THE COURT CONCLUDE THE MATTER WITHIN (365) DAYS OF THE APPLICATION'S FILING OR OBTAIN AN ORDER OF CONTINUANCE TO PROCEED FURTHER WHICH THEY FAILED TO DO, A CLAIM PROCESSING RULE ATTACHED TO THE S.C. CONSTITUTION WHERE ARTICLE 1 § 23 OF THE S.C. CONST. WOULD HAVE ALSO MADE THE PROVISION MANDATORY AS PREVIOUSLY STATED. THE COURT STILL, IN UNCONSTITUTIONAL ACTION, IGNORED THE CLEAR DEFAULT AND CHALLENGE TO THE COURT'S JURISDICTION WHERE THE APPELLANTS ARE ARGUING AGAINST THE PRECEDENT UNDER APPELLATE COURT RULE 217 THAT WAS ESTABLISHED BY THE STATE v. GENTRY 2005, U.S. v. COTTON 2002, STATE v. PARKHURST AND STATE v. LANGFORD 2012 CASES WHERE THOSE CASES WERE ADJUDICATED UNDER THE "STATUTORY" ELEMENT TO SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION AND ARE UNCONSTITUTIONALLY VAGUE ON THE ISSUE OF WHETHER THOUGH A COURT MAY HAVE JURISDICTION GIVEN TO THEM BY STATUTE, DO THEIR FAILURE TO ADHERE TO CONSTITUTIONAL DUE PROCESS PROTECTIONS PRODUCING UNCONSTITUTIONAL ACTION, WOULD VOID THE ACT OR JURISDICTION TO ACT UNDER THE CONSTITUTIONAL ELEMENT TO SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION? IT IS OBVIOUS FROM MONTGOMERY v. LOUISIANA, 136 S.Ct. 718, 193 L.Ed.2d. 599(U.S.2016) THAT A CRIMINAL COURT'S JURISDICTION IS NOT ABSOLUTE BASED UPON STATUTORY INTENT WHEN UNCONSTITUTIONAL ACTION EXISTS WITHIN THAT CRIMINAL CASE, SUCH AS THE ONES ARGUED BASED UPON THE LEGAL ISSUES OF RELIGIOUS PROPHECY THAT EXIST IN THE CRAWFORD, CHISOLM AND BELLAMY CASES. CRAWFORD SOUGHT TO BRING THESE MATTERS UP IN HIS DIRECT APPEAL BACK IN 2006, BUT CRAWFORD WAS ESSENTIALLY LITIGATING 11 YEARS AHEAD OF U.S. SUPREME COURT RULINGS, WHO DID NOT GIVE CLARIFICATION ON THE ISSUE OF SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION UNTIL THE MONTGOMERY RULING IN 2016. SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION IS NOW REVISITED BEFORE THE 4TH. CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS WHICH CAN BE RAISED AT ANY TIME, AT ANY STAGE, EVEN AFTER A FINAL JUDGMENT WAS ISSUED IN THE CASES INVOLVED, EVEN FOR THE FIRST TIME ON APPEAL BEFORE THE 4TH. CIRCUIT WHICH REQUIRE THE

4TH. CIRCUIT TO TAKE NOTICE AS DUE PROCESS LAW REQUIRES. SEE CITINGS OF LAW IN THE HABEAS CORPUS PETITION FILED AND OTHER DOCUMENTS WITHIN THE LOWER COURT RECORD. THE S.C. SUPREME COURT WAS A PART OF THE ACTS OF FRAUD UPON THE COURT. AT THE TIME OF CRAWFORD'S CONVICTION THE STATE DISCOVERED THAT THE INDICTMENT FOR MURDER IN THE STATE POSSESSED A FATAL FLAW IN THAT THEY DID NOT PROPERLY ALLEGE THE ESSENTIAL ELEMENTS OF "TIME AND PLACE" AS THE MURDER STATUTE REQUIRED SO THEY HELD MANY OF THE CASES IN LIMBO SOME FOR OVER 7 YEARS IN VIOLATION OF DUE PROCESS TO ALLOW THEM TO DO A NATION WIDE SEARCH AND "FISHING EXPEDITION" FOR UNCONSTITUTIONALLY VAGUE CASE LAW THAT ONLY ADDRESSED THE ISSUE OF SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION UNDER THE STATUTORY ELEMENT OF SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION TO DEFRAUD THE INMATES OF THIS STATE FURTHER DEMONSTRATING THAT THE STATE PROCESS IS INEFFECTIVE TO PROTECT THE CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS OF THE APPELLANTS. THEY PURPOSELY IGNORED CASES LIKE STEEL CO. v. CITIZENS FOR A BETTER ENVIRONMENT, 523 U.S. 83 THAT EXISTED AT THE TIME AND CLEARLY SHOWED THERE WERE TWO ELEMENTS TO SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION TO ALLOW THEM IN ACTS OF FRAUD UPON THE COURT TO ADJUDICATE THE ISSUE UNDER THE INCORRECT ELEMENT TO SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION TO DEPRIVE THE INMATES OF THIS STATE OF CONSTITUTIONAL DUE PROCESS PROTECTIONS.

INSOMUCH, ONCE THE ESTABLISHED APPLICATION FOR FORENSIC DNA TESTING WAS FINALLY PERMITTED FILED BEFORE THE KERSHAW COUNTY COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS, DESPITE THE EGREGIOUS ACTS OF CONSPIRACY AND OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE, THE CONSPIRING STATE AND COUNTY ACTORS INTENDED TO ALLOW THE CASE TO UNCONSTITUTIONALLY SIT THERE UNRESOLVED ESSENTIALLY FOREVER WHICH PROMPTED YAHDNA OVERSTREET-U-DEEN AND THE APPELLANT, CRAWFORD, TO GO BACK BEFORE THE S.C. SUPREME COURT AND INFORMED THEM OF THE UNCONSTITUTIONAL INORDINATE DELAY THAT VIOLATED U.S. SUPREME COURT HOLDINGS UNDER BETTERMAN v. MONTANA 2016 AND DUE PROCESS LAW. THE S.C. SUPREME COURT ORDERED THE STATE TO FINALLY RESPOND AND GO ON THE RECORD, SCHEDULE A HEARING AND GIVE A LEGITIMATE EXCUSE AS TO WHY THE CASE REMAINED UNRESOLVED FOR OVER 4 YEARS. THE SOLICITOR FAILED TO GIVE ANY JUSTIFIABLE REASON FOR THE INORDINATE DELAY. NOR DID HE SEEK LEAVE TO FILE HIS RESPONSE LATE IN VIOLATION OF THE

STATUTE AND CLAIM PROCESSING RULE BEFORE THE KERSHAW COUNTY COURT AS THE STATUTE AND DUE PROCESS LAW REQUIRED. NOR DID THE STATE CHALLENGE THE CLAIM OF DEFAULT BASED UPON THE CLAIM PROCESSING RULE FILED AT THE ONE YEAR MARK WHEN DIRECTLY ASKED BEFORE THE KERSHAW COUNTY GENERAL SESSIONS COURT FURTHER ESTABLISHING DEFAULT, FORFEITURE AND WAIVER AS WAS ARGUED BEFORE THE LOWER STATE COURT BUT WAS IGNORED IN ACTS OF FRAUD UPON THE COURT, MACHINATION AND UNCONSTITUTIONAL BIAS BY JUDGE NEWMAN WHO SHOULD HAVE NEVER PRESIDED OVER THE CASE IN THE FIRST PLACE IN THEIR JUDICIAL AMBUSH. IN FURTHER ACTS OF CONSPIRING UNDER COLOR OF STATE LAW AND OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE AND IN ACTS OF MACHINATION TO KEEP CRAWFORD UNJUSTLY TIED UP IN THE SYSTEM FOR 10 YEARS HOPING HE WOULD DIE BEFORE PROPER REVIEW OCCURRED BEING 64 YEARS OLD, TO THWART "JUST AND FAIR" REVIEW. THE CONSPIRING STATE AND COUNTY ACTORS WENT JUDGE SHOPPING AND PURPOSELY GOT JUDGE NEWMAN WHO SAT ON AND DISMISSED THE CASE UNDER 2013-CP-400-0084 IN RICHLAND COUNTY, S.C. WHERE THE SEEKING OF THE DNA TESTING WAS PREVIOUSLY SOUGHT TO PREVENT AGAIN THE REVEALING OF THIS EVIDENCE OF ACTUAL INNOCENCE AND THE CRIMINALITY THAT OCCURRED INVOLVING THE COUNTY OFFICIALS AND 5th. CIRCUIT SOLICITOR'S OFFICE AND McMASTERS WHO WAS ALSO INVOLVED FROM BEING DISCOVERED IN A CASE THAT WAS A HIGH PROFILE CASE AT THE TIME. THE COURT NEVER GAVE CRAWFORD ANY ADVANCE WRITTEN NOTICE OF THE SCHEDULED HEARING DATE, OR NOTIFICATION THAT JUDGE NEWMAN INTENDED TO SIT UPON THE CASE TO DEPRIVE CRAWFORD OF THE DUE PROCESS RIGHT TO FILE MOTION FOR HER RECUSAL BEFORE THE HEARING OCCURRED ON SEPTEMBER 13, 2025 UNTIL AFTER THE HEARING OCCURRED IN VIOLATION OF RULES OF COURT AND DUE PROCESS LAW AND RULE 6(d) AND OR RULE 40, TO AMBUSH CRAWFORD BY HAVING JUDGE NEWMAN SIT IN MACHINATION, WHEN IN FUNDAMENTAL FAIRNESS TO CRAWFORD WHO OBJECTED AND SOUGHT HER RECUSAL AT THE HEARING, SHE WAS REQUIRED TO RECUSE HERSELF DUE TO THE IMPARTIALITY AND POTENTIAL FOR BIAS RISING TO AN UNCONSTITUTIONAL LEVEL CREATING A CONSTITUTIONAL STRUCTURAL ERROR WHICH VOIDED THE COURT'S JURISDICTION AB INITIO UNDER THE CONSTITUTIONAL ELEMENT TO SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION, IN VIOLATION OF U.S. SUPREME COURT HOLDINGS UNDER WILLIAM v. PENNSYLVANIA, 136 S.Ct. 1899(U.S.2016). THE 4TH. CIRCUIT SPOKE WITH ALL CLARITY UNDER THE CASE OF DUKE ENERGY CAROLINAS, LLC. v.

NTE CAROLINAS II, LLC., 111 F.4TH. 337 (4th.Cir.2024), WHEN A JUDGE PRESIDED OVER A PREVIOUS CASE INVOLVING FRAUD BY THE JUDGE WHERE SHE ACTED TO DISMISS THE CASE WHEN THE CASE WAS PETITIONED REMOVED TO THE OHIO FEDERAL DISTRICT COURT UNDER CASE 2:23-cv-02962-JLG-CHG A CASE STILL PENDING UNTIL THIS VERY DAY, SHE SHOULD NOT ACCEPT REASSIGNMENT TO A CASE INVOLVING THE SAME PLAINTIFF AND THE SAME CAUSE AS IT RELATES TO THE SEEKING OF THE DNA EVIDENCE OF ACTUAL INNOCENCE. THE IMPROPER DENIAL OF A RECUSAL MOTION WHEN THE TRIAL JUDGE'S IMPARTIALITY REASONABLY MIGHT BE IN QUESTIONED HARMS NOT ONLY THE DEFENDANT, IN SUCH CASES, BUT ALSO THE JUDICIAL SYSTEM AND THE PUBLIC CONFIDENCE IT ENJOYS, BELUE v. LEVENTHAL, 640 F.3d. 567 (4th.Cir.2011); PATEL v. PATEL, 359 S.C. 515, 599 S.E.2d. 114(S.C.App.2004); U.S. v. NEAL, 101 F.3d. 993 (4th.Cir.1996)(APPEARANCE OF IMPROPRIETY BY LACK OF NOTICE IN JUDICIAL AMBUSH AND JUDGE ACTING IN SIMILAR CASE WHEN IT WAS PETITIONED REMOVED INDICATE RECUSAL IS APPROPRIATE); ROMAN CATHOLIC ARCH DIOCESE OF PUERTO RICO v. ACEVEDO FELICIANO, 140 S.Ct. 696 (ONCE A NOTICE OF REMOVAL IS FILED THE STATE COURT LOSES ALL JURISDICTION, ITS SUBSEQUENT PROCEEDINGS ARE NOT SIMPLY ERRONEOUS, BUT ABSOLUTELY VOID AS IT RELATES TO CASE 2013-CP-400-0084 WHICH JUDGE NEWMAN SAT ENGAGING IN EGREGIOUS ACTS OF FRAUD UPON THE COURT, BECAUSE EVERY ORDER THEREAFTER MADE IN THAT COURT IS CORAM NON JUDICE. ie. NOT BEFORE A JUDGE). THE SEEKING OF THE DNA WAS NOT MERELY ARGUED BEFORE THE STATE COURT. IT IS ALSO SOUGHT WITHIN THIS FILED § 1983 ACTION THAT IS THE SOURCE OF THIS APPEAL. ALSO SEE OKEOWO v. CHILDREN'S GUILD, 2024 WL 1604492 (D.Md.2024). THEY WENT JUDGE SHOPPING TO FIND JUDGE NEWMAN WHOSE ACTIONS ARE STILL CURRENTLY UNDER REVIEW UNDER CASE 2013-CP-400-0084 WHERE MOTION TO VACATE FOR FRAUD UPON THE COURT IS STILL PENDING AND WHERE HER ACTS ARE CURRENTLY UNDER SCRUTINY BEFORE THE FEDERAL COURT WHERE SHE ACTED WHEN THE CASE WAS PETITIONED REMOVED, TO COME IN THE KERSHAW COUNTY DNA APPLICATION CASE TO AGAIN PREVENT THE RELEASE OF THE EVIDENCE OF ACTUAL INNOCENCE AND PREVENT THEIR CRIMINALITY FROM BEING REVEALED. JUDGE NEWMAN HAS AN INTEREST IN THE OUTCOME WHERE HER FRAUD UPON THE COURT AND UNCONSTITUTIONAL ACTIONS ARE STILL CURRENTLY UNDER REVIEW WITHIN BOTH THE STATE AND FEDERAL DISTRICT

COURTS INVOLVED TO INAPPROPRIATELY TIE THE CASE UP FOR YEARS IN MACHINATION HOPING CRAWFORD WOULD DIE BEFORE HE OBTAINS JUST AND FAIR JUDICIAL REVIEW BEING 64 YEARS OLD, PRODUCING CONSTITUTIONAL STRUCTURAL ERROR THAT VOIDS THE COURT'S JURISDICTION UNDER THE CONSTITUTIONAL ELEMENT TO SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION, WILLIAMS v. PENNSYLVANIA, 136 S.Ct. 1899(U.S.2016); RIPPO v. BAKER, 137 S.Ct. 905 (U.S.2017); BASKIN v. WALKUP, 913 S.E.2d. 282(S.C.App.2025).

THIS IS COMPOUNDED BY THE FACT THAT RIGHTS OF RES JUDICATA AND COLLATERAL ESTOPPEL WERE INVOKED EMERGING FROM HOWARD v. CITY OF DURHAM, 68 F.4TH. 943 (4th.Cir.2023) WHERE THE 4TH. CIRCUIT DETERMINED THAT GENUINE ISSUE OF DISPUTE EXIST TO OBTAIN DNA TESTING TO INCULPATE ANOTHER (MICHAEL LEE'S SEXUAL ASSAULT OF HER) AS A POTENTIAL RESULT AND REASON FOR THE DEATH. THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT DETERMINED IN THE CONTEXT OF STATE CREATED POST CONVICTION PROCEDURES, INDIVIDUALS CONVICTED OF CRIMES IN STATE COURT HAVE A LIBERTY INTEREST IN DEMONSTRATING THEIR INNOCENCE WITH NEW EVIDENCE UNDER STATE LAW. THOUGH THE CASE WAS ARGUED UNDER 1983, WHETHER 1983 OR HABEAS CORPUS, THE SUBSIDIARY FACTS RELATED TO LIBERTY INTEREST WOULD APPLY IN BOTH INSTANCES REGARDING DNA TESTING TO PROVE ACTUAL INNOCENCE HERE. THE COURT ALSO DETERMINED THAT INMATE HAS STANDING TO BRING THIS ACTION, NOT JUST UNDER THE DNA STATUTE, BUT ALSO UNDER 1983 FOR DECLARATORY AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF WHICH IS ALSO SOUGHT BY THIS APPEAL. THIS CONSTITUTE A THIRD REQUEST FOR INJUNCTIVE RELIEF TO REQUIRE THE RELEASE OF ALL DNA TESTING AND EVIDENCE WHICH WAS SOUGHT BEFORE THAT LOWER STATE DNA COURT. THIS IS REQUIRED TO SEEK DNA TESTING EVEN IF THE LOCAL PROSECUTOR WHO HAS CUSTODY OF THE UNTESTED EVIDENCE HAD OTHER REASONS (LIKE ASSERTING IT WAS FOR SOME STUPID PATERNITY TEST) TO DENY DNA TESTING; INMATE ALLEGING THAT THE LOCAL PROSECUTOR'S DENIAL OF HIS REQUEST FOR DNA TESTING DEPRIVED THE APPELLANT OF HIS LIBERTY INTEREST IN UTILIZING STATE PROCEDURES TO OBTAIN AN ACQUITTAL AND OR REDUCTION OF HIS SENTENCE, IN VIOLATION OF DUE PROCESS LAW, AND A DECLARATORY JUDGMENT WOULD REDRESS THAT INJURY BY ORDERING OF THE CHANGE IN THE LEGAL STATUS OF THE PARTIES AND ELIMINATION OF THE

STATE PROSECUTOR'S ALLEGEDLY UNLAWFUL JUSTIFICATION FOR DENYING DNA TESTING. THE APPELLANT(S) MOTION FOR DECLARATORY AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF TO REMEDY THE INJUSTICE AND REQUIRE THE STATE TO RELEASE THAT DNA MATERIAL FOR TESTING AND OTHER EVIDENCE THAT WAS SOUGHT BEFORE THE LOWER STATE COURT AND GET CHISOLM AND BELLAMY BEFORE THOSE STATE COURTS TO OBTAIN THEIR IMMEDIATE RELEASE OR THE 4TH. CIRCUIT ORDER THE RELEASE DUE TO THE INJUSTICE ARGUED, GUTIERREZ v. SAENZ, 145 S.Ct. 2258(U.S.2025); WOOD v. PATTON, 150 F.4TH. 377, 5TH.Cir.; LONG v. BONDI, 2025 WL 2348708, * 9, 4th.Cir.(Va.)(INJUNCTIVE RELIEF REQUIRED TO REMOVE THIS UNCONSTITUTIONAL BARRIER). THIS MANIFEST INJUSTICE IS FURTHER COMPOUNDED BY THE FACT THAT THE CRAWFORD, CHISOLM AND BELLAMY CONVICTIONS ARE ALREADY INVALIDATED BY WHAT IS ARGUED DEMONSTRATING THAT HECK v. HUMPHREYS WOULD NOT APPLY BASED UPON THE TIMELY INVOKING OF THE CLAIM PROCESS RULE. THE U.S. SUPREME COURT IS CLEAR ON THIS ISSUE. IF AN AFFECTED PARTY ALERTS THE COURT OF THE DEADLINE IN A CLAIM PROCESSING RULE AND INVOKES ITS PROTECTION AS CRAWFORD, CHISOLM AND BELLAMY DID IN THEIR RESPECTIVE CASES, THE RELEVANT ACTION CANNOT BE TAKEN AFTER THE DEADLINE HAS PASSED WHERE THESE PROVISIONS ARE ALSO ATTACHED TO THE S.C. CONSTITUTION MAKING THEM MANDATORY, JURISDICTIONAL, UNDER ARTICLE 1 § 23 OF THE S.C. CONSTITUTION, SUBJECTING THE STATE TO DEFAULT, FORFEITURE AND WAIVER AS IS ARGUED IN THE CASES INVOLVED. THEY NO LONGER HAVE "CONSTITUTIONAL" JURISDICTION TO ADDRESS THE MERITS OR GO ANY FURTHER EXCEPT TO ANNOUNCE THIS FACT AND DISMISS THE CAUSE OF CONVICTION OR CIVIL DETAINMENT AGAINST THE APPELLANT(S), STATE v. THOMPSON, 322 A.3d. 32, 62+ Md.; UNITED STATES v. WILLIAMS, 56 F.4TH. 366(4th.Cir.2023); UNITED STATES v. BRANTLEY, 87 F.4TH. 262(4th.Cir.2023); UNITED STATES v. WHEELER, 886 F.3d. 415(4t.Cir.2018); WILLIAMS v. SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, 176 Fed.Cl. 215 Fed.Cl.; FORTBEND COUNTY, TEXAS v. DAVIS, 139 S.Ct. 1843(U.S.2019); McINTOSH v. UNITED STATES, 601 U.S. 330, 144 S.Ct. 980; HAMER v. NEIGHBORHOOD SERVICE OF CHICAGO, 138 S.Ct. 13; UNITED STATES v. MARSH, 944 F.3d. 524(4th.Cir.2019); SANTOS-ZACARIA v. GARLAND, 143 S.Ct. 1103(U.S.2023). THEIR UNCONSTITUTIONAL ACTIONS PREVENTED AND OR

DELAYED DISCOVERY OF EVIDENCE OF ACTUAL INNOCENCE IN MACHINATION, FRAUD AND UNCONSTITUTIONAL ACTION. THE DNA TESTING WAS MORE THAN LIKELY TO PRODUCE EVIDENCE OF ACTUAL INNOCENCE, EASILY TO BE DETERMINED, IF THOSE SAMPLES FROM KORRESHA ARE FOUND TO BE "DIPLOID" IN GENETIC TERMS, AS OPPOSED TO BEING "HAPLOID" IN GENETIC TERMS WHERE ANY JURIST WOULD CONCLUDE THAT THE OUTCOME WOULD HAVE BEEN DIFFERENT. THIS WAS ARBITRARY DENIAL AND OR OBSTRUCTION OF DUE PROCESS LAW ALSO IN VIOLATION OF THE EQUAL PROTECTION OF THE LAWS CLAUSE. THE NEW RULINGS RELATED TO CLAIM PROCESSING RULES IN THE SUPREME COURT CASES CITED AND THOSE RELATED TO DNA TESTING WOULD WARRANT THE FILING OF SUCCESSIVE HABEAS CORPUS OR HABEAS CORPUS UNDER 2241 FOR THE CIVIL COMMITMENT OR HABEAS CORPUS WHERE BY THE FRAUD EVEN INVOLVING THE S.C. SUPREME COURT RELATED TO THE GENTRY CASE, EQUITABLE TOLLING WOULD BE ESTABLISHED AND THE STATE JUDICIAL PROCESS IS INEFFECTIVE IN PROTECTING THE CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS OF THE APPELLANT(S) AND THEIR JURISDICTION IS VOID UNDER THE CONSTITUTIONAL ELEMENT TO SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION LEAVING NOTHING ELSE LEFT FOR THE STATE COURTS TO DO EXCEPT ANNOUNCE THIS FACT AND DISMISS THE CAUSE OF CONVICTION OR CIVIL COMMITMENT INVOLVING THE APPELLANT(S). THE FILING OF WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS FOR THE RELEVANT APPELLANTS MUST IN FUNDAMENTAL FAIRNESS BE PERMITTED DUE TO THESE EXTERNAL IMPEDIMENTS AND EXTRAORDINARY CIRCUMSTANCES WHERE THE FRAUD PREVENT THE STATE COURT OF PERFORMING ITS NORMAL FUNCTION OF ADJUDICATING CASES AS THE CONSTITUTION WOULD REQUIRE AND IS DIRECTED AT THE MACHINERY OF THE COURT ITSELF INVOLVING OFFICERS OF THE COURT. THE STATE'S JURISDICTIONAL RULE ACTS AS AN IMPEDIMENT TO ANY FURTHER ADJUDICATION BEFORE THEIR COURTS OTHER THAN TO ANNOUNCE THIS WHERE THE S.C. SUPREME COURT IS EVEN INVOLVED PURSUANT TO THE GENTRY CASE PRODUCING EXTRAORDINARY CIRCUMSTANCES AND EXTREME PREJUDICE IF THE APPELLANTS WERE REQUIRED TO CONTINUE ANY FURTHER BEFORE THE STATE COURTS INVOLVED, SEBELIUS v. AUBURN REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER, 133 S.Ct. 817(U.S.2013); HENSELEY v. CITY OF CHARLOTTE, 2023 WL 2533083 (W.D.N.C.2023); B.R. v. F.C.S.B., 17 F.4TH. 485(4th.Cir.2021); STEEL CO. v. CITIZEN FOR A BETTER ENVIRONMENT SUPRA.; al-SUYID v. HIFTER, 139 F.4TH.

368(4th.Cir.2025); STOP RECKLESS ECONOMICS INSTABILITY CAUSED BY DEMOCRATS v. FEDERAL ELECTION COMM'N., 814 F.3d. 221(4th.Cir.2016); FIRST PROTECTION INS. CO. v. LEWIS EDWARD O'LEARY, 2025 WL 1936566 (4th.Cir.2025); KOKKONEN v. GUARDIAN LIFE INS. CO. OF AMERICA, 114 S.Ct. 1673(U.S.1994)(COURTS ONLY POSSESS POWER BY "CONSTITUTION" (EMPHASIS ADDED) AND STATUTE WHICH IS NOT TO BE EXPANDED BY JUDICIAL DECREE. IT IS PRESUMED THAT THE CAUSE LIES OUTSIDE, BEYOND, THE COURT'S "CONSTITUTIONAL" JURISDICTION AND THE BURDEN OF ESTABLISHING THE CONTRARY IS ON THE RESPONDENT TO PROVE OTHERWISE, COPER BRIGHT ENTERPRISES v. RAIMONDO, 144 S.Ct. 2244(U.S.2024); THE CITY OF Ocala v. ROJAS, 598--U.S.--, 2023 WL 2357328(U.S.2023); MONTGOMERY v. LOUISIANA, 136 S.Ct. 718 (U.S.2016); STEEL CO. v. CITIZENS FOR A BETTER ENVIRONMENT SUPRA.

AS IT RELATES TO THE PCR CASES STATUTES, STATEMENTS ILLEGALLY USED AT CRAWFORD'S TRIAL STATUTES AND DNA STATUTES RELIED UPON PERTAINING TO THE USE OF STATEMENTS AT TRIALS AND TIMELINES FOR RESPONSE WHERE THE COURTS EITHER SUBTLY EXPANDED AND OR FORCE CONSTRUCTED THE STATUTES TO DENY US CONSTITUTIONAL DUE PROCESS PROTECTIONS AND PROTECTIONS UNDER THE EQUAL PROTECTION OF THE LAWS CLAUSE, ALSO WHERE THE U.S. SUPREME COURT UNDER BETTERMAN v. MONTANA, 578 U.S. 437 (U.S.2016) DETERMINED THAT IF A POST CONVICTION PROCEEDING IS HELD FOR 4 YEARS THOSE PROCEEDINGS BECOME UNCONSTITUTIONAL, IF THEY ARE UNCONSTITUTIONAL, THEY ARE VOID UNDER THE CONSTITUTIONAL ELEMENT TO SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION, AND THAT A DEFENDANT WOULD HAVE TAILORED RELIEF UNDER THE 5TH. AND 14TH. AMENDMENTS DUE PROCESS CLAUSE. THE PLAIN LANGUAGE OF THE STATUTES MUST BE ADHERED TO WITHOUT GIVING WAY TO FORCED CONSTRUCTION OR SUBTLY EXPANDING THE STATUTES RELIED UPON HERE WHICH THE STATE COURTS CONSPICUOUSLY FAILED AT, ALVAREZ RONQUILLO v. BONDI, 2025 WL 2371033(4th.Cir.2025); UNITED STATES v. CHAUDHRI, 134 F.4TH. 166(4th.Cir.2025).

(3) BY THE [26] PAGE DOCUMENT DATED APRIL 5, 2025 FILED WITHIN THE LOWER COURT, THE [29] PAGE DOCUMENT DATED JULY

31, 2025 DOCUMENT NO. 6 AND THE DOCUMENTS FILED SUBJUDICE, DO THE APPELLANTS HAVE A RIGHT OF AUTONOMY TO FILE THE CASE JOINTLY DUE TO IT POSSESSING COMMON QUESTIONS OF LAW AND FACT?

(4) BY THE [26] PAGE DOCUMENT DATED APRIL 5, 2025 FILED WITHIN THE LOWER COURT, THE [29] PAGE DOCUMENT DATED JULY 31, 2025 DOCUMENT NO. 6 AND THE DOCUMENTS FILED SUBJUDICE, DO THE APPELLANTS HAVE A RIGHT OF AUTONOMY TO CONSOLIDATE THE APPEALS FOR REMAND PURPOSES DUE TO THE APPEALS POSSESSING COMMON QUESTIONS OF LAW AND FACT, TO SEEK ADDITIONAL CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND FINDINGS OF FACT, AND HAVE THE CASES CONSOLIDATED WITHIN THE LOWER COURT PURSUANT TO RULE 52 AND DUE PROCESS LAW?

(5) BY THE [26] PAGE DOCUMENT DATED APRIL 5, 2025 FILED WITHIN THE LOWER COURT, THE [29] PAGE DOCUMENT DATED JULY 31, 2025 DOCUMENT NO. 6 AND THE DOCUMENTS FILED SUBJUDICE, DO THE APPELLANTS HAVE A RIGHT TO INTERVENE PURSUANT TO RULE 24 WITHIN EACH OTHERS CASES TO PROTECT THEIR ACQUIRED INTERESTS AS THE RULES FOR INTERVENTION PERMITS, ESPECIALLY IN LIGHT OF THE FACT THAT THE CASE WAS ORIGINALLY FILED JOINTLY AND IT IS OBVIOUS FROM THE PLEADING THAT THE CASES ARE NOT DISTINCTLY UNIQUE TO EACH OTHER POSSESSING COMMON QUESTIONS OF LAW AND FACT WHERE WE ARE CONNECTED BY THE LITIGATION PRESENTED POSSESSING COMMON INTERESTS AND POTENTIAL "COVENANT", "CONTRACTUAL" OBLIGATIONS?

(6) BY THE [26] PAGE DOCUMENT DATED APRIL 5, 2025 FILED WITHIN THE LOWER COURT, THE [29] PAGE DOCUMENT DATED JULY 31, 2025 DOCUMENT NO. 6 AND THE DOCUMENTS FILED SUBJUDICE, THE PLAINTIFFS FILE [11] DIFFERENT AND DISTINCT MOTIONS FOR RELIEF BEFORE THE LOWER DISTRICT COURT ONLY TO IN FRAUD AND UNCONSTITUTIONAL BIAS BE CIRCUMVENTED RULING. DO THE APPELLANTS HAVE A RIGHT OF DUE PROCESS TO HAVE EACH OF THE NUMEROUS MOTIONS SUBMITTED ADJUDICATED INDEPENDENTLY, SEPARATELY, PRODUCING INDEPENDENT FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW FOR EACH MOTION TO ALLOW THEM TO PROPERLY PRESERVE ANY POTENTIAL DENIAL OF THOSE MOTIONS FOR ANY SOUGHT SUBSEQUENT APPELLATE REVIEW INSTEAD OF HAVING THIS UNCONSTITUTIONALLY VAGUE DETERMINATION IN

VIOLATION OF DUE PROCESS LAW AND PROTECTIONS ESTABLISHED BY THE EQUAL PROTECTION OF THE LAWS CLAUSE AND RULE 52?

(7) BY THE [26] PAGE DOCUMENT DATED APRIL 5, 2025 FILED WITHIN THE LOWER COURT, THE [29] PAGE DOCUMENT DATED JULY 31, 2025 DOCUMENT NO. 6 AND THE DOCUMENTS FILED SUBJUDICE, THE PLAINTIFFS FILE [3] DIFFERENT AND DISTINCT MOTIONS BEFORE THE LOWER COURT. DID THE APPELLANTS HAVE A RIGHT OF DUE PROCESS TO HAVE EACH OF THE MOTIONS SUBMITTED FOR PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION ADJUDICATED INDEPENDENTLY, SEPARATELY, PRODUCING INDEPENDENT FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW FOR EACH MOTION TO ALLOW THEM TO PRESERVE ANY POTENTIAL DENIAL OF THOSE MOTIONS PROPERLY FOR ANY SOUGHT SUBSEQUENT APPELLATE REVIEW INSTEAD OF HAVING THIS UNCONSTITUTIONALLY VAGUE DETERMINATION IN VIOLATION OF DUE PROCESS LAW AND PROTECTIONS ESTABLISHED BY RULE 52?

(8) BY THE [26] PAGE DOCUMENT DATED APRIL 5, 2025 FILED WITHIN THE LOWER COURT, THE [29] PAGE DOCUMENT DATED JULY 31, 2025 DOCUMENT NO. 6 AND THE DOCUMENTS FILED SUBJUDICE, DO THE APPELLANTS HAVE A RIGHT OF AUTONOMY TO SEEK AND IT BE GRANTED THAT THE CASE BE GIVEN COMPLEX LITIGATION STATUS DUE TO THE EXTRAORDINARY NATURE OF THE LITIGATION DUE TO THE CASE POSSESSING NOVEL QUESTIONS OF LAW, MULTIPLE STATE AND FEDERAL DEFENDANTS, INTERNATIONAL DEFENDANTS, NUMBERING OVER 200, WITH LARGE DISCOVERY REQUESTS, QUESTIONS INVOLVING 50 STATES AND FOREIGN NATIONS REGARDING INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS AND OTHER ELEMENTS OF THE CASE THAT WOULD JUSTIFY COMPLEX CASE DESIGNATION?

(9) CAN INMATES FILE A § 1983 ACTION TO CHALLENGE THE CONSTITUTIONALITY OF THE 1996 CLINTON BILL WITH ITS PLRA, AEDPA, 3 STRIKE AND SENTENCING GUIDELINES SUING THE U.S. CONGRESS AND SENATE FOR DECLARATORY AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF RELATED THERETO DUE TO THEY DISPROPORTIONATELY TARGETING AFRICAN AMERICANS TO THEIR DETRIMENT IN VIOLATION OF THE 14TH. AMENDMENT BY THE EVIDENCE ARGUED IN THE COMPLAINT?

(10) BY THE [26] PAGE DOCUMENT DATED APRIL 5, 2025

FILED WITHIN THE LOWER COURT, THE [29] PAGE DOCUMENT DATED JULY 31, 2025 DOCUMENT NO. 6 AND THE DOCUMENTS FILED SUBJUDICE, THE APPELLANTS SOUGHT TO EXERCISE RIGHTS UNDER THE FOREIGN SOVEREIGN IMMUNITY ACT AND INTERNATIONAL LAW. THEREFORE, THESE ESSENTIAL LEGAL QUESTIONS MUST BE ANSWERED BEFORE THE 4TH. CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEAL. CAN YOU NATURALIZE BY THE 14TH. AMENDMENT STOLEN SOVEREIGN ETHIOPIAN KINGS OR THEIR STOLEN SOVEREIGN OFFSPRING VIA THE TRANS-ATLANTIC SLAVE TRADE WHO DO NOT JUST HAVE DIRECT TIES TO THE THRONE OF ETHIOPIAN, BUT ALSO TO THE THRONE OF ISRAEL AND THE ISLAMIC KHALIFATE? IS THERE A CONGRESSIONAL STATUTE OR ENACTMENT THAT STATE YOU CAN DO THIS LIKE THE INDIAN ACT OF 1924? CRAWFORD AND HIS ANCESTORS WERE NOT NORMAL SLAVES AS OTHER AFRICAN AMERICANS ARE. THEY ARE AN ANOMALY, AN EXCEPTION TO THE BIRTHRIGHT CITIZENSHIP RULE. THEY ARE THE DIRECT DESCENDANTS OF PROPHETS, KINGS, HIGH PRIESTS OF THE ONE TRUE GOD, OF KING SOLOMON, THE ETHIOPIAN QUEEN OF SHEBA AND KING MENEYLEK I OF THE ETHIOPIAN EMPIRE, HEIRS TO THE THRONE OF ETHIOPIA, OF ISRAEL AND LEVITICAL PRIESTHOOD, WHICH CANNOT BE DEEMED A CONCLUSORY CLAIM WHEN CRAWFORD POSSESS ALL THE PHYSICAL FEATURES THAT ARE FORETOLD BY RELIGIOUS PROPHECY INCLUDING THE FACT THAT HE WOULD COME OUT OF PRISON BETRAYED BY MEMBERS OF HIS OWN HOUSEHOLD WHICH IS THE SOURCE OF SEEKING THE DNA EVIDENCE OF ACTUAL INNOCENCE. SEE THE BOOK OF DANIEL 11:26, ISAIAH 14:29-32, ZECHARIAH 6:12-13, JEREMIAH 33:15-22 KING JAMES VERSION OF THE BIBLE AND ISLAMIC HADITH IN SUNA ABU DAWUD. THIS IS FURTHER SUPPORTED BY THE MANIFESTATION OF RELIGIOUS PROPHECY WRITTEN IN THE BOOK OF ISAIAH 14:29-32 THAT FORETOLD THIS MAN FROM THE NORTH (JERSEY CITY, N.J.) WOULD BE A "COCATRICE" (FIERY SPIRIT STOCKY MAN) AND WOULD APPEAR WHEN ISRAEL WOULD HAVE DESTROYED GAZA, PALESTINE, EXISTING NOW; AND FURTHER SUPPORTED BY ISLAMIC PROPHECY THAT SAID HE WOULD APPEAR AT A TIME WHEN THERE IS BOTH A LUNAR AND SOLAR ECLIPSE OCCURRING DURING THE MONTH OF RAMADAN WHICH OCCURRED IN 2023, AN EVENT THAT HAS NOT BEEN SEEN IN ABOUT 150 YEARS AND IS ALSO SUPPORTED BY THE FACT THAT CRAWFORD HAS A "SICLE CELL TRAIT" PRODUCING SCIENTIFIC EVIDENCE THAT HIS ANCESTRY ONCE ORIGINATED FROM THE ARABIAN PENINSULA AS WELL. THUS, SUCH A CLAIM IS NOT

CONCLUSORY, BASELESS OR MERITLESS IN LAW AND FACT, AND IS EVEN PROTECTED BY THE 1st. AMENDMENT FREE EXERCISE CLAUSE PURSUANT TO RELIGION. BUT THIS IS NOT THE QUESTION OR LEGAL ISSUE PRESENTED. CAN YOU WITHOUT AN ACT OF CONGRESS NATURALIZE BY THE 14TH. AMENDMENT STOLEN SOVEREIGN ETHIOPIAN KINGS OR THEIR STOLEN SOVEREIGN OFFSPRING VIA THE TRANS-ATLANTIC SLAVE TRADE BY THE 14TH. AMENDMENT WHO HAVE DIRECT TIES TO THE ETHIOPIAN THRONE, THE THRONE OF ISRAEL AND THE ISLAMIC KHALIFATE? BOTH ETHIOPIA AND THE STATE OF ISRAEL ARE FORMALLY RECOGNIZED FOREIGN STATES FROM WHICH CRAWFORD'S SOVEREIGN ANCESTRY ORIGINATES WHERE ISRAEL WAS DISPERSED EVEN TO ETHIOPIA AND THE MIDDLE EAST AND DID NOT BECOME A STATE AGAIN UNTIL 1948. IN THE 6TH. CENTURY, MODERN DAY ERITREA, ETHIOPIA, PORTIONS OF SUDAN, INCLUDING THE TERRITORY OF THE FORMER KINGDOM OF KUSH. COASTAL AREAS OF DJIBOUTI AND SOMALIA. ACROSS THE RED SEA IN YEMEN IN THE SOUTHERN ARABIAN PENINSULA, ALL OF THIS WAS PART OF THE ETHIOPIAN EMPIRE TO WHICH ALSO CHISOLM, BELLAMY AND YAHDINA TRACE THEIR ANCESTRAL HISTORY TO, PRODUCING ADDITIONAL COMMON QUESTIONS OF LAW AND FACT SUPPORTING JOINT FILING THOUGH THEY ARE NOT OF SOVEREIGN ANCESTRY. AMERICAN INDIANS WERE NOT EVEN CONSIDERED CITIZENS OF THIS NATION THOUGH THE 14TH. AMENDMENT WAS ESTABLISHED UNTIL THE INDIAN ACT OF 1924. BEFORE THEN THEY WERE CONSIDERED "FOREIGNERS" THOUGH THEY WERE BORN ON AMERICAN SOIL. THE SAME PRINCIPLE WOULD APPLY TO THE CHILDREN OF FOREIGN SOVEREIGNS, CRAWFORD, IN THIS INSTANCE. IT TOOK AN ACT OF CONGRESS TO MAKE THE AMERICAN INDIANS CITIZENS BECAUSE THE AMERICAN INDIANS, LIKE CRAWFORD AND HIS ANCESTRY FELL WITHIN THE EXCEPTION TO BIRTHRIGHT CITIZENSHIP DEMONSTRATING THIS IS NOT A FRIVOLOUS, BASELESS OR MERITLESS CLAIM OR SOME STUPID, FRIVOLOUS "SOVEREIGN CITIZEN CLAIM" WHICH WOULD ESTABLISH RIGHTS UNDER THE FOREIGN SOVEREIGN IMMUNITY ACT AND INTERNATIONAL LAW. WHAT CONSTITUTIONAL PROVISION OR ACT OF CONGRESS STATE YOU CAN NATURALIZE BY THE 14TH. AMENDMENT STOLEN SOVEREIGNS OR THEIR STOLEN SOVEREIGN CHILDREN?

(11) BY THE [26] PAGE DOCUMENT DATED APRIL 5, 2025 FILED WITHIN THE LOWER COURT, THE [29] PAGE DOCUMENT DATED JULY 31, 2025 DOCUMENT NO. 6 AND THE DOCUMENTS FILED SUBJUDICE, IF THERE IS NO CONGRESSIONAL ENACTMENT THAT STATE YOU CAN NATURALIZE

BY THE 14TH. AMENDMENT STOLEN ETHIOPIAN SOVEREIGN KINGS OR THEIR STOLEN SOVEREIGN OFFSPRING, WHICH THERE IS NOT, WOULD THOSE STOLEN SOVEREIGNS OR THEIR STOLEN SOVEREIGN OFFSPRING RETAIN ALL RIGHTS, TITLES, PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES THAT ARE AFFORDED TO THEM BY THEIR SOVEREIGNTY UNDER THEIR ORIGINATING NATION(S) UNLESS THERE WAS SOME ACT OF CONGRESS THAT WOULD DETERMINE OTHERWISE? THE LAW OF THE "COVENANT", "CONTRACT" WHEN AND WHERE IT WAS MADE STANDS AS IS ARGUED AND WAS DEFAULTED ON WITHIN THE STATE CASES REFERRED TO. RIGHTS, TITLES, PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES DERIVED FROM A FOREIGN NATION (AFRICA, ISRAEL, MIDDLE EAST) ARE GOVERNED BY THAT FOREIGN NATION'S LAWS AT THE TIME THE COVENANT, CONTRACT WAS ESTABLISHED, NOT U.S. LAW. FOREIGN LAW PREVAILS ON FOREIGN MATTERS. A "COVENANT", "CONTRACT" FROM THE ORIGINAL NATION WOULD DICTATE THE INDIVIDUAL'S STANDING, TITLE AND PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES, (ie. JEREMIAH 33:15-22; ISAIAH 11:1-5, ZECHARIAH 6:12-13, DANIEL CHAPT.11), ESPECIALLY WHEN WE ARE DEALING WITH A "SOLE CORPORATION", CONTINUOUS PRESENCE, UNDER CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATION. THE U.S. GOVERNMENT CANNOT INTERFERE OR INVALIDATE A FOREIGN GOVERNMENT'S "COVENANTS", "CONTRACTS", RELIGIOUS OR OTHERWISE. THE SUCCESSION OF A FOREIGN THRONE IS NOT A MATTER FOR THE U.S. COURTS TO DECIDE. THEREFORE, THE QUESTION MUST BE ANSWERED, BUT NOT THE MERITS. FOREIGN LAW BASED UPON THOSE FOREIGN COVENANTS OR CONTRACTS WOULD PREVAIL (JEREMIAH 33:15-22, ISAIAH 11:1-5, ZECHARIAH 6:12-13, DANIEL CHAPT.11, SUNA ADU DAWUD REGARDING AL MAHDI) AND BE REQUIRED TO BE GIVEN FULL FAITH AND CREDIT WITHIN ALL COURT RECORDS, UNITED STATES v. WONG KIM ARK, (1898); REPUBLIC OF ARGENTINA v. WELTOVER INC. (1992); THE NOTTEBOLM CASE (1955). UNDER SUCH SCENARIO, A FOREIGN SOVEREIGN WHO WAS FORCIBLY BROUGHT TO THE U.S. WOULD BE ABLE TO SUE IN AMERICAN COURTS AND PERSONAL JURISDICTION WOULD EXIST AND BASED UPON THE LACK OF VOLUNTARY APPEARANCE IN THE COUNTRY AS ALSO SUPPORTED UNDER FRISBIE v. COLLINS (1952) VIA THE KER-FRISBIE DOCTRINE ILLUSTRATING THAT AN ILLEGAL KIDNAPPING (EVEN PURSUANT TO THE ILLEGAL FRAMING) WOULD NOT INVALIDATE JURISDICTION OVER THE FOREIGN SOVEREIGN. CLEAR CAUSE WOULD BE ESTABLISHED FOR KIDNAPPING AND FALSE IMPRISONMENT. SINCE THE U.S.

GOVERNMENT AIDED IN THE ALLEGED KIDNAPPING AFTER THE FACT BY PLACING A U.S. MARSHAL NOTIFY IN CRAWFORD'S S.C.D.C. RECORDS TO CONTINUE TO ILLEGALLY KIDNAP HIM IF THE STATE FAILED IN THEIR EFFORTS, (A U.S. NOTIFY THAT HAD ABSOLUTELY NOTHING TO DO WITH CRAWFORD AT ALL PURSUANT TO A SAID BANK ROBBERY IN GEORGIA THAT STILL EXIST IN CRAWFORD'S S.C.D.C. FILE UNTIL THIS VERY DAY), THE FEDERAL COURTS WOULD HAVE JURISDICTION TO HEAR THE MATTER AS IS ALSO ARGUED BEFORE THE OHIO DISTRICT COURT AND 6TH. CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS. THE SEEKING OF PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION IS ALSO SOUGHT TO GET THAT U.S. NOTIFY OUT OF CRAWFORD'S S.C.D.C. FILES IMMEDIATELY FOR WHICH THE U.S. MARSHALS AND UNITED STATES ARE BEING SUED FOR \$30 MILLION FOR PLACING IT THERE INTENTIONALLY WITH NEFARIOUS INTENT, WHICH SHOULD NOT BE THERE AT ALL AND REMAINS SO UNTIL THIS VERY DAY, AND TO HALT ANY POTENTIALLY SOUGHT DEPORTATION UNTIL ALL § 1983 ACTIONS AROUND THE NATION INVOLVING THESE MATTERS ARE CONCLUDED OR IT WOULD PREJUDICE THE APPELLANT, CRAWFORD, IN BRINGING THESE MATTERS BEFORE THE COURTS INVOLVED WHICH AID IN THE COURTS JURISDICTION UNDER THE ALL WRITS ACT. THE APPELLANT(S) ALSO GIVE THE COURT JUDICIAL NOTICE THAT THESE MATTERS ARE ALSO BEFORE ARCH BISHOP FABRE-LaJUENE OF THE GEORGIA AND CHARLESTON, S.C. CATHOLIC ARCH DIOCESES, POPE LEO AND THE VATICAN WHO INTEND TO MAKE AN OFFICIAL ASSESSMENT ON THE VATICAN RECORD AT THE TIME OF CRAWFORD'S SOUGHT RELEASE.

(12) BY THE [26] PAGE DOCUMENT DATED APRIL 5, 2025 FILED WITHIN THE LOWER COURT, THE [29] PAGE DOCUMENT DATED JULY 31, 2025 DOCUMENT NO. 6 AND THE DOCUMENTS FILED SUBJUDICE, IS THERE ANY INDICATION OF A "COVENANT", "CONTRACT" EMERGING FROM THE 3 TRUE MONOTHEISTIC MAINSTREAM RELIGIOUS OF THE SEED OF THE PROPHET ABRAHAM THAT THE APPELLANTS ARE RELYING UPON AS BENEFICIARIES OF SUCH A "COVENANT", "CONTRACT" AS BEING CHRISTIAN, MUSLIM OR JEWS?

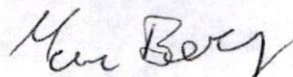
(13) IS A RELIGIOUS "COVENANT" A FORM OF "CONTRACT"?

(14) ARE ALL FORMS OR TYPES OF CONTRACTS PROTECTED UNDER ARTICLE 1 § 10 OF THE U.S. CONSTITUTION, INCLUDING

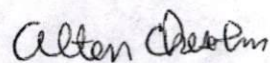
"COVENANTS"? WE DO NOT WANT THE HONORABLE 4TH. CIRCUIT GOING ALL OVER THE PLACE ATTEMPTING TO ADDRESS THE MERITS OTHER THAN TO ANSWER YES OR NO TO THESE SPECIFIC LEGAL QUESTIONS. WE RESERVE THE RIGHT TO HAVE THE FULL ADDRESSING OF THE MERITS DONE AT THE LOWER DISTRICT COURT LEVEL AS DUE PROCESS LAW WOULD PERMIT IN ORDER THAT THEY WOULD BE PROPERLY PRESERVED FOR ANY POTENTIAL SUBSEQUENT APPELLATE REVIEW WHICH ALSO SUPPORTS OUR SEEKING OF REMAND.

REFERRING BACK TO THE ISSUE OF THE PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION FOR THE UNCONSTITUTIONAL DELAY OF MEDICAL TREATMENT ALSO IN VIOLATION OF 42 U.S.C. § 12203(a)(b) OF ADA. CRAWFORD WAS FOUND IN 2018 TO HAVE A GROWTH ON HIS COLON WHICH HAD TO BE SURGICALLY REMOVED. THE PHYSICIAN REQUIRED CRAWFORD BE BROUGHT BEFORE HIM YEARLY TO ENSURE THAT NO FURTHER GROWTHS OCCUR. UNTIL THIS CURRENT DAY APPROXIMATELY 7 YEARS LATE S.C.D.C. HAS FAILED AND DENIED AND OR DELAYED THIS PRESCRIBED MEDICAL TREATMENT AS WELL. THIS, TOO, IS SOUGHT REMEDIED BY THE INJUNCTIVE RELIEF. WE DO DECLARE UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY THAT THE FOREGOING IS TRUE AND CORRECT AND WE ARE COMPETENT TO TESTIFY AS TO THE VERITY OF THE CLAIMS PRESENTED HAVING PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE FACTS.

RESPECTFULLY,
MAURICE BELLAMY



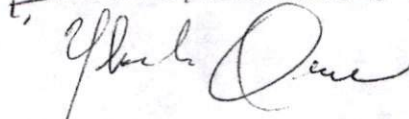
ALTON CHISOLM



JONAH THE TISHBITE



YAHDINA OVERSTREET-U-DEEN



OCTOBER 28, 2025

IN THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA
IN THE COURT OF APPEALS

CASE DOCKET NO. 2025-001856

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DEC 15 2025

SC Court of Appeals

APPEAL FROM THE COUNTY OF KERSHAW
IN THE COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS

APPLICATION FOR FORENSIC DNA TESTING
UNDER CASE 2004-GS-28-00385

LAWRENCE L. CRAWFORD,

PETITIONER-APPELLANT

Vs.

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,

RESPONDENT

AFFIDAVIT OF SERVICE

I, LAWRENCE L. CRAWFORD AKA JONAH GABRIEL JAHJAH T. TISHBITE, DO HEREBY CERTIFY, THAT WE HAVE MAILED AND OR SERVED A COPY OF AN AFFIDAVIT OF FACTS GIVING JUDICIAL NOTICE; MOTION TO ACT PRO SE (SEEKING TO RELIEVE STATE APPOINTED COUNSEL ALSO DUE TO CONFLICT OF INTEREST); MOTION TO VACATE THE ORDER ISSUED ON DECEMBER 3, 2025 HOLDING THE CASE IN ABEYANCE DUE TO

CONSTITUTIONAL STRUCTURAL ERROR VOIDING THE ORDER UNDER THE CONSTITUTIONAL ELEMENT TO SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION; MOTION TO RENEW THE PREVIOUS FILED PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDAMUS AND OTHER PLEADING THAT ARE THE SUBJECT TO THE DECEMBER 3, 2025 ORDER AND MOTION TO MOTION THEREFOR, AND ITS ATTACHMENTS, ON THE S.C. COURT OF APPEALS P.O. BOX 11629 COLUMBIA, S.C. 29211, ATTORNEY MS. WANDA H. CARTER OF THE S.C. APPELLATE DEFENSE OFFICE 1330 LADY STREET SUITE 401, COLUMBIA, S.C. 29201, THE 4TH. CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS, THE S.C. U.S. DISTRICT COURT, THE S.C. ATTORNEY GENERAL, THE S.C. DEPT. OF CORRECTIONS, MR. LAWRENZ DIRECTOR AT WELL PATH CENTER, THE UNITED STATES CONGRESS, THE UNITED STATES SENATE, THE U.S. ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE AT THE DEPT. OF JUSTICE, THE U.S. ATTORNEY FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA, ARCH BISHOP FABRE-JEUNE, POPE LEO AND THE VATICAN, THE UNITED NATIONS, THE COUNTY OF RICHLAND, THE COUNTY OF KERSHAW, THE COUNTY OF HORRY, THE COUNTY OF CHARLESTON AND ALL OTHER INVOLVED PARTIES VIA THEIR ADDRESSES ON RECORD WITHIN THE 4TH. CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS, BY U.S. MAIL AND OR CERTIFIED, POSTAGE PREPAID, BY DEPOSITING IT IN THE INSTITUTION MAILBOX ON DECEMBER 8, 2025. FEDERAL LAW PREEMPTS STATE LAW IN THIS CASE. IT IS DEEMED FILED ON THAT DATE PURSUANT TO THE MAILBOX RULE, HOUSTON v. LACK, 287 U.S. 266, 273-76, 108 S.Ct. 2379(U.S.1988).

RESPECTFULLY,

LAWRENCE L. CRAWFORD

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'L. Crawford', with a circular stamp or mark over the right side of the signature.

DECEMBER 8, 2025

LAWRENCE L. CRAWFORD AKA
JONAH GABRIEL JAHJAH T. TISHBITE
#300839 F3B. RM. 148
EVANS C.I. 610 HWY. 9 WEST
BENNETTSVILLE, S.C. 29512

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DEC 15 2025

SC Court of Appeals

IN RE: CASE 2025-001856 AND MOTIONING TO RELIEVE STATE APPOINTED
COUNSEL DUE TO CONFLICT OF INTEREST AS IS ARGUED IN THE ATTACHED
FILING.

TO: THE SOUTH CAROLINA COURT OF APPEALS,
ATTORNEY MS. WANDA S. CARTER,
THE S.C. ATTORNEY GENERAL ET. AL.,

ATTACHED IS A PLEADING THAT NEEDS TO BE FILED WITHIN THE
ABOVE CAPTIONED CASES WITHIN THE S.C. COURT OF APPEALS, FILED FOR
THE PURPOSE OF MOTIONING TO RELIEVE COUNSEL FROM THE S.C.
APPELLATE DEFENSE OFFICE DUE TO CLEAR CONFLICT OF INTEREST.
PLEASE FILE WITHIN THE CASE AND NOTIFY THE COURT TO ALLOW
ADJUDICATION. COPY IS SERVED ON THE S.C. APPELLATE DEFENSE OFFICE
AND S.C. ATTORNEY GENERAL. I THANK YOU IN ADVANCE. STILL REMAIN,

RESPECTFULLY,
JONAH THE TISHBITE

DECEMBER 8, 2025

LAWRENCE L. CRAWFORD

#300839 F3B Rm 148

EVANS CTR 610 Hwy 9 West

BENNETTSVILLE, SC 29512



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SC Court of Appeals

The SC Court of Appeals

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