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DEC 29 2025

SC Court of Appeals

I have enclosed in this envelope, pages from the trial transcript. Due to my counsel not providing me with the appropriate Documents, Video's, and Audio, I have thoroughly went through the transcript to point out issues supported by evidence and some matters that have no evidence to support certain matter. Pg 40 Lines 12-22, the state says from the moment that he sees the gun he's continuing his traffic stop investigation, that he's called it in to dispatch pertaining to appellate's license and status of being federally prohibited. Evidence of Rhoads only inquiring about appellate being Federally Prohibited, was the response dispatch gave at 12 minutes and 50 seconds into the traffic stop. The state admitted Rhoads had yet to hear from dispatch as to the status of the insurance, which the B.W.C of officer Rhoads will not show appellate relaying any documents or information of insurance, as well as dispatch not returning any information pertaining to the ordinary inquiries of a traffic stop's mission. The state also stated on pg 41 Line 13, he was awaiting results on those, which there is no evidence of any investigation

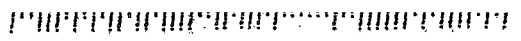
being conducted except of appellate being Federally prohibited from possessing a firearm. Evidence to support this matter falls on Pg 75, when the state asked Rhoads what did he do specifically in regards to the gun after the drugs were located? Rhoads testified at that point, he gave dispatch appellates information and they told him he was Federally prohibited from possessing a firearm.

But on pg 40, the state said "as soon as he sees the gun it's a continuing investigation. He's calling it at dispatch, trying to figure out appellates status of his license and being Federally prohibited.

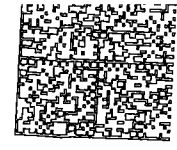
This is a statement from the state that is critical due to dispatch never returning information of appellates license, outstanding warrants, registration, or insurance. The Evidence is from Rhoads B.W.C that will validate no ordinary inquiries were conducted.

Rhoads also violated appellates 4th Amendment from unreasonable searches and seizures, by exceeding the scope of a protective search for weapons, which appellate gave consent. Rhoads B.W.C will provide evidence appellate exited the vehicle hands raised in the air. Rhoads asked appellate did he have any weapons on him,

appellate state "you can check me". Rhoads then asked a coercive question to try to broaden the search for evidence of criminal wrongdoing by asking appellate can I search you, which appellate again limiting the search to a protective search for weapons stated "you can check me". The courts tend to look at repeated coercive questions as inappropriate. Rhoads did not know the object as contraband, nor was it incriminating in nature, or immediately apparent. Pg 79 Lines 2-3 verify this action as unconstitutional. "Because of the cocaine, You're under arrest. We going to call it marijuana okay? No charges for cocaine or marijuana was filed against appellate. This is not a brief or argument, this is only a taste of the evidence that this case and conviction were conducted in error. I just ask that these documents paint the picture required to have my life back as a Husband, father, and Grandfather. Thank you for you alls time.



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