

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA
In The Supreme Court

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APPEAL FROM HAMPTON COUNTY
Court Of Common Pleas

S.C. Supreme Court

Carmen T. Mullen, Circuit Court Judge

Opinion No. 2014-UP-317 (S.C. Ct. App. Filed Aug. 6, 2014)

CHERRY SCOTT, as Personal Representative of the Estate
of ELIZABETH JONES,

Respondent,

v.

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE OF ESTILL, LLC, d/b/a
Heritage of the Lowcountry and/or Uni-Health Post Acute
Care of the Lowcountry, UNITED CLINICAL SERVICES,
INC., UNITED REHAB, INC., and UHS-PRUITT
CORPORATION,

Petitioners.

PETITIONER'S APPENDIX (VOL. 1)

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FORM 4

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA
COUNTY OF HAMPTON
IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

JUDGMENT IN A CIVIL CASE
CASE NUMBER 2010CP2500491

2010 EP-25492

Cherry Scott	Elizabeth Jones FILED NOV - 9 2011 @ 2:05pm CLERK OF COURT HAMPTON COUNTY PLAINTIFF(S)	Heritage Healthcare Of Estill Llc Uni-Health Post Acute Care of the Lowcountry UHS Pruitt Corp	Heritage of the Lowcountry United Clinical Services Inc United Rehab Inc DEFENDANT(S)

Submitted by: CLERK OF COURT	Attorney for: ☐ Plaintiff ☐ Defendant ☐ Self-Represented Litigant

DISPOSITION TYPE (CHECK ONE)

- ☐ **JURY VERDICT.** This action came before the court for a trial by jury. The issues have been tried and a verdict rendered.
- ☐ **DECISION BY THE COURT.** This action came to trial or hearing before the court. The issues have been tried or heard and a decision rendered.
- ☐ **ACTION DISMISSED (CHECK REASON):** ☐ Rule 12(b), SCRCP; ☐ Rule 41(a), SCRCP (Vol. Nonsuit);
☐ Rule 43(k), SCRCP (Settled); ☐ Other: _____
- ☐ **ACTION STRICKEN (CHECK REASON):** ☐ Rule 40(j) SCRCP; ☐ Bankruptcy;
☐ Binding arbitration, subject to right to restore to confirm, vacate or modify arbitration award; ☐ Other: _____
- ☐ **DISPOSITION OF APPEAL TO THE CIRCUIT COURT (CHECK APPLICABLE BOX):**
☐ Affirmed; ☐ Reversed; ☐ Remanded; ☐ Other: _____

NOTE: ATTORNEYS ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR NOTIFYING LOWER COURT, TRIBUNAL, OR ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY OF THE CIRCUIT COURT RULING IN THIS APPEAL.

IT IS ORDERED AND ADJUDGED: ☒ See attached order; (formal order to follow) ☐ Statement of Judgment by the Court:

ORDER DENYING MOTION TO COMPEL ARBITRATION FILED 11-09-2011 SIGNED BY JUDGE MULLEN

ORDER INFORMATION

This order ☐ ends ☒ does not end the case.

Additional Information for the Clerk:

Judgment in Favor of (List name(s) below)	Judgment Against (List name(s) below)	Judgment Amount To be Enrolled (List amount(s) below)

If applicable, describe the property, including tax map information and address, referenced in the order:

The judgment information above has been provided by the submitting party. Disputes concerning the amounts contained in this form may be addressed by way of motion pursuant to the SC Rules of Civil Procedure. Amounts to be computed such as interest or additional taxable costs not available at the time the form and final order are submitted to the judge may be provided to the clerk. **Note: Title abstractors and researchers should refer to the official court order for judgment details.**

Circuit Court Judge

Judge Code

Date

For Clerk of Court Office Use Only

This judgment was entered on , and a copy mailed first class or placed in the appropriate attorney's box on , to attorneys of record or to parties (when appearing pro se) as follows:

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Mylynda D. Nettles

Mylynda Nettles - Clerk of Court

Court Reporter

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)
)
COUNTY OF HAMPTON)
)
CHERRY SCOTT, as Personal)
Representative of the Estate of)
ELIZABETH JONES)
)
Plaintiff,)
)
v.)
)
HERITAGE HEALTHCARE OF)
ESTILL, LLC, d/b/a Heritage of the)
Lowcountry and/or Uni--Health Post)
Acute Network of the Lowcountry,)
UNITED CLINCIAL SERVICES,)
INC., UNITED REHAB, INC.,)
And UHS-PRUITT)
CORPORATION,)
)
Defendants,)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

C/A No.: 2010-CP-25-491 & 492
(Survival and Wrongful Death)

**ORDER
DENYING DEFENDANTS'
MOTION TO COMPEL
ARBITRATION**

FILED
2011 NOV -9 PM 2:05
CLERK OF COURT
HAMPTON COUNTY, S.C.

This matter came before me on October 7, 2011. The Plaintiff was represented by Charles J. McCutchen of Orangeburg and Lee D. Cope of Hampton. The Defendants were represented by Michael Montgomery of Columbia.

BACKGROUND

Ms. Elizabeth Jones was admitted to the Heritage Healthcare of Estill LLC ("HHE") facility on or about April 18, 2007. At that time she was a fifty-nine year old female who plaintiff claims was in good physical condition. During her residency, the Plaintiff, Ms. Cherry Scott, claims that Ms. Jones' condition worsened and that she developed avoidable pressure sores that resulted in her leg being amputated and her eventual death.

Ms. Scott, acting as Personal Representative of her sister's Estate, brought wrongful death and survival claims against HHE and the other defendants on March 23, 2010. The claims

therein are the basis for the Defendants Motion to Stay and to Compel Arbitration. For the reasons set forth below, the Defendants' Motion is denied.

DISCUSSION

The policy of this state is to favor arbitration of disputes. Toler's Cove Homeowners Ass'n, Inc. v. Trident Constr. Co., Inc., 355 S.C. 605, 612, 586 S.E.2d 581 (2003). However, not all arbitration clauses are enforceable. Arbitration is a matter of contract and S.C. courts must determine the enforceability of an arbitration agreement based on principles of contract law. Munoz v. Green Tree Fin. Corp., 343 S.C. 531, 538, 542 S.E.2d 360, 364 (2001). In order to have a valid and enforceable contract, there must be a meeting of the minds as to all essential and material terms of the contract. Player v. Chandler, 299 S.C. 101, 105, 382 S.E.2d 891 (1989).

A. FORUM SELECTED BY DEFENDANT HHE IS NOT AVAILABLE

The Arbitration Agreement between Ms. Jenkins, on behalf of her sister, Ms. Jones, and HHE is not enforceable. There is no dispute that the agreement at issue was prepared by HHE and calls for any "claim or claims" between the resident and HHE to be handled under the auspices of the American Arbitration Association (AAA). The relevant parties of the Arbitration Agreement is as follows:

Proceeding. Any arbitration proceeding that takes place under this Arbitration Agreement shall follow the rules of the American Arbitration Association ("AAA") and any resulting decision shall be enforceable by a court of competent jurisdiction. The arbitration proceedings shall be conducted where the Facility is located or as close to the Facility as practical. The arbitration proceeding shall be conducted before one neutral arbitrator selected in accordance with the rules of the AAA. The parties agree to bear their own attorneys' fees and costs associated with the arbitration proceeding.

Effective January 1, 2003, the AAA no longer accepts for arbitration cases involving individual patients in a healthcare facility unless there was a post-dispute agreement to arbitrate. According to the pleadings, the dispute between the parties at issue in this case arose on or about February 2008 when the Plaintiff claims that the HHE staff failed to provide sufficient care such that she developed pressure sores. The arbitration agreement was signed on April 17, 2007 by Ms. Jenkins on behalf of Ms. Jones. Therefore the Arbitration Agreement was signed "pre-injury." By its own language, the Resident and Facility Arbitration Agreement is not enforceable as the AAA will not hear the matter and the agreement is silent as to the method by which the arbitration shall be conducted absent the AAA rules.

Our Supreme Court has recently addressed this very issue. In Grant v. Magnolia Manor – Greenwood, Inc. et al, 383 S.C. 125, 678 S.E.2d 435 (2009), the Court held that the selection of a arbitration forum is an "integral part of the agreement." There, the chosen forum, the National Health Lawyers Association, took the same position as the AAA in that it would not administer arbitration of a health care personal injury claim unless the arbitration agreement was entered into after the event giving rise to the claim. Id. Because HHE chose the AAA's rules as the guiding principle for arbitration, it is an integral part of the agreement. The chosen forum also negates the ability to look to the Federal Arbitration Agreement ("FAA") for another means of arbitration. The Grant court held that the chosen means by which an arbitrator will be selected and the "rules that govern the arbitration" are not "logistical" nor "ancillary." Id. The Defendant HHE knew or should have known that the AAA did not recognize these types of arbitration agreements when it entered into it with Ms. Jenkins. It should not look to the Court now to correct its mistake. Accordingly, the arbitration agreement must fail.

Despite the Defendants' contention to the contrary, there is no distinction between a chosen "forum" and an agreement that the parties will use the AAA "rules." In essence the two are inseparable. Rule R-2 of the Commercial Arbitration Rules and Administrative Procedures of the AAA provides as follows:

When parties agree to arbitrate under these rules, or when they provide for arbitration by the AAA and an arbitration is initiated under these rules, they thereby authorize the AAA to administer the arbitration. The authorities and duties of the AAA are prescribed in the agreement of the parties and in these rules, and may be carried out through such of the AAA's representatives as it may direct. The AAA may, in its discretion, assign the administration of an arbitration to any of its officers.

Rule R-3 makes reference to the National Roster of Arbitrators. This Rule provides:

The AAA shall establish and maintain a national roster of commercial arbitrators (National Roster) and shall appoint arbitrators as provided in these rules. The term "arbitrator" in these rules refers to the arbitration panel, constituted for a particular case, whether composed of one or more arbitrators, or to an individual arbitrator, as the context requires.

Rule R-49 addresses administrative fees and provides that: "As a Not-For-Profit Organization, the AAA shall prescribe an initial filing fee and a case service fee to compensate it for the costs of providing administrative services."

Sub-paragraph C of Rule 51 addresses the neutral Arbitrator's Compensation and provides that: "Any arrangement"

for the compensation of a neutral arbitrator shall be paid through the AAA and not directly between the parties and the arbitrator.

The American Arbitration Association Rules conclude by revealing that:

These rules are the copyrighted property of the American Arbitration Association (AAA) and are intended to be used in conjunction with the AAA's administrative services. Unauthorized use or modification of these rules may violate copy write laws and other applicable laws.

Therefore, there is no discernible difference between the AAA as a "forum" or simply using the AAA's "rules."

Thus, an integral component of the parties' agreement has failed. As Grant dictates, when the forum fails the agreement fails and the parties cannot look to the FAA for a replacement forum.

B. The FAA is not involved as there is no interstate commerce in the agreement

In addition to Grant, there are reasons why this Court will not look to the FAA to "fix" the arbitration agreement as drafted by HHE. The agreement of the parties is not a transaction involving interstate commerce. This issue was addressed by the South Carolina Supreme Court in the case of Tims vs. Green, 310 S.C. 469, 427, S.E.2d 642 (1993). The Tims case involved an action by a nursing home resident seeking damages for injuries sustained while she was left unattended under a hair dryer at defendant's facility. The arbitration agreement between Tims and the Defendant required submission of any dispute to binding arbitration. The Defendant argued that interstate commerce was involved in the contract as the defendant was a division of a national corporation; it hired employees from out of state; it marketed its services out of state; purchased majority of its goods and equipment from out of state; and contemplated payments from Medicare and Medicaid. The lower court disagreed with the Defendants position finding the contract did not involve interstate commerce rendering the FAA moot. This was affirmed on appeal by the Supreme Court. The Court in Tims stated "although these factors could evidence the centers involvement in interstate commerce we find that their relationship to the agreement between the center and the respondent is insufficient to form the basis of a contract between the parties." Id.

Interstate commerce is a necessary basis for the application of the FAA. Because interstate commerce was absent in the contract between Tims and the Defendant, the Supreme Court refused to require arbitration because the Plaintiff's cause of action was not subject to the Arbitration Act of South Carolina and the Federal Arbitration Act was inapplicable.

In this case, there is no evidence of interstate commerce in the arbitration agreement between the parties. The contract was entered into between Ms. Jenkins, a South Carolina resident and Heritage Healthcare of Estill, LLC, a South Carolina LLC. The agreement is void as to any issues of interstate commerce between the parties to the agreement. Furthermore, there has been no evidence of any interstate commerce between the parties to the arbitration agreement.

The Defendants' contention that interstate commerce is stipulated between the parties to the agreement is unavailing. Just as parties cannot "stipulate" to subject matter jurisdiction, parties cannot "stipulate" to interstate commerce that would invoke the FAA. It is not enough to say it must be evidenced in the contract itself. Tims.

Defendants' reference to the fact that Georgia corporations are also defendants is immaterial and not a basis for finding that the arbitration agreement involves interstate commerce. The agreement itself, the focus of this inquiry, does not mention any out of state entity. The agreement specifically limits arbitration to disputes involving the resident and the "facility." The "facility" is HHE, d/b/a Heritage of the Low Country. That is the facility listed in the arbitration agreement and that is the facility as set forth in the pleadings. There is no evidence that Ms. Jenkins knew or should have known of the existence of the out of state corporations at the time she entered into this admission agreement. In addition, the responsive pleadings of the out of state corporations deny that they are responsible for the care provided at

the HHE facility. Moreover, there is no signed arbitration agreement or any other contract signed by the Plaintiff and UHS Pruitt, United Rehab and/or United Clinical Services. Accordingly, the FAA does not apply.

As the forum and rules of arbitration chosen by the Defendants in the case at bar are no longer available to the parties, the agreement must be strictly construed against defendant HHE.

C. THERE IS NO MEETING OF THE MINDS

The Court is also concerned about the lack of understanding between the parties in the case as to what exactly was being agreed upon. In order to have a contract, there must be a meeting of the minds as to essential parts of the contract. Player v. Chandler, 299 S.C. 101, 105, 382 S.E.2d 891 (1989). Here, there is no meeting of the minds as to what the parties were entering into. The admission director for HHE, Ms. Sally Dobson, was deposed on May 5, 2011 involving the arbitration agreement. She testified that she and the administrator explain to residents and family members that arbitration means that if "they have any complaints or any concerns that are not being taken care of in a timely manner then we can go into arbitration." When asked if she was aware that the arbitration agreement required adherence to the AAA rules, she testified as follows:

11

23 Q Did you know, Ms. Dobson, that the Arbitration
24 Agreement that we're here about today contains a
25 provision that the American Arbitration Association

12

1 rules have to be followed? Were you aware of that?
2 A If it's on that sheet of paper, Well, I don't know what
3 the Arbitration Agreements are.
4 Q Well, how is it if you don't know; how would a resident
5 know or their family member?
6 A I don't know.
7 Q Well, don't you think that's an important part of it?
8 A It is.

- 9 Q It's a material part of the contract?
10 A It is.
11 Q And but you don't know what it is?
12 A But I don't know what it is.
13 Q And so you can't expect a resident to know?
14 A That's --
15 MR. RISSLER: Object to the form.
16 A -- correct.
17 Q or their personal representative?
18 A Uh-huh (affirmative).
19 Q Right?
20 A Right.
21 Q Or power of attorney, right?
22 A Right.
23 Q Or their family member?
24 A Right.

The person HHE selected as the person to instruct residents and family members on the documents that they must sign in order to be admitted to the facility does not know what those very documents mean. Quite candidly, she further admits that there is no meeting of the minds as to an integral part of the contract. Accordingly, there is no meeting of the minds and the arbitration agreement must fail.

D. THE DEFENDANTS HAVE WAIVED ARBITRATION

Assuming that the arbitration agreement was valid or that the FAA applied, the Court finds that the Defendants have waived their right to arbitrate these claims. Parties can waive their right to enforce an arbitration agreement. Liberty Builders, Inc. v. Horton, 336 S.C. 658, 521 S.E.2d 749 (Ct.App. 1999) There are three factors generally considered to determine if a party has waived its right to enforce an arbitration clause: 1) the time between commencement of the action and moving for arbitration, 2) whether the party seeking to compel arbitration engaged in discovery before moving for arbitration, and 3) prejudice to the non-moving party which must be more than mere inconvenience. Rhodes v. Benson Chrysler-Plymouth, Inc., 374 S.C. 122, 647 S.E.2d 249 (Ct. App. 2007).

The Defendants waited too long to move for arbitration. The Plaintiff began these proceedings by filing a Notice of Intent that was served on the Defendants on or about April 7, 2010. After participating in the Notice of Intent proceedings and a failed mediation, the summons and complaint was filed on October 13, 2010. The instant motion was not filed until August 4, 2011. A nursing home negligence action cannot be commenced until the Plaintiff has filed and served a Notice of Intent. Thus, it is that action that is the appropriate starting place for determining when the party seeking arbitration could have moved to compel arbitration. In fact, S.C. Code 15-79-120 specifically addresses this issue and states that parties can agree to arbitrate prior to filing a medical malpractice action. The Defendants waited fourteen months before moving for arbitration. Our Courts have held that less time constitutes waiver. Rhodes, 374 S.C. at 125, 128 S.E.2d at 250, 252 (Ct. App. 2007)

During the long wait, the Defendants engaged in discovery. The Defendants decided to serve and answer discovery. The Defendants decided to take and defend depositions. The Defendants decided to participate in a pre-suit mediation on September 10, 2010 and a second mediation on August 11, 2011. The Defendants decided to participate in procedural and discovery hearings with the Court rather than move to compel arbitration. The Defendants decided to produce 6,211 pages of discovery documents during the course of this litigation. The Defendants have repeatedly availed themselves of this court system for the past sixteen months.

The prejudice to the Plaintiff is more than mere inconvenience. The parties have conducted extensive discovery, participated in two mediations, and attended two Court hearings. Our Courts have held that the cost associated with discovery that may not have been expended in arbitration is an example of prejudice that is beyond mere inconvenience. Evans v. Accent Manufactured Homes, Inc., 352 S.C. 544, 575 S.E.2d 74 (Ct. App. 2003). This Court finds that

significant time and money has been spent by the Plaintiff on a course of action that the Defendant could have sought to avoid much earlier on. The Defendants can point to no reasonable basis for waiting this long to move for arbitration. The only logical explanation for moving at this stage to compel arbitration is unnecessary delay and unfair prejudice to the Plaintiff. Accordingly, the Court finds that the Defendants have waived their right to arbitrate these claims, even if the arbitration agreement was valid.

E. MS. JENKINS LACKED STANDING TO ENTER INTO ARBITRATION AGREEMENT

The Arbitration Agreement also fails for lack of standing. On the date of Ms. Jones' admission, the nursing home staff performed an evaluation and found her to be mentally competent. Despite this finding, the staff failed to obtain her consent to the terms of the Arbitration Agreement. Instead, the HHE staff had her sister, Ms. Ellen Jenkins, sign the Arbitration Agreement despite the fact she did not have a Power of Attorney from Ms. Jones or any other legal basis to enter into this agreement.

In order for a person to be bound by a contract, the person signing must have standing to enter into the contract. In this case, there has been no evidence that Ms. Jenkins had the authority to bind her sister to the Arbitration Agreement. Therefore the standing element has not been met.

Likewise, there is no evidence that Ms. Jenkins had the apparent authority to enter in the Arbitration Agreement. Whether an agency relationship exists is a question of fact to be determined by the relation, the situation, the conduct, and the declarations of the party sought to be charged as principal. American Fed. Bank, FSB v. Number One Main Joint Venture, 321 S.C. 169, 467 S.E.2d 439 (1996); Hinson v. Roof, 128 S.C. 470, 122 S.E. 488 (1924). It is the duty of an entity dealing with an agent to use due care to ascertain the full extent of the agent's authority.

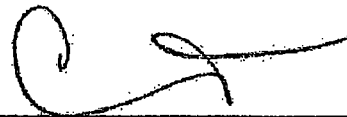
Frasier v. Palmetto Homes of Florence, 323 S.C. 240, 473 S.E.2d 865 (Ct.App. 1996). The Defendants have not produced any evidence that Ms. Jones knew Ms. Jenkins had signed an Arbitration Agreement on her behalf; much less any evidence that she authorized or acquiesced to this act. Accordingly, the Court finds Ms. Jenkins did not have the authority to sign the Arbitration Agreement for Ms. Jones.

CONCLUSION

Our Court's policy of favoring arbitration does not override the basic requirements of contracts in South Carolina. In this matter, Ms. Jenkins did not have the legal or apparent authority to enter into an arbitration agreement for her sister Ms. Jones. Even if she did have the authority, there was no meeting of the minds as to what exactly was being entered into. The Defendant's agent admitted she did not know what it meant. Furthermore, the forum selected by the Defendant will not hear this type of dispute. Our Supreme Court has determined that the forum selection is an integral part of the agreement and cannot be remedied by following the FAA which does not apply to this intrastate agreement. Moreover, the Defendants have waited too long to move for arbitration and have substantially prejudiced the Plaintiff in the process such that any arbitration that it could have sought to compel is waived.

Therefore, the Defendants' Motion to Stay and Compel Arbitration is denied.

And it is so ordered.



The Honorable Carmen T. Mullen
Presiding Judge

Beaufort, SC

November 3, 2011

FORM 4

**STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA
COUNTY OF HAMPTON
IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS**

JUDGMENT IN A CIVIL CASE

CASE NO. 2010 CP-25-491, 492

Cherry T. Scott, as PR of Estate of Elizabeth Jones

Heritage Healthcare of Estill, et al.

PLAINTIFF(S)

DEFENDANT(S)

Submitted by: Monteith P. Todd

Attorney for : ☐ Plaintiff ☒ Defendant
or
☐ Self-Represented Litigant

DISPOSITION TYPE (CHECK ONE)

- ☐ **JURY VERDICT.** This action came before the court for a trial by jury. The issues have been tried and a verdict rendered.
- ☐ **DECISION BY THE COURT.** This action came to trial or hearing before the court. The issues have been tried or heard and a decision rendered.
- ☐ **ACTION DISMISSED (CHECK REASON):** ☐ Rule 12(b), SCRPC; ☐ Rule 41(a), SCRPC (Vol. Nonsuit); ☐ Rule 43(k), SCRPC (Settled); ☐ Other
- ☐ **ACTION STRICKEN (CHECK REASON):** ☐ Rule 40(j), SCRPC; ☐ Bankruptcy; ☐ Binding arbitration, subject to right to restore to confirm, vacate or modify arbitration award; ☐ Other
- ☐ **DISPOSITION OF APPEAL TO THE CIRCUIT COURT (CHECK APPLICABLE BOX):**
☐ Affirmed; ☐ Reversed; ☐ Remanded; ☐ Other

NOTE: ATTORNEYS ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR NOTIFYING LOWER COURT, TRIBUNAL, OR ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY OF THE CIRCUIT COURT RULING IN THIS APPEAL.

IT IS ORDERED AND ADJUDGED: ☐ See attached order (formal order to follow) ☒ Statement of Judgment, by the Court: Defendant's Motion for Reconsideration is respectfully denied, *with a hearing*

ORDER INFORMATION

This order ☐ ends ☒ does not end the case.
Additional Information for the Clerk :

INFORMATION FOR THE JUDGMENT INDEX

Complete this section below when the judgment affects title to real or personal property or if any amount should be enrolled. If there is no judgment information, indicate "N/A" in one of the boxes below.

Judgment in Favor of (List name(s) below)	Judgment Against (List name(s) below)	Judgment Amount To be Enrolled (List amount(s) below)
		\$
		\$
		\$

If applicable, describe the property, including tax map information and address, referenced in the order:

The judgment information above has been provided by the submitting party. Disputes concerning the amounts contained in this form may be addressed by way of motion pursuant to the SC Rules of Civil Procedure. Amounts to be computed such as interest or additional taxable costs not available at the time the form and final order are submitted to the judge may be provided to the clerk. Note: Title abstractors and researchers should refer to the official court order for judgment details.

Circuit Court Judge
SCRPC Form 4C (12/2011)

2142
Judge Code

1-11-12
Date

Page 1

ROA-015

For Clerk of Court Office Use Only

This judgment was entered on , and a copy mailed first class or placed in the appropriate attorney's box on , to attorneys of record or to parties (when appearing pro se) as follows:

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ATTORNEY(S) FOR THE DEFENDANT(S)

My linda Nettles - Clerk of Court

Court Reporter

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

COUNTY OF HAMPTON

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal
Representative of the Estate of
ELIZABETH JONES,

Plaintiff,

v.

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE OF
ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage of the
Lowcountry and/or d/b/a Uni-Health Post
Acute Care of the Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC., UNITED
REHAB, INC. and UHS-PRUITT
CORPORATION

Defendants.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

CIVIL ACTION NO. 2010-CP-25-0491
(Wrongful Death)

**ORDER DENYING
MOTION TO STRIKE**

This matter came before the Court for hearing on February 11, 2011, on Plaintiff's Motion to Strike filed on December 1, 2010. The parties advised the Court that they resolved all issues raised in the Motion to Strike, except as that motion related to the Fifth and Sixth Defenses of Defendants' Answers raising the defense of arbitration (the "Arbitration Defenses"). In particular, the defendants have withdrawn their defenses of insufficient Affidavit of Merit of Expert, statute of limitations and assumption of the risk and contributory negligence that have been subsumed by comparative negligence.

Plaintiff's basis for moving to strike the Arbitration Defenses was that Defendant had waived the right to assert arbitration as a defense by failing to assert the defense in response to a previous dispute relating to medical records, by participating in a pre-suit mediation, and by participating in discovery in the present litigation. The Defendants argued that waiver was not

appropriate at the Motion to Strike stage of the litigation and could only be raised if the defendants file a Motion to Compel Arbitration.

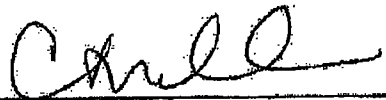
When considering a motion to strike a defense, the Court must decide whether a party should be allowed to plead a defense without considering any facts that support the defense. *Robinson vs. Code*, 384 S.C. 582, 682 S.E.2d 495 (Ct.App. 2009).

The Court agrees with the Defendant and holds that waiver is not appropriate at the Motion to Strike stage as it may require looking beyond the pleadings to determine if the defendants have waived their purported right to arbitrate the claims between the parties. Nothing herein, however, shall be construed to prevent the Plaintiff from asserting the defense of waiver to any Motion to Compel Arbitration that any defendant may raise in this litigation.

Plaintiff's Motion to Strike the Arbitration Defenses is therefore DENIED.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: 3/4/11
Beaufort, South Carolina

By: 
Hon. Carmen T. Mullen
Presiding Judge

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

COUNTY OF HAMPTON

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal
Representative of the Estate of
ELIZABETH JONES,

Plaintiff,

v.

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE OF
ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage of the
Lowcountry and/or d/b/a Uni-Health Post
Acute Care of the Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC., UNITED
REHAB, INC. and UHS-PRUITT
CORPORATION

Defendants.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

CIVIL ACTION NO. 2010-CP-25-0492
(Survival Action)

**ORDER DENYING
MOTION TO STRIKE**

This matter came before the Court for hearing on February 11, 2011, on Plaintiff's Motion to Strike filed on December 1, 2010. The parties advised the Court that they resolved all issues raised in the Motion to Strike, except as that motion related to the Fifth and Sixth Defenses of Defendants' Answers raising the defense of arbitration (the "Arbitration Defenses"). In particular, the defendants have withdrawn their defenses of insufficient Affidavit of Merit of Expert, statute of limitations and assumption of the risk and contributory negligence that have been subsumed by comparative negligence.

Plaintiff's basis for moving to strike the Arbitration Defenses was that Defendant had waived the right to assert arbitration as a defense by failing to assert the defense in response to a previous dispute relating to medical records, by participating in a pre-suit mediation, and by participating in discovery in the present litigation. The Defendants argued that waiver was not

appropriate at the Motion to Strike stage of the litigation and could only be raised if the defendants file a Motion to Compel Arbitration.

When considering a motion to strike a defense, the Court must decide whether a party should be allowed to plead a defense without considering any facts that support the defense. *Robinson vs. Code*, 384 S.C. 582, 682 S.E.2d 495 (Ct.App. 2009).

The Court agrees with the Defendant and holds that waiver is not appropriate at the Motion to Strike stage as it may require looking beyond the pleadings to determine if the defendants have waived their purported right to arbitrate the claims between the parties. Nothing herein, however, shall be construed to prevent the Plaintiff from asserting the defense of waiver to any Motion to Compel Arbitration that any defendant may raise in this litigation.

Plaintiff's Motion to Strike the Arbitration Defenses is therefore DENIED.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated:

3/4/11
Beaufort, South Carolina

By:

C. Mullen
Hon. Carmen T. Mullen
Presiding Judge

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

CHERRY SCOTT, as
Personal Representative of the
Estate of ELIZABETH JONES,)

Plaintiff)

v.)

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE)
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage)
Of the Lowcountry and/or)
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of)
of Lowcountry, UNITED)
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,)
UNITED REHAB, INC., and)
UHS- PRUITT CORPORATION)

Defendants)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

C/A NO.: 10-CP-25-491 & 492

Order Regarding Plaintiff's Motion to Compel

FILED
CLERK OF COURT
JAN 11 11:30
CANCELED

This matter came before me on March 16, 2011 regarding Plaintiff's Motion to Compel Discovery Responses that was filed on February 16, 2011. The Plaintiff was represented by Lee D. Cope, of Hampton, South Carolina and the Defendants were represented by Jerad Rissler, of Atlanta, Georgia. Counsel stipulated that although there are outstanding Motions to Compel concerning separate discovery served on each Defendant, the discovery requests to Heritage cover the areas that the Plaintiff believes to be sufficient and rulings on those matters will resolve the disputes concerning the other Defendants.

The Plaintiff moved to compel a response to Interrogatory Numbers 3, 4 and 5, seeking specific information about witnesses to the facts of the lawsuit and documents that related to the claim or defense of the case. The Court finds this request reasonable and orders the Defendants to supplement their responses answering completely these interrogatories.

Plaintiff and Defendant have worked out the problems with Interrogatory Numbers 6 and

7,

f. 12/3
DCB
ROA-021

The next issue the Plaintiff raised was in regards to Interrogatory Number 13 which seeks information regarding claims filed against the Defendants. The Court finds that this request shall be limited to claims which are the same or similar to the above referenced claims. Personal information of claimants shall be redacted with Plaintiff having the right to come back before the Court and request such information at a later time if Plaintiff deems such a request is necessary.

The next issue the Plaintiff raised concerns about was a discovery request seeking the Defendants' net worth. Primarily this information is contained within Interrogatory Number 14. The Court finds this information to be discoverable. Furthermore, the Plaintiff will have each individual that is provided any document subject to the Protective Order (Attached as Exhibit A), sign and acknowledgement page (Attached as Exhibit B) concerning the Court's ruling.

Plaintiff requested a copy of the Defendants' organizational charts showing the Defendants' organizational structures, officers, and all intercompany departments including the titles of the heads of each department. This information is contained within Interrogatory Number 15. The Court finds this request reasonable and orders the Defendants to supplement their responses answering completely these interrogatories.

Interrogatory Number 16 and 17 asks for information regarding complaints that have been reported to any agency for allegations of resident abuse, neglect or misappropriation of resident's property. The Court finds this request reasonable and the Defendants shall provide such information redacting any personal information of any person making a complaint with plaintiff having the right to request such in the future if they so desire.

The Plaintiff moved to compel the production of information concerning resident census, staff assignments and Quality Assurance Committee as set forth in Interrogatory Numbers 18, 19 and 20. The information sought is discoverable. Accordingly, the Defendant is Ordered to produce information.

P. 2073
PCB

The Plaintiff requested the identification of the officers and/or Board of Directors of the Defendant in Interrogatory Number 22. The Court finds that the Defendant shall answer these requests although it will be subject to the Protective Order.

The Plaintiff requested a copy all documents of any budget planning, copy of statements of ownership, and documents reflecting all income, expenses, profits, salaries, etc. in Request for Production Numbers 1, 2 and 16. The Court finds the information discoverable and that the Defendant shall answer these requests although it will be subject to a Protective Order.

The Plaintiff requested a copy of all planned, budgeted and projected staffing schedules and /or assignments for nursing personnel in Request for Production Number 10. The Court finds this request reasonable. The Defendant shall provide the requested information.

In Request for Production Number 27, the Plaintiff requested copies of all depositions given by any officer, agent, and/or employee of all Defendants for the last five years. The Court finds this request reasonable. The Defendant shall provide the requested information.

Lastly, the Plaintiff sought the production of nurses' meeting notes and resident council meeting notes as set forth in Request for Production 32. The Court finds the information sought to be discoverable. The Defendant shall provide the requested information to the Plaintiff with any and all personal data being redacted. Plaintiff's counsel shall be given the opportunity to challenge the redaction and or assertion of privilege if he believes that the information redacted or otherwise withheld as shown in the privilege log is necessary (ie. the person is a witness).

The Defendants have until April 24, 2011 to fully respond to the discovery request.

AND IT SO ORDERED.


The Honorable D. Craig Brown

April 8, 2011

373
PCB
ROA-023

EXHIBIT "A"
PROTECTIVE ORDER

ROA-024

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)
COUNTY OF HAMPTON)
CHERRY SCOTT, as Personal)
Representative of the Estate of)
ELIZABETH JONES,)

Plaintiff,)

v.)

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE OF)
ESTILL, LLC, d/b/a Heritage of the)
Lowcountry and/or Uni--Health Post)
Acute Network of the Lowcountry,)
UNITED CLINICAL SERVICES,)
INC., UNITED REHAB, INC.,)
And UHS-PRUITT)
CORPORATION,)

Defendants,)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

Civil Action No.: 2010-CP-25-491 & 492

**CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT AND
PROTECTIVE ORDER**

CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT AND PROTECTIVE ORDER

The parties to this action may produce and testify about certain confidential, proprietary, and/or otherwise sensitive information, and have agreed that such confidential, proprietary, and/or otherwise sensitive information shall not be used for any purpose other than these proceedings. For the purposes of protecting such confidential information and facilitating discovery, Plaintiff Cherry Scott, as Personal Representative of the Estate of Elizabeth Jones ("Plaintiff") and Defendants Heritage Healthcare of Estill, LLC d/b/a Uni--Health Post Acute Network of the Lowcountry, United Clinical Services, Inc., United Rehab Inc., and UHS- Pruitt Corporation ("Defendants") agree to the terms of this Confidentiality Agreement and Consent Protective Order ("Protective Order") as follows:

1. The agreement contained herein shall be applicable both during the pendency of action styled *Cherry Scott v. Heritage Healthcare of Estill, LLC. et al.*, Civil Action File No. 10-CP-25-491 & 492, in the Court of Common Pleas of Hampton County, South Carolina, including

any appeal thereof ("the Lawsuit"), as well as any court proceedings ancillary or related to the Lawsuit.

2. Subject to the terms and restrictions of this Protective Order, the Parties may disclose in discovery purportedly confidential, proprietary and/or otherwise sensitive information. However, no provision in this Protective Order shall be construed as a requirement that any Party disclose privileged information or as a waiver of any privilege by any Party or non-parties. Nor shall any provision in this Protective Order be construed to require the disclosure of information the confidentiality of which is otherwise protected by state or federal law.

3. "Confidential Information" means documents, writings, things, testimony, discovery responses, affidavits, or any other form of information, tangible or intangible, that a Party believes contains confidential information, proprietary information, policies and procedures, trade secrets, investigation reports, employment records and files, or other confidential or sensitive information, which may be produced or disclosed during discovery or at a hearing in the Lawsuit.

4. Any Party may designate as "confidential" any material that is produced in this action, including without limitation, information contained in answers to interrogatories or depositions, or any information contained in the exhibits, documents or things produced in the Lawsuit, provided the Party in good faith believes said information or documents contain confidential and/or proprietary, information.

5. A Party shall identify Confidential Information with the following designation: "CONFIDENTIAL". Placement of the "CONFIDENTIAL" designation on the first page of a document shall designate the entire document as Confidential Information. In addition, any documents or material previously produced may be identified as "CONFIDENTIAL" by notifying the other party in writing within ten (10) days of the execution of this Consent

Protective Order. Copies, extracts, summaries, notes, and other derivatives of Confidential Information shall also be deemed Confidential Information and shall be subject to the provisions of this Protective Order.

6. Any Party objecting to the designation of any particular information as Confidential Information or to the specified level of confidentiality or believing that any such designation is not made in good faith (collectively referred to as "objections") shall attempt to resolve the matter by setting forth in writing to counsel for the other Party the objection(s) and the reason(s) therefore. Any objection which is unable to be resolved by the Parties within ten (10) working days of the receipt of the objection may be raised with the Court by the Party challenging confidentiality. Pending the determination by the Court, the document or information shall retain its protected status.

7. Depositions or portions thereof upon oral or written questions that contain or make reference to Confidential Information may be designated as Confidential by either Party upon oral notice on the record or in writing within fifteen (15) days of receipt of the transcript. The entire transcript of any deposition in which any portion is claimed to be Confidential Information shall be treated as Confidential Information.

8. Confidential Information that is designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" shall not be disclosed to or discussed with any person except the Party receiving the Confidential Information, attorneys of record and employees of such attorneys assigned to and necessary to assist in the conduct of this action, consultants or designated experts, witnesses (but only to the extent such Confidential Information is reasonably related to the witnesses' testimony), court reporters employed in connection with this action, and the Court. However, confidential information may be shared with other attorneys involved in similar litigation with the parties so long as those attorneys sign an Acknowledgement of Protective Order (Attached as Exhibit A)

whereby they agree to be bound by this Protective Order and voluntarily subject themselves to the jurisdiction of this Court concerning violations of the Protective Order.

9. Disclosure of Confidential Information to those persons identified in paragraph eight (8) may be made only in connection with this Lawsuit, and specifically shall not be used or referred to, directly or indirectly, (a) for any business or competitive purpose, (b) for publicity, (c) in any material disseminated to any person not authorized to receive Confidential Information under the terms hereof. Each person to whom the disclosure of any Confidential Information is made shall not, directly or indirectly, use, disclose, or disseminate, or attempt to use, disclose, or disseminate, any of the same except as expressly provided herein. Disclosure of Confidential Information to any consultants, experts or witnesses shall not be made without first obtaining a signed Nondisclosure Agreement, a copy of which is attached as Exhibit A, from the consultant, expert or witness to which the information will be disclosed.

10. Each document that is filed with the Court that contains any Confidential Information shall be filed in a sealed envelope or other appropriate sealed container on which shall be set forth the title and number of this action, a general description or title of the contents of the envelope, and a statement that the contents are confidential and subject to a Protective Order for confidentiality and that the envelope is not to be opened nor the contents thereof revealed except to counsel of record in the case or court personnel, or pursuant to order of the Court. Copies of such documents served on counsel for other parties shall be marked as "Confidential".

11. Nothing herein shall preclude the Parties from raising any available objection, or seeking any available protection with respect to any Confidential Information, including but not limited to, the grounds of the admissibility of the evidence, materiality, trial preparation materials, and privilege.

12. The Parties hereby stipulate and agree that, to the extent that information or material is protected by the South Carolina Trade Secret Act or any other applicable law regarding trade secrets, such information or material shall not lose its status as a trade secret by virtue of its production in the Lawsuit pursuant this Protective Order.

13. This Protective Order has no effect upon, and its scope shall not extend to, any Party's own use of its own Confidential Information.

14. In the event that a confidential document or thing is or has been produced without having been previously marked Confidential, a Party may notify the other Party of the appropriate designation as Confidential. Upon such notice, the Party in receipt of that document or thing shall stamp the document or thing "CONFIDENTIAL" and thereafter preserve such document or thing in accordance with this Order.

15. Once this Protective Order is executed by the Parties, it may only be modified through an order or written agreement of the Parties. This Protective Order is entered without prejudice to the right of any Party or person from whom discovery is sought to seek modification of this Order from the Court with respect to any specific information.

16. Counsel for each party shall take reasonable precautions to prevent the unauthorized or inadvertent disclosure of any confidential material.

17. The termination of proceedings in this action shall not thereafter relieve any person to whom confidential material was disclosed, including counsel for parties, from the obligation of maintaining the confidentiality of all such materials received pursuant to this Protective Order. Neither the termination of this action nor the termination of the employment, engagement, or agency of any person who had access to any confidential material shall relieve any person from the obligation of maintaining both the confidentiality and the restrictions on use of any confidential material disclosed pursuant to this Protective Order.

18. In the event that any party hereto desires to make a substitution of attorneys, the proposed new counsel for such party shall, prior to being substituted as counsel in this action, be provided with a copy of this Protective Order and shall agree, in writing, to the terms set forth therein.

19. This Protective Order is presented to the Court for entry in the above-captioned matter. This Protective Order also shall serve as a stipulation and agreement between the Parties, and shall be effective immediately upon signature by counsel for all Parties.

SO ORDERED this _____ day of _____, 2011.

The Honorable D. Craig Brown

EXHIBIT A
NONDISCLOSURE AGREEMENT

The undersigned hereby stipulates and agrees as follows:

1. I have been designated by _____ as a person who may have access to Confidential Information, as that term is defined in the Confidentiality Agreement and Consent Protective Order in the following Lawsuit: *Cherry Scott v. Heritage Healthcare of Estill, LLC et al.*
2. I have read and am fully familiar with the Confidentiality Agreement and Consent Protective Order, and I understand and agree to be bound by the terms of the Confidentiality Agreement and Consent Protective Order. I further understand that failure to abide by the terms of the Confidentiality Agreement and Consent Protective Order may result in application for contempt to the Court or an action for breach of contract.

Signature

Name: _____

Date: _____

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

CHERRY SCOTT, as Personal
Representative of the Estate of
ELIZABETH JONES,)

Plaintiff,)

v.)

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE OF)
ESTILL, LLC, d/b/a Heritage of the)
Lowcountry and/or Uni--Health Post)
Acute Network of the Lowcountry,)
UNITED CLINICAL SERVICES,)
INC., UNITED REHAB, INC.,)
And UHS-PRUITT)
CORPORATION,)

Defendants,)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

Civil Action No.: 2010-CP-25-491 & 492

**CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT AND
PROTECTIVE ORDER**

CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT AND PROTECTIVE ORDER

The parties to this action may produce and testify about certain confidential, proprietary, and/or otherwise sensitive information, and have agreed that such confidential, proprietary, and/or otherwise sensitive information shall not be used for any purpose other than these proceedings. For the purposes of protecting such confidential information and facilitating discovery, Plaintiff Cherry Scott, as Personal Representative of the Estate of Elizabeth Jones ("Plaintiff") and Defendants Heritage Healthcare of Estill, LLC d/b/a Uni--Health Post Acute Network of the Lowcountry, United Clinical Services, Inc., United Rehab Inc., and UHS- Pruitt Corporation ("Defendants") agree to the terms of this Confidentiality Agreement and Consent Protective Order ("Protective Order") as follows:

1. The agreement contained herein shall be applicable both during the pendency of action styled *Cherry Scott v. Heritage Healthcare of Estill, LLC. et al.*, Civil Action File No. 10-CP-25-491 & 492, in the Court of Common Pleas of Hampton County, South Carolina, including

any appeal thereof ("the Lawsuit"), as well as any court proceedings ancillary or related to the Lawsuit.

2. Subject to the terms and restrictions of this Protective Order, the Parties may disclose in discovery purportedly confidential, proprietary and/or otherwise sensitive information. However, no provision in this Protective Order shall be construed as a requirement that any Party disclose privileged information or as a waiver of any privilege by any Party or non-parties. Nor shall any provision in this Protective Order be construed to require the disclosure of information the confidentiality of which is otherwise protected by state or federal law.

3. "Confidential Information" means documents, writings, things, testimony, discovery responses, affidavits, or any other form of information, tangible or intangible, that a Party believes contains confidential information, proprietary information, policies and procedures, trade secrets, investigation reports, employment records and files, or other confidential or sensitive information, which may be produced or disclosed during discovery or at a hearing in the Lawsuit.

4. Any Party may designate as "confidential" any material that is produced in this action, including without limitation, information contained in answers to interrogatories or depositions, or any information contained in the exhibits, documents or things produced in the Lawsuit, provided the Party in good faith believes said information or documents contain confidential and/or proprietary, information.

5. A Party shall identify Confidential Information with the following designation: "CONFIDENTIAL". Placement of the "CONFIDENTIAL" designation on the first page of a document shall designate the entire document as Confidential Information. In addition, any documents or material previously produced may be identified as "CONFIDENTIAL" by notifying the other party in writing within ten (10) days of the execution of this Consent

Protective Order. Copies, extracts, summaries, notes, and other derivatives of Confidential Information shall also be deemed Confidential Information and shall be subject to the provisions of this Protective Order.

6. Any Party objecting to the designation of any particular information as Confidential Information or to the specified level of confidentiality or believing that any such designation is not made in good faith (collectively referred to as "objections") shall attempt to resolve the matter by setting forth in writing to counsel for the other Party the objection(s) and the reason(s) therefore. Any objection which is unable to be resolved by the Parties within ten (10) working days of the receipt of the objection may be raised with the Court by the Party challenging confidentiality. Pending the determination by the Court, the document or information shall retain its protected status.

7. Depositions or portions thereof upon oral or written questions that contain or make reference to Confidential Information may be designated as Confidential by either Party upon oral notice on the record or in writing within fifteen (15) days of receipt of the transcript. The entire transcript of any deposition in which any portion is claimed to be Confidential Information shall be treated as Confidential Information.

8. Confidential Information that is designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" shall not be disclosed to or discussed with any person except the Party receiving the Confidential Information, attorneys of record and employees of such attorneys assigned to and necessary to assist in the conduct of this action, consultants or designated experts, witnesses (but only to the extent such Confidential Information is reasonably related to the witnesses' testimony), court reporters employed in connection with this action, and the Court. However, confidential information may be shared with other attorneys involved in similar litigation with the parties so long as those attorneys sign an Acknowledgement of Protective Order (Attached as Exhibit A)

whereby they agree to be bound by this Protective Order and voluntarily subject themselves to the jurisdiction of this Court concerning violations of the Protective Order.

9. Disclosure of Confidential Information to those persons identified in paragraph eight (8) may be made only in connection with this Lawsuit, and specifically shall not be used or referred to, directly or indirectly, (a) for any business or competitive purpose, (b) for publicity, (c) in any material disseminated to any person not authorized to receive Confidential Information under the terms hereof. Each person to whom the disclosure of any Confidential Information is made shall not, directly or indirectly, use, disclose, or disseminate, or attempt to use, disclose, or disseminate, any of the same except as expressly provided herein. Disclosure of Confidential Information to any consultants, experts or witnesses shall not be made without first obtaining a signed Nondisclosure Agreement, a copy of which is attached as Exhibit A, from the consultant, expert or witness to which the information will be disclosed.

10. Each document that is filed with the Court that contains any Confidential Information shall be filed in a sealed envelope or other appropriate sealed container on which shall be set forth the title and number of this action, a general description or title of the contents of the envelope, and a statement that the contents are confidential and subject to a Protective Order for confidentiality and that the envelope is not to be opened nor the contents thereof revealed except to counsel of record in the case or court personnel, or pursuant to order of the Court. Copies of such documents served on counsel for other parties shall be marked as "Confidential".

11. Nothing herein shall preclude the Parties from raising any available objection, or seeking any available protection with respect to any Confidential Information, including but not limited to, the grounds of the admissibility of the evidence, materiality, trial preparation materials, and privilege.

12. The Parties hereby stipulate and agree that, to the extent that information or material is protected by the South Carolina Trade Secret Act or any other applicable law regarding trade secrets, such information or material shall not lose its status as a trade secret by virtue of its production in the Lawsuit pursuant this Protective Order.

13. This Protective Order has no effect upon, and its scope shall not extend to, any Party's own use of its own Confidential Information.

14. In the event that a confidential document or thing is or has been produced without having been previously marked Confidential, a Party may notify the other Party of the appropriate designation as Confidential. Upon such notice, the Party in receipt of that document or thing shall stamp the document or thing "CONFIDENTIAL" and thereafter preserve such document or thing in accordance with this Order.

15. Once this Protective Order is executed by the Parties, it may only be modified through an order or written agreement of the Parties. This Protective Order is entered without prejudice to the right of any Party or person from whom discovery is sought to seek modification of this Order from the Court with respect to any specific information.

16. Counsel for each party shall take reasonable precautions to prevent the unauthorized or inadvertent disclosure of any confidential material.

17. The termination of proceedings in this action shall not thereafter relieve any person to whom confidential material was disclosed, including counsel for parties, from the obligation of maintaining the confidentiality of all such materials received pursuant to this Protective Order. Neither the termination of this action nor the termination of the employment, engagement, or agency of any person who had access to any confidential material shall relieve any person from the obligation of maintaining both the confidentiality and the restrictions on use of any confidential material disclosed pursuant to this Protective Order.

18. In the event that any party hereto desires to make a substitution of attorneys, the proposed new counsel for such party shall, prior to being substituted as counsel in this action, be provided with a copy of this Protective Order and shall agree, in writing, to the terms set forth therein.

19. This Protective Order is presented to the Court for entry in the above-captioned matter. This Protective Order also shall serve as a stipulation and agreement between the Parties, and shall be effective immediately upon signature by counsel for all Parties.

SO ORDERED this _____ day of _____, 2011;

The Honorable D. Craig Brown

EXHIBIT A
NONDISCLOSURE AGREEMENT

The undersigned hereby stipulates and agrees as follows:

1. I have been designated by _____ as a person who may have access to Confidential Information, as that term is defined in the Confidentiality Agreement and Consent Protective Order in the following Lawsuit: *Cherry Scott v. Heritage Healthcare of Estill, LLC et al.*
2. I have read and am fully familiar with the Confidentiality Agreement and Consent Protective Order, and I understand and agree to be bound by the terms of the Confidentiality Agreement and Consent Protective Order. I further understand that failure to abide by the terms of the Confidentiality Agreement and Consent Protective Order may result in application for contempt to the Court or an action for breach of contract.

Signature

Name: _____

Date: _____

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

C/A NO.: 10-CP-25-127

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal
Representative of the Estate of
ELIZABETH JONES,

Plaintiff

v.

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage
Of the Lowcountry and/or
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of
of Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,
UNITED REHAB, INC., and
UHS- PRUITT CORPORATION

Defendants

AMENDED NOTICE OF INTENT
TO
FILE SUIT
(Wrongful Death)

FILED
2010 MAR 31 AM 10:22
MYLINDA D. HETTLER
CLERK OF COURT S.C.
HAMPTON COUNTY

The Plaintiff, CHERRY SCOTT as Personal Representative of the Estate of ELIZABETH JONES, does hereby submit this Notice of Intent to File Suit and seek a jury trial pursuant to the Wrongful Death Act of South Carolina, SC. Code Ann.15-51-10 et seq and other applicable statutory and/or common law.

ADVERSE PARTY.

- a. The adverse parties to this action are, upon information and belief Heritage Healthcare of Estill, LLC d/b/a Heritage of the Lowcountry and/or d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of the Lowcountry (herein after referred to as "Heritage") an entity organized under the laws of South Carolina with its principal place of business in the County of Hampton, South Carolina. At the time of the acts complained of, Heritage was a skilled nursing home

facility. Defendant United Clinical Services, Inc. (herein after "UCS") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina. Defendant United Rehab, Inc., (herein after "UR") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina. Defendant UHS-Pruitt Corporation (herein after "Pruitt") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

- b. Defendant Pruitt owns, operates, manages and oversees Heritage. It provides for the training, employees and budgetary decisions and needs for Heritage. Pruitt is responsible for the level of care received by residents at Heritage.
- c. Defendant UCS provides clinical services to residents at Heritage.
- d. Defendant UR provides rehabilitation services to residents at Heritage.

2. **SHORT AND PLAIN STATEMENT OF THE FACTS
SHOWING THAT THE PARTY FILING THE NOTICE IS
ENTITLED TO RELIEF.**

- a. The Plaintiff, Cherry Scott, is a citizen and resident of the County of Jasper, State of South Carolina. She is the Personal Representative of the Estate of Elizabeth Jones, her sister which is open in Jasper County, South Carolina. She files this action to give

notice of her intent to file a Survival Action on behalf of the Estate of Elizabeth Jones for her conscious pain and suffering and all other damages offered at law. (See Attached Survival Action Summons and Complaint marked as Exhibit A.)

- b Ms. Jones became a resident of Heritage in May 2006 through the date of death on May 15, 2009.
- c. While a resident at Heritage, she required skilled nursing care from the staff at the nursing home.
- d. The skilled nursing care required included, but was not limited to, proper nutritional support, adequate hydration, range of motion exercises and/or support, proper skin assessments, clinical services, rehabilitation, access to appropriate medical care and attention and reasonable measures to protect and promote quality of life and dignity.
- e. That while a resident of Heritage Ms. Jones developed several pressure sores on her body. On or about March 19, 2009, Ms. Jones had to have her right leg amputated above the knee due to a pressure sore on her right heel that became severely infected. Ms. Jones was hospitalized on several occasions for urinary tract infections, dehydration and decubitus ulcers.
- f. The Defendants and their staff, employees and agents failed to provide the requisite care and, as such, deviated from the standard of care in the following particulars:

1. In failing to provide adequate care to prevent the development of pressure sores;

2. In failing to provide sufficient measures to prevent, treat and/or manage contractures;

3. In failing to provide proper and adequate hydration and nutrition for Ms. Jones;

4. In failing to exercise reasonable care for the safety and well-being of Ms. Jones under the circumstances;

5. In failing to properly document Ms. Jones' condition and care that prevented the continuity of care necessary to promote her health and well being;

6. In failing to have sufficient and properly trained staff to care for its residents;

7. In failing to provide appropriate clinical services to prevent pressure sores and dehydration;

8. In failing to provide appropriate rehabilitative services to prevent contractures and pressure sores;

9. In failing to exercise that degree of care which a reasonably prudent person would have exercised under the same or similar circumstances; and

10. In such other particulars as the evidence may
establish.

f. That as a direct and proximate result of the aforesaid deviations from the standard of care that were the negligent, reckless, willful careless, negligent per se and grossly negligent acts of the Defendants, the deceased Plaintiff's beneficiaries have suffered grief, sorrow, mental anguish, and all of the damages which accompany the loss of a loved one; the beneficiaries have suffered pecuniary loss, all to the Plaintiff's actual and punitive damages.

g. That by reason of the foregoing, the Plaintiff is informed and believes that she is entitled to judgment against the Defendants on behalf of the Estate of the deceased Plaintiff for both actual and punitive damages against the Defendants; all of which damages were proximately caused by the Defendants' acts and/or omissions as are more fully set forth above in an amount as may be set and determined by the trier of fact in this matter.

3. **STANDARD INTERROGATORIES - *Rule 33(b) SCRC*P.**

The information specified in the standard interrogatories *Rule 33(b) SCRC*P is attached hereto as Exhibit B. Exhibit C is Plaintiff's Answers to Standard Interrogatories.

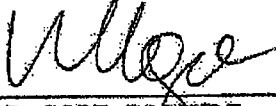
4. **AFFIDAVIT OF EXPERT.**

The affidavit of an expert specifying at least one negligent act or omission claimed to exist and the factual basis for each claim based upon

the available evidence at this time is attached hereto pursuant to § 15-36-

100 SCCA. (See Attached Affidavit of Byron Arbeit as Exhibit D.)

**PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER,
ELTZROTH & DETRICK, P.A.**

BY: 

LEE D. COPE, ESQUIRE
101 Mulberry Street East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
(803) 943-2111

Hampton, South Carolina
March __, 2010

AND

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

C/A NO.: 10-CP-25-127

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal)
Representative of the Estate of)
ELIZABETH JONES,)

Plaintiff)

v.)

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE)
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage)
Of the Lowcountry and/or)
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of)
of Lowcountry, UNITED)
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,)
UNITED REHAB, INC., and)
UHS- PRUITT CORPORATION)

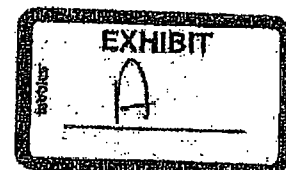
Defendants)

AMENDED SUMMONS
(Negligence/Gross Negligence)
(Wrongful Death)
(Jury Trial Requested)

TO THE DEFENDANT ABOVE NAMED:

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED and required to answer the Complaint in this action, of which a copy is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer to said Complaint on the subscribed at their office, 101 Mulberry Street East, Hampton, South Carolina, within thirty (30) days after the service hereof; exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the Complaint within the time aforesaid, judgment by default will be rendered against you for the relief demanded in this Complaint.

-Signature Page to Follow-



PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER,
ELTZROTH & DETRICK, P.A.

BY: 

LEE D. COPE, ESQUIRE
101 Mulberry Street East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
(803) 943-2111

Hampton, South Carolina
March __, 2010

AND

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

~~COUNTY OF HAMPTON~~)

~~C/A NO. 10-CP-25-127~~

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal
Representative of the Estate of
ELIZABETH JONES,

Plaintiff

v.

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage
Of the Lowcountry and/or
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of
of Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,
UNITED REHAB, INC., and
UHS- PRUITT CORPORATION

Defendants

AMENDED COMPLAINT
(Negligence/Gross Negligence)
(Wrongful Death)

(Jury Trial Requested)

COMES NOW the Plaintiff above named complaining of the Defendant alleges
and says as follows:

1. That the Plaintiff is a citizen and resident of Japer County, South Carolina
and brings this action as the Personal Representative of the Estate of Elizabeth Jones.
2. That, upon information and belief, the Defendant Heritage Helathcare of
Estill, LLC, d/b/a Heritage of the Lowcountry and/or d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care
of the Lowcountry (herein after referred to as "Heritage") and entity organized under the
laws of the state of South Carolina and that its principal place of business is in Hampton
County, South Carolina. At the time of the acts complained of, Heritage was a skilled
nursing facility.

3. That upon information and belief, Defendant United Clinical Services, Inc., (herein after "UCS") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

4. That upon information and belief, Defendant United Rehab, Inc., (herein after "UR") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

5. That upon information and belief, Defendant UHS-Pruitt Corporation (herein after "Pruitt") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

6. That upon information and belief, Defendant Pruitt owns, operates, manages and oversees Heritage. It provides for the training, employees and budgetary decisions and needs for Heritage. Pruitt is responsible for the level of care received by residents at Heritage. Defendant UCS provides clinical services to residents at Heritage. Defendant UR provides rehabilitation services to residents at Heritage.

7. That in May 2006, Elizabeth Jones became a resident to the Defendants' nursing facility, and that she paid a fee to the Defendants for her care. That, while a resident of Defendants' facility, Ms. Jones suffered grave and severe injuries.

8. While a resident of Heritage, Ms. Jones developed several pressure sores on her body in August of 2008. That on or about March 19, 2009, Ms. Jones had to have her right leg amputated above the knee due to a pressure sore on her right heel becoming severely infected. Ms. Jones was hospitalized on several occasions for urinary tract infections, dehydration and decubitis ulcers.

FOR A FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION
(Negligence/Gross Negligence)

9. While in the Defendants' care, custody and control, Ms. Jones did suffer

~~grave and severe injuries and humiliation at the facility as a direct and proximate result of~~

the following negligent, reckless, willful, careless, negligent per se and grossly negligent acts of the Defendants, combining and concurring:

- a. In failing to provide adequate care to prevent the development of pressure sores;
- b. In failing to provide sufficient measures to prevent, treat and/or manage contractures;
- c. In failing to provide proper and adequate hydration and nutrition for Ms. Jones;
- d. In failing to exercise reasonable care for the safety and well-being of Ms. Jones under the circumstances;
- e. In failing to properly document Ms. Jones' condition and care that prevented the continuity of care necessary to promote her health and well being;
- f. In failing to have sufficient and properly trained staff to care for its residents;
- g. In failing to provide appropriate clinical services to prevent pressure sores, dehydration and malnutrition;
- h. In failing to provide appropriate rehabilitative services to prevent contractures and pressure sores;
- i. In failing to create, maintain and implement a proper care plan for the management of Ms. Jones' health and well being;

j. In failing to exercise that degree of care which a reasonably prudent person would have exercised under the same or similar circumstances; and

k. In such other particulars as the evidence may establish.

10. That as a direct and proximate result of the aforesaid negligent, reckless, willful careless, negligent per se and grossly negligent acts of the Defendants, the deceased Plaintiff's beneficiaries have suffered grief, sorrow, mental anguish, and all of the damages which accompany the loss of a loved one; the beneficiaries have suffered pecuniary loss, all to the Plaintiff's actual and punitive damages.

11. That by reason of the foregoing, Plaintiff is informed and believes that she is entitled to judgment against the Defendants on behalf of the Estate of the deceased Plaintiff, for both actual and punitive damages against the Defendants; all of which damages were proximately caused by the Defendants' acts and/or omissions as are more fully set forth above, in an amount as may be set and determined by the trier of fact in this matter.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment against the Defendants for actual damages, together with punitive damages in an appropriate amount, for the costs of this action, and for such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

-Signature Page to Follow-

PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER,
ELTZROTH & DETRICK, P.A.

BY: _____


LEE D. COPE, ESQUIRE
101 Mulberry Street East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
(803) 943-2111

Hampton, South Carolina
March __, 2010

AND

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

C/A NO.: 10-CP-25-127

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal)
Representative of the Estate of)
ELIZABETH JONES,)

Plaintiff)

v.)

**STANDARD INTERROGATORIES
FOR NOTICE OF INTENT TO FILE SUIT
(Wrongful Death)**

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE)
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage)
Of the Lowcountry and/or)
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of)
of Lowcountry, UNITED)
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,)
UNITED REHAB, INC., and)
UHS- PRUITT CORPORATION)

Defendants)

TO THE DEFENDANT ABOVE NAMED:

The plaintiff in the above case requests that the defendant answer the following Interrogatories pursuant to Rule 33 of the South Carolina Rules of Civil Procedure.

1. If any defendant is improperly identified, give the proper identification and state whether counsel will accept service of an amended Notice of Intent and pleading reflecting the correct identification.
2. Give the name and address of each person whom you know to be a witness concerning the facts in this case and state whether or not a written or recorded statement has been taken from each such witness and provide the name and address of each person who has possession of each such statement.
3. Set forth a list of photographs, plats, sketches, or other prepared documents in your possession that relate to the claim of this case.



4. Set forth names and addresses of all insurance companies which have liability and underinsured coverage relating to the claim, and set forth the number or numbers of the policies involved and the amount or amounts of liability coverage provided in each policy.

5. List the names and addresses of any expert witnesses whom the party proposes to use as a witness at the trial of the case.

6. For each person known to the party or counsel to be a witness concerning the facts of the case, set forth either a summary sufficient to inform plaintiff of the important facts known to or observed by such witness, or provide a copy of any written or recorded statement taken from such witness.

7. For each person who you expect to call as an expert witness, either in person or by deposition, at the trial of the case, please state the following:

- (a) Give each person's name, business, and residential address, home and office telephone number, and such persons' professional specialty and qualifications;
- (b) State the subject matter on which each person is expected to testify;
- (c) State the substance of the facts and opinions to which each expert is expected to testify.

These interrogatories shall be deemed continuing so as to require supplemental answers if you or your attorney obtain further information between the time answers are served and the time of trial.

-Signature Page to Follow-

**PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER,
ELTZROTH & DETRICK, P.A.**

BY: _____


LEE D. COPE, ESQUIRE
101 Mulberry Street East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
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March __, 2010

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ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

C/A NO.: 10-CP-25-127

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal
Representative of the Estate of
ELIZABETH JONES,

Plaintiff

v.

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage
Of the Lowcountry and/or
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of
of Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,
UNITED REHAB, INC., and
UHS- PRUITT CORPORATION

Defendants

**PLAINTIFF'S ANSWERS TO
STANDARD INTERROGATORIES
FOR NOTICE OF INTENT TO FILE SUIT
(Wrongful Death)**

TO THE DEFENDANT ABOVE NAMED:

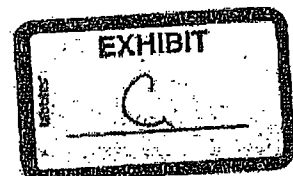
The plaintiff in the above case requests that the defendant answer the following
Interrogatories pursuant to Rule 33 of the South Carolina Rules of Civil Procedure.

1. Give the name and address of each person whom you know to be a witness
concerning the facts in this case and state whether or not a written or recorded statement
has been taken from each such witness and provide the name and address of each person
who has possession of each such statement.

RESPONSE:

Cherry Scott
3471 Cals Pen Bay Road
Pineland, SC 29934

Mrs. Scott is expected to testify as to the is expected to testify about the
injuries and the care that Mrs. Jones received as well as her condition before and



after the incident which is the subject of this action. Mrs. Scott has no written or recorded statement at this time.

~~Colleen Jenkins~~
48 Chippa Willow Road
Ridgeland, SC

Mrs. Jenkins is expected to testify as to the is expected to testify about the injuries and the care that Mrs. Jones received as well as her condition before and after the incident which is the subject of this action. Mrs. Jenkins has no written or recorded statement at this time.

Ellen Jenkins
Sally Road
Pineland, SC

Mrs. Jenkins is expected to testify as to the is expected to testify about the injuries and the care that Mrs. Jones received as well as her condition before and after the incident which is the subject of this action. Mrs. Jenkins has no written or recorded statement at this time.

Larcervia Tyson
1821 NW 151 Street
Opa-Locka, FL 33054

Mrs. Tyson is expected to testify as to the is expected to testify about the injuries and the care that Mrs. Jones received as well as her condition before and after the incident which is the subject of this action. Mrs. Tyson has no written or recorded statement at this time.

Levi Tyson
Miami Florida

Mr. Tyson is expected to testify as to the is expected to testify about the injuries and the care that Mrs. Jones received as well as her condition before and after the incident which is the subject of this action. Mr. Tyson has no written or recorded statement at this time.

Sonny Park, M.D.
Hampton Regional Medical Center
595 Carolina Ave. West
Varnville, SC 29944

Dr. Park is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Park has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

Itai Mupanduki, M.D.
Hampton Regional Medical Center
~~595 Carolina Ave. West~~
Varnville, SC 29944

Dr. Mupanduki is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Mupanduki has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

Brent Armstrong, M.D.
Hampton Regional Medical Center
595 Carolina Ave. West
Varnville, SC 29944

Dr. Armstrong is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Armstrong has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

Atul Gupta, M.D.
Hampton Regional Medical Center
595 Carolina Ave. West
Varnville, SC 29944

Dr. Gupta is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Gupta has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

Michael Blubaugh, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488

Dr. Blubaugh is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Blubaugh has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

Sanjay Kumar, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488

Dr. Kumar is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Kumar has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

Andrew Calcutt, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488

Dr. Calcutt is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Calcutt has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

Jeffery Holman, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488

Dr. Holman is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Holman has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

Randy D. Marosok, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488

Dr. Marosok is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Marosok has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

Karl D. Stiegler, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488

Dr. Stiegler is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Stiegler has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

Bozman R. Reeves, Jr., M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488

Dr. Reeves is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Reeves has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

Kent J. Stock, D.O.

Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488

Dr. Stock is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Stock has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

John H. Lucas, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488

Dr. Lucas is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Lucas has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

All employees at the Defendant's facility that was required to or did provide care to Mrs. Jones.

Plaintiff reserves the right to add additional medical providers as they become known.

2. Set forth a list of photographs, plats, sketches, or other prepared documents in your possession that relate to the claim of this case.

RESPONSE:

Plaintiff has medical records that are related to this lawsuit.

3. Set forth an itemized statement of all damages, exclusive of pain and suffering, claimed to have been sustained by the party.

RESPONSE:

- Loss of enjoyment of Life
- Disfigurement
- Pain and Suffering
- Medical Bills

4. List the names and addresses of any expert witnesses whom the party proposes to use as a witness at the trial of the case.

RESPONSE:

Plaintiff cannot identify any expert that he expects to call at the trial of this case at this early stage of discovery. A supplemental response will be forth coming. Furthermore, the Plaintiff reserves the right to call as an expert any medical provider that assisted Mrs. Jones with the injuries being complained of. Each medical provider's testimony will be based upon his or her education, experience and personal observation and treatment of Mrs. Jones. In addition, the Plaintiff will rely upon expert testimony of the expert who provided an Affidavit of Merit attached to the Notice of Intent to File Suit.

5. For each person who you expect to call as an expert witness, either in person or by deposition, at the trial of the case, please state the following:

- (a) Give each person's name, business, and residential address, home and office telephone number, and such persons' professional specialty and qualifications;
- (b) State the subject matter on which each person is expected to testify;
- (c) State the substance of the facts and opinions to which each expert is expected to testify.

RESPONSE:

Plaintiff cannot identify any expert that he expects to call at the trial of this case at this early stage of discovery. A supplemental response will be forth coming. Furthermore, the Plaintiff reserves the right to call as an expert any medical provider that assisted Mrs. Jones with the injuries being complained of. Each medical provider's testimony will be based upon his or her education, experience and personal observation and treatment of Mrs. Jones. In addition, the Plaintiff will rely upon expert testimony of the expert who provided an Affidavit of Merit attached to the Notice of Intent to File Suit.

-Signature Page to Follow-

**PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER,
ELTZROTH & DETRICK, P.A.**

BY: _____



LEE D. COPE, ESQUIRE
101 Mulberry Street East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
(803) 943-2111

Hampton, South Carolina
March __, 2010

AND

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
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Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

C/A NO.: 2010-CP-25-_____

CHERRY SCOTT, as
Personal Representative of the
Estate of ELIZABETH JONES,

Plaintiff

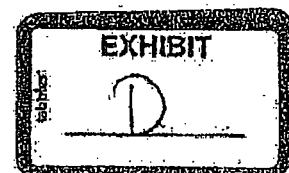
v.

AFFIDAVIT OF MERIT
OF
BYRON ARBEIT

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage
Of the Lowcountry and/or
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of
of Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,
UNITED REHAB, INC., and
UHS- PRUITT CORPORATION

Defendants

- 1) I am over 18, legally competent, and I make this affidavit based upon medical records provided to me as well as my background, education, training, and experience.
- 2) I am a nursing home administrator licensed to administer nursing homes in Louisiana and Indiana. I have passed my national board exam in nursing home administration in 1982.
- 3) I have been provided the nursing home chart of Mrs. Elizabeth Jones, deceased.
- 4) Based on the materials I have reviewed, it is my opinion that there was a deviation from the standard of care as it related to the care and treatment given Mrs. Jones at Heritage of the Lowcountry. The Defendants failed to provide sufficient interventions to prevent the development of pressure sores and failed to properly care for pressure sores. These deviations substantially

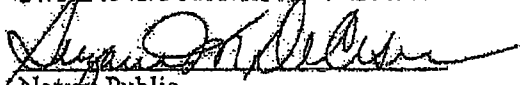


contributed to a decline in Mrs. Jones' health and well-being while a resident at the nursing home.

- 5) In my opinion, more probably than not, proper care and treatment would have prevented the pressure sores that caused the injuries suffered by Mrs. Jones as well as other problems affecting her health and well-being..
- 6) I reserve the right to alter, amend, add, or delete opinions as new information becomes available.


Byron Arbeit

Sworn to and subscribed before me:


Notary Public

Date: 3.4.10



STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)
COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS
C/A NO.: 10-CP-25-126

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal
Representative of the Estate of
ELIZABETH JONES,

Plaintiff

v.

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage
Of the Lowcountry and/or
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of
of Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,
UNITED REHAB, INC., and
UHS- PRUITT CORPORATION

Defendants

AMENDED NOTICE OF INTENT
TO
FILE SUIT
(Survival Action)

2010 MAR 31 AM 10:23
MYLINDA D. NETTLES
CLERK OF COURT
HAMPTON COUNTY, S.C.

FILED

The Plaintiff, CHERRY SCOTT as Personal Representative of the Estate of ELIZABETH JONES, does hereby submit this Notice of Intent to File Suit and seek a jury trial pursuant to the Survival Action Act of South Carolina, SC Code Ann. §15-5-90 *et seq* and other applicable statutory and/or common law.

1. ADVERSE PARTY.

- a. The adverse parties to this action are, upon information and belief Heritage Healthcare of Estill, LLC d/b/a Heritage of the Lowcountry and/or d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of the Lowcountry (herein after referred to as "Heritage") an entity organized under the laws of South Carolina with its principal place of business in the County of Hampton, South Carolina. At the time of the acts complained of, Heritage was a skilled nursing home

facility. Defendant United Clinical Services, Inc. (herein after "UCS") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina. Defendant United Rehab, Inc., (herein after "UR") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina. Defendant UHS-Pruitt Corporation (herein after "Pruitt") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

- b. Defendant Pruitt owns, operates, manages and oversees Heritage. It provides for the training, employees and budgetary decisions and needs for Heritage. Pruitt is responsible for the level of care received by residents at Heritage.
- c. Defendant UCS provides clinical services to residents at Heritage.
- d. Defendant UR provides rehabilitation services to residents at Heritage.

2. **SHORT AND PLAIN STATEMENT OF THE FACTS
SHOWING THAT THE PARTY FILING THE NOTICE IS
ENTITLED TO RELIEF.**

- a. The Plaintiff, Cherry Scott, is a citizen and resident of the County of Jasper, State of South Carolina. She is the Personal Representative of the Estate of Elizabeth Jones, her sister which is open in Japer County, South Carolina. She files this action to give

notice of her intent to file a Survival Action on behalf of the Estate of Elizabeth Jones for her conscious pain and suffering and all other damages offered at law. (See Attached Survival Action Summons and Complaint marked as Exhibit A.)

- b Ms. Jones became a resident of Heritage in May 2006 through the date of death on May 15, 2009.
- c While a resident at Heritage, she required skilled nursing care from the staff at the nursing home.
- d The skilled nursing care required included, but was not limited to, proper nutritional support, adequate hydration, range of motion exercises and/or support, proper skin assessments, clinical services, rehabilitation, access to appropriate medical care and attention and reasonable measures to protect and promote quality of life and dignity.
- e That while a resident of Heritage Ms. Jones developed several pressure sores on her body. On or about March 19, 2009, Ms. Jones had to have her right leg amputated above the knee due to a pressure sore on her right heel that became severely infected. Ms. Jones was hospitalized on several occasions for urinary tract infections, dehydration and decubitis ulcers.
- f The Defendants and their staff, employees and agents failed to provide the requisite care and, as such, deviated from the standard of care in the following particulars:

1. In failing to provide adequate care to prevent the development of pressure sores;
2. In failing to provide sufficient measures to prevent, treat and/or manage contractures;
3. In failing to provide proper and adequate hydration and nutrition for Ms. Jones;
4. In failing to exercise reasonable care for the safety and well-being of Ms. Jones under the circumstances;
5. In failing to properly document Ms. Jones' condition and care that prevented the continuity of care necessary to promote her health and well being;
6. In failing to have sufficient and properly trained staff to care for its residents;
7. In failing to provide appropriate clinical services to prevent pressure sores and dehydration;
8. In failing to provide appropriate rehabilitative services to prevent contractures and pressure sores;
9. In failing to exercise that degree of care which a reasonably prudent person would have exercised under the same or similar circumstances; and

10. In such other particulars as the evidence may
establish.

f. That as a direct and proximate result of the aforesaid deviations from the standard of care that were the negligent, reckless, willful careless, negligent per se and grossly negligent acts of the Defendants, the deceased Plaintiff suffered grave and severe injuries prior to her death; she was hospitalized; she had her leg amputated; she incurred medical expenses; she suffered a loss of her dignity and individuality; she suffered a diminished quality of life prior to her death; her estate has uncured funeral expenses and other damages recognized by the law.

g. That by reason of the foregoing, the Plaintiff is informed and believes that she is entitled to judgment against the Defendants on behalf of the Estate of the deceased Plaintiff for both actual and punitive damages against the Defendants; all of which damages were proximately caused by the Defendants' acts and/or omissions as are more fully set forth above in an amount as may be set and determined by the trier of fact in this matter.

3. **STANDARD INTERROGATORIES - *Rule 33(b) SCRC*.**

The information specified in the standard interrogatories *Rule 33(b) SCRC* is attached hereto as Exhibit B. Exhibit C is Plaintiff's Answers to Standard Interrogatories.

4. **AFFIDAVIT OF EXPERT.**

The affidavit of an expert specifying at least one negligent act or
~~omission claimed to exist and the factual basis for each claim based upon~~
the available evidence at this time is attached hereto pursuant to § 15-36-
100 SCCA. (See Attached Affidavit of Byron Arbeit as Exhibit D.)

**PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER,
ELTZROTH & DETRICK, P.A.**

BY: _____


LEE D. COPE, ESQUIRE
101 Mulberry Street East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
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ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

C/A NO.: 10-CP-25-126

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal)
Representative of the Estate of)
ELIZABETH JONES,)

Plaintiff)

v.)

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE)
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage)
Of the Lowcountry and/or)
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of)
of Lowcountry, UNITED)
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,)
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Defendants)

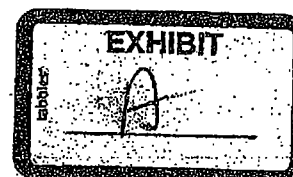
AMENDED SUMMONS
(Negligence/Gross Negligence)
(Survival Action)
(Jury Trial Requested)

TO THE DEFENDANT ABOVE NAMED:

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED and required to answer the Complaint in this action, of which a copy is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer to said Complaint on the subscribed at their office, 101 Mulberry Street East, Hampton, South Carolina, within thirty (30) days after the service hereof; exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the Complaint within the time aforesaid, judgment by default will be rendered against you for the relief demanded in this Complaint.

-Signature Page to Follow-

ROA-070



**PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER,
ELTZROTH & DETRICK, P.A.**

BY: _____



LEE D. COPE, ESQUIRE
101 Mulberry Street East
Post Office Box 457
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ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

~~COUNTY OF HAMPTON~~)

~~C/A NO. 10-GP-25-126~~

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal
Representative of the Estate of
ELIZABETH JONES,

Plaintiff

v.

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage
Of the Lowcountry and/or
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of
of Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,
UNITED REHAB, INC., and
UHS- PRUITT CORPORATION

Defendants

AMENDED COMPLAINT
(Negligence/Gross Negligence)
(Survival Action)

(Jury Trial Requested)

COMES NOW the Plaintiff above named complaining of the Defendant alleges
and says as follows:

1. That the Plaintiff is a citizen and resident of Japer County, South Carolina
and brings this action as the Personal Representative of the Estate of Elizabeth Jones.
2. That, upon information and belief, the Defendant Heritage Helathcare of
Estill, LLC, d/b/a Heritage of the Lowcountry and/or d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care
of the Lowcountry (herein after referred to as "Heritage") and entity organized under the
laws of the state of South Carolina and that its principal place of business is in Hampton
County, South Carolina. At the time of the acts complained of, Heritage was a skilled
nursing facility.

3. That upon information and belief, Defendant United Clinical Services, Inc., (herein after "UCS") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

4. That upon information and belief, Defendant United Rehab, Inc., (herein after "UR") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

5. That upon information and belief, Defendant UHS-Pruitt Corporation (herein after "Pruitt") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

6. That upon information and belief, Defendant Pruitt owns, operates, manages and oversees Heritage. It provides for the training, employees and budgetary decisions and needs for Heritage. Pruitt is responsible for the level of care received by residents at Heritage. Defendant UCS provides clinical services to residents at Heritage. Defendant UR provides rehabilitation services to residents at Heritage.

7. That in May 2006, Elizabeth Jones became a resident to the Defendants' nursing facility, and that she paid a fee to the Defendants for her care. That, while a resident of Defendants' facility, Ms. Jones suffered grave and severe injuries.

8. While a resident of Heritage, Ms. Jones developed several pressure sores on her body in August of 2008. That on or about March 19, 2009, Ms. Jones had to have her right leg amputated above the knee due to a pressure sore on her right heel becoming severely infected. Ms. Jones was hospitalized on several occasions for urinary tract infections, dehydration and decubitus ulcers.

FOR A FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION
(Negligence/Gross Negligence)

9. While in the Defendants' care, custody and control, Ms. Jones did suffer ~~grave and severe injuries and humiliation at the facility as a direct and proximate result of~~ the following negligent, reckless, willful, careless, negligent per se and grossly negligent acts of the Defendants, combining and concurring:

- a. In failing to provide adequate care to prevent the development of pressure sores;
- b. In failing to provide sufficient measures to prevent, treat and/or manage contractures;
- c. In failing to provide proper and adequate hydration and nutrition for Ms. Jones;
- d. In failing to exercise reasonable care for the safety and well-being of Ms. Jones under the circumstances;
- e. In failing to properly document Ms. Jones' condition and care that prevented the continuity of care necessary to promote her health and well being;
- f. In failing to have sufficient and properly trained staff to care for its residents;
- g. In failing to provide appropriate clinical services to prevent pressure sores, dehydration and malnutrition;
- h. In failing to provide appropriate rehabilitative services to prevent contractures and pressure sores;
- i. In failing to create, maintain and implement a proper care plan for the management of Ms. Jones' health and well being;

j. In failing to exercise that degree of care which a reasonably prudent person would have exercised under the same or similar circumstances; and

k. In such other particulars as the evidence may establish.

10. That as a direct and proximate result of the aforesaid negligent, reckless, willful careless, negligent per se and grossly negligent acts of the Defendants, the deceased Plaintiff suffered grave and sever injuries prior to her death; she had her leg amputated; she was hospitalized; she incurred medical expenses; she suffered a loss of her dignity and individuality; she suffered a diminished quality of life prior to her death; her estate has incurred funeral expenses.

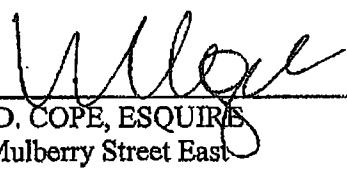
11. That by reason of the foregoing, Plaintiff is informed and believes that she is entitled to judgment against the Defendants on behalf of the Estate of the deceased Plaintiff, for both actual and punitive damages against the Defendants; all of which damages were proximately causes by the Defendants' acts and/or omissions as are more fully set forth above, in an amount as may be set and determined by the trier of fact in this matter.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment against the Defendants for actual damages, together with punitive damages in an appropriate amount, for the costs of this action, and for such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

-Signature Page to Follow-

**PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER,
ELTZROTH & DETRICK, P.A.**

BY: _____


LEE D. COPE, ESQUIRE
101 Mulberry Street East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
(803) 943-2111

Hampton, South Carolina
March __, 2010

AND

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)
COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS
C/A NO.: 10-CP-25-126

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal
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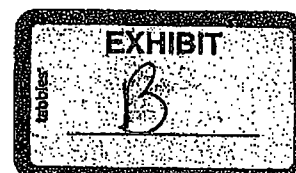
Defendants

STANDARD INTERROGATORIES
FOR NOTICE OF INTENT TO FILE SUIT
(Survival Action)

TO THE DEFENDANT ABOVE NAMED:

The plaintiff in the above case requests that the defendant answer the following
Interrogatories pursuant to Rule 33 of the South Carolina Rules of Civil Procedure.

1. If any defendant is improperly identified, give the proper identification
and state whether counsel will accept service of an amended Notice of Intent and
pleading reflecting the correct identification.
2. Give the name and address of each person whom you know to be a witness
concerning the facts in this case and state whether or not a written or recorded statement
has been taken from each such witness and provide the name and address of each person
who has possession of each such statement.
3. Set forth a list of photographs, plats, sketches, or other prepared
documents in your possession that relate to the claim of this case.



4. Set forth names and addresses of all insurance companies which have liability and underinsured coverage relating to the claim, and set forth the number or numbers of the policies involved and the amount or amounts of liability coverage provided in each policy.

5. List the names and addresses of any expert witnesses whom the party proposes to use as a witness at the trial of the case.

6. For each person known to the party or counsel to be a witness concerning the facts of the case, set forth either a summary sufficient to inform plaintiff of the important facts known to or observed by such witness, or provide a copy of any written or recorded statement taken from such witness.

7. For each person who you expect to call as an expert witness, either in person or by deposition, at the trial of the case, please state the following:

- (a) Give each person's name, business, and residential address, home and office telephone number, and such persons' professional specialty and qualifications;
- (b) State the subject matter on which each person is expected to testify;
- (c) State the substance of the facts and opinions to which each expert is expected to testify.

These interrogatories shall be deemed continuing so as to require supplemental answers if you or your attorney obtain further information between the time answers are served and the time of trial.

-Signature Page to Follow-

**PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER,
ELTZROTH & DETRICK, P.A.**

BY: _____



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101 Mulberry Street East
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ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

C/A NO.: 10-CP-25-126

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal)
Representative of the Estate of)
ELIZABETH JONES,)

Plaintiff)

v.)

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE)
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage)
Of the Lowcountry and/or)
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of)
of Lowcountry, UNITED)
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,)
UNITED REHAB, INC., and)
UHS- PRUITT CORPORATION)

Defendants)

**PLAINTIFF'S ANSWERS TO
STANDARD INTERROGATORIES
FOR NOTICE OF INTENT TO FILE SUIT
(Survival Action)**

TO THE DEFENDANT ABOVE NAMED:

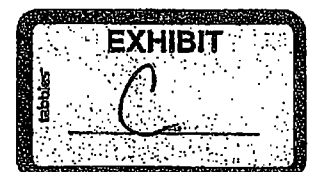
The plaintiff in the above case requests that the defendant answer the following
Interrogatories pursuant to Rule 33 of the South Carolina Rules of Civil Procedure.

1. Give the name and address of each person whom you know to be a witness
concerning the facts in this case and state whether or not a written or recorded statement
has been taken from each such witness and provide the name and address of each person
who has possession of each such statement.

RESPONSE:

Cherry Scott
3471 Cals Pen Bay Road
Pineland, SC 29934

Mrs. Scott is expected to testify as to the is expected to testify about the
injuries and the care that Mrs. Jones received as well as her condition before and



after the incident which is the subject of this action. Mrs. Scott has no written or recorded statement at this time.

~~Goleen Jenkins~~
48 Chippa Willow Road
Ridgeland, SC

Mrs. Jenkins is expected to testify as to the is expected to testify about the injuries and the care that Mrs. Jones received as well as her condition before and after the incident which is the subject of this action. Mrs. Jenkins has no written or recorded statement at this time.

Ellen Jenkins
Sally Road
Pineland, SC

Mrs. Jenkins is expected to testify as to the is expected to testify about the injuries and the care that Mrs. Jones received as well as her condition before and after the incident which is the subject of this action. Mrs. Jenkins has no written or recorded statement at this time.

Larcervia Tyson
1821 NW 151 Street
Opa-Locka, Fl 33054

Mrs. Tyson is expected to testify as to the is expected to testify about the injuries and the care that Mrs. Jones received as well as her condition before and after the incident which is the subject of this action. Mrs. Tyson has no written or recorded statement at this time.

Levi Tyson
Miami Florida

Mr. Tyson is expected to testify as to the is expected to testify about the injuries and the care that Mrs. Jones received as well as her condition before and after the incident which is the subject of this action. Mr. Tyson has no written or recorded statement at this time.

Sonny Park, M.D.
Hampton Regional Medical Center
595 Carolina Ave. West
Varnville, SC 29944

Dr. Park is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Park has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

Itai Mupanduki, M.D.
Hampton Regional Medical Center
595 Carolina Ave. West
Varnville, SC 29944

Dr. Mupanduki is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Mupanduki has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

Brent Armstrong, M.D.
Hampton Regional Medical Center
595 Carolina Ave. West
Varnville, SC 29944

Dr. Armstrong is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Armstrong has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

Atul Gupta, M.D.
Hampton Regional Medical Center
595 Carolina Ave. West
Varnville, SC 29944

Dr. Gupta is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Gupta has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

Michael Blubaugh, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488

Dr. Blubaugh is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Blubaugh has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

Sanjay Kumar, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488

Dr. Kumar is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Kumar has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**Andrew Calcutt, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488**

Dr. Calcutt is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Calcutt has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**Jeffery Holman, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488**

Dr. Holman is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Holman has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**Randy D. Marosok, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488**

Dr. Marosok is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Marosok has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**Karl D. Stiegler, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488**

Dr. Stiegler is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Stiegler has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**Bozman R. Reeves, Jr., M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488**

Dr. Reeves is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Reeves has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

Kent J. Stock, D.O.

**Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488**

Dr. Stock is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Stock has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**John H. Lucas, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488**

Dr. Lucas is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Lucas has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

All employees at the Defendant's facility that was required to or did provide care to Mrs. Jones.

Plaintiff reserves the right to add additional medical providers as they become known.

2. Set forth a list of photographs, plats, sketches, or other prepared documents in your possession that relate to the claim of this case.

RESPONSE:

Plaintiff has medical records that are related to this lawsuit.

3. Set forth an itemized statement of all damages, exclusive of pain and suffering, claimed to have been sustained by the party.

RESPONSE:

- Loss of enjoyment of Life**
- Disfigurement**
- Pain and Suffering**
- Medical Bills**

4. List the names and addresses of any expert witnesses whom the party proposes to use as a witness at the trial of the case.

RESPONSE:

Plaintiff cannot identify any expert that he expects to call at the trial of this case at this early stage of discovery. A supplemental response will be forth coming. Furthermore, the Plaintiff reserves the right to call as an expert any medical provider that assisted Mrs. Jones with the injuries being complained of. Each medical provider's testimony will be based upon his or her education, experience and personal observation and treatment of Mrs. Jones. In addition, the Plaintiff will rely upon expert testimony of the expert who provided an Affidavit of Merit attached to the Notice of Intent to File Suit.

5. For each person who you expect to call as an expert witness, either in person or by deposition, at the trial of the case, please state the following:

- (a) Give each person's name, business, and residential address, home and office telephone number, and such persons' professional specialty and qualifications;
- (b) State the subject matter on which each person is expected to testify;
- (c) State the substance of the facts and opinions to which each expert is expected to testify.

RESPONSE:

Plaintiff cannot identify any expert that he expects to call at the trial of this case at this early stage of discovery. A supplemental response will be forth coming. Furthermore, the Plaintiff reserves the right to call as an expert any medical provider that assisted Mrs. Jones with the injuries being complained of. Each medical provider's testimony will be based upon his or her education, experience and personal observation and treatment of Mrs. Jones. In addition, the Plaintiff will rely upon expert testimony of the expert who provided an Affidavit of Merit attached to the Notice of Intent to File Suit.

-Signature Page to Follow-

**PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER,
ELTZROTH & DETRICK, P.A.**

BY: _____



LEE D. COPE, ESQUIRE
101 Mulberry Street East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
(803) 943-2111

Hampton, South Carolina
March __, 2010

AND

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

C/A NO.: 2010-CP-25-_____

CHERRY SCOTT, as
Personal Representative of the
Estate of ELIZABETH JONES,

Plaintiff

v.

AFFIDAVIT OF MERIT

OF

BYRON ARBEIT

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage
Of the Lowcountry and/or
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of
of Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,
UNITED REHAB, INC., and
UHS- PRUITT CORPORATION

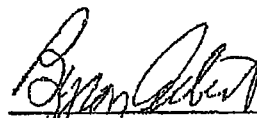
Defendants

- 1) I am over 18, legally competent, and I make this affidavit based upon medical records provided to me as well as my background, education, training, and experience.
- 2) I am a nursing home administrator licensed to administer nursing homes in Louisiana and Indiana. I have passed my national board exam in nursing home administration in 1982.
- 3) I have been provided the nursing home chart of Mrs. Elizabeth Jones, deceased.
- 4) Based on the materials I have reviewed, it is my opinion that there was a deviation from the standard of care as it related to the care and treatment given Mrs. Jones at Heritage of the Lowcountry. The Defendants failed to provide sufficient interventions to prevent the development of pressure sores and failed to properly care for pressure sores. These deviations substantially

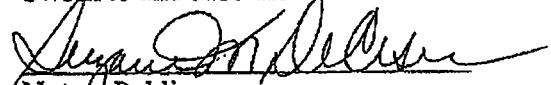


contributed to a decline in Mrs. Jones' health and well-being while a resident at the nursing home.

- 5) In my opinion, more probably than not, proper care and treatment would have prevented the pressure sores that caused the injuries suffered by Mrs. Jones as well as other problems affecting her health and well-being..
- 6) I reserve the right to alter, amend, add, or delete opinions as new information becomes available.


Byron Arbeit

Sworn to and subscribed before me:


Notary Public

Date: 3.4.10



STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)
)
COUNTY OF HAMPTON)
)
CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal)
Representative of the Estate of)
ELIZABETH JONES,)
)
Plaintiff)
v.)
HERITAGE HEALTHCARE)
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage)
Of the Lowcountry and/or)
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of)
of Lowcountry, UNITED)
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,)
UNITED REHAB, INC., and)
UHS- PRUITT CORPORATION)
)
Defendants)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

C/A NO.: 10-CP-25-____

COMPLAINT
(Negligence/Gross Negligence)
(Wrongful Death)

(Jury Trial Requested)

2010 OCT 13 AM 9:04
FILED
CLERK OF COURT
HAMPTON COUNTY, S.C.
BY _____

COMES NOW the Plaintiff above named complaining of the Defendant alleges and says as follows:

1. That the Plaintiff is a citizen and resident of Japer County, South Carolina and brings this action as the Personal Representative of the Estate of Elizabeth Jones.
2. That, upon information and belief, the Defendant Heritage Helathcare of Estill, LLC, d/b/a Heritage of the Lowcountry and/or d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of the Lowcountry (herein after referred to as "Heritage") and entity organized under the laws of the state of South Carolina and that its principal place of business is in Hampton County, South Carolina. At the time of the acts complained of, Heritage was a skilled nursing facility.

3. That upon information and belief, Defendant United Clinical Services, Inc., (herein after "UCS") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

4. That upon information and belief, Defendant United Rehab, Inc., (herein after "UR") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

5. That upon information and belief, Defendant UHS-Pruitt Corporation (herein after "Pruitt") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

6. That upon information and belief, Defendant Pruitt owns, operates, manages and oversees Heritage. It provides for the training, employees and budgetary decisions and needs for Heritage. Pruitt is responsible for the level of care received by residents at Heritage. Defendant UCS provides clinical services to residents at Heritage. Defendant UR provides rehabilitation services to residents at Heritage.

7. That in May 2006, Elizabeth Jones became a resident to the Defendants' nursing facility, and that she paid a fee to the Defendants for her care. That, while a resident of Defendants' facility, Ms. Jones suffered grave and severe injuries.

8. While a resident of Heritage, Ms. Jones developed several pressure sores on her body in August of 2008. That on or about March 19, 2009, Ms. Jones had to have her right leg amputated above the knee due to a pressure sore on her right heel becoming severely infected. Ms. Jones was hospitalized on several occasions for urinary tract infections, dehydration and decubitus ulcers.

FOR A FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION
(Negligence/Gross Negligence)

9. While in the Defendants' care, custody and control, Ms. Jones did suffer grave and severe injuries and humiliation at the facility as a direct and proximate result of the following negligent, reckless, willful, careless, negligent per se and grossly negligent acts of the Defendants, combining and concurring:

- a. In failing to provide adequate care to prevent the development of pressure sores;
- b. In failing to provide sufficient measures to prevent, treat and/or manage contractures;
- c. In failing to provide proper and adequate hydration and nutrition for Ms. Jones;
- d. In failing to exercise reasonable care for the safety and well-being of Ms. Jones under the circumstances;
- e. In failing to properly document Ms. Jones' condition and care that prevented the continuity of care necessary to promote her health and well being;
- f. In failing to have sufficient and properly trained staff to care for its residents;
- g. In failing to provide appropriate clinical services to prevent pressure sores, dehydration and malnutrition;
- h. In failing to provide appropriate rehabilitative services to prevent contractures and pressure sores;
- i. In failing to create, maintain and implement a proper care plan for the management of Ms. Jones' health and well being;

- j. In failing to exercise that degree of care which a reasonably prudent person would have exercised under the same or similar circumstances; and
- k. In such other particulars as the evidence may establish.

10. That as a direct and proximate result of the aforesaid negligent, reckless, willful careless, negligent per se and grossly negligent acts of the Defendants, the deceased Plaintiff's beneficiaries have suffered grief, sorrow, mental anguish, and all of the damages which accompany the loss of a loved one; the beneficiaries have suffered pecuniary loss, all to the Plaintiff's actual and punitive damages.

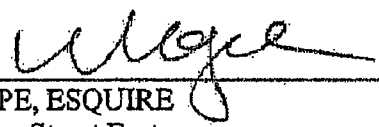
11. That by reason of the foregoing, Plaintiff is informed and believes that she is entitled to judgment against the Defendants on behalf of the Estate of the deceased Plaintiff, for both actual and punitive damages against the Defendants; all of which damages were proximately caused by the Defendants' acts and/or omissions as are more fully set forth above, in an amount as may be set and determined by the trier of fact in this matter.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment against the Defendants for actual damages, together with punitive damages in an appropriate amount, for the costs of this action, and for such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

-Signature Page to Follow-

**PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER,
ELTZROTH & DETRICK, P.A.**

BY: _____



LEE D. COPE, ESQUIRE
101 Mulberry Street East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
(803) 943-2111

Hampton, South Carolina
October 17 2010

AND

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

CHERRY SCOTT, as
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IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

C/A NO.: 2010-CP-25-_____

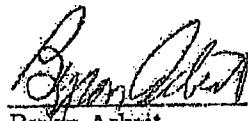
**AFFIDAVIT OF MERIT
OF
BYRON ARBEIT**

- 1) I am over 18, legally competent, and I make this affidavit based upon medical records provided to me as well as my background, education, training, and experience.
- 2) I am a nursing home administrator licensed to administer nursing homes in Louisiana and Indiana. I have passed my national board exam in nursing home administration in 1982.
- 3) I have been provided the nursing home chart of Mrs. Elizabeth Jones, deceased.
- 4) Based on the materials I have reviewed, it is my opinion that there was a deviation from the standard of care as it related to the care and treatment given Mrs. Jones at Heritage of the Lowcountry. The Defendants failed to provide sufficient interventions to prevent the development of pressure sores and failed to properly care for pressure sores. These deviations substantially

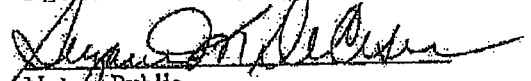


contributed to a decline in Mrs. Jones' health and well-being while a resident at the nursing home.

- 5) In my opinion, more probably than not, proper care and treatment would have prevented the pressure sores that caused the injuries suffered by Mrs. Jones as well as other problems affecting her health and well-being.
- 6) I reserve the right to alter, amend, add, or delete opinions as new information becomes available.


Byron Arbeit

Sworn to and subscribed before me:


Notary Public

Date: 3.4.10



STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal)
Representative of the Estate of)
ELIZABETH JONES,)

Plaintiff)

v.)

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE)
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of Lowcountry, UNITED)
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,)
UNITED REHAB, INC., and)
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Defendants)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

C/A NO.: 10-CP-25-_____

SUMMONS

(Negligence/Gross Negligence)

(Wrongful Death)

(Jury Trial Requested)

FILED
2010 OCT 13 AM 9:04
CLERK OF COURT
HAMPTON COUNTY, S.C.
BY _____

TO THE DEFENDANT ABOVE NAMED:

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED and required to answer the Complaint in this action, of which a copy is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer to said Complaint on the subscribed at their office, 101 Mulberry Street East, Hampton, South Carolina, within thirty (30) days after the service hereof; exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the Complaint within the time aforesaid, judgment by default will be rendered against you for the relief demanded in this Complaint.

-Signature Page to Follow-

**PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER,
ELTZROTH & DETRICK, P.A.**

BY: _____



LEE D. COPE, ESQUIRE
101 Mulberry Street East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
(803) 943-2111

Hampton, South Carolina
October 14, 2010

AND

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA
COUNTY OF HAMPTON

CHERRY SCOTT AS PERSONAL
REPRESENTATIVE OF THE ESTATE OF
ELIZABETH JONES

Plaintiff(s)

vs.

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE OF ESTILL, LLC,
D/B/A HERITAGE OF THE LOWCOUNTRY
AND/OR D/B/A UNI-HEALTH POST ACUTE
CARE OF THE LOWCOUNTRY, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC., UNITED REHAB,
INC., AND UHS-PRUITT CORPORATION

Defendant(s)

(Please Print)

Submitted By: Lee D. Cope
Address: PO Box 457
Hampton, SC 29924

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

CIVIL ACTION COVERSHEET

2010-25-CP-491

SC Bar #: 14361
Telephone #: (803) 914-2006
Fax #: (803) 914-2015
Other:
E-mail: lcope@pmfied.com

NOTE: The cover sheet and information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law. This form is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of docketing. It must be filled out completely, signed, and dated. A copy of this cover sheet must be served on the defendant(s) along with the Summons and Complaint.

DOCKETING INFORMATION (Check all that apply)

*If Action is Judgment/Settlement do not complete

- ☒ JURY TRIAL demanded in complaint. ☐ NON-JURY TRIAL demanded in complaint.
☐ This case is subject to ARBITRATION pursuant to the Court Annexed Alternative Dispute Resolution Rules.
☒ This case is subject to MEDIATION pursuant to the Court Annexed Alternative Dispute Resolution Rules.
☐ This case is exempt from ADR. (Proof of ADR/Exemption Attached)

NATURE OF ACTION (Check One Box Below)

- Contracts
☐ Constructions (100)
☐ Debt Collection (110)
☐ Employment (120)
☐ General (130)
☐ Breach of Contract (140)
☐ Other (199)

- Torts - Professional Malpractice
☐ Dental Malpractice (200)
☐ Legal Malpractice (210)
☒ Medical Malpractice (220)
Previous Notice of Intent Case #
2010-CP-25-127
☐ Notice/ File Med Mal (230)
☐ Other (299)

- Torts - Personal Injury
☐ Assault/Slander/Libel (300)
☐ Conversion (310)
☐ Motor Vehicle Accident (320)
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☐ Judicial Review (810)
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☐ Environmental (600)
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☐ Unfair Trade Practices (640)
☐ Out-of-State Depositions (650)
☐ Motion to Quash Subpoena in
an Out-of-County Action (660)
☐ Sexual Predator (510)

Submitting Party Signature:

Date: 10/12/10

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FOR MANDATED ADR COUNTIES ONLY

Allendale, Anderson, Beaufort, Colleton, Florence, Greenville, Hampton, Horry,
Jasper, Lexington, Pickens (Family Court Only), Richland, Union and York

SUPREME COURT RULES REQUIRE THE SUBMISSION OF ALL CIVIL CASES TO AN ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCESS, UNLESS OTHERWISE EXEMPT.

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 - c. Appeals
 - d. Post Conviction relief matters;
 - e. Contempt of Court proceedings;
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 - g. Mortgage foreclosures; and
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Please Note: You must comply with the Supreme Court Rules regarding ADR.
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STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)
)
COUNTY OF HAMPTON)
)
CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal)
Representative of the Estate of)
ELIZABETH JONES,)
)
Plaintiff)
v.)
)
HERITAGE HEALTHCARE)
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage)
Of the Lowcountry and/or)
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of)
of Lowcountry, UNITED)
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,)
UNITED REHAB, INC., and)
UHS- FRUITT CORPORATION)
)
Defendants)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

C/A NO.: 10-CP-25-____

COMPLAINT
(Negligence/Gross Negligence)
(Survival Action)

(Jury Trial Requested)

2010 OCT 13 AM 9:06
FILED
CLERK OF COURT
HAMPTON COUNTY, S.C.

COMES NOW the Plaintiff above named complaining of the Defendant alleges
and says as follows:

1. That the Plaintiff is a citizen and resident of Japer County, South Carolina
and brings this action as the Personal Representative of the Estate of Elizabeth Jones.
2. That, upon information and belief, the Defendant Heritage Helathcare of
Estill, LLC, d/b/a Heritage of the Lowcountry and/or d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care
of the Lowcountry (herein after referred to as "Heritage") and entity organized under the
laws of the state of South Carolina and that its principal place of business is in Hampton
County, South Carolina. At the time of the acts complained of, Heritage was a skilled
nursing facility.

3. That upon information and belief, Defendant United Clinical Services, Inc., (herein after "UCS") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

4. That upon information and belief, Defendant United Rehab, Inc., (herein after "UR") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

5. That upon information and belief, Defendant UHS-Pruitt Corporation (herein after "Pruitt") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

6. That upon information and belief, Defendant Pruitt owns, operates, manages and oversees Heritage. It provides for the training, employees and budgetary decisions and needs for Heritage. Pruitt is responsible for the level of care received by residents at Heritage. Defendant UCS provides clinical services to residents at Heritage. Defendant UR provides rehabilitation services to residents at Heritage.

7. That in May 2006, Elizabeth Jones became a resident to the Defendants' nursing facility, and that she paid a fee to the Defendants for her care. That, while a resident of Defendants' facility, Ms. Jones suffered grave and severe injuries.

8. While a resident of Heritage, Ms. Jones developed several pressure sores on her body in August of 2008. That on or about March 19, 2009, Ms. Jones had to have her right leg amputated above the knee due to a pressure sore on her right heel becoming severely infected. Ms. Jones was hospitalized on several occasions for urinary tract infections, dehydration and decubitis ulcers.

FOR A FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION
(Negligence/Gross Negligence)

9. While in the Defendants' care, custody and control, Ms. Jones did suffer grave and severe injuries and humiliation at the facility as a direct and proximate result of the following negligent, reckless, willful, careless, negligent per se and grossly negligent acts of the Defendants, combining and concurring:

- a. In failing to provide adequate care to prevent the development of pressure sores;
- b. In failing to provide sufficient measures to prevent, treat and/or manage contractures;
- c. In failing to provide proper and adequate hydration and nutrition for Ms. Jones;
- d. In failing to exercise reasonable care for the safety and well-being of Ms. Jones under the circumstances;
- e. In failing to properly document Ms. Jones' condition and care that prevented the continuity of care necessary to promote her health and well being;
- f. In failing to have sufficient and properly trained staff to care for its residents;
- g. In failing to provide appropriate clinical services to prevent pressure sores, dehydration and malnutrition;
- h. In failing to provide appropriate rehabilitative services to prevent contractures and pressure sores;
- i. In failing to create, maintain and implement a proper care plan for the management of Ms. Jones' health and well being;

j. In failing to exercise that degree of care which a reasonably prudent person would have exercised under the same or similar circumstances; and

k. In such other particulars as the evidence may establish.

10. That as a direct and proximate result of the aforesaid negligent, reckless, willful careless, negligent per se and grossly negligent acts of the Defendants, the deceased Plaintiff suffered grave and sever injuries prior to her death; she had her leg amputated; she was hospitalized; she incurred medical expenses; she suffered a loss of her dignity and individuality; she suffered a diminished quality of life prior to her death; her estate has incurred funeral expenses.

11. That by reason of the foregoing, Plaintiff is informed and believes that she is entitled to judgment against the Defendants on behalf of the Estate of the deceased Plaintiff, for both actual and punitive damages against the Defendants; all of which damages were proximately causes by the Defendants' acts and/or omissions as are more fully set forth above, in an amount as may be set and determined by the trier of fact in this matter.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment against the Defendants for actual damages, together with punitive damages in an appropriate amount, for the costs of this action, and for such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

-Signature Page to Follow-

**PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER,
ELTZROTH & DETRICK, P.A.**

BY: _____



LEE D. COPE, ESQUIRE
101 Mulberry Street East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
(803) 943-2111

Hampton, South Carolina
October 12, 2010

AND

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

CHERRY SCOTT, as
Personal Representative of the
Estate of ELIZABETH JONES,)

Plaintiff)

v.)

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage
Of the Lowcountry and/or
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of
of Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,
UNITED REHAB, INC., and
UHS- FRUITT CORPORATION)

Defendants)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

C/A NO.: 2010-CP-25-_____

AFFIDAVIT OF MERIT
OF
BYRON ARBEIT

- 1) I am over 18, legally competent, and I make this affidavit based upon medical records provided to me as well as my background, education, training, and experience.
- 2) I am a nursing home administrator licensed to administer nursing homes in Louisiana and Indiana. I have passed my national board exam in nursing home administration in 1982.
- 3) I have been provided the nursing home chart of Mrs. Elizabeth Jones, deceased.
- 4) Based on the materials I have reviewed, it is my opinion that there was a deviation from the standard of care as it related to the care and treatment given Mrs. Jones at Heritage of the Lowcountry. The Defendants failed to provide sufficient interventions to prevent the development of pressure sores and failed to properly care for pressure sores. These deviations substantially

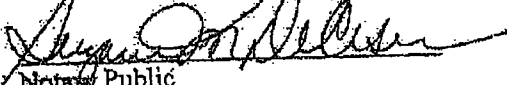


contributed to a decline in Mrs. Jones' health and well-being while a resident at the nursing home.

- 5) In my opinion, more probably than not, proper care and treatment would have prevented the pressure sores that caused the injuries suffered by Mrs. Jones as well as other problems affecting her health and well-being.
- 6) I reserve the right to alter, amend, add, or delete opinions as new information becomes available.


Byron Arbeit

Sworn to and subscribed before me:


Notary Public

Date: 3.4.10



STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)
COUNTY OF HAMPTON)
CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal)
Representative of the Estate of)
ELIZABETH JONES,)

Plaintiff)

v.)

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE)
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage)
Of the Lowcountry and/or)
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of)
of Lowcountry, UNITED)
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,)
UNITED REHAB, INC., and)
UHS- PRUITT CORPORATION)

Defendants)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

C/A NO.: 10-CP-25-__

SUMMONS

(Negligence/Gross Negligence)

(Survival Action)

(Jury Trial Requested)

FILED
CLERK OF COURT
HAMPTON COUNTY, S.C.

2010 OCT 13 AM 9:06

TO THE DEFENDANT ABOVE NAMED:

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED and required to answer the Complaint in this action, of which a copy is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer to said Complaint on the subscribed at their office, 101 Mulberry Street East, Hampton, South Carolina, within thirty (30) days after the service hereof; exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the Complaint within the time aforesaid, judgment by default will be rendered against you for the relief demanded in this Complaint.

-Signature Page to Follow-

**PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER,
ELTZROTH & DETRICK, P.A.**

BY: _____



LEE D. COPE, ESQUIRE
101 Mulberry Street East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
(803) 943-2111

Hampton, South Carolina
October 12, 2010

AND

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

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COUNTY OF HAMPTON

CHERRY SCOTT AS PERSONAL
REPRESENTATIVE OF THE ESTATE OF
ELIZABETH JONES

Plaintiff(s)

vs.

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D/B/A HERITAGE OF THE LOWCOUNTRY
AND/OR D/B/A UNI-HEALTH POST ACUTE
CARE OF THE LOWCOUNTRY, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC., UNITED REHAB,
INC., AND UHS-PRUITT CORPORATION

Defendant(s)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

CIVIL ACTION COVERSHEET

2010-25-CP-492

(Please Print)

Submitted By: Lee D. Cope

Address: PO Box 457
Hampton, SC 29924

SC Bar #: 14361
Telephone #: (803) 914-2006
Fax #: (803) 914-2015

Other:
E-mail: lcope@pmped.com

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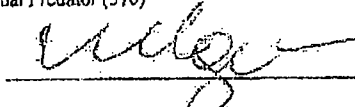
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Submitting Party Signature: 

Date: 10/12/10

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COUNTY OF HAMPTON

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal
Representative of the Estate of
ELIZABETH JONES,

Plaintiff,

v.

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE OF
ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage of the
Lowcountry and/or d/b/a Uni-Health Post
Acute Care of the Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC., UNITED
REHAB, INC. and UHS-PRUITT
CORPORATION

Defendants.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

CIVIL ACTION NO. 2010-CP-25-0491
(Wrongful Death)

DEFENDANT HERITAGE HEALTHCARE
OF ESTILL, LLC'S ANSWER TO
COMPLAINT

2010 NOV 29 PM 1:42
FILED
CLERK OF COURT
HAMPTON COUNTY, S.C.

COMES NOW Defendant Heritage Healthcare of Estill, LLC d/b/a Heritage of the Lowcountry and/or Uni-Health Post Acute Care of the Lowcountry ("Defendant"), a defendant in the above-styled case, and specifically preserving its defense that this action is barred by reason of Plaintiff's agreement to arbitrate any claims, files this Answer and Defenses to Plaintiff's Complaint and respectfully shows the Court as follows:

FOR A FIRST DEFENSE

1. Defendant denies each and every allegation of the Complaint not hereinafter specifically admitted, modified, or explained and demands strict proof thereof.

FOR A SECOND DEFENSE

2. Defendant is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of Paragraph 1 of the Complaint and therefore denies the same and demands strict proof thereof.

3. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 2 of the Complaint.

4. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 3 of the Complaint.

5. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 4 of the Complaint.

6. Defendant admits that UHS-Pruitt Corporation is a trade name of Pruitt Corporation, a corporation organized under the laws of Georgia, that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

7. Defendant denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 6 of the Complaint.

8. Defendant admits that Elizabeth Jones was admitted to Heritage Healthcare of Estill in May 2006. Defendant denies the remainder of the allegations contained in Paragraph 7 of the Complaint.

9. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 8 of the Complaint.

10. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 9 of the Complaint, including all subparts of Paragraph 9.

11. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 10 of the Complaint.

12. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 11 of the Complaint.

FOR A THIRD DEFENSE

13. Plaintiff's Complaint fails to state a claim against Defendant upon which relief may be granted.

FOR A FOURTH DEFENSE

14. Defendant denies that it is liable to Plaintiff for any sum or in any manner.

FOR A FIFTH DEFENSE

15. Plaintiff's Complaint is barred because Plaintiff is bound by an arbitration agreement that applies to the claims raised in the Complaint. Arbitration is the exclusive remedy

available to Plaintiff, and Plaintiff is therefore barred from bringing this action. This proceeding should be dismissed or stayed pending arbitration, and all discovery should be stayed. By answering this Complaint, Defendant does not waive the opportunity to arbitrate but instead insists that Plaintiff's claims be arbitrated. Defendant reserves all defenses to arbitration.

FOR A SIXTH DEFENSE

16. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part under the Federal Arbitration Act, 9 U.S.C. § 1 et seq. (hereinafter "FAA").

FOR A SEVENTH DEFENSE

17. Plaintiff has failed to include an affidavit complying with S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100 in that the affidavit attached to Plaintiff's Notice of Intent to File Suit fails to aver that the affiant is qualified as required by S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100(A) and fails to specify any negligent act or omission claimed to exist or the factual basis for each claim as required by S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100(B).

FOR AN EIGHTH DEFENSE

18. Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, for failure to join indispensable parties.

FOR A NINTH DEFENSE

19. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part under the applicable statute of limitations.

FOR A TENTH DEFENSE

20. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part by assumption of the risk.

FOR AN ELEVENTH DEFENSE

21. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part by contributory negligence.

FOR A TWELFTH DEFENSE

22. Any recovery against Defendant must be reduced by the degree that the alleged injuries of Plaintiff were caused by the actions or inactions of Plaintiff.

FOR A THIRTEENTH DEFENSE

23. Any recovery against Defendant must be reduced by the degree that the alleged injuries of Plaintiff were caused by the actions or inactions of others.

FOR A FOURTEENTH DEFENSE

24. The Complaint is barred because Plaintiff has not sustained any injuries or damages as a proximate result of any act, omission, or breach of duty by Defendant.

FOR A FIFTEENTH DEFENSE

25. Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, because any alleged damage was not foreseeable and any alleged injury is too remote.

FOR A SIXTEENTH DEFENSE

26. Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, for failure to mitigate damages.

FOR A SEVENTEENTH DEFENSE

27. Plaintiff has failed to state specific allegations sufficient to justify the award of punitive damages.

FOR AN EIGHTEENTH DEFENSE

28. Plaintiff's claims for punitive damages are barred to the extent that they are excessive under the Constitutions of the United States of America and the State of South Carolina.

FOR A NINETEENTH DEFENSE

29. Plaintiff's claims for punitive damages are barred to the extent that they violate

Defendant's due process rights under the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.

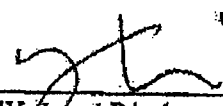
FOR A TWENTIETH DEFENSE

30. Plaintiff's claims for punitive damages are barred to the extent that they violate the Excessive Fines Clause of the Eighth Amendment to the United States Constitution.

FOR A TWENTY-FIRST DEFENSE

31. Defendant reserves the right to assert any and all additional defenses as may be determined to be applicable during the course of discovery.

WHEREFORE, having fully answered Plaintiff's Complaint, Defendant respectfully prays that this Court dismiss this action and grant Defendant such other relief as this Court deems just and proper. Provided that Plaintiff is not compelled to arbitrate her claims, Defendant requests a twelve-person jury.

By: 

W. Jerad Rissler

W. Jerad Rissler, Esquire
South Carolina Bar No. 71662
Tyler L. Arnold, Esquire
South Carolina Bar No. 80221
ARNALL GOLDEN GREGORY LLP
171 17th Street, N.W.
Suite 2100
Atlanta, Georgia 30363
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Attorneys for Defendant

Atlanta, Georgia
November __, 2010.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

COUNTY OF HAMPTON

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal
Representative of the Estate of
ELIZABETH JONES,

Plaintiff,

v.

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE OF
ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage of the
Lowcountry and/or d/b/a Uni-Health Post
Acute Care of the Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC., UNITED
REHAB, INC. and UHS-PRUITT
CORPORATION

Defendants.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

CIVIL ACTION NO. 2010-CP-25-0492
(Survival Action)

DEFENDANT HERITAGE HEALTHCARE
OF ESTILL, LLC'S ANSWER TO
COMPLAINT

BY

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE OF
ESTILL, LLC
HAMPTON LOWCOUNTRY, S.C.

2010 NOV 29 PM 1:35

COMES NOW Defendant Heritage Healthcare of Estill, LLC d/b/a Heritage of the Lowcountry and/or Uni-Health Post Acute Care of the Lowcountry ("Defendant"), a defendant in the above-styled case, and specifically preserving its defense that this action is barred by reason of Plaintiff's agreement to arbitrate any claims, files this Answer and Defenses to Plaintiff's Complaint and respectfully shows the Court as follows:

FOR A FIRST DEFENSE

1. Defendant denies each and every allegation of the Complaint not hereinafter specifically admitted, modified, or explained and demands strict proof thereof.

FOR A SECOND DEFENSE

2. Defendant is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of Paragraph 1 of the Complaint and therefore denies the same and demands strict proof thereof.

3. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 2 of the Complaint.

4. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 3 of the Complaint.

5. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 4 of the Complaint.

6. Defendant admits that UHS-Pruitt Corporation is a trade name of Pruitt Corporation, a corporation organized under the laws of Georgia, that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

7. Defendant denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 6 of the Complaint.

8. Defendant admits that Elizabeth Jones was admitted to Heritage Healthcare of Estill in May 2006. Defendant denies the remainder of the allegations contained in Paragraph 7 of the Complaint.

9. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 8 of the Complaint.

10. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 9 of the Complaint, including all subparts of Paragraph 9.

11. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 10 of the Complaint.

12. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 11 of the Complaint.

FOR A THIRD DEFENSE

13. Plaintiff's Complaint fails to state a claim against Defendant upon which relief may be granted.

FOR A FOURTH DEFENSE

14. Defendant denies that it is liable to Plaintiff for any sum or in any manner.

FOR A FIFTH DEFENSE

15. Plaintiff's Complaint is barred because Plaintiff is bound by an arbitration agreement that applies to the claims raised in the Complaint. Arbitration is the exclusive remedy

available to Plaintiff, and Plaintiff is therefore barred from bringing this action. This proceeding should be dismissed or stayed pending arbitration, and all discovery should be stayed. By answering this Complaint, Defendant does not waive the opportunity to arbitrate but instead insists that Plaintiff's claims be arbitrated. Defendant reserves all defenses to arbitration.

FOR A SIXTH DEFENSE

16. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part under the Federal Arbitration Act, 9 U.S.C. § 1 et seq. (hereinafter "FAA").

FOR A SEVENTH DEFENSE

17. Plaintiff has failed to include an affidavit complying with S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100 in that the affidavit attached to Plaintiff's Notice of Intent to File Suit fails to aver that the affiant is qualified as required by S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100(A) and fails to specify any negligent act or omission claimed to exist or the factual basis for each claim as required by S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100(B).

FOR AN EIGHTH DEFENSE

18. Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, for failure to join indispensable parties.

FOR A NINTH DEFENSE

19. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part under the applicable statute of limitations.

FOR A TENTH DEFENSE

20. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part by assumption of the risk.

FOR AN ELEVENTH DEFENSE

21. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part by contributory negligence.

FOR A TWELFTH DEFENSE

22. Any recovery against Defendant must be reduced by the degree that the alleged injuries of Plaintiff were caused by the actions or inactions of Plaintiff.

FOR A THIRTEENTH DEFENSE

23. Any recovery against Defendant must be reduced by the degree that the alleged injuries of Plaintiff were caused by the actions or inactions of others.

FOR A FOURTEENTH DEFENSE

24. The Complaint is barred because Plaintiff has not sustained any injuries or damages as a proximate result of any act, omission, or breach of duty by Defendant.

FOR A FIFTEENTH DEFENSE

25. Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, because any alleged damage was not foreseeable and any alleged injury is too remote.

FOR A SIXTEENTH DEFENSE

26. Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, for failure to mitigate damages.

FOR A SEVENTEENTH DEFENSE

27. Plaintiff has failed to state specific allegations sufficient to justify the award of punitive damages.

FOR AN EIGHTEENTH DEFENSE

28. Plaintiff's claims for punitive damages are barred to the extent that they are excessive under the Constitutions of the United States of America and the State of South Carolina.

FOR A NINETEENTH DEFENSE

29. Plaintiff's claims for punitive damages are barred to the extent that they violate

Defendant's due process rights under the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.

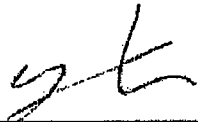
FOR A TWENTIETH DEFENSE

30. Plaintiff's claims for punitive damages are barred to the extent that they violate the Excessive Fines Clause of the Eighth Amendment to the United States Constitution.

FOR A TWENTY-FIRST DEFENSE

31. Defendant reserves the right to assert any and all additional defenses as may be determined to be applicable during the course of discovery.

WHEREFORE, having fully answered Plaintiff's Complaint, Defendant respectfully prays that this Court dismiss this action and grant Defendant such other relief as this Court deems just and proper. **Provided that Plaintiff is not compelled to arbitrate her claims,** Defendant requests a twelve-person jury.

By: 
W. Jerad Rissler

W. Jerad Rissler, Esquire
South Carolina Bar No. 71662
Tyler L. Arnold, Esquire
South Carolina Bar No. 80221
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Fax: (404) 873-8781
Jerad.Rissler@agg.com

Attorneys for Defendant

Atlanta, Georgia
November 24, 2010.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal
Representative of the Estate of
ELIZABETH JONES,

Plaintiff,

v.

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE OF
ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage of the
Lowcountry and/or d/b/a Uni-Health Post
Acute Care of the Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC., UNITED
REHAB, INC. and UHS-PRUITT
CORPORATION

Defendants.)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

CIVIL ACTION NO. 2010-CP-25-0491

(Wrongful Death)

DEFENDANT UNITED REHAB, INC.'S
ANSWER TO COMPLAINT

FILED
2010 NOV 29 PM 1:42
CLERK OF COURT
HAMPTON COUNTY, S.C.

COMES NOW Defendant United Rehab, Inc. ("Defendant"), a defendant in the above-styled case, and specifically preserving its defense that this action is barred by reason of Plaintiff's agreement to arbitrate any claims, files this Answer and Defenses to Plaintiff's Complaint and respectfully shows the Court as follows:

FOR A FIRST DEFENSE

1. Defendant denies each and every allegation of the Complaint not hereinafter specifically admitted, modified, or explained and demands strict proof thereof.

FOR A SECOND DEFENSE

2. Defendant is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of Paragraph 1 of the Complaint and therefore denies the same and demands strict proof thereof.

3. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 2 of the Complaint.

4. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 3 of the Complaint.
5. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 4 of the Complaint.
6. Defendant admits that UHS-Pruitt Corporation is a trade name of Pruitt Corporation, a corporation organized under the laws of Georgia, that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.
7. Defendant denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 6 of the Complaint.
8. Defendant admits that Elizabeth Jones was admitted to Heritage Healthcare of Estill in May 2006. Defendant denies the remainder of the allegations contained in Paragraph 7 of the Complaint.
9. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 8 of the Complaint.
10. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 9 of the Complaint, including all subparts of Paragraph 9.
11. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 10 of the Complaint.
12. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 11 of the Complaint.

FOR A THIRD DEFENSE

13. Plaintiff's Complaint fails to state a claim against Defendant upon which relief may be granted.

FOR A FOURTH DEFENSE

14. Defendant denies that it is liable to Plaintiff for any sum or in any manner.

FOR A FIFTH DEFENSE

15. Plaintiff's Complaint is barred because Plaintiff is bound by an arbitration agreement that applies to the claims raised in the Complaint. Arbitration is the exclusive remedy available to Plaintiff, and Plaintiff is therefore barred from bringing this action. This proceeding

should be dismissed or stayed pending arbitration, and all discovery should be stayed. By answering this Complaint, Defendant does not waive the opportunity to arbitrate but instead insists that Plaintiff's claims be arbitrated. Defendant reserves all defenses to arbitration.

FOR A SIXTH DEFENSE

16. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part under the Federal Arbitration Act, 9 U.S.C. § 1 et seq. (hereinafter "FAA").

FOR A SEVENTH DEFENSE

17. Plaintiff has failed to include an affidavit complying with S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100 in that the affidavit attached to Plaintiff's Notice of Intent to File Suit fails to aver that the affiant is qualified as required by S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100(A) and fails to specify any negligent act or omission claimed to exist or the factual basis for each claim as required by S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100(B).

FOR AN EIGHTH DEFENSE

18. Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, for failure to join indispensable parties.

FOR A NINTH DEFENSE

19. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part under the applicable statute of limitations.

FOR A TENTH DEFENSE

20. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part by assumption of the risk.

FOR AN ELEVENTH DEFENSE

21. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part by contributory negligence.

FOR A TWELFTH DEFENSE

22. Any recovery against Defendant must be reduced by the degree that the alleged injuries of Plaintiff were caused by the actions or inactions of Plaintiff.

FOR A THIRTEENTH DEFENSE

23. Any recovery against Defendant must be reduced by the degree that the alleged injuries of Plaintiff were caused by the actions or inactions of others.

FOR A FOURTEENTH DEFENSE

24. The Complaint is barred because Plaintiff has not sustained any injuries or damages as a proximate result of any act, omission, or breach of duty by Defendant.

FOR A FIFTEENTH DEFENSE

25. Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, because any alleged damage was not foreseeable and any alleged injury is too remote.

FOR A SIXTEENTH DEFENSE

26. Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, for failure to mitigate damages.

FOR A SEVENTEENTH DEFENSE

27. Plaintiff has failed to state specific allegations sufficient to justify the award of punitive damages.

FOR AN EIGHTEENTH DEFENSE

28. Plaintiff's claims for punitive damages are barred to the extent that they are excessive under the Constitutions of the United States of America and the State of South Carolina.

FOR A NINETEENTH DEFENSE

29. Plaintiff's claims for punitive damages are barred to the extent that they violate Defendant's due process rights under the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States

Constitution.

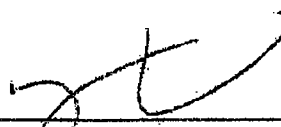
FOR A TWENTIETH DEFENSE

30. Plaintiff's claims for punitive damages are barred to the extent that they violate the Excessive Fines Clause of the Eighth Amendment to the United States Constitution.

FOR A TWENTY-FIRST DEFENSE

31. Defendant reserves the right to assert any and all additional defenses as may be determined to be applicable during the course of discovery.

WHEREFORE, having fully answered Plaintiff's Complaint, Defendant respectfully prays that this Court dismiss this action and grant Defendant such other relief as this Court deems just and proper. Provided that Plaintiff is not compelled to arbitrate her claims, Defendant requests a twelve-person jury.

By: 
W. Jerad Rissler

W. Jerad Rissler, Esquire
South Carolina Bar No. 71662
Tyler L. Arnold, Esquire
South Carolina Bar No. 80221
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Atlanta, Georgia 30363
Ph: (404) 873-8780
Fax: (404) 873-8781
Jerad.Rissler@agg.com

Attorneys for Defendant

Atlanta, Georgia
November 4, 2010.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal
Representative of the Estate of
ELIZABETH JONES,)

Plaintiff,)

v.)

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE OF
ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage of the
Lowcountry and/or d/b/a Uni-Health Post
Acute Care of the Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC., UNITED
REHAB, INC. and UHS-PRUITT
CORPORATION)

Defendants.)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

CIVIL ACTION NO. 2010-CP-25-0492
(Survival Action)

DEFENDANT UNITED REHAB, INC.'S
ANSWER TO COMPLAINT

2010 NOV 29 PM 1:35
CLERK OF COURT
HAMPTON COUNTY, S.C.

COMES NOW Defendant United Rehab, Inc. ("Defendant"), a defendant in the above-styled case, and specifically preserving its defense that this action is barred by reason of Plaintiff's agreement to arbitrate any claims, files this Answer and Defenses to Plaintiff's Complaint and respectfully shows the Court as follows:

FOR A FIRST DEFENSE

1. Defendant denies each and every allegation of the Complaint not hereinafter specifically admitted, modified, or explained and demands strict proof thereof.

FOR A SECOND DEFENSE

2. Defendant is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of Paragraph 1 of the Complaint and therefore denies the same and demands strict proof thereof.

3. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 2 of the Complaint.

4. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 3 of the Complaint.

5. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 4 of the Complaint.

6. Defendant admits that UHS-Pruitt Corporation is a trade name of Pruitt Corporation, a corporation organized under the laws of Georgia, that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

7. Defendant denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 6 of the Complaint.

8. Defendant admits that Elizabeth Jones was admitted to Heritage Healthcare of Estill in May 2006. Defendant denies the remainder of the allegations contained in Paragraph 7 of the Complaint.

9. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 8 of the Complaint.

10. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 9 of the Complaint, including all subparts of Paragraph 9.

11. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 10 of the Complaint.

12. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 11 of the Complaint.

FOR A THIRD DEFENSE

13. Plaintiff's Complaint fails to state a claim against Defendant upon which relief may be granted.

FOR A FOURTH DEFENSE

14. Defendant denies that it is liable to Plaintiff for any sum or in any manner.

FOR A FIFTH DEFENSE

15. Plaintiff's Complaint is barred because Plaintiff is bound by an arbitration agreement that applies to the claims raised in the Complaint. Arbitration is the exclusive remedy available to Plaintiff, and Plaintiff is therefore barred from bringing this action. This proceeding

should be dismissed or stayed pending arbitration, and all discovery should be stayed. By answering this Complaint, Defendant does not waive the opportunity to arbitrate but instead insists that Plaintiff's claims be arbitrated. Defendant reserves all defenses to arbitration.

FOR A SIXTH DEFENSE

16. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part under the Federal Arbitration Act, 9 U.S.C. § 1 et seq. (hereinafter "FAA").

FOR A SEVENTH DEFENSE

17. Plaintiff has failed to include an affidavit complying with S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100 in that the affidavit attached to Plaintiff's Notice of Intent to File Suit fails to aver that the affiant is qualified as required by S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100(A) and fails to specify any negligent act or omission claimed to exist or the factual basis for each claim as required by S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100(B).

FOR AN EIGHTH DEFENSE

18. Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, for failure to join indispensable parties.

FOR A NINTH DEFENSE

19. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part under the applicable statute of limitations.

FOR A TENTH DEFENSE

20. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part by assumption of the risk.

FOR AN ELEVENTH DEFENSE

21. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part by contributory negligence.

FOR A TWELFTH DEFENSE

22. Any recovery against Defendant must be reduced by the degree that the alleged injuries of Plaintiff were caused by the actions or inactions of Plaintiff.

FOR A THIRTEENTH DEFENSE

23. Any recovery against Defendant must be reduced by the degree that the alleged injuries of Plaintiff were caused by the actions or inactions of others.

FOR A FOURTEENTH DEFENSE

24. The Complaint is barred because Plaintiff has not sustained any injuries or damages as a proximate result of any act, omission, or breach of duty by Defendant.

FOR A FIFTEENTH DEFENSE

25. Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, because any alleged damage was not foreseeable and any alleged injury is too remote.

FOR A SIXTEENTH DEFENSE

26. Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, for failure to mitigate damages.

FOR A SEVENTEENTH DEFENSE

27. Plaintiff has failed to state specific allegations sufficient to justify the award of punitive damages.

FOR AN EIGHTEENTH DEFENSE

28. Plaintiff's claims for punitive damages are barred to the extent that they are excessive under the Constitutions of the United States of America and the State of South Carolina.

FOR A NINETEENTH DEFENSE

29. Plaintiff's claims for punitive damages are barred to the extent that they violate

Defendant's due process rights under the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.

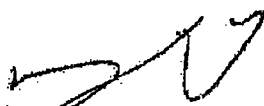
FOR A TWENTIETH DEFENSE

30. Plaintiff's claims for punitive damages are barred to the extent that they violate the Excessive Fines Clause of the Eighth Amendment to the United States Constitution.

FOR A TWENTY-FIRST DEFENSE

31. Defendant reserves the right to assert any and all additional defenses as may be determined to be applicable during the course of discovery.

WHEREFORE, having fully answered Plaintiff's Complaint, Defendant respectfully prays that this Court dismiss this action and grant Defendant such other relief as this Court deems just and proper. **Provided that Plaintiff is not compelled to arbitrate her claims,** Defendant requests a twelve-person jury.

By: 

W. Jerad Rissler

W. Jerad Rissler, Esquire
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Tyler L. Arnold, Esquire
South Carolina Bar No. 80221
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Fax: (404) 873-8781
Jerad.Rissler@agg.com

Attorneys for Defendant

Atlanta, Georgia
November 21, 2010.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

COUNTY OF HAMPTON

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal
Representative of the Estate of
ELIZABETH JONES,

Plaintiff,

v.

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE OF
ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage of the
Lowcountry and/or d/b/a Uni-Health Post
Acute Care of the Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC., UNITED
REHAB, INC. and UHS-PRUTT
CORPORATION

Defendants.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

CIVIL ACTION NO. 2010-CP-25-0491
(Wrongful Death)

DEFENDANT UNITED CLINICAL
SERVICES, INC.'S ANSWER TO
COMPLAINT

NOV 29 PM 1:42
CLERK OF COURT
HAMPTON COUNTY, S.C.

COMES NOW Defendant United Clinical Services, Inc. ("Defendant"), a defendant in the above-styled case, and specifically preserving its defense that this action is barred by reason of Plaintiff's agreement to arbitrate any claims, files this Answer and Defenses to Plaintiff's Complaint and respectfully shows the Court as follows:

FOR A FIRST DEFENSE

1. Defendant denies each and every allegation of the Complaint not hereinafter specifically admitted, modified, or explained and demands strict proof thereof.

FOR A SECOND DEFENSE

2. Defendant is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of Paragraph 1 of the Complaint and therefore denies the same and demands strict proof thereof.

3. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 2 of the Complaint.

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6. Defendant admits that UHS-Pruitt Corporation is a trade name of Pruitt Corporation, a corporation organized under the laws of Georgia, that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

7. Defendant denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 6 of the Complaint.

8. Defendant admits that Elizabeth Jones was admitted to Heritage Healthcare of Estill in May 2006. Defendant denies the remainder of the allegations contained in Paragraph 7 of the Complaint.

9. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 8 of the Complaint.

10. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 9 of the Complaint, including all subparts of Paragraph 9.

11. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 10 of the Complaint.

12. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 11 of the Complaint.

FOR A THIRD DEFENSE

13. Plaintiff's Complaint fails to state a claim against Defendant upon which relief may be granted.

FOR A FOURTH DEFENSE

14. Defendant denies that it is liable to Plaintiff for any sum or in any manner.

FOR A FIFTH DEFENSE

15. Plaintiff's Complaint is barred because Plaintiff is bound by an arbitration agreement that applies to the claims raised in the Complaint. Arbitration is the exclusive remedy available to Plaintiff, and Plaintiff is therefore barred from bringing this action. This proceeding

should be dismissed or stayed pending arbitration, and all discovery should be stayed. By answering this Complaint, Defendant does not waive the opportunity to arbitrate but instead insists that Plaintiff's claims be arbitrated. Defendant reserves all defenses to arbitration.

FOR A SIXTH DEFENSE

16. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part under the Federal Arbitration Act, 9 U.S.C. § 1 et seq. (hereinafter "FAA").

FOR A SEVENTH DEFENSE

17. Plaintiff has failed to include an affidavit complying with S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100 in that the affidavit attached to Plaintiff's Notice of Intent to File Suit fails to aver that the affiant is qualified as required by S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100(A) and fails to specify any negligent act or omission claimed to exist or the factual basis for each claim as required by S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100(B).

FOR AN EIGHTH DEFENSE

18. Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, for failure to join indispensable parties.

FOR A NINTH DEFENSE

19. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part under the applicable statute of limitations.

FOR A TENTH DEFENSE

20. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part by assumption of the risk.

FOR AN ELEVENTH DEFENSE

21. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part by contributory negligence.

FOR A TWELFTH DEFENSE

22. Any recovery against Defendant must be reduced by the degree that the alleged injuries of Plaintiff were caused by the actions or inactions of Plaintiff.

FOR A THIRTEENTH DEFENSE

23. Any recovery against Defendant must be reduced by the degree that the alleged injuries of Plaintiff were caused by the actions or inactions of others.

FOR A FOURTEENTH DEFENSE

24. The Complaint is barred because Plaintiff has not sustained any injuries or damages as a proximate result of any act, omission, or breach of duty by Defendant.

FOR A FIFTEENTH DEFENSE

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WHEREFORE, having fully answered Plaintiff's Complaint, Defendant respectfully prays that this Court dismiss this action and grant Defendant such other relief as this Court deems just and proper. Provided that Plaintiff is not compelled to arbitrate her claims, Defendant requests a twelve-person jury.

By: 

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Fax: (404) 873-8781
Jerad.Rissler@agg.com

Attorneys for Defendant

Atlanta, Georgia
November 27, 2010.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal
Representative of the Estate of
ELIZABETH JONES,

Plaintiff,

v.)

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE OF
ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage of the
Lowcountry and/or d/b/a Uni-Health Post
Acute Care of the Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC., UNITED
REHAB, INC. and UHS-PRUITT
CORPORATION)

Defendants.)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

CIVIL ACTION NO. 2010-CP-25-0492
(Survival Action)

DEFENDANT UNITED CLINICAL
SERVICES, INC.'S ANSWER TO
COMPLAINT

FILED NOV 29 PM 1:35
CLERK OF COURT
HAMPTON COUNTY, S.C.

COMES NOW Defendant United Clinical Services, Inc. ("Defendant"), a defendant in the above-styled case, and specifically preserving its defense that this action is barred by reason of Plaintiff's agreement to arbitrate any claims, files this Answer and Defenses to Plaintiff's Complaint and respectfully shows the Court as follows:

FOR A FIRST DEFENSE

1. Defendant denies each and every allegation of the Complaint not hereinafter specifically admitted, modified, or explained and demands strict proof thereof.

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FOR A TENTH DEFENSE

20. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part by assumption of the risk.

FOR AN ELEVENTH DEFENSE

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FOR A THIRTEENTH DEFENSE

23. Any recovery against Defendant must be reduced by the degree that the alleged injuries of Plaintiff were caused by the actions or inactions of others.

FOR A FOURTEENTH DEFENSE

24. The Complaint is barred because Plaintiff has not sustained any injuries or damages as a proximate result of any act, omission, or breach of duty by Defendant.

FOR A FIFTEENTH DEFENSE

25. Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, because any alleged damage was not foreseeable and any alleged injury is too remote.

FOR A SIXTEENTH DEFENSE

26. Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, for failure to mitigate damages.

FOR A SEVENTEENTH DEFENSE

27. Plaintiff has failed to state specific allegations sufficient to justify the award of punitive damages.

FOR AN EIGHTEENTH DEFENSE

28. Plaintiff's claims for punitive damages are barred to the extent that they are excessive under the Constitutions of the United States of America and the State of South Carolina.

FOR A NINETEENTH DEFENSE

29. Plaintiff's claims for punitive damages are barred to the extent that they violate

Defendant's due process rights under the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.

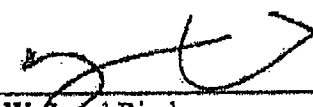
FOR A TWENTIETH DEFENSE

30. Plaintiff's claims for punitive damages are barred to the extent that they violate the Excessive Fines Clause of the Eighth Amendment to the United States Constitution.

FOR A TWENTY-FIRST DEFENSE

31. Defendant reserves the right to assert any and all additional defenses as may be determined to be applicable during the course of discovery.

WHEREFORE, having fully answered Plaintiff's Complaint, Defendant respectfully prays that this Court dismiss this action and grant Defendant such other relief as this Court deems just and proper. Provided that Plaintiff is not compelled to arbitrate her claims, Defendant requests a twelve-person jury.

By: 

W. Jerad Rissler

W. Jerad Rissler, Esquire
South Carolina Bar No. 71662
Tyler L. Arnold, Esquire
South Carolina Bar No. 80221
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Fax: (404) 873-8781
Jerad.Rissler@agg.com

Attorneys for Defendant

Atlanta, Georgia
November 24, 2010.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)
COUNTY OF HAMPTON)
CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal)
Representative of the Estate of)
ELIZABETH JONES,)
Plaintiff,)
v.)
HERITAGE HEALTHCARE OF)
ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage of the)
Lowcountry and/or d/b/a Uni-Health Post)
Acute Care of the Lowcountry, UNITED)
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC., UNITED)
REHAB, INC. and UHS-PRUITT)
CORPORATION)
Defendants.)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

CIVIL ACTION NO. 2010-CP-25-0491
(Wrongful Death)

**DEFENDANT UHS-PRUITT
CORPORATION'S ANSWER TO
COMPLAINT**

FILED
2010 NOV 29 PM 1:42
CLERK OF COURT
HAMPTON COUNTY, S.C.

COMES NOW Defendant UHS-Pruitt Corporation ("Defendant"), a defendant in the above-styled case, and specifically preserving its defense that this action is barred by reason of Plaintiff's agreement to arbitrate any claims, files this Answer and Defenses to Plaintiff's Complaint and respectfully shows the Court as follows:

FOR A FIRST DEFENSE

1. Defendant denies each and every allegation of the Complaint not hereinafter specifically admitted, modified, or explained and demands strict proof thereof.

FOR A SECOND DEFENSE

2. Defendant is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of Paragraph 1 of the Complaint and therefore denies the same and demands strict proof thereof.

3. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 2 of the Complaint.

4. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 3 of the Complaint.

5. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 4 of the Complaint.

6. Defendant admits that UHS-Pruitt Corporation is a trade name of Pruitt Corporation, a corporation organized under the laws of Georgia, that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

7. Defendant denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 6 of the Complaint.

8. Defendant admits that Elizabeth Jones was admitted to Heritage Healthcare of Estill in May 2006. Defendant denies the remainder of the allegations contained in Paragraph 7 of the Complaint.

9. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 8 of the Complaint.

10. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 9 of the Complaint, including all subparts of Paragraph 9.

11. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 10 of the Complaint.

12. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 11 of the Complaint.

FOR A THIRD DEFENSE

13. Plaintiff's Complaint fails to state a claim against Defendant upon which relief may be granted.

FOR A FOURTH DEFENSE

14. Defendant denies that it is liable to Plaintiff for any sum or in any manner.

FOR A FIFTH DEFENSE

15. Plaintiff's Complaint is barred because Plaintiff is bound by an arbitration agreement that applies to the claims raised in the Complaint. Arbitration is the exclusive remedy available to Plaintiff, and Plaintiff is therefore barred from bringing this action. This proceeding

should be dismissed or stayed pending arbitration, and all discovery should be stayed. By answering this Complaint, Defendant does not waive the opportunity to arbitrate but instead insists that Plaintiff's claims be arbitrated. Defendant reserves all defenses to arbitration.

FOR A SIXTH DEFENSE

16. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part under the Federal Arbitration Act, 9 U.S.C. § 1 et seq. (hereinafter "FAA").

FOR A SEVENTH DEFENSE

17. Plaintiff has failed to include an affidavit complying with S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100 in that the affidavit attached to Plaintiff's Notice of Intent to File Suit fails to aver that the affiant is qualified as required by S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100(A) and fails to specify any negligent act or omission claimed to exist or the factual basis for each claim as required by S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100(B).

FOR AN EIGHTH DEFENSE

18. Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, for failure to join indispensable parties.

FOR A NINTH DEFENSE

19. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part under the applicable statute of limitations.

FOR A TENTH DEFENSE

20. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part by assumption of the risk.

FOR AN ELEVENTH DEFENSE

21. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part by contributory negligence.

FOR A TWELFTH DEFENSE

22. Any recovery against Defendant must be reduced by the degree that the alleged injuries of Plaintiff were caused by the actions or inactions of Plaintiff.

FOR A THIRTEENTH DEFENSE

23. Any recovery against Defendant must be reduced by the degree that the alleged injuries of Plaintiff were caused by the actions or inactions of others.

FOR A FOURTEENTH DEFENSE

24. The Complaint is barred because Plaintiff has not sustained any injuries or damages as a proximate result of any act, omission, or breach of duty by Defendant.

FOR A FIFTEENTH DEFENSE

25. Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, because any alleged damage was not foreseeable and any alleged injury is too remote.

FOR A SIXTEENTH DEFENSE

26. Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, for failure to mitigate damages.

FOR A SEVENTEENTH DEFENSE

27. Plaintiff has failed to state specific allegations sufficient to justify the award of punitive damages.

FOR AN EIGHTEENTH DEFENSE

28. Plaintiff's claims for punitive damages are barred to the extent that they are excessive under the Constitutions of the United States of America and the State of South Carolina.

FOR A NINETEENTH DEFENSE

29. Plaintiff's claims for punitive damages are barred to the extent that they violate Defendant's due process rights under the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States

Constitution.

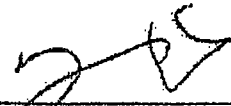
FOR A TWENTIETH DEFENSE

30. Plaintiff's claims for punitive damages are barred to the extent that they violate the Excessive Fines Clause of the Eighth Amendment to the United States Constitution.

FOR A TWENTY-FIRST DEFENSE

31. Defendant reserves the right to assert any and all additional defenses as may be determined to be applicable during the course of discovery.

WHEREFORE, having fully answered Plaintiff's Complaint, Defendant respectfully prays that this Court dismiss this action and grant Defendant such other relief as this Court deems just and proper. Provided that Plaintiff is not compelled to arbitrate her claims, Defendant requests a twelve-person jury.

By: 

W. Jerad Rissler

W. Jerad Rissler, Esquire
South Carolina Bar No. 71662
Tyler L. Arnold, Esquire
South Carolina Bar No. 80221
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171 17th Street, N.W.
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Atlanta, Georgia 30363
Ph: (404) 873-8780
Fax: (404) 873-8781
Jerad.Rissler@agg.com

Attorneys for Defendant

Atlanta, Georgia
November 24, 2010.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal
Representative of the Estate of
ELIZABETH JONES,

Plaintiff,

v.)

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE OF
ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage of the
Lowcountry and/or d/b/a Uni-Health Post
Acute Care of the Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC., UNITED
REHAB, INC. and UHS-PRUITT
CORPORATION)

Defendants.)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

CIVIL ACTION NO. 2010-CP-25-0492
(Survival Action)

DEFENDANT UHS-PRUITT
CORPORATION'S ANSWER TO
COMPLAINT

2010 NOV 29 PM 1:36
CLERK OF COURT
HAMPTON COUNTY, S.C.

COMES NOW Defendant UHS-Pruitt Corporation ("Defendant"), a defendant in the above-styled case, and specifically preserving its defense that this action is barred by reason of Plaintiff's agreement to arbitrate any claims, files this Answer and Defenses to Plaintiff's Complaint and respectfully shows the Court as follows:

FOR A FIRST DEFENSE

1. Defendant denies each and every allegation of the Complaint not hereinafter specifically admitted, modified, or explained and demands strict proof thereof.

FOR A SECOND DEFENSE

2. Defendant is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of Paragraph 1 of the Complaint and therefore denies the same and demands strict proof thereof.

3. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 2 of the Complaint.

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6. Defendant admits that UHS-Pruitt Corporation is a trade name of Pruitt Corporation, a corporation organized under the laws of Georgia, that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.
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8. Defendant admits that Elizabeth Jones was admitted to Heritage Healthcare of Estill in May 2006. Defendant denies the remainder of the allegations contained in Paragraph 7 of the Complaint.
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11. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 10 of the Complaint.
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FOR A THIRD DEFENSE

13. Plaintiff's Complaint fails to state a claim against Defendant upon which relief may be granted.

FOR A FOURTH DEFENSE

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FOR A FIFTH DEFENSE

15. Plaintiff's Complaint is barred because Plaintiff is bound by an arbitration agreement that applies to the claims raised in the Complaint. Arbitration is the exclusive remedy available to Plaintiff, and Plaintiff is therefore barred from bringing this action. This proceeding

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FOR A SEVENTH DEFENSE

17. Plaintiff has failed to include an affidavit complying with S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100 in that the affidavit attached to Plaintiff's Notice of Intent to File Suit fails to aver that the affiant is qualified as required by S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100(A) and fails to specify any negligent act or omission claimed to exist or the factual basis for each claim as required by S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100(B).

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Defendant's due process rights under the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.

FOR A TWENTIETH DEFENSE

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31. Defendant reserves the right to assert any and all additional defenses as may be determined to be applicable during the course of discovery.

WHEREFORE, having fully answered Plaintiff's Complaint, Defendant respectfully prays that this Court dismiss this action and grant Defendant such other relief as this Court deems just and proper. Provided that Plaintiff is not compelled to arbitrate her claims, Defendant requests a twelve-person jury.

By: 

W. Jerad Rissler

W. Jerad Rissler, Esquire
South Carolina Bar No. 71662
Tyler L. Arnold, Esquire
South Carolina Bar No. 80221
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Fax: (404) 873-8781
Jerad.Rissler@agg.com

Attorneys for Defendant

Atlanta, Georgia
November 27, 2010.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

CHERRY SCOTT, as Personal)
Representative of the Estate of)
ELIZABETH JONES,)

Plaintiff,)

v.)

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE OF)
ESTILL, LLC, d/b/a Heritage of the)
Lowcountry and/or Uni--Health Post)
Acute Network of the Lowcountry,)
UNITED CLINICAL SERVICES,)
INC., UNITED REHAB, INC.,)
And UHS-PRUITT)
CORPORATION,)

Defendants,)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

C/A No.: 2010-CP-25-491
(Wrongful Death)

PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO STRIKE

TO: JERAD RISSLER, ATTORNEY FOR THE ABOVE DEFENDANTS:

YOU WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the undersigned as attorney for the Plaintiff will move before the Presiding Judge of the Fourteenth Judicial Circuit at a time and date set by the Court to strike the Defendants' 5th, 6th, 7th, 9th, 10th, and 11th defense. The basis of said Motion is that the defense raised by the Defendants is inapplicable to this lawsuit.

Consultation with opposing counsel would not prove beneficial to resolving this matter.

-Signature Page to Follow-

PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER, ELTZROTH
& DETRICK, P. A.

BY: _____

Lee D. Cope
Lee D. Cope
101 Mulberry Street, East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
(803) 943-2111

AND

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

Attorneys for the Plaintiff

December
~~November~~ 1, 2010

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)
)
COUNTY OF HAMPTON)
)
CHERRY SCOTT, as Personal)
Representative of the Estate of)
ELIZABETH JONES,)

Plaintiff,)

v.)

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE OF)
ESTILL, LLC, d/b/a Heritage of the)
Lowcountry and/or Uni--Health Post)
Acute Network of the Lowcountry,)
UNITED CLINICAL SERVICES,)
INC., UNITED REHAB, INC.,)
And UHS-PRUITT)
CORPORATION,)

Defendants,)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

C/A No.: 2010-CP-25-492
(Survival Action)

PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO STRIKE

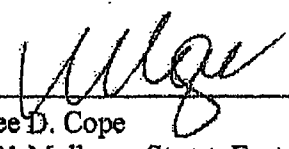
TO: JERAD RISSLER, ATTORNEY FOR THE ABOVE DEFENDANTS:

YOU WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the undersigned as attorney for the Plaintiff will move before the Presiding Judge of the Fourteenth Judicial Circuit at a time and date set by the Court to strike the Defendants' 5th, 6th, 7th, 9th, 10th, and 11th defense. The basis of said Motion is that the defense raised by the Defendants is inapplicable to this lawsuit.

Consultation with opposing counsel would not prove beneficial to resolving this matter.

-Signature Page to Follow-

PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER, ELTZROTH
& DETRICK, P. A.

BY: 

Lee D. Cope
101 Mulberry Street, East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
(803) 943-2111

~~December~~
November 1, 2010

AND

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

Attorneys for the Plaintiff

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)
COUNTY OF HAMPTON)
CHERRY SCOTT, as Personal)
Representative of the Estate of)
ELIZABETH JONES,)

Plaintiff,)

v.)

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE OF)
ESTILL, LLC, d/b/a Heritage of the)
Lowcountry and/or Uni--Health Post)
Acute Network of the Lowcountry,)
UNITED CLINICAL SERVICES,)
INC., UNITED REHAB, INC.,)
And UHS-PRUITT)
CORPORATION,)

Defendants,)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

C/A No.: 2010-CP-25-492
(Survival Action)

PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO COMPEL

TO: JERAD RISSLER, ATTORNEY FOR THE ABOVE DEFENDANTS:

YOU WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the undersigned as attorney for the Plaintiff will move before the Presiding Judge of the Fourteenth Judicial Circuit at a time and date set by the Court for an order compelling the Defendants, to answer or respond, completely and without objection, to the following Interrogatories and Request for Production dated November 18, 2010:

Plaintiff's First Set of Interrogatories to Defendant Heritage Healthcare of Estill, LLC, Numbers 3-7 and 13-26

Plaintiff's First Set of Request for Production to Defendant Heritage Healthcare of Estill, LLC, Numbers 1-27, 29, and 31-32.

Plaintiff's First Set of Interrogatories to Defendant UHS-Pruitt Corporation Numbers 3-7 and 13-26

Plaintiff's First Set of Request for Production to Defendant UHS-Pruitt Corporation Numbers 1-11

Plaintiff's First Set of Interrogatories to Defendant United Rehab, Inc., Numbers 2-7 and 11-13

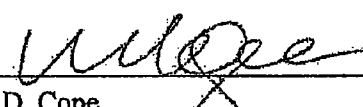
Plaintiff's First Set of Request for Production to Defendant United Rehab, Inc., Numbers 1-16

Plaintiff's First Set of Interrogatories to Defendant United Clinical Services, Inc., Numbers 2-7 and 11-13

Plaintiff's First Set of Request for Production to Defendant United Clinical Services, Inc., Numbers 1-16

The undersigned attorney for the plaintiff hereby certifies that consultation with opposing counsel would serve no useful purpose.

PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER, ELTZROTH
& DETRICK, P. A.

BY: 
Lee D. Cope
101 Mulberry Street, East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
(803) 943-2111

February 15, 2011

AND

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

Attorneys for the Plaintiff

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

COUNTY OF HAMPTON

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal
Representative of the Estate of
ELIZABETH JONES,

Plaintiff,

v.

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE OF
ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage of the
Lowcountry and/or d/b/a Uni-Health Post
Acute Care of the Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC., UNITED
REHAB, INC., and UHS-PRUITT
CORPORATION,

Defendants.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

CIVIL ACTION NO. 2010-CP-25-0491 & 492

**DEFENDANTS' MEMORANDUM OF LAW
IN SUPPORT OF MOTION TO COMPEL
ARBITRATION AND STAY PROCEEDINGS**

FILED
2011 AUG -3 PM 2:13
MYLINDA D. NETTLES
CLERK OF COURT
HAMPTON COUNTY, S.C.

Defendants Heritage Healthcare of Estill, LLC, United Clinical Services, Inc., United Rehab, Inc., and UHS-Pruitt Corporation (collectively hereinafter referred to as "Defendants") hereby submit their Memorandum Of Law In Support Of Their Motion To Compel Arbitration and Stay Proceedings, showing the Court as follows:

I. INTRODUCTION

Defendants' Motion to Compel Arbitration and Stay Proceedings ("Motion") involves an arbitration agreement signed by Ellen Jenkins, on behalf of Plaintiffs' decedent Elizabeth Jones, and Heritage Healthcare of Estill, LLC ("Heritage Healthcare"). A true and correct copy of the Resident and Facility Arbitration Agreement ("Arbitration Agreement") is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

The Arbitration Agreement provides that any claims, disputes, or disagreements arising out of or related to the Admission Agreement or any service or care provided to Elizabeth Jones

by Heritage Healthcare would be settled exclusively by binding arbitration. The Arbitration Agreement expressly applies to "anyone whose Claim is derived through or on behalf of the Resident, including, without being limited to, any parent, spouse, child, guardian, executor, administrator, legal representative, or heir of the Resident." (Exhibit A, ¶4.) Accordingly, the Arbitration Agreement should be enforced in accordance with its express terms, and this proceeding should be stayed pending arbitration.

II. STATEMENT OF FACTS

Defendant Heritage Healthcare operates a skilled nursing facility known as Heritage of the Lowcountry ("Lowcountry") located in Estill, South Carolina, in which Elizabeth Jones was a resident from April 18, 2007 through May 15, 2009. Elizabeth Jones was admitted to Lowcountry by her sister, Ellen Jenkins. Prior to Ms. Jones's admission to Lowcountry, Ms. Jenkins spoke with Ms. Jones and her other siblings, and they all understood that Ms. Jenkins would execute the paperwork in connection with Ms. Jones's admission to Lowcountry. (Deposition of Ellen Jenkins ("Jenkins Depo.," attached hereto as Exhibit B), PP. 8-11; Deposition of Cherry Scott ("Scott Depo.," attached hereto as Exhibit C), PP. 8-10.) Ms. Jenkins discussed Ms. Jones's admission to Lowcountry with her after Ms. Jenkins had completed the admissions process, and Ms. Jones understood that Ms. Jenkins had signed her into the nursing home. (Jenkins Depo. at 17.)

In order to admit Elizabeth Jones to Lowcountry, Ellen Jenkins contracted with Lowcountry on behalf of Elizabeth Jones. Among the contracts that Ellen Jenkins entered into on behalf of Elizabeth Jones in order to procure her admission to Lowcountry was the Arbitration Agreement. (Jenkins Depo. PP. 13-14.) Based on these contracts, Heritage Healthcare admitted Elizabeth Jones to Lowcountry, and Elizabeth Jones remained a resident of Lowcountry from April 18, 2007 until May 15, 2009. During this time, Elizabeth Jones accepted the benefits of the

contracts entered into on her behalf, including the admission to Lowcountry and the receipt of skilled nursing care from Lowcountry.

The Arbitration Agreement provides in part that "any and all controversies, claims, disputes, disagreements or demands of any kind . . . arising out of or related to the Resident's Admission Agreement with the Facility . . . or any service or care provided to the Resident by the Facility shall be settled exclusively by **binding arbitration**." (Arbitration Agreement, Exhibit A, at 1 (emphasis in original).) The Arbitration Agreement expressly states "that the parties are waiving their right to a trial before a jury or a judge." (*Id.*) The Arbitration Agreement encompasses all claims involving "negligence, gross negligence, malpractice, or any other claim based on any departure from accepted standards of medical or health care or safety whether sounding in tort or in contract." (*Id.*, ¶ 1.) The Arbitration Agreement expresses the parties' intent that it is "binding upon the parties, their successors and assigns, including the agents, employees of the Facility, and anyone whose Claim is derived through or on behalf of the Resident, including, without being limited to, any parent, spouse, child, guardian, executor, administrator, legal representative, or heir of the Resident." (*Id.*, ¶4.)

In her Complaint, Plaintiff alleges that Defendants are liable for injuries that Elizabeth Jones allegedly sustained while she was a resident of Lowcountry. Plaintiff's allegations are based upon an underlying theory that Elizabeth Jones did not receive proper care and treatment while at Lowcountry. (*See* Complaint.) Therefore, the claims asserted in the Complaint fall squarely within the scope of the Arbitration Agreement.

III. ARGUMENT AND CITATION OF AUTHORITY

A. The Federal Arbitration Act Governs The Arbitration Agreement.

The Arbitration Agreement is governed by the Federal Arbitration Act, 9 U.S.C. §§ 1-16 (hereinafter, the "FAA"). The Arbitration Agreement constitutes "[a] written provision in . . . a

contract evidencing a transaction involving [interstate] commerce" within the meaning of Section 2 of the FAA, making it "valid, irrevocable, and enforceable. . . ." 9 U.S.C. § 2; Allied-Bruce Terminix Cos., Inc. v. Dobson, 513 U.S. 265 (1995). The FAA extends to the outermost limits of Congress' constitutional powers under the Commerce Clause. Thus, an arbitration agreement comes within the FAA if it is executed in connection with a transaction that involves interstate commerce in any way, "even if the parties did not contemplate an interstate commerce connection." Allied-Bruce Terminix Cos., 513 U.S. at 281.

In the Arbitration Agreement, the parties "acknowledge and agree that the Resident's Arbitration Agreement effects a transaction involving interstate commerce, therefore the enforcement of this Arbitration Agreement shall be governed by federal law, specifically, the Federal Arbitration Act, notwithstanding any contrary provision of the Admission Agreement or state law." (Arbitration Agreement, Exh. A, ¶ 5.) Further, the care and services provided by Lowcountry to its residents, including Elizabeth Jones, "involve interstate commerce." The business that Lowcountry conducts would not be possible were it not for supplies and services that move in interstate commerce. Moreover, although Heritage Healthcare is a South Carolina entity, the Plaintiff specifically named United Clinical Services, Inc., United Rehab, Inc., and UHS-Pruitt Corporation as defendants, and these entities are *Georgia* corporations. Thus, interstate commerce is alleged in the Plaintiff's Complaint itself.

Accordingly, the Arbitration Agreement involves interstate commerce and is governed by the FAA.

B. The Arbitration Agreement requires arbitration of the claims asserted by Plaintiffs in the Complaint.

"[T]here is a strong presumption in favor of the validity of arbitration agreements because both state and federal policy favor arbitration of disputes." Herron v. Century BMW,

387 S.C. 525, 531, 693 S.E.2d 394, 397 (2010). In enacting the FAA, Congress established a strong federal policy in support of arbitration agreements, "requiring that [courts] 'rigorously enforce agreements to arbitrate.'" Shearson/American Express, Inc. v. McMahon, 482 U.S. 220, 226 (1987) (quoting Moses H. Cone Memorial Hosp. v. Mercury Constr. Corp., 460 U.S. 1, 24 (1983)). The purpose of the FAA "was to relieve congestion in the courts and to provide parties with an alternative method for dispute resolution that would be speedier and less costly than litigation." Booth v. Hume Publishing, Inc., 902 F.2d 925, 932 (11th Cir. 1990) (citing O.R. Securities v. Professional Planning Assocs., 857 F.2d 742, 745-46 (11th Cir. 1988)); accord Gilmer v. Interstate/Johnson Lane Corp., 500 U.S. 20, 31 (1991) ("[B]y agreeing to arbitrate, a party 'trades the procedures and opportunities for review in the courtroom for the simplicity, informality, and expedition of arbitration.'"); Southland Corp. v. Keating, 465 U.S. 1, 7 (1984) (recognizing that one of the primary reasons parties choose arbitration is to avoid the expense and delay often associated with litigation). Congress's intent in enacting the FAA was "to reverse the longstanding judicial hostility to arbitration agreements . . . and to place arbitration agreements upon the same footing as other contracts." Green Tree Financial Corp.-Ala. v. Randolph, 121 S. Ct. 513, 521 (2000) (quoting Gilmer v. Interstate/Johnson Lane Corp., 500 U.S. 20, 33 (1991)).

The language of the FAA is not permissive, but instead mandates enforcement of arbitration agreements. Section 4 of the FAA provides in pertinent part as follows:

The court shall hear the parties, and upon being satisfied that the making of the agreement for arbitration or the failure to comply therewith is not in issue, the court shall make an order directing the parties to proceed to arbitration in accordance with the terms of the agreement.

9 U.S.C. § 4 (emphasis added). "By its terms, the act leaves no place for the exercise of discretion by a district court, but instead mandates that district courts *shall* direct the parties to

proceed to arbitration on issues as to which an arbitration agreement has been signed.” Dean Witter Reynolds, Inc. v. Byrd, 470 U.S. 213, 218 (1985) (emphasis added).

The only two inquiries relevant to the enforcement of an arbitration agreement under the FAA are (1) whether the parties entered into a valid arbitration agreement; and (2) whether the dispute is within the scope of the arbitration agreement. If both of these questions are answered in the affirmative, “the court *shall* make an order directing the parties to proceed to arbitration in accordance with the terms of the agreement.” 9 U.S.C. § 4 (emphasis added). In resolving this inquiry, the arbitration agreement at issue must be treated as any other contract and not subjected to greater scrutiny because it is an arbitration agreement. Indeed, any doubts regarding arbitrability must be resolved in favor of arbitration. See Doctor’s Associates, Inc. v. Casarotto, 517 U.S. 681, 686 (1995); Allied-Bruce Terminix Companies, Inc. v. Dobson, 513 U.S. 265 (1995); Ferro Corp. v. Garrison Industries, Inc., 142 F.3d 926, 932 (6th Cir. 1998).

1. The parties entered into a valid and binding arbitration agreement.

The validity of the Arbitration Agreement must be determined in accordance with the general principles of contract law in South Carolina that would apply to any other contract. Herron, 387 S.C. at 531, 693 S.E.2d at 397; Grant v. Magnolia Manor-Greenwood, Inc., 383 S.C. 125, 130, 678 S.E.2d 435, 438 (2009); Munoz v. Green Tree Fin. Corp., 343 S.C. 531, 538, 542 S.E.2d 360, 364 (2001). By allowing Ms. Jenkins to procure her admission to Lowcountry and accepting the benefits of the contracts entered into in connection with that admission, Ms. Jones implicitly represented that Ms. Jenkins was authorized to act on her behalf in connection with her admission to Carolina Health. R & G Construction, Inc., v. Lowcountry Regional Transportation Authority, 343 S.C. 424, 433, 540 S.E.2d 113 (“When a principal, by any such acts or conduct, has knowingly caused or permitted another to appear to be his agent, either generally or for a particular purpose, he will be estopped to deny such agency to the injury of third persons who

have in good faith and in the exercise of reasonable prudence dealt with the agent on the faith of such appearances.”). In the present case, the evidence is undisputed that Ms. Jones authorized Ms. Jenkins to negotiate her admission to Lowcountry. (Scott Depo. P. 9, LL 12-17; Jenkins Depo. PP. 8-11.)

Additionally, Ms. Jones accepted the benefits of these contracts with Lowcountry. By becoming a resident of Lowcountry and accepting the benefits of this residency, Ms. Jones ratified the contracts entered on her behalf in connection with her admission to Lowcountry (including the Arbitration Agreement). One cannot ratify that part of the contract under which he has accepted the benefits and avoid that part which he later deems to be disadvantageous. Southern Bell Telephone & Telegraph Co. v. WRNO, Inc., 216 S.C. 533, 59 S.E.2d 146 (1950). Having allowed Ms. Jenkins to contract on her behalf and having ratified those contracts by accepting their benefits, Ms. Jones cannot now, through Plaintiff, repudiate the portions of those contracts (i.e., the Arbitration Agreement) which Plaintiff no longer deems advantageous.

Ms. Jenkins contended that she could not specifically recall the Arbitration Agreement, but acknowledged that she had signed it. (Jenkins Depo. P. 14.) Ms. Jenkins completed the tenth grade and is able to read and write. (Jenkins Depo. P. 7.) The South Carolina Supreme Court has recently reiterated that the failure to read an arbitration is not a defense to its enforcement:

The Wattses both admitted they did not read the arbitration agreement, and their deposition testimony confirmed the failure to read the documents was solely attributed to them and not to Century's actions. Our jurisprudence forbids us to allow the Wattses to invalidate the enforceability of the arbitration agreement by claiming they did not read it. Regions Bank v. Schmauch, 354 S.C. 648, 663, 582 S.E.2d 432, 440 (Ct. App. 2003) (citing Sims v. Tyler, 276 S.C. 640, 643, 281 S.E.2d 229, 230 (1981)) (“A person who signs a contract or other written document cannot avoid the effect of the document by claiming he did not read it.”).

Herron, 387 S.C. at 533, 693 S.E.2d at 398.

The execution of the Arbitration Agreement was knowing and voluntary. In fact, the Arbitration Agreement advises of the right to contact an attorney to obtain further explanation regarding the Arbitration Agreement. (Exhibit A, ¶ 8) ("Right to Consultation. The Resident understands that the Resident has the right to consult an attorney of his or her choice about this Arbitration Agreement and to receive an explanation or clarification from the Facility's admissions coordinator. The Resident is not required to sign this Arbitration Agreement in order to be admitted to or to remain in the Facility.") Ms. Jones, by and through her sister, Ms. Jenkins, represented that she had the opportunity to read the Arbitration Agreement and understood its contents. Immediately above the signature line and in all upper case type, the Arbitration Agreement states as follows:

BY SIGNING THIS AGREEMENT, THE RESIDENT ACKNOWLEDGES THAT THE RESIDENT HAS HAD THE OPPORTUNITY TO READ THIS AGREEMENT OR IT HAS BEEN READ TO THE RESIDENT AND THE RESIDENT UNDERSTANDS ITS CONTENTS.

(Exhibit A, p.2.)

2. The Arbitration Agreement covers Plaintiff's claims.

The Arbitration Agreement unambiguously covers Plaintiff's claims, stating that:

It is hereby understood and agreed by Heritage of the Low Country and Ellen Jenkins and or "Authorized Representative", together referred to as the "Resident") that, regardless of any other agreement or understanding between the Facility and the Resident, any and all controversies, claims, disputes, disagreements or demands of any kind (referred to as a "Claim" or "Claims") arising out of or relating to the Resident's Admission Agreement with the Facility (the "Admission Agreement") or any service or care provided to the Resident by the Facility shall be settled exclusively by **binding arbitration**. This means that the parties are waiving their right to a trial before a jury or a judge.

(Exhibit A, p.1) (emphasis in original). The parties further expressly agreed that the Arbitration Agreement would apply to non-signatories as follows:

4. Binding Effect. The parties intend that this Arbitration Agreement shall benefit and be binding upon the parties, their successors and assigns,

including the agents, employees of the Facility, and anyone whose Claim is derived through or on behalf of the Resident, including, without being limited to, any parent, spouse, child, guardian, executor, administrator, legal representative, or heir of the Resident.

(Exhibit A, ¶ 4.) The claims asserted in the Complaint are all "derived through or on behalf of the Resident [Elizabeth Jones]." The duties owed to Ms. Jones arise out of her admission to Lowcountry. All of Plaintiff's claims relate to the care provided to Ms. Jones during her residency at Lowcountry. The Arbitration Agreement expressly applies to "any and all controversies, claims, disputes, disagreements or demands of any kind . . . arising out of or relating to the Resident's Admission Agreement with the Facility . . . or any service or care provided to the Resident by the Facility." (Exhibit A, p. 1.) The Arbitration Agreement further explains that "a Claim shall include . . . violations of any right granted to the Resident by law or by the Admission Agreement, breach of contract, fraud or misrepresentation, negligence, gross negligence, malpractice, or any other claim based on any departure from accepted standards of medical or health care or safety whether sounding in tort or in contract." (Exhibit A, ¶ 1.) All of Plaintiff's claims in the Complaint arise out of and relate to the "service [and] care provided to [Elizabeth Jones] by the Facility." (Exhibit A, p.1.) Because Plaintiff's claims arise out of Elizabeth Jones's admission to Lowcountry and are derivative of claims Ms. Jones could have asserted against Lowcountry, they are clearly covered by the Arbitration Agreement. Moreover, as Plaintiff seeks to hold all Defendants liable for the care provided at Lowcountry, all Defendants are entitled to enforce the Arbitration Agreement. Accordingly, Plaintiff is bound by the express terms of the Arbitration Agreement.

3. The Arbitration Agreement Must Be Enforced.

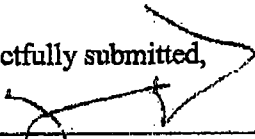
In light of the foregoing expressions of controlling law and policy concerning arbitration, the facts of this case require this Court, according to the mandatory language of Sections 2 and 4

of the FAA, to enter an order staying this action and compelling arbitration. As demonstrated above, since the enactment of the FAA, the legislative and judicial policies of the United States and the State of South Carolina have expressly embraced arbitration as a favored method of dispute resolution. In keeping with these policies, the parties contracted to resolve whatever claims they may have against one another through arbitration and not in a judicial forum. A review of the Arbitration Agreement in this case plainly manifests the intent to submit the causes of action alleged in the Complaint to arbitration. Indeed, the first page of the Arbitration Agreement states that "any and all controversies, claims, disputes, disagreements or demands of any kind (referred to as a 'Claim' or 'Claims') arising out of or relating to the Resident's Admission Agreement with the Facility (the 'Admission Agreement') or any service or care provided to the Resident by the Facility shall be settled exclusively by binding arbitration. This means that the parties are waiving their rights to a trial before a jury or a judge." (Exhibit A, p. 1.) The parties are bound by this plain expression of an agreement to arbitrate, and the Arbitration Agreement must be enforced.

IV. CONCLUSION

The parties to the Arbitration Agreement unequivocally agreed that any disputes relating to the Resident's Admission Agreement or to any service or care provided to Elizabeth Jones at Heritage Healthcare would be subject to binding arbitration. The FAA requires that such agreements to arbitrate be strictly enforced. Therefore, Defendants respectfully request that this Court compel Plaintiff to pursue her claims, if at all, in arbitration and stay this action pending the outcome of the arbitration proceedings, pursuant to Section 4 of the FAA, 9 U.S.C. § 4.

Respectfully submitted,

By: 

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S.C. Bar No. 71662

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ATTORNEYS FOR THE DEFENDANTS

August 2, 2011
Atlanta, Georgia

C

Resident and Facility Arbitration Agreement

Please Read Carefully

It is hereby understood and agreed by Heritage of the Low Country and Ellen Jenkins and or "Authorized Representative", together referred to as the "Resident") that, regardless of any other agreement or understanding between the Facility and the Resident, any and all controversies, claims, disputes, disagreements or demands of any kind (referred to as a "Claim" or "Claims") arising out of or relating to the Resident's Admission Agreement with the Facility (the "Admission Agreement") or any service or care provided to the Resident by the Facility shall be settled exclusively by binding arbitration. This means that the parties are waiving their right to a trial before a jury or a judge.

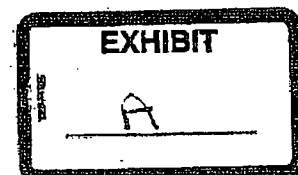
1. Claims. For purposes of this Arbitration Agreement, a Claim shall include, without being limited to, a claim for payment, nonpayment, or refund for services rendered to the Resident by the Facility, violations of any right granted to the Resident by law or by the Admission Agreement, breach of contract, fraud or misrepresentation, negligence, gross negligence, malpractice, or any other claim based on any departure from accepted standards of medical or health care or safety whether sounding in tort or in contract.

 *This Arbitration Agreement shall in no way, however, limit the Resident's right to file a grievance or complaint, formal or informal, with the Facility, the long-term care ombudsman, or any appropriate government agency. This Arbitration Agreement does not affect the Facility's duties with respect to the provision of care and treatment.*

2. Proceeding. Any arbitration proceeding that takes place under this Arbitration Agreement shall follow the rules of the American Arbitration Association ("AAA") and any resulting decision shall be enforceable by a court of competent jurisdiction. The arbitration proceeding shall be conducted where the Facility is located or as close to the Facility as practical. The arbitration proceeding shall be conducted before one neutral arbitrator selected in accordance with the rules of the AAA. The parties agree to bear their own attorneys' fees and costs associated with the arbitration proceeding.

All related to the same incident, transaction, or related course of care or services, must be arbitrated in one arbitration proceeding. Any claim that arose before the date that a notice of arbitration is given to the Facility or received by the resident must be presented in the arbitration proceeding for which notice is given or it shall be considered waived and forever barred.

3. Awards. The Resident and the Facility agree that any damages awarded as a result of arbitration under this Arbitration Agreement shall be determined in accordance with state or federal law that is applicable to a comparable civil action, including any prerequisites to, credit against, or limitations on, such



damages. The prevailing party in the arbitration proceeding or in any legal proceedings connected to the arbitration proceeding or this Arbitration Agreement shall be entitled to recover any reasonable attorneys' fees and costs that are actually incurred as a result.

4. Binding Effect. The parties intend that this Arbitration Agreement shall benefit and be binding upon the parties, their successors and assigns, including the agents, employees of the Facility, and anyone whose Claim is derived through or on behalf of the Resident, including, without being limited to, any parent, spouse, child, guardian, executor, administrator, legal representative, or heir of the Resident.
5. Applicable Law. The Resident and the Facility acknowledge and agree that the Resident's Arbitration Agreement effects a transaction involving interstate commerce, therefore the enforcement of this Arbitration Agreement shall be governed by federal law, specifically, the Federal Arbitration Act, notwithstanding any contrary provision of the Admission Agreement or state law. Furthermore, the provisions of this Arbitration Agreement remain in effect after the Resident's Admission Agreement has been terminated.
6. Right to Consultation. The Resident understands that the Resident has the right to consult an attorney of his or her choice about this Arbitration Agreement and to receive an explanation or clarification from the Facility's admissions coordinator. The Resident is not required to sign this Arbitration Agreement in order to be admitted to or to remain in the Facility.

BY SIGNING THIS AGREEMENT, THE RESIDENT ACKNOWLEDGES THAT THE RESIDENT HAS HAD THE OPPORTUNITY TO READ THIS AGREEMENT OR IT HAS BEEN READ TO THE RESIDENT AND THE RESIDENT UNDERSTANDS ITS CONTENTS.

Resident's Signature

Date

Elizabeth Jones

Printed Name of Resident/Patient

[Signature]
Resident's Authorized Representative

4-17-07

Date

Ellen Jenkins

Printed Name of Resident's Authorized Representative

Sally Adam, SSA

Facility's Authorized Agent

4-17-07

Date

Sally Dobson

Printed Name of Facility's Authorized Agent

Initial

Cherry Scott as Personal Representative of the Estate of Elizabeth Jones v. Heritage Healthcare of Estill, LLC, et al.

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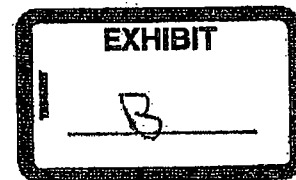
Page 3

RECEIVED BY
CHRISTINA L. RICHARDSON

Page 2

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1	FOR THE PLAINTIFF	2	11 is stipulated by and between counsel for
3		3	the respective parties that all objections are reserved
4		4	until the time of trial, except as to the form of the
5		5	questions.
6		6	This deposition is being taken pursuant to
7		7	the South Carolina Rules of Civil Procedure.
8		8	
9		9	The reading and signing of this deposition is
10		10	WAIVED by the deponent and counsel for the respective
11		11	parties.
12		12	MR. COBB: By agreement of all the counsel,
13		13	we're allowing the Defendants to take the
14		14	deposition of Mr. Jenkins for the limited purpose
15		15	of going over the Arbitration Agreement in this
16		16	case. By doing so we are not going to hold --
17		17	should the Defendants file a Motion to Compel
18		18	Arbitration and then lose that and we end up -- or
19		19	stay in litigation, so long as their questions
20		20	today are limited solely to the Arbitration
21		21	Agreement issue we will not attempt to block them
22		22	from raising Mr. Jenkins' deposition about
23		23	substantive matters at a later time.
24		24	WHEREFORE, Ellen Jenkins, being duly
25		25	sworn and cautioned to speak the truth, the whole



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ROA-178

Ellen Jenkins -- May 5, 201

Cherry Scott as Personal Representative of the Estate of Elizabeth Jones v. Heritage Healthcare of Estill, LLC, et al.

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1 truth, and nothing but the truth, testified and
2 deposed as follows:

3 DIRECT EXAMINATION

4 BY MR. RISSLER:

5 Q Ms. Jenkins, my name is Jerad Rissler and I'm the
6 lawyer representing Heritage Healthcare of Estill, LLC,
7 which is the operator of the nursing home where your
8 sister, Elizabeth Jones, resided. I also represent the
9 other Defendants in this case: United Clinical, United
10 Rehab, and UHS-Pulit Corporation. I'm going to be
11 taking your deposition today, which means I'll be
12 asking questions in trying to get information from you
13 what you know about, in this case, limited to the
14 Arbitration Agreement. I'm going to do the best I can
15 to ask questions clearly. If I do a bad job of that
16 and there's a question that I ask that you don't
17 understand, would you let me know that so I can
18 rephrase it for you?

19 A Yes.

20 Q Okay. All right. And as you can see, the court
21 reporter is going to be taking down your testimony so
22 that we can read it later, and so she needs you to give
23 verbal responses instead of you nodding your head yes
24 or shaking your head no. If you can give a verbal
25 response that's going to help her out a lot.

1 today?

2 A Oh, did I talk any -- no.

3 Q Okay. Did you review any documents to prepare for your
4 deposition?

5 A Oh, yes.

6 Q What documents did you review?

7 A I'm not -- I'm not sure.

8 Q Okay. And can you tell me about your educational
9 history?

10 A Tenth grade.

11 Q Okay.

12 A I went as far as the tenth grade.

13 Q Okay. Did you have any schooling after the tenth
14 grade? Did you get your GED or any other schooling or
15 training?

16 A No.

17 Q Can you read and write?

18 A Yes.

19 Q All right. And you are the sister of Elizabeth Jones?

20 A Yes.

21 Q And I understand that Cherry Scott is also a sister of
22 Elizabeth Jones?

23 A Yes.

24 Q Okay. At the time Ms. Jones was admitted to Heritage
25 of Estill, did she have any other living siblings?

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1 A Yes.

2 Q Okay. All right. And I'm going to do my best not to
3 interrupt you if you're in the middle of your answer,
4 and I would ask that you let me finish my question
5 before you start your answer, and that way we're not
6 talking over each other and that also will make it
7 easier for the court reporter.

8 A Okay.

9 Q All right. And you understand that you're under oath
10 today?

11 A Yes.

12 Q Okay. And that's the same oath that you would be under
13 if you were testifying in court?

14 A Yes.

15 Q What did you do to prepare for your deposition today?

16 A How do you mean?

17 Q Did you meet with anyone to prepare for your
18 deposition?

19 A Well I'm sure now.

20 Q Did --

21 A I mean.

22 Q Did you meet with anyone to prepare for your
23 deposition?

24 A But like I say, as in --

25 Q Did you talk with anybody about -- about your testimony

1 A Oh, yes.

2 Q Okay. Can you give me their names?

3 A Levy Tyson, Carlene Jones, well Cherry Scott, and
4 myself, Ellen Jenkins.

5 Q Okay.

6 A That's five? How many did I give you?

7 Q You gave me yourself, Ms. Jenkins, a Tyson... I didn't
8 get the first name?

9 A Larcenia.

10 Q Okay. And then another Jones.

11 A Yes. That's five, with myself?

12 Q Yeah, I got five including --

13 A Myself.

14 Q -- Ms. Elizabeth Jones, okay. All right. And I
15 understand that you signed the paperwork to admit Ms.
16 Jones to Heritage of Estill?

17 A Yes.

18 Q Okay. Do you know where she was being admitted from?
19 In other words, from the hospital or from home?

20 A The hospital.

21 Q Had you discussed with Elizabeth Jones her admission to
22 Heritage of Estill?

23 A Yes.

24 Q And what did you discuss with her?

25 A To let her know that she was going to be there for a

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ROA-179

Ellen Jenkins -- May 5, 201

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3 (Pages 9 to 12)

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1 little while for therapy.
2 Q Okay. Did she understand that you were going to be
3 signing her in to Heritage of Estill?
4 A Only for that purpose, yes.
5 Q And when you say "only for that purpose," what -- what
6 do you mean by "that purpose"?
7 A When she was going in for therapy and I guess whatever
8 else they would have to prepare for her, but just in
9 for therapy she knew that part because it was good.
10 Q All right. And she understood that you were going to
11 be the one who signed her in for the admission to
12 Heritage of Estill?
13 MR. COPE: Object to the form.
14 A Yes.
15 Q All right. Did you discuss her admission to Heritage
16 of Estill with any other family members?
17 A Yes.
18 Q Okay. And who did you discuss it with?
19 A My sister.
20 Q Well, my sisters and brother.
21 Q Okay. And they understood that you were going to be
22 signing the paperwork to admit your sister to Heritage
23 of Estill?
24 A Yes.
25 MR. COPE: Note my objection before she

1 to her about the admission to Heritage of Estill?
2 A For -- yeah, to get --
3 Q Okay.
4 A -- her therapy, yes.
5 Q All right. Did you talk to her about that while she
6 was in the hospital?
7 A Oh, yes.
8 Q Okay. And while she was in the hospital she understood
9 that you were going to sign her into Heritage of
10 Estill?
11 A Oh, yes.
12 Q All right. And did she give you any instructions about
13 her admission to Heritage of Estill?
14 A Well I told her, you know, for her therapy, you know,
15 because she was doing good and then she went in there
16 for more therapy and my daughter -- well, I was working
17 and my daughter was in school, so it was just for a
18 little while.
19 Q Okay. And who did you meet with to get your mother or,
20 excuse me, your sister admitted to Heritage of Estill?
21 A I think the lady's name Ms. Sally, I think.
22 Q Sally Dobson?
23 A That sounds like the name.
24 Q Okay. Did -- had you met her before the day that you
25 admitted Ms. Jones to Heritage of Estill?

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1 responded.
2 Q Did anyone object to you being the one to sign your
3 sister into Heritage of Estill?
4 MR. COPE: Object to the form.
5 A Because I don't understand that.
6 Q Okay. Did -- let me ask you first: Did Ms. Jones ever
7 tell you that she didn't want you to be the one to sign
8 her into Heritage of Estill?
9 MR. COPE: Object to the form.
10 A I don't -- I don't understand that part either.
11 Q Okay. Ms. Jones understood that you were going to be
12 the one to sign her into Heritage of Estill?
13 MR. COPE: Object to the form.
14 A Well she understood that part.
15 Q Okay. Did she -- did Ms. Jones give you any
16 instructions about signing her into Heritage of Estill?
17 MR. COPE: Object to the form.
18 A How you mean?
19 Q Did she tell you these things that she wanted you to
20 do or things that she didn't want you to do about --
21 A Oh.
22 Q -- signing her into Heritage of Estill?
23 MR. COPE: Object to the form.
24 A I don't understand what you're say now since...
25 Q Okay. Did you -- I think you had said that you talked

1 A No.
2 Q That was the first time that you had met her?
3 A Yes.
4 Q When did you meet with her?
5 A I can't think back to the date.
6 Q Okay. In other words, did you meet with her before
7 your sister was admitted to Heritage of Estill or did
8 you meet with her on the same day or did you meet with
9 her sometime after?
10 A I'm not sure, because I know I met with her.
11 Q Okay. But you don't recall when it was in relation to
12 --
13 A I can't recall right now.
14 Q Okay. Do you recall anything about the admissions
15 process?
16 A Like...? Can you explain it a little bit?
17 Q Okay. Did you have a meeting with Ms. Sally Dobson
18 about Ms. Jones' admission to Heritage of Estill?
19 A Oh, like, did I talk to her?
20 Q Yes.
21 A When I got there, yes.
22 Q Okay. And was that in Ms. Dobson's office?
23 A Well it was in a office and I think it was hers.
24 Q Okay, fair enough. Do you remember anything that you
25 talked about with Ms. Dobson about the admission?

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Ellen Jenkins -- May 5, 2011

Cherry Scott as Personal Representative of the Estate of Elizabeth Jones v. Heritage Healthcare of Esquil, LLC, et al.

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1 A Just signing her in --
2 Q Okay.
3 A -- that I can remember
4 Q Do you recall having any discussions about any of the
5 documents that you signed?
6 A The only thing I recall was me signing her in, that's
7 what I recall.
8 Q All right. Do you recall anything specific about what
9 you signed?
10 A Just signing her in, that was it.
11 Q Okay. Do you remember if you had any questions for Ms.
12 Dobson about any of the paperwork that you signed?
13 A It was, basically, simple. I just, you know, had to
14 sign her in and that was like, basically, it.
15 Q All right. Were you given a copy of all the documents
16 that you signed?
17 A I'm not sure.
18 Q Okay. And I'm going to ask the court reporter to hand
19 you the document that's marked as Exhibit 1. Actually,
20 I'll hand it to you.
21 (Whereupon, Defendant's Exhibit No. 1
22 was marked for identification.)
23 Q Do you recognize that document?
24 A No, sir.
25 Q Okay. If you'll turn to the second page of that for

1 Q Right. But on the second page that is your signature,
2 right?
3 A That's just my signature.
4 Q Okay. Just to make sure I'm clear, you don't recall
5 having any discussions with anybody about this document
6 at the time that you signed?
7 A No, sir.
8 MR. RISSLER: Those are all the questions
9 I've got.
10 CROSS-EXAMINATION
11 BY MR. COPE:
12 Q Ms. Jenkins, you were never appointed as the Power of
13 Attorney for your sister, were you?
14 A Never.
15 Q Never had the legal authority to sign documents on her
16 behalf?
17 MR. RISSLER: Object --
18 A I never did.
19 MR. RISSLER: -- to the form.
20 Q Okay. Thank you.
21 A Never did.
22 MR. RISSLER: Let me just follow up on that.
23
24
25

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1 me.
2 A (Witness Complains)
3 Q Is that your signature there close to the bottom of the
4 second page?
5 A Close to the bottom as in the second line?
6 Q The second -- yeah, the second line that has
7 handwriting on it. Is that your signature?
8 A That second line is my signature.
9 Q Okay. All right. Do you recall this document at all?
10 A Unh-unh (negative).
11 Q Okay.
12 A I don't recall seeing this, but that's my signature.
13 Q Okay. Do you recall, at the meeting that you had with
14 Ms. Dobson --
15 A Un-huh (affirmative).
16 Q -- whether you discussed an Arbitration Agreement?
17 A I don't remember hearing that word at all. Unh-unh
18 (negative).
19 Q Do you recall if you read this document before you
20 signed it?
21 A I know it wasn't nothing out this here or it.
22 Arbitration Agreement, now I don't remember that at
23 all.
24 Q Okay. So you don't recall it?
25 A I don't remember that at all.

1 REDIRECT EXAMINATION
2 BY MR. RISSLER:
3 Q At the time that you signed this Arbitration Agreement
4 do you know if any -- if Ms. Jones had given a Power of
5 Attorney to anyone else to act on her behalf?
6 A First of all, this is my signature, but this paper with
7 this here on it, and I don't recall this at all.
8 Q Okay.
9 A But this is my signature.
10 MR. COPE: And you're referring to page one
11 of Exhibit 1?
12 THE DEPONENT: Yes.
13 MR. COPE: Okay.
14 THE DEPONENT: I didn't see that at all and
15 that's not my printing. I don't write like that.
16 Q Okay. As of this date, the date that Ms. Jones was
17 admitted to Heritage of Esquil, do you know if anyone
18 held a Power of Attorney to act on her behalf?
19 A I don't know, no. I don't no.
20 Q All right.
21 RECROSS-EXAMINATION
22 BY MR. COPE:
23 Q And was she mentally okay? I mean, was she able to
24 think and recognize people and know who --
25 A Oh, yeah, she knew all that.

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Ellen Jenkins -- May 5, 2011

Cherry Scott as Personal Representative of the Estate of Elizabeth Jones v. Heritage Healthcare of Esstll, LLC, et al.

3 (Pages 17 to 19)

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Page 18

- 1 Q Nothing wrong with her?
- 2 A Nothing near wrong with her.
- 3 Q Was she right-handed?
- 4 A Yes, she was.
- 5 Q Was she able to write?
- 6 A No, she wasn't able to write.
- 7 Q She has a shaky hand? You're shaking your right hand.
- 8 A Yeah, like that. (Demonstrates)
- 9 Q But she was able to know what she wanted and what she wanted to do?
- 10 A Uh-huh (affirmative), but she couldn't write.
- 12 Q She just couldn't sign her name?
- 13 A Um-uns (negative).
- 14 Q Okay.
- 15 MR. COPE: That's all.
- 16 MR. RISSLER: One more follow-up.
- 17 REDIRECT EXAMINATION
- 18 BY MR. RISSLER:
- 19 Q Did you discuss -- after you signed into the nursing home did you discuss with her any of the documents that you had signed for her?
- 22 A Just saying that I was signing her in, that was it.
- 23 Q Okay. And she understood that you had signed her into the nursing home?
- 24 A Yes.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

CERTIFICATE

COUNTY OF HAMPTON

It is known that I took the foregoing deposition of Ellen Jenkins;

That I was then and there a Notary Public in and for the State of South Carolina--Large; That by virtue thereof I was duly authorized to administer an oath;

That the witness was by me first duly sworn or affirmed to testify the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, concerning the matter in controversy aforesaid;

The foregoing transcript represents a true, accurate and complete transcript of the testimony given by said deponent after first being duly sworn, at the time and place aforesaid, to the best of my skill and ability; said deposition was reported by method of Stenograph utilizing Speech Recognition with digital backup. This transcript may contain quoted material; said material in transcription as read or quoted by the speaker.

I further certify that I am neither employed by nor related to any of the parties in this matter nor their counsel; nor do I have any interest, financial or otherwise, in the outcome of this action.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and seal this 25th day of June, 2011.

CHRISTINA L. Richardson
Professional Court Reporter

Notary in and for the State of South Carolina
My Commission Expires: May 26, 2015

Page 18

- 1 Q Okay.
- 2 MR. COPE: All right. That's it.
- 3
- 4
- 5 WHEREUPON, THERE BEING NO FURTHER QUESTIONS, THE DEPOSITION IS CONCLUDED AT 2:01 P.M.
- 6
- 7
- 8 THE DEPONENT WAIVED THE READING AND SIGNING OF THE DEPOSITION.
- 9
- 10
- 11 (*This transcript may contain quoted material.
- 12 Such material is reproduced as read or quoted by the speaker.)
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CO-STAR REPORTING

1001 North Edge Road, Hampton, SC 29024

(803) 943-7119

ROA-182

Cherry Scott -- May 5, 201.

Cherry Scott as Personal Representative of the Estate of Elizabeth Jones v. Heritage Healthcare of Estill, LLC, et al.

1 (Pages 1 to 4)

Page 1

Page 3

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA
COUNTY OF HAMPTON
Cherry Scott as Personal
Representative of the Estate
of Elizabeth Jones,
PLAINTIFF,
VS.
Heritage Healthcare of Estill,
LLC, d/b/a Heritage of
the Lowcountry and/or 3122
Undeclared Post Active Care of
the Lowcountry, United
Clinical Services, Inc.,
United Rehab, Inc., and UHC-
Fruitt Corporation,
DEFENDANT.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS
CASE NO. 1 2010-CP-25-466495

DEPOSITION

OF

Cherry Scott

INDEX OF EXAMINATION
STIPULATIONS.....4
DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. WISSLER.....6
CERTIFICATION.....23

INDEX OF EXHIBITS

NO EXHIBITS WERE MARKED FOR THIS DEPOSITION.

ORIGINAL RECORDING AUDIO RETAINED FOR TWELVE (12) MONTHS
FROM DATE OF CERTIFICATION.

Deposition of Cherry Scott, taken before
Christina L. Richardson, a Notary Public in and for the
State of South Carolina, commencing at the hour of 2:25
p.m., May 5, 2011, at the office of Valery, Houshagh,
Furley, Elzerich & Decker, P.A., 101 Mulberry Street East,
Hampton, South Carolina.

REPORTED BY
CHRISTINA L. RICHARDSON

Page 2

Page 4

FOR THE PLAINTIFF
APPEARANCES
Lou D. Cope, Esq.
Matthew V. Crouch, Esq.
Peterson, Mordough, Elteroth, & Decker, P.A.
Post Office Box 437
10 Mulberry Street East
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
Charles J. McSteen, Esq.
Lankier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, South Carolina 29114
FOR THE DEFENDANT
W. Jared Wissler, Esq.
Arnall, Gordon, Gregory, LLP
171 17th Street, NW
Suite 2100
Atlanta, Georgia 30363-1031
REPORTED BY
Christina L. Richardson
Co-Star Reporting
101 Water Edge Road
Hampton, South Carolina 29924

STIPULATIONS
It is stipulated by and between counsel for
the respective parties that all objections are reserved
until the time of trial, except as to the form of the
questions.
This deposition is being taken pursuant to
the South Carolina Rules of Civil Procedure.
The reading and signing of this deposition is
WAIVED by the deponent and counsel for the respective
parties.
MR. COPE: First to the record, we have
agreed that the Defendants can take Mr. Scott's
deposition for the limited purpose of discussing
issues related solely to the Arbitration
Agreement. There won't be any questions outside
of that area. I don't anticipate it's going to
take a very long period of time. And what we'll
do as we did in the deposition in the other case
earlier today, I'll let you know if I think it's
getting outside of that and we're just going to
make sure that everybody is protected in that
regard.
MR. WISSLER: That's agreeable.
MR. COPE: And that assuming we stay within



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ROA-183

Cherry Scott -- May 5, 2011

Cherry Scott as Personal Representative of the Estate of Elizabeth Jones v. Heritage Healthcare of Estill, LLC, et al.

2 (Pages 5 to 8)

Page 5

Page 7

1 just the arbitration issues I will not raise any
2 issue. If y'all file a Motion to Compel
3 Arbitration and then you win it, if you want to --
4 I mean and lose it and want to come back and take
5 her deposition I won't say that you've already
6 taken, so.
7 MR. RISSLER: Okay.
8 MR. COPE: All right.
9 MR. RISSLER: All right. And just let me
10 know if I get -- stray away from arbitration.
11 MR. COPE: You know, I don't like to do that
12 kind of stuff, but I will --
13 MR. RISSLER: All right.
14 MR. COPE: -- if you want me to.
15 MR. RISSLER: I learned that last time.
16 MR. COPE: I'm usually kind of quiet and sink
17 back into the background, so.
18 MR. RISSLER: All right. And I think this
19 one will be fairly short.
20 MR. COPE: Okay.
21 WHEREUPON, Cherry Scott, being duly
22 sworn and cautioned to speak the truth, the whole
23 truth, and nothing but the truth, testified and
24 deposed as follows:
25

MR. COPE: Clip that on your shirt, Ms.
Cherry.
THE COURT REPORTER: [Clips microphone onto
Ms. Cherry's shirt.] Sorry, Mr. Rissler.
MR. RISSLER: That's okay.
Q If you would continue to give verbal responses, as
opposed to nodding your head or something that's
difficult for the court reporter to take down.
A Okay. All right.
Q And I'll do my best not to -- to let you finish your
answer, and I would ask that you allow me to finish my
question before you begin your answer, and that way
we're not talking over each other; it makes it easier
for the court reporter.
A Okay.
Q Okay. Did you do anything to prepare for your
deposition today?
A No.
Q Okay. Did you meet with anyone?
A No.
Q Okay. Did you discuss any documents with anyone?
A I talked to Lee for a few minutes, that's all.
Q Okay. And I don't want to know what you talked to Lee
about, but --
A Or, okay. Yeah.

Page 6

Page 8

2 DIRECT EXAMINATION
3 BY MR. RISSLER:
4 Q Ms. Scott, my name is Jared Rissler and I represent
5 Heritage Healthcare of Estill, LLC, the nursing home
6 where Elizabeth Jones resided as well as other
7 Defendants who've been named in your lawsuit: United
8 Clinical, United Renal and UHS-Fruit Corporation. I
9 am going to be asking you some questions and
10 getting your answers. I'm going to do the best I can
11 to ask the questions as clearly as I can. If for some
12 reason I mess up and I don't ask a good question, you
13 let me know that and I will fix the question for you.
14 Is that fair?
15 A Okay.
16 Q All right. And you understand that you're under oath
17 today?
18 A Yes.
19 Q All right. And it's the same oath that you would be
20 under if you were testifying in court?
21 A Okay.
22 Q And you're doing a good job of giving me verbal answers
23 because, as you can see, we've got a court reporter
24 here who's going to be taking down your responses, so
25 if you'd continue to --

1 Q -- I don't want to get into attorney/client privilege.
2 Did you discuss your deposition testimony with anybody
3 other than your counsel?
4 A No.
5 Q All right. And I understand that you are the sister --
6 A Yes.
7 Q -- of Elizabeth Jones?
8 A Yes.
9 Q Okay. And I understand that Ellen Jenkins is also your
10 sister?
11 A Yes.
12 Q And it's Ms. Jenkins who -- who signed Ms. Jones into
13 the nursing home?
14 A Yes.
15 Q Okay. Were you involved at all in the signing of the
16 documents or the meeting where your sister was admitted
17 to Heritage of Estill?
18 A No. We all told her, you know, go ahead and sign the
19 paper.
20 Q Okay. Were you there when she signed the paper?
21 A No, I wasn't there.
22 Q Okay. All right. Do you remember when Ms. Jenkins
23 admitted your sister, Ms. Jones, to Heritage of Estill?
24 A I couldn't remember what month it was, no, I couldn't.
25 Q Okay. You can't remember which month?

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ROA-184

Cherry Scott -- May 5, 201

Cherry Scott as Personal Representative of the Estate of Elizabeth Jones v. Heritage Healthcare of Estill, LLC, et al.

3 (Pages 9 to 12)

Page 9

Page 11

1 A No.
2 Q Okay. Did you have any discussions with Ms. Jones
3 before -- about being admitted to Heritage of Estill
4 before she was admitted there?
5 A Yes.
6 Q Okay. And what were those discussions?
7 A We told her she was going in for a little while for her
8 to get therapy.
9 Q Was she coming to Heritage of Estill from a hospital or
10 from home or...?
11 A From the hospital.
12 Q Okay. And did Ms. Jones understand that Ellen Jenkins
13 was going to be signing her into the nursing home?
14 A Oh, yes.
15 Q All right. And she agreed that Ellen Jenkins could
16 sign her into the nursing home?
17 A Yes.
18 Q All right. Were there any other discussions with Ms.
19 Jones about her admission to Heritage of Estill?
20 A No. She was thinking it wouldn't be long. No.
21 Q Okay.
22 A Yeah.
23 Q All right. But -- and Ms. Jones understood that --
24 that Ms. Jenkins was going to be handling the admission
25 for her?

specifics about signing Ms. Jones into the nursing
home?
A Yeah, I remember when she signed the papers she told
me, yeah.
Q Okay. She told you that she signed the papers?
A Yeah. Uh-huh (affirmative).
Q Okay. Did she tell you anything else about the --
about signing the papers?
A No. She said she wouldn't be in there long, but she
got to get therapy.
Q Uh-huh (affirmative).
A And after that that she could come back home.
Q Okay. All right. Did -- was there any mention to you
about an Arbitration Agreement?
A No it wasn't.
MR. RISSLER: Those are all the questions
I've got for you. Thank you very much for your
time.
THE DEPONENT: You're welcome.
WHEREUPON, THERE BEING NO FURTHER QUESTIONS, THE
DEPOSITION IS CONCLUDED AT 1:31 p.m.
THE DEPONENT WAIVED THE READING
AND SIGNING OF THE DEPOSITION.

Page 10

Page 12

1 A Yes.
2 Q And did Ms. Jones put any limitations on Ms. Jenkins
3 handling that admission for her?
4 A Say that again now.
5 Q Are you of any -- I'm sorry; I stumbled over my own
6 tongue. Are you aware of any limitations that Ms.
7 Jones put on Ms. Jenkins in terms of admitting her to
8 the nursing home?
9 A The only thing she told her, "You won't be in there
10 long," yeah.
11 Q Okay. And I believe you said that you were not -- you
12 did not sit in on the meeting where Ms. Jenkins signed
13 Ms. Jones into the nursing home?
14 A No, I wasn't there then.
15 Q Okay. Did you talk with Ms. Jenkins at all about --
16 about that meeting?
17 A Oh, yeah, she told her what she did, yeah, because we
18 told her to go ahead and sign the paper.
19 Q Okay. And when did she tell you about -- did she tell
20 you who she met with to sign the paperwork?
21 A She did, but I can't remember the lady's name who she
22 talked to.
23 Q Okay. Did she tell you what -- what they talked about?
24 A I can't remember what she said.
25 Q Okay. Do you remember her telling you any of the

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speaker.)

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ROA-185

Cherry Scott -- May 5, 201

Cherry Scott as Personal Representative of the Estate of Elizabeth Jones v. Heritage Healthcare of Estill, LLC, et al.

4 (Page 13)

Page 13

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

CERTIFICATE

COUNTY OF HAMPTON

Be it remembered that I took the foregoing deposition of Cherry Scott:

That I was then and there a Notary Public in and for the State of South Carolina; and

That by virtue thereof I was duly authorized to administer an oath;

That the witness was by me first duly sworn or affirmed to testify the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, concerning the matter in controversy aforesaid;

The foregoing transcript represents a true, accurate and complete transcript of the testimony given by said deponent after first being duly sworn, at the time and place aforesaid, to the best of my skill and ability; said deposition was reported by means of Stenograph utilizing speech recognition with digital backup. This transcript may contain quoted material; said material is transcribed as read or quoted by the speaker.

I further certify that I am neither employed by nor related to any of the parties in this matter nor their counsel; nor do I have any interest, financial or otherwise, in the outcome of this action.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and seal this 25th day of June, 2011.

CHRISTINE E. RICHARDSON
Professional Court Reporter

Notary in and for the State of South Carolina
My Commission Expires: May 26, 2015

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101 Ashland Edge Road, Hampton, SC 29924 (803) 946-7119

ROA-186

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)
)
COUNTY OF HAMPTON)
)
CHERRY SCOTT, as Personal)
Representative of the Estate of)
ELIZABETH JONES,)
)
Plaintiff,)
)
v.)
)
HERITAGE HEALTHCARE OF)
ESTILL, LLC, d/b/a Heritage of the)
Lowcountry and/or Uni--Health Post)
Acute Network of the Lowcountry,)
UNITED CLINICAL SERVICES,)
INC., UNITED REHAB, INC.,)
And UHS-PRUITT)
CORPORATION,)
)
Defendants,)
)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

C/A No.: 2010-CP-25-491 & 492

**PLAINTIFF'S MEMORANDUM
IN OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANTS'
MOTION TO COMPEL
ARBITRATION**

Plaintiff respectfully submits this Memorandum in Opposition to the Defendants' Motion to Compel Arbitration and Stay Proceeding.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

Ms. Elizabeth Jones was admitted to the Heritage Healthcare of Estill LLC ("HHE") facility on or about April 18, 2007. At that time she was a fifty-nine year old female whose health was good. She was alert and cooperative. (*See HHE's Admission Assessment attached as Exhibit 1.*) On August 13, 2007, Ms. Jones was first noted with having pressure sores. (*See HHE's Skin Notes Exhibit 2.*) Throughout the remainder of Ms. Jones residency, the pressure sores worsened. Eventually, she underwent amputation above the right knee. (*See Discharge*

Summary attached as Exhibit 3.) Ms. Jones eventually died and sepsis from the pressure sores was a contributing cause of her death. *(See Death Certificate attached as Exhibit 4.)*

Ms. Cherry Scott, acting as Personal Representative of her sister's Estate, brought wrongful death and survival claims against HHE and the other defendants on March 23, 2010. *(See Notice of Intent, Exhibits 5 and 6).* The claims therein are the basis for the Defendants Motion to Stay and to Compel Arbitration. For the reasons set out below the Defendants' Motion should be denied.

ARGUMENT

The policy of this state is to favor arbitration of disputes. Toler's Cove Homeowners Ass'n, Inc. v. Trident Constr. Co., Inc., 355 S.C. 605, 612, 586 S.E.2d 581 (2003). However, not all arbitration clauses are enforceable. Arbitration is a matter of contract and S.C. courts must determine the enforceability of an arbitration agreement based on principles of contract law. Munoz v. Green Tree Fin. Corp., 343 S.C. 531, 538, 542 S.E.2d 360, 364 (2001). In order to have a valid and enforceable contract, there must be a meeting of the minds as to all essential and material terms of the contract. Player v. Chandler, 299 S.C. 101, 105, 382 S.E.2d 891 (1989).

A. FORUM SELECTED BY DEFENDANT HHE IS NOT AVAILABLE

The Arbitration Agreement *(attached hereto as Exhibit 7)* between Ms. Ellen Jenkins on behalf of her sister, Ms. Jones, and HHE is not enforceable. The agreement in this case was prepared by HHE and calls for any "claim or claims" between the resident and HHE to be handled under the auspices of the American Arbitration Association (AAA). Effective January 1, 2003, the AAA no longer accepted for arbitration cases involving individual patients in a healthcare facility unless there was a post-dispute agreement to arbitrate. *(See position of AAA attached as Exhibit 8.)* The dispute between the parties at issue in this case arose on or about

August 13, 2007 when HHE staff failed to provide sufficient care such that she developed pressure sores. (See Affidavit of Byron Arbeit attached as Exhibit 9). The arbitration agreement was signed April 17, 2007 by Ms. Jenkins. Therefore by its own language, the Resident and Facility Arbitration Agreement (Exhibit 7) is not enforceable as the AAA will not hear the matter and the agreement is silent as to the method by which the arbitration shall be conducted absent the AAA rules.

Our Supreme Court has recently addressed this very issue. In Grant v. Magnolia Manor -Greenwood, Inc. et al, 383 S.C. 125, 678 S.E.2d 435 (2009), the Court held that the selection of an arbitration forum is an "integral part of the agreement." There, the chosen forum, the National Health Lawyers Association, took the same position as the AAA in that it would not administer arbitration of a health care personal injury claim unless the arbitration agreement was entered into after the event giving rise to the claim. Id. Because HHE chose the AAA's rules as the guiding principle for arbitration, it is an integral part of the agreement. The chosen forum also negates the ability to look to the Federal Arbitration Agreement ("FAA") for another means of arbitration. The Grant court held that the chosen means by which an arbitrator will be selected and the "rules that govern the arbitration" are not "logistical" nor "ancillary." Id. The Defendant HHE knew or should have known that the AAA did not recognize these types of arbitration agreements when it entered into it with Ms. Jenkins. It should not look to the Court now to correct its mistake. Accordingly, the arbitration agreement must fail.

There is no distinction between a chosen "forum" and an agreement that the parties will use the AAAs "rules." In essence the two are inseparable. Rule R-2 of the Commercial Arbitration Rules and Administrative Procedures of the AAA provides as follows:

When parties agree to arbitrate under these rules, or when they provide for arbitration by the AAA and an arbitration is initiated under these rules, they thereby authorize the AAA to administer the arbitration. The authorities and

duties of the AAA are prescribed in the agreement of the parties and in these rules, and may be carried out through such of the AAA's representatives as it may direct. The AAA may, in its discretion, assign the administration of an arbitration to any of its officers.

Rule R-3 makes reference to the National Roster of Arbitrators. This Rule provides:

The AAA shall establish and maintain a national roster of commercial arbitrators (National Roster) and shall appoint arbitrators as provided in these rules. The term "arbitrator" in these rules refers to the arbitration panel, constituted for a particular case, whether composed of one or more arbitrators, or to an individual arbitrator, as the context requires.

Rule R-49 addresses administrative fees and provides that: "As a Not-For-Profit Organization, the AAA shall prescribe an initial filing fee and a case service fee to compensate it for the costs of providing administrative services."

Sub-paragraph C of Rule 51 addresses the neutral Arbitrator's Compensation and provides that: "Any arrangement"

for the compensation of a neutral arbitrator shall be paid through the AAA and not directly between the parties and the arbitrator.

The American Arbitration Association Rules conclude by revealing that:

These rules are the copyrighted property of the American Arbitration Association (AAA) and are intended to be used in conjunction with the AAA's administrative services. Unauthorized use or modification of these rules may violate copy write laws and other applicable laws.

Therefore, there is no discernible difference between the AAA as a "forum" or simply using the AAA's "rules."

There are other reasons why this Court should not look to the FAA to "fix" the arbitration agreement as drafted by HHE. The agreement of the parties is not a transaction involving interstate commerce. This issue was addressed by the South Carolina Supreme Court in the case of Tims vs. Green, 310 S.C. 469, 427, S.E.2d 642 (1993). The Tims case involved an action by a nursing home resident seeking damage for injuries sustained while she was left unattended under a hair dryer at defendant's facility. The arbitration agreement between Tims and the Defendant

required submission of any dispute to binding arbitration. The Defendant argued that interstate commerce was involved in the contract as the defendant was a division of a national corporation; it hired employees from out of state; it markets its services out of state; purchases majority of its goods and equipment from out of state; and contemplates payment from Medicare and Medicaid. The lower court disagreed with the Defendants position finding the contract did not involve interstate commerce rendering the FAA moot. This was affirmed on appeal by the Supreme Court. The Court in Tims stated "although these factors could evidence the centers involvement in interstate commerce we find that their relationship to the agreement between the center and the respondent is insufficient to form the basis of a contract between the parties". Id

As interstate commerce is a necessary basis for the application of the FAA and no interstate commerce was found in the contract between Tims and the Defendant, the Supreme Court refused to require arbitration because the Plaintiff's cause of action was not subject to the Arbitration Act of South Carolina and the FAA was inapplicable.

In this case there is no evidence of interstate commerce in the arbitration agreement between the parties. The contract was entered into between Ms. Jenkins, a South Carolina resident (*See attached Renunciation of Right to Administration of Ellen Jenkins, Exhibit 10*) and Heritage Healthcare of Estill, LLC, a South Carolina LLC. (*See attached S.C. Secretary of State listing for HHE, Exhibit 11*). The agreement is void as to any issues of interstate commerce between the parties to the agreement. Furthermore, there has been no **evidence** of any interstate commerce between the parties to the arbitration agreement. The HHE's self serving and meaningless inclusion that the parties stipulate that the agreement involves interstate commerce does not prove interstate commerce. Just as a parties cannot "stipulate" to federal court subject matter jurisdiction, the parties cannot "stipulate" to interstate commerce that would invoke the

FAA. Other courts in South Carolina have denied FAA relief on this same type of hollow "stipulation." Without some evidence of interstate commerce in the transaction itself, the FAA cannot be invoked. This is the same result reached by this Court in a recent matter involving a South Carolina resident and a South Carolina corporation. (*See Order Denying Motion to Compel Arbitration dated June 30, 2011, Nelle Smith as Personal Representative for Estate of John Gettys Smith v. Bayview Manor LLC, CA No. 2010-CP-07-5174 & 2010-CP-07-5175, attached as Exhibit 12*).

Defendants' reference to the fact that Georgia corporations are also defendants is immaterial and not a basis for finding that the arbitration agreement involves interstate commerce. (*See Defendants' Memorandum in Support of Motion to Compel Arbitration p. 5*). The agreement itself, the focus of this inquiry, does not mention any out of state entity. The agreement specifically limits arbitration to disputes involving the resident and the "facility." The "facility" is HHE, d/b/a Heritage of the Low Country. That is the facility listed in the arbitration agreement and that is the facility as set forth in the pleadings. There is no evidence that could remotely suggest that Ms. Jenkins knew or should have known of the existence of the out of state corporations at the time she entered into this admission agreement. In addition, the out of state corporations deny that they are responsible for the care provided at the HHE facility. (*See Answers of Defendants UHS-Pruitt, United Rehab, Inc. and United Clinical Services, Inc., attached as Exhibits 13, 14, and 15, respectively*). Moreover, there is no signed arbitration agreement or any other contract signed by the Plaintiff and anyone on behalf of UHS-Pruitt, United Rehab and/or United Clinical Services.¹ Accordingly, the FAA does not apply.

¹ This issue was addressed in the Order of Judge Harrington in Powell v. Fundamental Long-Term Care Holding, LLC et al, 08-CP-08-0695 which held, *inter alia*, there is no valid agreement to arbitrate between the plaintiff and entities that are not even mentioned on the agreement. Because that is the exact same situation as the present case, the same result should be reached. (*See Powell Order, Exhibit 16*)

Further evidence that the arbitration agreement herein fails because of a lack of a forum and that the Defendant cannot resort to the FAA for sanctuary in this case can be found in the case of Peggy Benton, as Power of Attorney for Mary K. Weaver vs. Summit Place, Inc. Benton is a South Carolina Circuit Court case heard by The Honorable D. Garrison Hill of the Thirteenth Judicial Circuit. Judge Hill issued his initial Order on October 20, 2004 and subsequently denied the Defendant's Motion for Reconsideration by Order of November 17, 2004. (*See Judge Hill's Orders are attached as Exhibits 17 and 18*). The Plaintiff craves reference to Judge Hill's Order as dealing with a situation almost identical to the present case.

Judge Hill in Benton after carefully considering the facts and law reasoned as follows:

- That after January 1, 2003 the AAA did not accept for arbitration disputes involving patients and health care providers unless the arbitration agreement was entered into after the dispute arose.
- The arbitration agreement in Benton was executed before the dispute arose.
- The arbitration agreement in Benton states that it was entered into pursuant to the FAA and under the rules of the AAA.
- An arbitration agreement at its essence is simply a contract and as such courts cannot make new agreements for the parties.
- The parties in Benton chose the AAA as the forum.
- The AAA would not entertain the Benton arbitration
- The parties were faced with a failed arbitral forum.
- The parties "choice of an arbitral forum is an integral and material term of the agreement to arbitrate".
- The AAA's "General Commercial Arbitration Rules" are complex and detailed.
- Courts cannot create new rules for arbitration
- The FAA cannot be a substitute forum as its rules and procedures differ from the AAA and FAA rules and procedure were not chosen by the parties.
- The South Carolina Arbitration Act is inapplicable.
- There exists no "meeting of the minds" in Benton so the arbitration agreement failed.

As the forum and rules of arbitration chosen by the Defendants in the case at bar are no longer available to the parties, the agreement should be strictly construed against defendant HHE and lacking a forum within which to conduct arbitration the defendant's motion must therefore fail.

There is no meeting of the minds as to what the parties were entering into. The admission director for HHE, Ms. Sally Dobson, was deposed on May 5, 2011 involving the arbitration agreement. (*Dobson deposition attached as Exhibit 19*). She testified that she and the administrator explain to residents and family members that arbitration means that if "they have any complaints or any concerns that are not being taken care of in a timely manner then we can go into arbitration." (*See pages 8 and 10, Dobson deposition*). When asked if she was aware that the arbitration agreement required adherence to the AAA rules, she testified as follows:

11

23 Q Did you know, Ms. Dobson, that the Arbitration
24 Agreement that we're here about today contains a
25 provision that the American Arbitration Association

12

1 rules have to be followed? Were you aware of that?
2 A If it's on that sheet of paper, Well, I don't know what
3 the Arbitration Agreements are.
4 Q Well, how is it if you don't know, how would a resident
5 know or their family member?
6 A I don't know.
7 Q Well, don't you think that's an important part of it?
8 A It is.
9 Q It's a material part of the contract?
10 A It is.
11 Q And but you don't know what it is?
12 A But I don't know what it is.
13 Q And so you can't expect a resident to know?
14 A That's --
15 MR. RISSLER: Object to the form.
16 A -- correct.
17 Q Or their personal representative?
18 A Uh-huh (affirmative).
19 Q Right?
20 A Right.
21 Q Or power of attorney, right?
22 A Right.
23 Q Or their family member?
24 A Right.

The very person that HHE selected as the person to instruct residents and family members on the documents that they must sign in order to be admitted does not know what those very documents mean. Accordingly, there is no meeting of the minds and the arbitration agreement must fail.

Lastly, Ms. Jenkins did not have the legal authority to waive her sister's constitutional right to a jury trial. "The first element of a contract is that the parties have the capacity to contract...Further, the capacity to contract relates to the status of the person rather than the circumstances surrounding the contract." 17 C.J.S. Contract §32. As noted above, Ms. Jones was determined by HHE staff to be mentally competent when she entered the facility. (*See Exhibit 1*). By its own admission, there is no reason HHE could not have asked Ms. Jones to review the arbitration agreement and confirm that she intended to waive her constitutional right to a jury trial. Instead, they asked Ms. Jenkins to sign the documents when she did not have the power of attorney to do so. (*See Deposition of Ms. Jenkins, pp.15, attached as Exhibit 20*). It is the duty of the staff that is dealing with the purported agent to use due care to determine the scope of the agent's authority. Frasier v. Palmetto Homes of Florence, 323 S.C. 240, 473 S.E.2d 865 (Ct.App. 1996). As arbitration agreements are a matter of contract law, this Court should strictly construe whether or not Ms. Jenkins had the authority to waive Ms. Jones' constitutional right to a jury trial. Under the facts of this case, it is clear that she did not and the arbitration agreement should fail. In addition, the Defendants have failed to introduce one scintilla of evidence that would suggest that Ms. Jones, who was mentally alert, understood that Ms. Jenkins was waiving her right to a jury trial. Accordingly, there is no contract and there is no agreement to arbitrate.

B. THE DEFENDANTS HAVE WAIVED ARBITRATION

Parties can waive their right to enforce an arbitration agreement. Liberty Builders, Inc. v. Horton, 336 S.C. 658, 521 S.E.2d 749 (Ct.App. 1999) There are three factors generally considered to determine if a party has waived its right to enforce an arbitration clause: 1) the time between commencement of the action and moving for arbitration, 2) whether the party seeking to compel arbitration engaged in discovery before moving for arbitration, and 3) prejudice to the non-moving party which must be more than mere inconvenience. Rhodes v. Benson Chrysler-Plymouth, Inc., 374 S.C. 122, 647 S.E.2d 249 (Ct.App. 2007).

The Defendants waited too long to move for arbitration. The Plaintiff began these proceedings by filing a Notice of Intent that was served on the Defendants on or about April 7, 2010. After participating in the Notice of Intent proceedings and a failed mediation, the summons and complaint was filed on October 13, 2010. The instant motion was not filed until August 4, 2011. A nursing home negligence action cannot be commenced until the Plaintiff has filed and served a Notice of Intent. Thus, it is that action that is the appropriate starting place for determining when the party seeking arbitration could have moved to compel arbitration. In fact, S.C. Code 15-79-120 specifically addresses this issue and states that parties can agree to arbitrate prior to filing a medical malpractice action. The defendants waited fourteen months before waiting to move for arbitration. Our Courts have held that less time constitutes waiver. Rhodes, 374 S.C. at 125, 128 647 S.E.2d at 250, 252 (Ct.App. 2007)

During the long wait, the Defendants engaged in discovery. The Defendants decided to serve and answer discovery. The Defendants decided to take and defend depositions. The Defendants decided to participate in a pre-suit mediation on September 10, 2010 and a second mediation on August 11, 2011. The Defendants decided to participate in procedural and

discovery hearings with the Court rather than move to compel arbitration.² The Defendants decided to produce 6,211 pages of discovery documents during the course of this litigation. By its own actions and inactions, the Defendants have repeatedly availed themselves of this court system for the past sixteen months.

The prejudice to the Plaintiff is more than mere inconvenience. The parties have conducted extensive discovery, participated, in person, in two mediations, attended two court hearings and the plaintiff is currently planning for trial. The only remaining matters to complete are depositions of the witnesses identified by the Defendants and final expert preparation. This case is subject to trial on the very next term of court in Hampton County. The Plaintiff has abided by the rules, prepared for trial and is very close to her constitutional right to have this dispute heard by a jury. Moreover, she has expended money in filing fees, attorney expenses and discovery and deposition costs. Our Courts have held that the cost associated with discovery that may not have been expended in arbitration is an example of prejudice that is beyond mere inconvenience. Evans v. Accent Manufactured Homes, Inc., 352 S.C. 544, 575 S.E.2d 74 (Ct.App. 2003). Other Courts in South Carolina have held similar delays constitutes waiver: (See Order of Judge Miller, Coleman v. Mariner Health Care, Inc., et al, 10-CP-21, 0835, dated March 18, 2011, attached as Exhibit 21; Order of Judge Miller, Briody v. THI of South Carolina at Magnolia Place at Greenville, LLC, et al, 09-CP-23-6381, dated July 13, 2010, attached as Exhibit 22).

The Defendants can point to no reasonable basis for waiting this long to move for arbitration. If they argue that they wanted to participate in limited discovery and depositions to

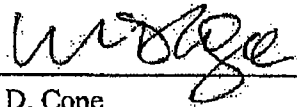
² Hearing on Plaintiff's Motion to Strike certain defenses on February 11, 2011 and Hearing on Plaintiff's Motion to Compel discovery responses on March 16, 2011. Importantly, the main thrust of Plaintiff's Motion to Strike, heard by this Court, was to strike the defense of arbitration as inapplicable and/or waived. The Defendant repeatedly informed this Court that the motion to strike should be denied until the defendants filed, if ever, its Motion to Compel Arbitration.

learn facts about arbitration, they have availed themselves of the very rules and procedures that they now want to avoid. The Plaintiff has no similar "tool" for delay. At the end of the day, the only logical explanation for moving at this stage to compel arbitration is unnecessary delay and unfair prejudice to the Plaintiff.

CONCLUSION

Ms. Jenkins lacked the legal capacity to waive her sister's constitutional right to a jury trial, so there is no contract to arbitrate these claims. Even if she did have the authority, the forum selected by the Defendant HHE will not hear this type of dispute. The South Carolina Supreme Court has determined that the forum selection is an integral part of the agreement and cannot be remedied by following the FAA, which does not apply to this intrastate agreement. Moreover, the Defendants have waited too long to move for arbitration and have substantially prejudiced the Plaintiff in the process such that any arbitration that it could have sought to compel is waived. Accordingly, Defendants' Motion should be denied.

PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER, ELTZROTH
& DETRICK, P. A.

BY: 

Lee D. Cope
101 Mulberry Street, East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
(803) 943-2111

October 5, 2011

AND

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

Attorneys for the Plaintiff

Exhibit 1

NURSING ADMISSION ASSESSMENT

I. GENERAL

Name: Elizabeth Jones Date of Birth: 11/12/47 Age: 59
 Admission Date: 11/17/07 Time: 12:45 A.M./P.M.
 Admitted From: ☐ Home ☒ Hospital ☐ Nursing Home ☐ Other
 How Admitted: ☐ Ambulatory ☐ W/C ☒ Stretcher
 Family Member Present During Admission: ☐ Yes ☒ No
 If yes, Name/Relationship: _____

Current Diagnosis: _____
 Current Medications: _____
 Reason/Diagnosis: _____

Allergies: Drug AKA
 Food AKA

General Appearance: ☒ Neat ☐ Clean ☐ Unkept ☐ Body Odor

II. NEUROSENSORY/COGNITIVE

Level of Consciousness: Oriented to ☒ Person ☒ Place ☒ Time ☒ Current Events
☐ Persistent Vegetative State ☐ Comatose
 Mental/Behavioral Status: ☒ Alert ☐ Lethargic ☒ Cooperative ☐ Combative ☐ Agitated
☐ Delusional ☐ Hallucinations
 History of: ☐ Wandering ☐ Falls ☐ Fainting/Dizziness ☐ Seizures
 Vision: ☒ Glasses ☐ Poor ☐ Blind Hearing: ☐ Hearing Aide ☐ Right ☐ Left
 Speech: ☒ Clear ☐ Incoherent ☐ Deaf ☐ Right ☐ Left

III. ELIMINATION

Bladder: ☒ Continent ☐ Incontinent ☐ Catheter ☐ Urostomy ☐ Urgency ☐ Frequency ☐ Burning
☐ Retention ☐ Nocturia ☐ Pain ☐ History of U.T.I.
 Bowel: ☒ Continent ☐ Incontinent ☐ Constipation ☐ Diarrhea ☐ Laxatives ☐ Enemas
☐ Bleeding ☐ History of Impaction Date of Last B/M: _____

IV. MUSCULOSKELETAL

Movement of Extremities: (R) added weakness CVA
 Right Side: ☐ Splints/Prosthesis Left Side: ☐ Splints/Prosthesis Mobility: ☐ Ambulate
☐ Voluntary ☐ Voluntary ☐ W/C
☐ Involuntary ☐ Involuntary ☒ Walker/Cane
☐ Tremors ☐ Tremors ☒ Indep
☐ Deformities ☐ Deformities ☐ Assist
☐ Contractures ☐ Contractures ☐ N/A
☐ Amputation ☐ Amputation
☐ Paralysis ☐ Paralysis

R int: ☒ Yes ☐ No Type _____ In Bed _____ QOB _____

UM2049

Side rails XI for mobility & movement
C

JONES-UPA000000869

V. CIRCULATORY/RESPIRATORY

Extremities:

- ☒ Cold to Touch
- ☐ Numbness
- ☐ Color: Unusual Pallor
- ☐ Phlebitis

- ☒ Pulse: Present at Radial
- ☐ Warm
- ☐ Tender to Touch
- ☐ Edema

- ☐ Ulnar
- ☐ Tingling
- ☐ Cyanosis
- ☐ Pedal

Respiratory:

- ☐ Cough
- ☐ Productive
- ☐ Blood Tinged

- ☐ Congested
- ☒ Non Productive

Respirations/Rate:

- ☒ Normal
- ☐ Dyspnea
- ☐ Shortness of Breath

- ☐ Deep
- ☐ Audible Wheeze
- ☐ Shallow
- ☐ Orthopnea
- ☒ Clear
- ☐ Rhonchi
- ☐ Wheeze

Circulatory/Heart Rate:

- ☐ Regular
- ☐ Missing a Beat

- ☐ Irregular
- ☐ Abnormally Strong
- ☐ Strong
- ☐ Weak/Thready

Color (face): Normal ☒

Cyanosis (see below) ☐

a. Mucous Membrane ☒

b. Lips ☒

c. Nailbeds ☒

Normal

Blood Pressure:

Position (Circle One): Standing

Sitting

Lying

Temperature: Oral

Rectal

Axillary

Circle One:

VI. ORAL/NUTRITION

Weight: 210 lbs

Height: 5' 8"

Dentures: ☒ Upper ☐ Lower

☐ No Teeth ☐ Own Teeth

☐ Swallowing Problems

☐ Chewing Problem

☐ N/V

Tube Feeding: Type: PEG tube

Size: 18

(see skin assessment for appearance)

Pain:

☒ No Complaints ☐ Complain Once Per Day

☐ Complains more than once per day

Intensity: ☐ Mild ☐ Moderate

☐ Excruciating

Location: (R) side Pain

Alleviating Factors:

Exacerbating Factors:

Skin Assessment Form Completed by: Jane R. Randall

on 4/18/07

Resident/Family education needs: yes

Long-term

Discharge plans: Short-term (less than 1 year)

Long-term

Nurse Signature: C. Harrison

Date: 4/18/07

UM2249

JONES-UPA000000870

Exhibit 2

SKIN NOTES	
DATE/TIME	PROGRESS NOTES & COMMENTS
7-26-07	Admitted to room 211A 59 year old, incontinent of B & B and a altered mental status. Resident has left-sided weakness. Resident's skin assessment completed. Skin is warm to touch, resident has multiple moles on face but no open areas. Nails are normal. No redness or tenderness noted at present time. <i>Jane Smith RN</i>
7-31-07	Ona showed TX nurse open areas on inner thigh and inner rectum with order barrier cream for incontinence. <i>Jane Smith RN</i>
8-3-07	Ona Cream applied to back per perineal area. Less redness noted. <i>Jane Smith RN</i>
8-10-07	Resident's diaper area improved. Ona Seal Cream Area not as red as before. <i>Jane Smith RN</i>
8-13-07	CNA showed TX nurse broken blister on heel. Heel is 7 cm x 5 cm thickened area. @ 6:00 AM. @ fluid remains. Wound bed is bright red. Vitamin C minerals PO q day minerals 220 mg PO BID @ Vitamin C 500 mg PO q day Responsible party notified. <i>Jane Smith RN</i>
8-16-07	Resident's heel dressed as ordered. Heel is a stage III. A hardened purple skin. Peri. does not swollen, or does it have a foul odor. The top layer of skin is broken, and a layer of skin of wound bed, which is bright red in color. Resident states heel does not hurt and does not show s/s of discomfort. <i>Jane Smith RN</i>

JONES-UPA000000997

Exhibit 3

Colleton Medical Center

DISCHARGE SUMMARY

PATIENT: JONES, ELIZABETH

MEDICAL RECORD #: 122047

ADMISSION DATE: 03/19/2009

DISCHARGE DATE: 03/23/2009

DISCHARGE MEDICATIONS:

1. DuoNeb one nebulized q 6 hours.
2. Ascorbic acid 250 mg daily.
3. Aspirin 81 mg daily.
4. Centrum 15 mL daily or a multivitamin and mineral may be substituted.
5. Cordarone 100 mg twice daily.
6. Coreg 6.25 mg twice daily.
7. Keppra 1,000 mg twice daily.
8. Lantus insulin 48 units q 12 hours. In 3 days if blood sugar is greater than 130, increase to 52 units q 12 hours.
9. Lyrica 50 mg q h.s.
10. Sliding scale NovoLog protocol q 6 hours.
11. Percocet one via tube at 7 AM, 1 PM, and 8 PM, for 4 days; then twice daily for 4 days; then q h.s. x 4 days; and then stop.
12. Prostat 30 mL twice daily. Check prealbumin.
13. Vasotec 20 mg via tube daily.

DISCHARGE LABORATORY DATA: White blood cell count 9.8, hemoglobin 12, granulocytes 70%, sodium 138, potassium 4.1, BUN and creatinine of 26 and 0.5.

DISCHARGE DIAGNOSES:

1. Osteomyelitis of the right heel, status post amputation above the knee by Dr. Holman.
2. Type II diabetes mellitus requiring insulin.
3. Decubitus ulcers on the hip and sacral area, which are stable and present prior to admission.
4. Hypertension and peripheral artery disease.
5. History of multiple CVA's, dementia, and seizure disorder.
6. Atrial fibrillation.
7. History of vaginal bleeding.

HISTORY AND HOSPITAL COURSE: Ms. Jones is a 61-year-old patient of mine from the nursing home in Estill, admitted with osteomyelitis of the right heel. She was started on IV antibiotics with Tygacil and underwent amputation above the knee by Dr. Holman. She did well and is being discharged today.

Colleton Medical Center

DISCHARGE SUMMARY

PATIENT: JONES, ELIZABETH

MEDICAL RECORD #: 122047

ADMISSION DATE: 03/19/2009

DISCHARGE DATE: 03/23/2009

UPDATED HISTORY AND PHYSICAL -

SUBJECTIVE: She appears comfortable.

OBJECTIVE: Temperature 100.2, pulse 85, respiratory rate 18, blood pressure 141/66. Heart sounds are regular. Breath sounds are clear. Abdomen is soft, non tender, and non distended. Extremities have no edema.

IMPRESSION AND PLAN:

1. Rehab potential is fair.
2. Do incentive spirometry or similar deep breathing exercises every 2 hours while awake for 1 week.
3. Followup with Dr. Holman.
4. Sacral and ischial pressure sores are stage 4. She should continue with Kaltostat to both areas. Santyl was discontinued.

cc: Unihealth, Estill.


Michael L. Blubaugh, M.D.

DD: 03/23/2009 10:16:51
DT: 03/23/2009 10:34:06
Trans ID: jb
VID# 330770

Exhibit 4

CERTIFICATION OF VITAL RECORD

STATE BIRTH NUMBER

State of South Carolina
Department of Health and Environmental Control
CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

STATE FILE NUMBER

NAME OF DECEASED
For use by physician or institution

1. DECEASED'S LEGAL NAME (Please print, if any) (First, Middle, Last) Queen Elizabeth Tyson Jones				2. SEX Female		3. SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER 09-015191	
4a. AGE at Death (Years) 61		4b. UNDER 1 YEAR Months: _____ Days: _____		4c. UNDER 1 DAY Hours: _____ Minutes: _____		5. DATE OF BIRTH (MM/DD/YYYY) Nov. 12, 1947	
6. BIRTHPLACE (City and State or Foreign Country) Ridgeland, SC				7. RESIDENCE STATE SC			
7a. COUNTY Georgetown				7b. CITY OR TOWN Pineland			
7c. STREET AND NUMBER 3519 Call Pen Bay Road				7d. APT. NO. 29934		7e. ZIP CODE 29934	
8. EVER IN U.S. ARMED FORCES? ☐ Yes ☒ No				9. MARITAL STATUS AT TIME OF DEATH: ☐ Married ☐ Married, but separated ☐ Widowed ☒ Divorced ☐ Never Married ☐ Unknown			
10. SURVIVING SPOUSE'S NAME (If wife, give name prior to first marriage) Queen Ester Stanford				11. FATHER'S NAME (First, Middle, Last) William Tyson			
12. MOTHER'S NAME PRIOR TO FIRST MARRIAGE (First, Middle, Last) Queen Ester Stanford				13. MAILING ADDRESS (Street and Number, City, State, Zip Code) 3471 Call Pen Bay Road Pineland, SC 29934			
14. PLACE OF DEATH (Check only one; see instructions) ☐ If death occurred in a hospital: ☐ Inpatient ☐ Emergency Room/Outpatient ☐ Dead on Arrival				15. FACILITY NAME (If not institution, give street and number) Hampton Regional Medical Center			
16. CITY OR TOWN, STATE AND ZIP CODE Vannville, SC 29944				17. COUNTY OF DEATH Hampton			
18. METHOD OF DISPOSITION ☐ Burial ☐ Cremation ☐ Donation ☐ Entombment ☐ Removal from state ☐ Other (Specify): _____				19. PLACE OF DISPOSITION (Name of cemetery, crematory, other place) Tyson Cemetery			
20. LOCATION CITY, TOWN AND STATE Pineland, SC				21. NAME AND ADDRESS OF FUNERAL FACILITY Boatlick Funeral Home 3020 Bees Creek Road Ridgeland, SC 29936			
22. SIGNATURE OF FUNERAL SERVICE LICENSEE OR OTHER AGENT Boatlick Funeral Home				23. LICENSE NUMBER (Of licensee) 2280			
24. SIGNATURE OF DECEASED Queen Elizabeth Tyson Jones				25. EMBALMER LICENSE NUMBER 2186			
26. SIGNATURE OF PERSON PRONOUNCING DEATH (Only when applicable) Dr. Earl Hunter				27. DATE PRONOUNCED DEAD (MM/DD/YYYY) 05/15/2009			
28. SIGNATURE OF PERSON PRONOUNCING DEATH (Only when applicable) Dr. Earl Hunter				29. DATE PRONOUNCED DEAD (MM/DD/YYYY) 05/15/2009			
30. ACTUAL OR PRESUMED DATE OF DEATH (Spell Month) MAY 15, 2009				31. ACTUAL OR PRESUMED TIME OF DEATH 02:59			
32. PART I. Enter the cause of death (See instructions and examples). Do NOT enter terminal events such as cardiac arrest, respiratory arrest, or circulatory failure. Do NOT abbreviate. Enter only one cause on a line. Add additional lines if necessary. IMMEDIATE CAUSE (Final disease or condition resulting in death) a. Cerebral aneurysm, Aortic b. Dissecting aortic aneurysm c. Dissecting aortic aneurysm d. Dissecting aortic aneurysm Underlying Cause (Disease or injury that initiated the events resulting in death) LAST Dissecting aortic aneurysm				Approximate Interval: Onset to death			
33. PART II. Enter other conditions contributing to death, but not resulting in the underlying cause given in PART I. Dissecting aortic aneurysm				34. WAS AN AUTOPSY PERFORMED? ☐ Yes ☒ No			
35. DID TOBACCO USE CONTRIBUTE TO DEATH? ☐ Yes ☐ Probably ☒ No ☐ Unknown				36. IF FEMALE: ☐ Not pregnant within past year ☐ Pregnant at time of death ☐ Not pregnant, but pregnant within 42 days of death ☐ Not pregnant, but pregnant 43 days to one year before death ☐ Unknown if pregnant within past year			
37. MANNER OF DEATH: ☒ Natural ☐ Homicide ☐ Accident ☐ Pending investigation ☐ Suicide ☐ Could not be determined				38. WHERE AUTOPSY FINDINGS AVAILABLE TO COMPLETE THE CAUSE OF DEATH? ☐ Yes ☒ No			
39. DATE OF INJURY (Spell Month) MAY 15, 2009				40. TIME OF INJURY 02:59			
41. PLACE OF INJURY (e.g., Decedent's home, construction site, restaurant, wooded area) Hampton Regional Medical Center				42. INJURY AT WORK? ☐ Yes ☒ No			
43. LOCATION OF INJURY State, City or Town, County SC, Pineland, Georgetown				44. STREET AND NUMBER, Apartment Number, Zip Code 3519 Call Pen Bay Road, 29934			
45. DESCRIBE HOW INJURY OCCURRED: Dissecting aortic aneurysm							
46. CERTIFIER (Check only one): ☐ Attending physician-To the best of my knowledge, death occurred due to the cause(s) and manner stated. ☐ Participating and Consulting physician-To the best of my knowledge, death occurred at the time, date, and place, and due to the cause(s) and manner stated. ☒ Coroner/Medical Examiner-In the absence of information and by investigation, death occurred at the time, date, and place, and due to the cause(s) and manner stated. Signature of certifier: Dr. Earl Hunter EMERGENCY MEDICINE							
47. NAME, ADDRESS, AND ZIP CODE OF PERSON COMPLETING CAUSE OF DEATH (Item 39) DR. EARL HUNTER, MC PO BOX 338, Vannville, SC 29944				48. NAME OF ATTENDING PHYSICIAN IF OTHER THAN CERTIFIER Dr. Earl Hunter			
49. TITLE OF CERTIFIER M.D.		50. LICENSE NUMBER 25559		51. DATE CERTIFIED (MM/DD/YYYY) 05/15/2009		52. FOR REGISTRAR ONLY-DATE FILED (MM/DD/YYYY) MAY 20, 2009	

SC 00382681

This is a true certification of the facts on file in the Division of Vital Records, SC Department of Health and Environmental Control.

C. Earl Hunter
C. Earl Hunter
Commissioner and State Registrar

ISSUED MAY 20 2009

Huang Zhao
Huang Zhao
Assistant State Registrar

This copy is not valid unless prepared on an engraved border displaying the state seal and issuing agency logo.

Revision Date: 05/01/2008

Exhibit 5

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

COUNTY OF HAMPTON

CHERRY SCOTT AS PERSONAL
REPRESENTATIVE OF THE ESTATE OF
ELIZABETH JONES

Plaintiff(s)

vs.

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE OF ESTILL, LLC,
D/B/A HERITAGE OF THE LOWCOUNTRY
AND/OR D/B/A UNI-HEALTH POST ACUTE
CARE OF THE LOWCOUNTRY, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC., UNITED REHAB,
INC., AND UHS-FRUITT CORPORATION

Defendant(s)

(Please Print)

Submitted By: Lee D. Cope

Address: PO Box 457

Hampton, SC 29924

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

CIVIL ACTION COVERSHEET

2010-25-CP-126

FILED
2010 MAR 23 AM 10:11
MYLINDA B. NETTLES
CLERK OF COURT
HAMPTON COUNTY, S.C.

SC Bar #: 14361

Telephone #: (803) 914-2006

Fax #: (803) 914-2011

Other:

E-mail: lcope@pmped.com

NOTE: The cover sheet and information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law. This form is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of docketing. It must be filled out completely, signed, and dated. A copy of this cover sheet must be served on the defendant(s) along with the Summons and Complaint.

DOCKETING INFORMATION (Check all that apply)

**If Action is Judgment/Settlement do not complete*

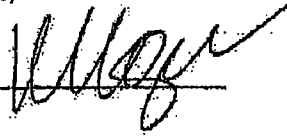
- ☒ JURY TRIAL demanded in complaint. ☐ NON-JURY TRIAL demanded in complaint.
☐ This case is subject to ARBITRATION pursuant to the Court Annexed Alternative Dispute Resolution Rules;
☒ This case is subject to MEDIATION pursuant to the Court Annexed Alternative Dispute Resolution Rules.
☐ This case is exempt from ADR. (Proof of ADR/Exemption Attached)

NATURE OF ACTION (Check One Box Below)

Contracts ☐ Constructions (100) ☐ Debt Collection (110) ☐ Employment (120) ☐ General (130) ☐ Breach of Contract (140) ☐ Other (199)	Torts - Professional Malpractice ☐ Dental Malpractice (200) ☐ Legal Malpractice (210) ☐ Medical Malpractice (220) Previous Notice of Intent Case # 20-CP- ☒ Notice/ File Med Mal (230) ☐ Other (299)	Torts - Personal Injury ☐ Assault/Slander/Label (300) ☐ Conversion (310) ☐ Motor Vehicle Accident (320) ☐ Premises Liability (330) ☐ Products Liability (340) ☐ Personal Injury (350) ☐ Wrongful Death (360) ☐ Other (399)	Real Property ☐ Claim & Delivery (400) ☐ Condemnation (410) ☐ Foreclosure (420) ☐ Mechanic's Lien (430) ☐ Partition (440) ☐ Possession (450) ☐ Building Code Violation (460) ☐ Other (499)
Inmate Petitions ☐ PCR (500) ☐ Mandamus (520) ☐ Habeas Corpus (530) ☐ Other (599)	Judgments/Settlements ☐ Death Settlement (700) ☐ Foreign Judgment (710) ☐ Magistrate's Judgment (720) ☐ Minor Settlement (730) ☐ Transcript Judgment (740) ☐ Lis Pendens (750) ☐ Transfer of Structured Settlement Payment Rights Application (760) ☐ Other (799)	Administrative Law/Relief ☐ Reinstate Driver's License (800) ☐ Judicial Review (810) ☐ Relief (820) ☐ Permanent Injunction (830) ☐ Forfeiture-Petition (840) ☐ Forfeiture-Consent Order (850) ☐ Other (899)	Appeals ☐ Arbitration (900) ☐ Magistrate-Civil (910) ☐ Magistrate-Criminal (920) ☐ Municipal (930) ☐ Probate Court (940) ☐ SCDOT (950) ☐ Worker's Comp (960) ☐ Zoning Board (970) ☐ Public Service Commission (990) ☐ Employment Security Comm (991) ☐ Other (999)
Special/Complex /Other ☐ Environmental (600) ☐ Automobile Arb. (610) ☐ Medical (620) ☐ Other (699)	☐ Pharmaceuticals (630) ☐ Unfair Trade Practices (640) ☐ Out-of State Depositions (650) ☐ Motion to Quash Subpoena in an Out-of-County Action (660)		

☐ Sexual Predator (510)

Submitting Party Signature: _____

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be 'W. May', is written over a horizontal line.

Date: _____

Note: Frivolous civil proceedings may be subject to sanctions pursuant to SCRCF, Rule 11, and the South Carolina Frivolous Civil Proceedings Sanctions Act, S.C. Code Ann. §15-36-10 et. seq.

FOR MANDATED ADR COUNTIES ONLY

Allendale, Anderson, Beaufort, Colleton, Florence, Greenville, Hampton, Horry,
Jasper, Lexington, Pickens (Family Court Only), Richland, Union and York

SUPREME COURT RULES REQUIRE THE SUBMISSION OF ALL CIVIL CASES TO AN ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCESS, UNLESS OTHERWISE EXEMPT.

You are required to take the following action(s):

1. The parties shall select a neutral and file a "Proof of ADR" form on or by the 210th day of the filing of this action. If the parties have not selected a neutral within 210 days, the Clerk of Court shall then appoint a primary and secondary mediator from the current roster on a rotating basis from among those mediators agreeing to accept cases in the county in which the action has been filed.
2. The initial ADR conference must be held within 300 days after the filing of the action.
3. Pre-suit medical malpractice mediations required by S.C. Code §15-79-125 shall be held not later than 120 days after all defendants are served with the "Notice of Intent to File Suit" or as the court directs. (Medical malpractice mediation is mandatory statewide.)
4. Cases are exempt from ADR only upon the following grounds:
 - a. Special proceeding, or actions seeking extraordinary relief such as mandamus, habeas corpus, or prohibition;
 - b. Requests for temporary relief;
 - c. Appeals
 - d. Post Conviction relief matters;
 - e. Contempt of Court proceedings;
 - f. Forfeiture proceedings brought by governmental entities;
 - g. Mortgage foreclosures; and
 - h. Cases that have been previously subjected to an ADR conference, unless otherwise required by Rule 3 or by statute.
5. In cases not subject to ADR, the Chief Judge for Administrative Purposes, upon the motion of the court or of any party, may order a case to mediation.
6. Motion of a party to be exempt from payment of neutral fees due to indigency should be filed with the Court within ten (10) days after the ADR conference has been concluded.

Please Note: You must comply with the Supreme Court Rules regarding ADR.
Failure to do so may affect your case or may result in sanctions.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)
COUNTY OF HAMPTON)
CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal)
Representative of the Estate of)
ELIZABETH JONES,)
Plaintiff)
v.)
HERITAGE HEALTHCARE)
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage)
Of the Lowcountry and/or)
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of)
of Lowcountry, UNITED)
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,)
UNITED REHAB, INC., and)
UHS- PRUITT CORPORATION)
Defendants)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS
C/A NO.: 10-CP-25-_____

NOTICE OF INTENT
TO
FILE SUIT
(Survival Action)

FILED
2018 MAR 23 AM 10:11
WYLLINDA D. NETTLES
CLERK OF COURT
HAMPTON COUNTY, S.C.

The Plaintiff, CHERRY SCOTT as Personal Representative of the Estate of ELIZABETH JONES, does hereby submit this Notice of Intent to File Suit and seek a jury trial pursuant to the Survival Action Act of South Carolina, SC Code Ann. §15-5-90 *et seq* and other applicable statutory and/or common law.

1. ADVERSE PARTY.

- a. The adverse parties to this action are, upon information and belief Heritage Healthcare of Estill, LLC d/b/a Heritage of the Lowcountry and/or d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of the Lowcountry (herein after referred to as "Heritage") an entity organized under the laws of South Carolina with its principal place of business in the County of Hampton, South Carolina. At the time of the acts complained of, Heritage was a skilled nursing home

facility. Defendant United Clinical Services, Inc. (herein after "UCS") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina. Defendant United Rehab, Inc., (herein after "UR") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina. Defendant UHS-Pruitt Corporation (herein after "Pruitt") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

- b. Defendant Pruitt owns, operates, manages and oversees Heritage. It provides for the training, employees and budgetary decisions and needs for Heritage. Pruitt is responsible for the level of care received by residents at Heritage.
- c. Defendant UCS provides clinical services to residents at Heritage.
- d. Defendant UR provides rehabilitation services to residents at Heritage.

2. **SHORT AND PLAIN STATEMENT OF THE FACTS
SHOWING THAT THE PARTY FILING THE NOTICE IS
ENTITLED TO RELIEF.**

- a. The Plaintiff, Cherry Scott, is a citizen and resident of the County of Jasper, State of South Carolina. She is the Personal Representative of the Estate of Elizabeth Jones, her mother which is open in Japer County, South Carolina. She files this action to

give notice of her intent to file a Survival Action on behalf of the Estate of Elizabeth Jones for her conscious pain and suffering and all other damages offered at law. (See Attached Survival Action Summons and Complaint marked as Exhibit A.)

- b Ms. Jones became a resident of Heritage in May 2006 through the date of death on May 15, 2009.
- c. While a resident at Heritage, she required skilled nursing care from the staff at the nursing home.
- d. The skilled nursing care required included, but was not limited to, proper nutritional support, adequate hydration, range of motion exercises and/or support, proper skin assessments, clinical services, rehabilitation, access to appropriate medical care and attention and reasonable measures to protect and promote quality of life and dignity.
- e. That while a resident of Heritage Ms. Jones developed several pressure sores on her body. On or about March 19, 2009, Ms. Jones had to have her right leg amputated above the knee due to a pressure sore on her right heel that became severely infected. Ms. Jones was hospitalized on several occasions for urinary tract infections, dehydration and decubitus ulcers.
- f. The Defendants and their staff, employees and agents failed to provide the requisite care and, as such, deviated from the standard of care in the following particulars:

1. In failing to provide adequate care to prevent the development of pressure sores;
2. In failing to provide sufficient measures to prevent, treat and/or manage contractures;
3. In failing to provide proper and adequate hydration and nutrition for Ms. Jones;
4. In failing to exercise reasonable care for the safety and well-being of Ms. Jones under the circumstances;
5. In failing to properly document Ms. Jones' condition and care that prevented the continuity of care necessary to promote her health and well being;
6. In failing to have sufficient and properly trained staff to care for its residents;
7. In failing to provide appropriate clinical services to prevent pressure sores and dehydration;
8. In failing to provide appropriate rehabilitative services to prevent contractures and pressure sores;
9. In failing to exercise that degree of care which a reasonably prudent person would have exercised under the same or similar circumstances; and

10. In such other particulars as the evidence may establish.

f. That as a direct and proximate result of the aforesaid deviations from the standard of care that were the negligent, reckless, willful careless, negligent per se and grossly negligent acts of the Defendants, the deceased Plaintiff suffered grave and severe injuries prior to her death; she was hospitalized; she had her leg amputated; she incurred medical expenses; she suffered a loss of her dignity and individuality; she suffered a diminished quality of life prior to her death; her estate has uncured funeral expenses and other damages recognized by the law.

g. That by reason of the foregoing, the Plaintiff is informed and believes that she is entitled to judgment against the Defendants on behalf of the Estate of the deceased Plaintiff for both actual and punitive damages against the Defendants; all of which damages were proximately caused by the Defendants' acts and/or omissions as are more fully set forth above in an amount as may be set and determined by the trier of fact in this matter.

3. **STANDARD INTERROGATORIES - *Rule 33(b) SCRPC.***

The information specified in the standard interrogatories *Rule 33(b) SCRPC* is attached hereto as Exhibit B. Exhibit C is Plaintiff's Answers to Standard Interrogatories.

4. **AFFIDAVIT OF EXPERT.**

The affidavit of an expert specifying at least one negligent act or omission claimed to exist and the factual basis for each claim based upon the available evidence at this time is attached hereto pursuant to § 15-36-100 SCCA. (See Attached Affidavit of Byron Arbeit as Exhibit D.)

**PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER,
ELTZROTH & DETRICK, P.A.**

BY: _____


LEE D. COPE, ESQUIRE
101 Mulberry Street East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
(803) 943-2111

Hampton, South Carolina
March __, 2010

AND

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal)
Representative of the Estate of)
ELIZABETH JONES,)

Plaintiff)

v.)

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE)
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage)
Of the Lowcountry and/or)
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of)
of Lowcountry, UNITED)
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,)
UNITED REHAB, INC., and)
UHS- PRUITT CORPORATION)

Defendants)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

C/A NO.: 10-CP-25-_____

SUMMONS

(Negligence/Gross Negligence)

(Survival Action)

(Jury Trial Requested)

TO THE DEFENDANT ABOVE NAMED:

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED and required to answer the Complaint in this action, of which a copy is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer to said Complaint on the subscribed at their office, 101 Mulberry Street East, Hampton, South Carolina, within thirty (30) days after the service hereof; exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the Complaint within the time aforesaid, judgment by default will be rendered against you for the relief demanded in this Complaint.

-Signature Page to Follow-



PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER,
ELTZROTH & DETRICK, P.A.

BY: 

LEE D. COPE, ESQUIRE
101 Mulberry Street East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
(803) 943-2111

Hampton, South Carolina
March __, 2010

AND

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)
)
COUNTY OF HAMPTON)
)
CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal)
Representative of the Estate of)
ELIZABETH JONES,)
)
Plaintiff)
v.)
)
HERITAGE HEALTHCARE)
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage)
Of the Lowcountry and/or)
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of)
of Lowcountry, UNITED)
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,)
UNITED REHAB, INC., and)
UHS- PRUITT CORPORATION)
)
Defendants)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

C/A NO.: 10-CP-25-_____

COMPLAINT
(Negligence/Gross Negligence)
(Survival Action)

(Jury Trial Requested)

COMES NOW the Plaintiff above named complaining of the Defendant alleges and says as follows:

1. That the Plaintiff is a citizen and resident of Japer County, South Carolina and brings this action as the Personal Representative of the Estate of Elizabeth Jones.
2. That, upon information and belief, the Defendant Heritage Helathcare of Estill, LLC, d/b/a Heritage of the Lowcountry and/or d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of the Lowcountry (herein after referred to as "Heritage") and entity organized under the laws of the state of South Carolina and that its principal place of business is in Hampton County, South Carolina. At the time of the acts complained of, Heritage was a skilled nursing facility.

3. That upon information and belief, Defendant United Clinical Services, Inc., (herein after "UCS") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

4. That upon information and belief, Defendant United Rehab, Inc., (herein after "UR") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

5. That upon information and belief, Defendant UHS-Pruitt Corporation (herein after "Pruitt") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

6. That upon information and belief, Defendant Pruitt owns, operates, manages and oversees Heritage. It provides for the training, employees and budgetary decisions and needs for Heritage. Pruitt is responsible for the level of care received by residents at Heritage. Defendant UCS provides clinical services to residents at Heritage. Defendant UR provides rehabilitation services to residents at Heritage.

7. That in May 2006, Elizabeth Jones became a resident to the Defendants' nursing facility, and that she paid a fee to the Defendants for her care. That, while a resident of Defendants' facility, Ms. Jones suffered grave and severe injuries.

8. While a resident of Heritage, Ms. Jones developed several pressure sores on her body in August of 2008. That on or about March 19, 2009, Ms. Jones had to have her right leg amputated above the knee due to a pressure sore on her right heel becoming severely infected. Ms. Jones was hospitalized on several occasions for urinary tract infections, dehydration and decubitis ulcers.

FOR A FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION
(Negligence/Gross Negligence)

9. While in the Defendants' care, custody and control, Ms. Jones did suffer grave and severe injuries and humiliation at the facility as a direct and proximate result of the following negligent, reckless, willful, careless, negligent per se and grossly negligent acts of the Defendants, combining and concurring:

- a. In failing to provide adequate care to prevent the development of pressure sores;
- b. In failing to provide sufficient measures to prevent, treat and/or manage contractures;
- c. In failing to provide proper and adequate hydration and nutrition for Ms. Jones;
- d. In failing to exercise reasonable care for the safety and well-being of Ms. Jones under the circumstances;
- e. In failing to properly document Ms. Jones' condition and care that prevented the continuity of care necessary to promote her health and well being;
- f. In failing to have sufficient and properly trained staff to care for its residents;
- g. In failing to provide appropriate clinical services to prevent pressure sores, dehydration and malnutrition;
- h. In failing to provide appropriate rehabilitative services to prevent contractures and pressure sores;
- i. In failing to create, maintain and implement a proper care plan for the management of Ms. Jones' health and well being;

- j. In failing to exercise that degree of care which a reasonably prudent person would have exercised under the same or similar circumstances; and
- k. In such other particulars as the evidence may establish.

10. That as a direct and proximate result of the aforesaid negligent, reckless, willful careless, negligent per se and grossly negligent acts of the Defendants, the deceased Plaintiff suffered grave and sever injuries prior to her death; she had her leg amputated; she was hospitalized; she incurred medical expenses; she suffered a loss of her dignity and individuality; she suffered a diminished quality of life prior to her death; her estate has incurred funeral expenses.

11. That by reason of the foregoing, Plaintiff is informed and believes that she is entitled to judgment against the Defendants on behalf of the Estate of the deceased Plaintiff, for both actual and punitive damages against the Defendants; all of which damages were proximately causes by the Defendants' acts and/or omissions as are more fully set forth above, in an amount as may be set and determined by the trier of fact in this matter.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment against the Defendants for actual damages, together with punitive damages in an appropriate amount, for the costs of this action, and for such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

-Signature Page to Follow-

PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER,
ELTZROTH & DETRICK, P.A.

BY: 

LEE D. COPE, ESQUIRE
101 Mulberry Street East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
(803) 943-2111

Hampton, South Carolina
March __, 2010

AND

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal
Representative of the Estate of
ELIZABETH JONES,)

Plaintiff)

v.)

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE)
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage)
Of the Lowcountry and/or)
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of)
of Lowcountry, UNITED)
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,)
UNITED REHAB, INC., and)
UHS- PRUITT CORPORATION)

Defendants)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

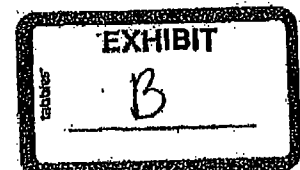
C/A NO.: 10-CP-25-_____

**STANDARD INTERROGATORIES
FOR NOTICE OF INTENT TO FILE SUIT**
(Survival Action)

TO THE DEFENDANT ABOVE NAMED:

The plaintiff in the above case requests that the defendant answer the following
Interrogatories pursuant to Rule 33 of the South Carolina Rules of Civil Procedure.

1. If any defendant is improperly identified, give the proper identification
and state whether counsel will accept service of an amended Notice of Intent and
pleading reflecting the correct identification.
2. Give the name and address of each person whom you know to be a witness
concerning the facts in this case and state whether or not a written or recorded statement
has been taken from each such witness and provide the name and address of each person
who has possession of each such statement.
3. Set forth a list of photographs, plats, sketches, or other prepared
documents in your possession that relate to the claim of this case.



4. Set forth names and addresses of all insurance companies which have liability and underinsured coverage relating to the claim, and set forth the number or numbers of the policies involved and the amount or amounts of liability coverage provided in each policy.

5. List the names and addresses of any expert witnesses whom the party proposes to use as a witness at the trial of the case.

6. For each person known to the party or counsel to be a witness concerning the facts of the case, set forth either a summary sufficient to inform plaintiff of the important facts known to or observed by such witness, or provide a copy of any written or recorded statement taken from such witness.

7. For each person who you expect to call as an expert witness, either in person or by deposition, at the trial of the case, please state the following:

- (a) Give each person's name, business, and residential address, home and office telephone number, and such persons' professional specialty and qualifications;
- (b) State the subject matter on which each person is expected to testify;
- (c) State the substance of the facts and opinions to which each expert is expected to testify.

These interrogatories shall be deemed continuing so as to require supplemental answers if you or your attorney obtain further information between the time answers are served and the time of trial.

-Signature Page to Follow-

PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER,
ELTZROTH & DETRICK, P.A.

BY: 

LEE D. COPE, ESQUIRE
101 Mulberry Street East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924.
(803) 943-2111

Hampton, South Carolina
March __, 2010

AND

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
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Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal)
Representative of the Estate of)
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Plaintiff)

v.)

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CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,)
UNITED REHAB, INC., and)
UHS- PRUITT CORPORATION)

Defendants)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

C/A NO.: 10-CP-25-_____

**PLAINTIFF'S ANSWERS TO
STANDARD INTERROGATORIES
FOR NOTICE OF INTENT TO FILE SUIT
(Survival Action)**

TO THE DEFENDANT ABOVE NAMED:

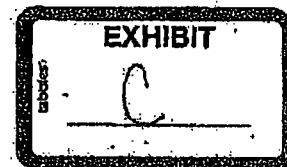
The plaintiff in the above case requests that the defendant answer the following
Interrogatories pursuant to Rule 33 of the South Carolina Rules of Civil Procedure.

1. Give the name and address of each person whom you know to be a witness
concerning the facts in this case and state whether or not a written or recorded statement
has been taken from each such witness and provide the name and address of each person
who has possession of each such statement.

RESPONSE:

Cherry Scott
3471 Cals Pen Bay Road
Pineland, SC 29934

Mrs. Scott is expected to testify as to the is expected to testify about the
injuries and the care that Mrs. Jones received as well as her condition before and



after the incident which is the subject of this action. Mrs. Scott has no written or recorded statement at this time.

Coleen Jenkins
48 Chippa Willow Road
Ridgeland, SC

Mrs. Jenkins is expected to testify as to the is expected to testify about the injuries and the care that Mrs. Jones received as well as her condition before and after the incident which is the subject of this action. Mrs. Jenkins has no written or recorded statement at this time.

Ellen Jenkins
Sally Road
Pineland, SC

Mrs. Jenkins is expected to testify as to the is expected to testify about the injuries and the care that Mrs. Jones received as well as her condition before and after the incident which is the subject of this action. Mrs. Jenkins has no written or recorded statement at this time.

Larceryia Tyson
1821 NW 151 Street
Opa-Locka, FL 33054

Mrs. Tyson is expected to testify as to the is expected to testify about the injuries and the care that Mrs. Jones received as well as her condition before and after the incident which is the subject of this action. Mrs. Tyson has no written or recorded statement at this time.

Levi Tyson
Miami Florida .

Mr. Tyson is expected to testify as to the is expected to testify about the injuries and the care that Mrs. Jones received as well as her condition before and after the incident which is the subject of this action. Mr. Tyson has no written or recorded statement at this time.

Sonny Park, M.D.
Hampton Regional Medical Center
595 Carolina Ave. West
Varnville, SC 29944

Dr. Park is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Park has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**Itai Mupanduki, M.D.
Hampton Regional Medical Center
595 Carolina Ave. West
Varnville, SC 29944**

Dr. Mupanduki is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Mupanduki has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**Brent Armstrong, M.D.
Hampton Regional Medical Center
595 Carolina Ave. West
Varnville, SC 29944**

Dr. Armstrong is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Armstrong has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**Atul Gupta, M.D.
Hampton Regional Medical Center
595 Carolina Ave. West
Varnville, SC 29944**

Dr. Gupta is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Gupta has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**Michael Blubaugh, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488**

Dr. Blubaugh is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Blubaugh has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**Sanjay Kumar, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488**

Dr. Kumar is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Kumar has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**Andrew Calcutt, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488**

Dr. Calcutt is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Calcutt has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**Jeffery Holman, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488**

Dr. Holman is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Holman has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**Randy D. Marosok, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488**

Dr. Marosok is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Marosok has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**Karl D. Stiegler, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488**

Dr. Stiegler is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Stiegler has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**Bozman R. Reeves, Jr., M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488**

Dr. Reeves is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Reeves has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

Kent J. Stock, D.O.

Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488

Dr. Stock is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Stock has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

John H. Lucas, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488

Dr. Lucas is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Lucas has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

All employees at the Defendant's facility that was required to or did provide care to Mrs. Jones.

Plaintiff reserves the right to add additional medical providers as they become known.

2. Set forth a list of photographs, plats, sketches, or other prepared documents in your possession that relate to the claim of this case.

RESPONSE:

Plaintiff has medical records that are related to this lawsuit.

3. Set forth an itemized statement of all damages, exclusive of pain and suffering, claimed to have been sustained by the party.

RESPONSE:

- Loss of enjoyment of Life
- Disfigurement
- Pain and Suffering
- Medical Bills

4. List the names and addresses of any expert witnesses whom the party proposes to use as a witness at the trial of the case.

RESPONSE:

Plaintiff cannot identify any expert that he expects to call at the trial of this case at this early stage of discovery. A supplemental response will be forth coming. Furthermore, the Plaintiff reserves the right to call as an expert any medical provider that assisted Mrs. Jones with the injuries being complained of. Each medical provider's testimony will be based upon his or her education, experience and personal observation and treatment of Mrs. Jones. In addition, the Plaintiff will rely upon expert testimony of the expert who provided an Affidavit of Merit attached to the Notice of Intent to File Suit.

5. For each person who you expect to call as an expert witness, either in person or by deposition, at the trial of the case, please state the following:

- (a) Give each person's name, business, and residential address, home and office telephone number, and such persons' professional specialty and qualifications;
- (b) State the subject matter on which each person is expected to testify;
- (c) State the substance of the facts and opinions to which each expert is expected to testify.

RESPONSE:

Plaintiff cannot identify any expert that he expects to call at the trial of this case at this early stage of discovery. A supplemental response will be forth coming. Furthermore, the Plaintiff reserves the right to call as an expert any medical provider that assisted Mrs. Jones with the injuries being complained of. Each medical provider's testimony will be based upon his or her education, experience and personal observation and treatment of Mrs. Jones. In addition, the Plaintiff will rely upon expert testimony of the expert who provided an Affidavit of Merit attached to the Notice of Intent to File Suit.

-Signature Page to Follow-

**PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER,
ELTZROTH & DETRICK, P.A.**

BY: 

LEE D. COPE, ESQUIRE
101 Mulberry Street East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
(803) 943-2111

Hampton, South Carolina
March __, 2010

AND

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
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ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

CHERRY SCOTT, as
Personal Representative of the
Estate of ELIZABETH JONES,)

Plaintiff)

v.)

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CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,)
UNITED REHAB, INC., and)
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Defendants)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

C/A NO.: 2010-CP-25-_____

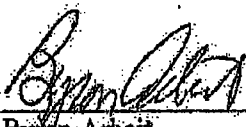
AFFIDAVIT OF MERIT
OF
BYRON ARBEIT

- 1) I am over 18, legally competent, and I make this affidavit based upon medical records provided to me as well as my background, education, training, and experience.
- 2) I am a nursing home administrator licensed to administer nursing homes in Louisiana and Indiana. I have passed my national board exam in nursing home administration in 1982.
- 3) I have been provided the nursing home chart of Mrs. Elizabeth Jones, deceased.
- 4) Based on the materials I have reviewed, it is my opinion that there was a deviation from the standard of care as it related to the care and treatment given Mrs. Jones at Heritage of the Lowcountry. The Defendants failed to provide sufficient interventions to prevent the development of pressure sores and failed to properly care for pressure sores. These deviations substantially

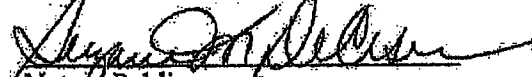


contributed to a decline in Mrs. Jones' health and well-being while a resident at the nursing home.

- 5) In my opinion, more probably than not, proper care and treatment would have prevented the pressure sores that caused the injuries suffered by Mrs. Jones as well as other problems affecting her health and well-being..
- 6) I reserve the right to alter, amend, add, or delete opinions as new information becomes available.


Byron Arbeit

Sworn to and subscribed before me:


Notary Public

Date: 3.4.10



STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

COUNTY OF HAMPTON

CHERRY SCOTT AS PERSONAL
REPRESENTATIVE OF THE ESTATE OF
ELIZABETH JONES

Plaintiff(s)

vs.

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE OF ESTILL, LLC,
D/B/A HERITAGE OF THE LOWCOUNTRY
AND/OR D/B/A UNI-HEALTH POST ACUTE
CARE OF THE LOWCOUNTRY, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC., UNITED REHAB,
INC., AND UHS-FRUITT CORPORATION

Defendant(s)

(Please Print)

Submitted By: Lee D. Cope

Address: PO Box 457

Hampton, SC 29924

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

CIVIL ACTION COVERSHEET

2010-25-CP-126

Survival Action

FILED
2010 MAR 31 AM 10:23
MYLINDA G. NETTLES
CLERK OF COURT
HAMPTON COUNTY, S.C.

SC Bar #: 14361

Telephone #: (803) 914-2006

Fax #: (803) 914-2015

Other:

E-mail: lcope@pmped.com

NOTE: The cover sheet and information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law. This form is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of docketing. It must be filed out completely, signed, and dated. A copy of this cover sheet must be served on the defendant(s) along with the Summons and Complaint.

DOCKETING INFORMATION (Check all that apply)

*If Action is Judgment/Settlement do not complete

- ☒ JURY TRIAL demanded in complaint. ☐ NON-JURY TRIAL demanded in complaint.
☐ This case is subject to ARBITRATION pursuant to the Court Annexed Alternative Dispute Resolution Rules.
☒ This case is subject to MEDIATION pursuant to the Court Annexed Alternative Dispute Resolution Rules.
☐ This case is exempt from ADR. (Proof of ADR/Exemption Attached)

NATURE OF ACTION (Check One Box Below)

Contracts	Torts - Professional Malpractice	Torts - Personal Injury	Real Property
☐ Constructions (100)	☐ Dental Malpractice (200)	☐ Assault/Slander/Libel (300)	☐ Claim & Delivery (400)
☐ Debt Collection (110)	☐ Legal Malpractice (210)	☐ Conversion (310)	☐ Condemnation (410)
☐ Employment (120)	☐ Medical Malpractice (220)	☐ Motor Vehicle Accident (320)	☐ Foreclosure (420)
☐ General (130)	Previous Notice of Intent Case #	☐ Premises Liability (330)	☐ Mechanic's Lien (430)
☐ Breach of Contract (140)	20_____-CP-_____	☐ Products Liability (340)	☐ Partition (440)
☐ Other (199)	☒ Notice/ File Med Mal (230)	☐ Personal Injury (350)	☐ Possession (450)
	☐ Other (299)	☐ Wrongful Death (360)	☐ Building Code Violation (460)
		☐ Other (399)	☐ Other (499)
Inmate Petitions	Judgments/Settlements	Administrative Law/Relief	Appeals
☐ PCR (500)	☐ Death Settlement (700)	☐ Reinstate Driver's License (800)	☐ Arbitration (900)
☐ Mandamus (520)	☐ Foreign Judgment (710)	☐ Judicial Review (810)	☐ Magistrate-Civil (910)
☐ Habeas Corpus (530)	☐ Magistrate's Judgment (720)	☐ Relief (820)	☐ Magistrate-Criminal (920)
☐ Other (599)	☐ Minor Settlement (730)	☐ Permanent Injunction (830)	☐ Municipal (930)
	☐ Transcript Judgment (740)	☐ Forfeiture-Petition (840)	☐ Probate Court (940)
	☐ Lis Pendens (750)	☐ Forfeiture-Consent Order (850)	☐ SCDOT (950)
	☐ Transfer of Structured Settlement Payment Rights Application (760)	☐ Other (899)	☐ Worker's Comp (960)
	☐ Other (799)		☐ Zoning Board (970)
Special/Complex/Other			☐ Public Service Commission (990)
☐ Environmental (600)	☐ Pharmaceuticals (630)		☐ Employment Security Comm (991)
☐ Automobile Arb. (610)	☐ Unfair Trade Practices (640)		☐ Other (999)
☐ Medical (620)	☐ Out-of State Depositions (650)		
☐ Other (699)	☐ Motion to Quash Subpoena in an Out-of-County Action (660)		

☐ Sexual Predator (\$10)

Submitting Party Signature:

Wiley

Date:

Note: Frivolous civil proceedings may be subject to sanctions pursuant to SCRCP, Rule 11, and the South Carolina Frivolous Civil Proceedings Sanctions Act, S.C. Code Ann. §15-36-10 et. seq.

FOR MANDATED ADR COUNTIES ONLY

Allendale, Anderson, Beaufort, Colleton, Florence, Greenville, Hampton, Horry,
Jasper, Lexington, Pickens (Family Court Only), Richland, Union and York

**SUPREME COURT RULES REQUIRE THE SUBMISSION OF ALL CIVIL CASES TO AN ALTERNATIVE
DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCESS, UNLESS OTHERWISE EXEMPT.**

You are required to take the following action(s):

1. The parties shall select a neutral and file a "Proof of ADR" form on or by the 210th day of the filing of this action. If the parties have not selected a neutral within 210 days, the Clerk of Court shall then appoint a primary and secondary mediator from the current roster on a rotating basis from among those mediators agreeing to accept cases in the county in which the action has been filed.
2. The initial ADR conference must be held within 300 days after the filing of the action.
3. Pre-suit medical malpractice mediations required by S.C. Code §15-79-125 shall be held not later than 120 days after all defendants are served with the "Notice of Intent to File Suit" or as the court directs. (Medical malpractice mediation is mandatory statewide.)
4. Cases are exempt from ADR only upon the following grounds:
 - a. Special proceeding, or actions seeking extraordinary relief such as mandamus, habeas corpus, or prohibition;
 - b. Requests for temporary relief;
 - c. Appeals
 - d. Post Conviction relief matters;
 - e. Contempt of Court proceedings;
 - f. Forfeiture proceedings brought by governmental entities;
 - g. Mortgage foreclosures; and
 - h. Cases that have been previously subjected to an ADR conference, unless otherwise required by Rule 3 or by statute.
5. In cases not subject to ADR, the Chief Judge for Administrative Purposes, upon the motion of the court or of any party, may order a case to mediation.
6. Motion of a party to be exempt from payment of neutral fees due to indigency should be filed with the Court within ten (10) days after the ADR conference has been concluded.

**Please Note: You must comply with the Supreme Court Rules regarding ADR.
Failure to do so may affect your case or may result in sanctions.**

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

C/A NO.: 10-CP-25-126

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal
Representative of the Estate of
ELIZABETH JONES,

Plaintiff

v.

AMENDED NOTICE OF INTENT
TO
FILE SUIT
(Survival Action)

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage
Of the Lowcountry and/or
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of
of Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,
UNITED REHAB, INC., and
UHS- PRUITT CORPORATION

Defendants

FILED
2010 MAR 31 AM 10:23
MYLINDA D. HETTES
CLERK OF COURT
HAMPTON COUNTY, S.C.

The Plaintiff, CHERRY SCOTT as Personal Representative of the Estate of ELIZABETH JONES, does hereby submit this Notice of Intent to File Suit and seek a jury trial pursuant to the Survival Action Act of South Carolina, SC Code Ann. §15-5-90 *et seq* and other applicable statutory and/or common law.

1. ADVERSE PARTY.

- a. The adverse parties to this action are, upon information and belief Heritage Healthcare of Estill, LLC d/b/a Heritage of the Lowcountry and/or d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of the Lowcountry (herein after referred to as "Heritage") an entity organized under the laws of South Carolina with its principal place of business in the County of Hampton, South Carolina. At the time of the acts complained of, Heritage was a skilled nursing home

facility. Defendant United Clinical Services, Inc. (herein after "UCS") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina. Defendant United Rehab, Inc., (herein after "UR") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina. Defendant UHS-Pruitt Corporation (herein after "Pruitt") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

- b. Defendant Pruitt owns, operates, manages and oversees Heritage. It provides for the training, employees and budgetary decisions and needs for Heritage. Pruitt is responsible for the level of care received by residents at Heritage.
- c. Defendant UCS provides clinical services to residents at Heritage.
- d. Defendant UR provides rehabilitation services to residents at Heritage.

2. **SHORT AND PLAIN STATEMENT OF THE FACTS
SHOWING THAT THE PARTY FILING THE NOTICE IS
ENTITLED TO RELIEF.**

- a. The Plaintiff, Cherry Scott, is a citizen and resident of the County of Jasper, State of South Carolina. She is the Personal Representative of the Estate of Elizabeth Jones, her sister which is open in Jasper County, South Carolina. She files this action to give

notice of her intent to file a Survival Action on behalf of the Estate of Elizabeth Jones for her conscious pain and suffering and all other damages offered at law. (See Attached Survival Action Summons and Complaint marked as Exhibit A.)

- b. Ms. Jones became a resident of Heritage in May 2006 through the date of death on May 15, 2009.
- c. While a resident at Heritage, she required skilled nursing care from the staff at the nursing home.
- d. The skilled nursing care required included, but was not limited to, proper nutritional support, adequate hydration, range of motion exercises and/or support, proper skin assessments, clinical services, rehabilitation, access to appropriate medical care and attention and reasonable measures to protect and promote quality of life and dignity.
- e. That while a resident of Heritage Ms. Jones developed several pressure sores on her body. On or about March 19, 2009, Ms. Jones had to have her right leg amputated above the knee due to a pressure sore on her right heel that became severely infected. Ms. Jones was hospitalized on several occasions for urinary tract infections, dehydration and decubitis ulcers.
- f. The Defendants and their staff, employees and agents failed to provide the requisite care and, as such, deviated from the standard of care in the following particulars:

1. In failing to provide adequate care to prevent the development of pressure sores;
2. In failing to provide sufficient measures to prevent, treat and/or manage contractures;
3. In failing to provide proper and adequate hydration and nutrition for Ms. Jones;
4. In failing to exercise reasonable care for the safety and well-being of Ms. Jones under the circumstances;
5. In failing to properly document Ms. Jones' condition and care that prevented the continuity of care necessary to promote her health and well being;
6. In failing to have sufficient and properly trained staff to care for its residents;
7. In failing to provide appropriate clinical services to prevent pressure sores and dehydration;
8. In failing to provide appropriate rehabilitative services to prevent contractures and pressure sores;
9. In failing to exercise that degree of care which a reasonably prudent person would have exercised under the same or similar circumstances; and

10. In such other particulars as the evidence may
establish.

- f. That as a direct and proximate result of the aforesaid deviations from the standard of care that were the negligent, reckless, willful careless, negligent per se and grossly negligent acts of the Defendants, the deceased Plaintiff suffered grave and severe injuries prior to her death; she was hospitalized; she had her leg amputated; she incurred medical expenses; she suffered a loss of her dignity and individuality; she suffered a diminished quality of life prior to her death; her estate has uncured funeral expenses and other damages recognized by the law.
- g. That by reason of the foregoing, the Plaintiff is informed and believes that she is entitled to judgment against the Defendants on behalf of the Estate of the deceased Plaintiff for both actual and punitive damages against the Defendants; all of which damages were proximately caused by the Defendants' acts and/or omissions as are more fully set forth above in an amount as may be set and determined by the trier of fact in this matter.

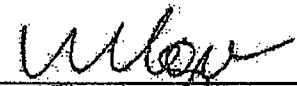
3. **STANDARD INTERROGATORIES - Rule 33(b) SCRCF.**

The information specified in the standard interrogatories *Rule 33(b) SCRCF* is attached hereto as Exhibit B. Exhibit C is Plaintiff's Answers to Standard Interrogatories.

4. **AFFIDAVIT OF EXPERT.**

The affidavit of an expert specifying at least one negligent act or
~~omission claimed to exist and the factual basis for each claim based upon~~
the available evidence at this time is attached hereto pursuant to § 15-36-
100 SCCA. (See Attached Affidavit of Byron Arbeit as Exhibit D.)

**PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER,
ELTZROTH & DETRICK, P.A.**

BY: 

LEE D. COPE, ESQUIRE
101 Mulberry Street East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
(803) 943-2111

Hampton, South Carolina
March __, 2010

AND

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

C/A NO.: 10-CP-25-126

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal
Representative of the Estate of
ELIZABETH JONES,

Plaintiff

v.

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage
Of the Lowcountry and/or
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of
of Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,
UNITED REHAB, INC., and
UHS- PRUITT CORPORATION

Defendants

AMENDED SUMMONS
(Negligence/Gross Negligence)
(Survival Action)
(Jury Trial Requested)

TO THE DEFENDANT ABOVE NAMED:

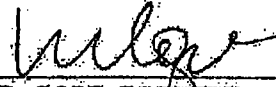
YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED and required to answer the Complaint in this action, of which a copy is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer to said Complaint on the subscribed at their office, 101 Mulberry Street East, Hampton, South Carolina, within thirty (30) days after the service hereof; exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the Complaint within the time aforesaid, judgment by default will be rendered against you for the relief demanded in this Complaint.

-Signature Page to Follow-



**PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER,
ELTZROTH & DETRICK, P.A.**

BY: _____



LEE D. COPE, ESQUIRE
101 Mulberry Street East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
(803) 943-2111

Hampton, South Carolina
March __, 2010

AND

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

~~COUNTY OF HAMPTON~~)

~~C/A NO. 10-GP-25-126~~

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal
Representative of the Estate of
ELIZABETH JONES,

Plaintiff

v.

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage
Of the Lowcountry and/or
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of
of Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,
UNITED REHAB, INC., and
UHS- FRUITT CORPORATION

Defendants

AMENDED COMPLAINT
(Negligence/Gross Negligence)
(Survival Action)

(Jury Trial Requested)

COMES NOW the Plaintiff above named complaining of the Defendant alleges
and says as follows:

1. That the Plaintiff is a citizen and resident of Jasper County, South Carolina
and brings this action as the Personal Representative of the Estate of Elizabeth Jones.
2. That, upon information and belief, the Defendant Heritage Healthcare of
Estill, LLC, d/b/a Heritage of the Lowcountry and/or d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care
of the Lowcountry (herein after referred to as "Heritage") and entity organized under the
laws of the state of South Carolina and that its principal place of business is in Hampton
County, South Carolina. At the time of the acts complained of, Heritage was a skilled
nursing facility.

3. That upon information and belief, Defendant United Clinical Services, Inc., (herein after "UCS") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

4. That upon information and belief, Defendant United Rehab, Inc., (herein after "UR") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

5. That upon information and belief, Defendant UHS-Pruitt Corporation (herein after "Pruitt") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

6. That upon information and belief, Defendant Pruitt owns, operates, manages and oversees Heritage. It provides for the training, employees and budgetary decisions and needs for Heritage. Pruitt is responsible for the level of care received by residents at Heritage. Defendant UCS provides clinical services to residents at Heritage. Defendant UR provides rehabilitation services to residents at Heritage.

7. That in May 2006, Elizabeth Jones became a resident to the Defendants' nursing facility, and that she paid a fee to the Defendants for her care. That, while a resident of Defendants' facility, Ms. Jones suffered grave and severe injuries.

8. While a resident of Heritage, Ms. Jones developed several pressure sores on her body in August of 2008. That on or about March 19, 2009, Ms. Jones had to have her right leg amputated above the knee due to a pressure sore on her right heel becoming severely infected. Ms. Jones was hospitalized on several occasions for urinary tract infections, dehydration and decubitis ulcers.

FOR A FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION
(Negligence/Gross Negligence)

9. While in the Defendants' care, custody and control, Ms. Jones did suffer ~~grave and severe injuries and humiliation at the facility as a direct and proximate result of~~ the following negligent, reckless, willful, careless, negligent per se and grossly negligent acts of the Defendants, combining and concurring:

- a. In failing to provide adequate care to prevent the development of pressure sores;
- b. In failing to provide sufficient measures to prevent, treat and/or manage contractures;
- c. In failing to provide proper and adequate hydration and nutrition for Ms. Jones;
- d. In failing to exercise reasonable care for the safety and well-being of Ms. Jones under the circumstances;
- e. In failing to properly document Ms. Jones' condition and care that prevented the continuity of care necessary to promote her health and well being;
- f. In failing to have sufficient and properly trained staff to care for its residents;
- g. In failing to provide appropriate clinical services to prevent pressure sores, dehydration and malnutrition;
- h. In failing to provide appropriate rehabilitative services to prevent contractures and pressure sores;
- i. In failing to create, maintain and implement a proper care plan for the management of Ms. Jones' health and well being;

j. In failing to exercise that degree of care which a reasonably prudent person would have exercised under the same or similar circumstances; and

k. In such other particulars as the evidence may establish.

10. That as a direct and proximate result of the aforesaid negligent, reckless, willful careless, negligent per se and grossly negligent acts of the Defendants, the deceased Plaintiff suffered grave and sever injuries prior to her death; she had her leg amputated; she was hospitalized; she incurred medical expenses; she suffered a loss of her dignity and individuality; she suffered a diminished quality of life prior to her death; her estate has incurred funeral expenses.

11. That by reason of the foregoing, Plaintiff is informed and believes that she is entitled to judgment against the Defendants on behalf of the Estate of the deceased Plaintiff, for both actual and punitive damages against the Defendants; all of which damages were proximately causes by the Defendants' acts and/or omissions as are more fully set forth above, in an amount as may be set and determined by the trier of fact in this matter.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment against the Defendants for actual damages, together with punitive damages in an appropriate amount, for the costs of this action, and for such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

-Signature Page to Follow-

**PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER,
ELTZROTH & DETRICK, P.A.**

BY: _____


LEE D. COPE, ESQUIRE
101 Mulberry Street East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
(803) 943-2111

Hampton, South Carolina
March __, 2010

AND

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

C/A NO.: 10-CP-25-126

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal)
Representative of the Estate of)
ELIZABETH JONES,)

Plaintiff)

v.)

**STANDARD INTERROGATORIES
FOR NOTICE OF INTENT TO FILE SUIT
(Survival Action)**

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE)
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage)
Of the Lowcountry and/or)
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of)
of Lowcountry, UNITED)
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,)
UNITED REHAB, INC., and)
UHS- PRUITT CORPORATION)

Defendants)

TO THE DEFENDANT ABOVE NAMED:

The plaintiff in the above case requests that the defendant answer the following
Interrogatories pursuant to Rule 33 of the South Carolina Rules of Civil Procedure.

1. If any defendant is improperly identified, give the proper identification
and state whether counsel will accept service of an amended Notice of Intent and
pleading reflecting the correct identification.
2. Give the name and address of each person whom you know to be a witness
concerning the facts in this case and state whether or not a written or recorded statement
has been taken from each such witness and provide the name and address of each person
who has possession of each such statement.
3. Set forth a list of photographs, plats, sketches, or other prepared
documents in your possession that relate to the claim of this case.



4. Set forth names and addresses of all insurance companies which have liability and underinsured coverage relating to the claim, and set forth the number or numbers of the policies involved and the amount or amounts of liability coverage provided in each policy.

5. List the names and addresses of any expert witnesses whom the party proposes to use as a witness at the trial of the case.

6. For each person known to the party or counsel to be a witness concerning the facts of the case, set forth either a summary sufficient to inform plaintiff of the important facts known to or observed by such witness, or provide a copy of any written or recorded statement taken from such witness.

7. For each person who you expect to call as an expert witness, either in person or by deposition, at the trial of the case, please state the following:

- (a) Give each person's name, business, and residential address, home and office telephone number, and such persons' professional specialty and qualifications;
- (b) State the subject matter on which each person is expected to testify;
- (c) State the substance of the facts and opinions to which each expert is expected to testify.

These interrogatories shall be deemed continuing so as to require supplemental answers if you or your attorney obtain further information between the time answers are served and the time of trial.

-Signature Page to Follow-

PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER,
ELTZROTH & DETRICK, P.A.

BY: 

LEE D. COPE, ESQUIRE
101 Mulberry Street East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
(803) 943-2111

Hampton, South Carolina
March __, 2010

AND

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
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ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

C/A NO.: 10-CP-25-126

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal
Representative of the Estate of
ELIZABETH JONES,

Plaintiff

v.

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage
Of the Lowcountry and/or
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of
of Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,
UNITED REHAB, INC., and
UHS- PRUITT CORPORATION

Defendants

**PLAINTIFF'S ANSWERS TO
STANDARD INTERROGATORIES
FOR NOTICE OF INTENT TO FILE SUIT
(Survival Action)**

TO THE DEFENDANT ABOVE NAMED:

The plaintiff in the above case requests that the defendant answer the following
Interrogatories pursuant to Rule 33 of the South Carolina Rules of Civil Procedure.

1. Give the name and address of each person whom you know to be a witness
concerning the facts in this case and state whether or not a written or recorded statement
has been taken from each such witness and provide the name and address of each person
who has possession of each such statement.

RESPONSE:

Cherry Scott
3471 Cals Pen Bay Road
Pineland, SC 29934

Mrs. Scott is expected to testify as to the is expected to testify about the
injuries and the care that Mrs. Jones received as well as her condition before and



after the incident which is the subject of this action. Mrs. Scott has no written or recorded statement at this time.

~~Goleen Jenkins~~
48 Chippa Willow Road
Ridgeland, SC

Mrs. Jenkins is expected to testify as to the is expected to testify about the injuries and the care that Mrs. Jones received as well as her condition before and after the incident which is the subject of this action. Mrs. Jenkins has no written or recorded statement at this time.

Ellen Jenkins
Sally Road
Pineland, SC

Mrs. Jenkins is expected to testify as to the is expected to testify about the injuries and the care that Mrs. Jones received as well as her condition before and after the incident which is the subject of this action. Mrs. Jenkins has no written or recorded statement at this time.

Larcervia Tyson
1821 NW 151 Street
Opa-Locka, FL 33054

Mrs. Tyson is expected to testify as to the is expected to testify about the injuries and the care that Mrs. Jones received as well as her condition before and after the incident which is the subject of this action. Mrs. Tyson has no written or recorded statement at this time.

Levi Tyson
Miami Florida

Mr. Tyson is expected to testify as to the is expected to testify about the injuries and the care that Mrs. Jones received as well as her condition before and after the incident which is the subject of this action. Mr. Tyson has no written or recorded statement at this time.

Sonny Park, M.D.
Hampton Regional Medical Center
595 Carolina Ave. West
Varnville, SC 29944

Dr. Park is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Park has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

Itai Mupanduki, M.D.
Hampton Regional Medical Center
595 Carolina Ave. West
Varnville, SC 29944

Dr. Mupanduki is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Mupanduki has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

Brent Armstrong, M.D.
Hampton Regional Medical Center
595 Carolina Ave. West
Varnville, SC 29944

Dr. Armstrong is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Armstrong has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

Atul Gupta, M.D.
Hampton Regional Medical Center
595 Carolina Ave. West
Varnville, SC 29944

Dr. Gupta is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Gupta has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

Michael Blubaugh, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488

Dr. Blubaugh is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Blubaugh has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

Sanjay Kumar, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488

Dr. Kumar is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Kumar has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**Andrew Calcutt, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488**

Dr. Calcutt is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Calcutt has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**Jeffery Holman, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488**

Dr. Holman is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Holman has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**Randy D. Marosok, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488**

Dr. Marosok is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Marosok has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**Karl D. Stiegler, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488**

Dr. Stiegler is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Stiegler has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**Bozman R. Reeves, Jr., M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488**

Dr. Reeves is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Reeves has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

Kent J. Stock, D.O.

**Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488**

Dr. Stock is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Stock has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**John H. Lucas, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488**

Dr. Lucas is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Lucas has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

All employees at the Defendant's facility that was required to or did provide care to Mrs. Jones.

Plaintiff reserves the right to add additional medical providers as they become known.

2. Set forth a list of photographs, plats, sketches, or other prepared documents in your possession that relate to the claim of this case.

RESPONSE:

Plaintiff has medical records that are related to this lawsuit.

3. Set forth an itemized statement of all damages, exclusive of pain and suffering, claimed to have been sustained by the party.

RESPONSE:

- **Loss of enjoyment of Life**
- **Disfigurement**
- **Pain and Suffering**
- **Medical Bills**

4. List the names and addresses of any expert witnesses whom the party proposes to use as a witness at the trial of the case.

RESPONSE:

Plaintiff cannot identify any expert that he expects to call at the trial of this case at this early stage of discovery. A supplemental response will be forth coming. Furthermore, the Plaintiff reserves the right to call as an expert any medical provider that assisted Mrs. Jones with the injuries being complained of. Each medical provider's testimony will be based upon his or her education, experience and personal observation and treatment of Mrs. Jones. In addition, the Plaintiff will rely upon expert testimony of the expert who provided an Affidavit of Merit attached to the Notice of Intent to File Suit.

5. For each person who you expect to call as an expert witness, either in person or by deposition, at the trial of the case, please state the following:

- (a) Give each person's name, business, and residential address, home and office telephone number, and such persons' professional specialty and qualifications;
- (b) State the subject matter on which each person is expected to testify;
- (c) State the substance of the facts and opinions to which each expert is expected to testify.

RESPONSE:

Plaintiff cannot identify any expert that he expects to call at the trial of this case at this early stage of discovery. A supplemental response will be forth coming. Furthermore, the Plaintiff reserves the right to call as an expert any medical provider that assisted Mrs. Jones with the injuries being complained of. Each medical provider's testimony will be based upon his or her education, experience and personal observation and treatment of Mrs. Jones. In addition, the Plaintiff will rely upon expert testimony of the expert who provided an Affidavit of Merit attached to the Notice of Intent to File Suit.

-Signature Page to Follow-

PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER,
ELTZROTH & DETRICK, P.A.

BY: 

LEE D. COPE, ESQUIRE
101 Mulberry Street East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
(803) 943-2111

Hampton, South Carolina
March __, 2010

AND

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)
COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

C/A NO.: 2010-CP-25-_____

CHERRY SCOTT, as
Personal Representative of the
Estate of ELIZABETH JONES,

Plaintiff

v.

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage
Of the Lowcountry and/or
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of
of Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,
UNITED REHAB, INC., and
UHS- PRUITT CORPORATION

Defendants

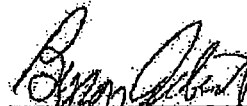
AFFIDAVIT OF MERIT
OF
BYRON ARBEIT

- 1) I am over 18, legally competent, and I make this affidavit based upon medical records provided to me as well as my background, education, training, and experience.
- 2) I am a nursing home administrator licensed to administer nursing homes in Louisiana and Indiana. I have passed my national board exam in nursing home administration in 1982.
- 3) I have been provided the nursing home chart of Mrs. Elizabeth Jones, deceased.
- 4) Based on the materials I have reviewed, it is my opinion that there was a deviation from the standard of care as it related to the care and treatment given Mrs. Jones at Heritage of the Lowcountry. The Defendants failed to provide sufficient interventions to prevent the development of pressure sores and failed to properly care for pressure sores. These deviations substantially

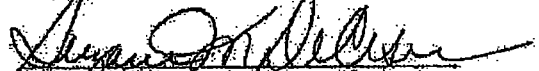


contributed to a decline in Mrs. Jones' health and well-being while a resident at the nursing home.

- 5) In my opinion, more probably than not, proper care and treatment would have prevented the pressure sores that caused the injuries suffered by Mrs. Jones as well as other problems affecting her health and well-being..
- 6) I reserve the right to alter, amend, add, or delete opinions as new information becomes available.


Byron Arbeit

Sworn to and subscribed before me:


Notary Public

Date: 3.4.10



Exhibit 6

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

COUNTY OF HAMPTON

CHERRY SCOTT AS PERSONAL
REPRESENTATIVE OF THE ESTATE OF
ELIZABETH JONES

Plaintiff(s)

vs.

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE OF ESTILL, LLC,
D/B/A HERITAGE OF THE LOWCOUNTRY
AND/OR D/B/A UNI-HEALTH POST ACUTE
CARE OF THE LOWCOUNTRY, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC., UNITED REHAB,
INC., AND UHS-PRUITT CORPORATION

Defendant(s)

(Please Print)
Submitted By: Lee D. Cope
Address: PO Box 457
Hampton, SC 29924

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

CIVIL ACTION COVERSHEET

2010-25-CP-127

BY
MYLINDA D. NETTLES
CLERK OF COURT
HAMPTON COUNTY, SC

2010 MAR 23 AM 10:13

FILED

SC Bar #: 14361
Telephone #: (803) 914-2006
Fax #: (803) 914-2015
Other:
E-mail: lcope@pmped.com

NOTE: The cover sheet and information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law. This form is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of docketing. It must be filled out completely, signed, and dated. A copy of this cover sheet must be served on the defendant(s) along with the Summons and Complaint.

DOCKETING INFORMATION (Check all that apply)

**If Action is Judgment/Settlement do not complete*

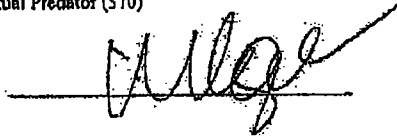
- ☒ JURY TRIAL demanded in complaint. ☐ NON-JURY TRIAL demanded in complaint.
☐ This case is subject to ARBITRATION pursuant to the Court Annexed Alternative Dispute Resolution Rules.
☒ This case is subject to MEDIATION pursuant to the Court Annexed Alternative Dispute Resolution Rules.
☐ This case is exempt from ADR. (Proof of ADR/Exemption Attached)

NATURE OF ACTION (Check One Box Below)

Contracts ☐ Constructions (100) ☐ Debt Collection (110) ☐ Employment (120) ☐ General (130) ☐ Breach of Contract (140) ☐ Other (199)	Torts - Professional Malpractice ☐ Dental Malpractice (200) ☐ Legal Malpractice (210) ☐ Medical Malpractice (220) Previous Notice of Intent Case # 20-CP- ☒ Notice/ File Med Mal (230) ☐ Other (299)	Torts - Personal Injury ☐ Assault/Slander/Libel (300) ☐ Conversion (310) ☐ Motor Vehicle Accident (320) ☐ Premises Liability (330) ☐ Products Liability (340) ☐ Personal Injury (350) ☐ Wrongful Death (360) ☐ Other (399)	Real Property ☐ Claim & Delivery (400) ☐ Condemnation (410) ☐ Foreclosure (420) ☐ Mechanic's Lien (430) ☐ Partition (440) ☐ Possession (450) ☐ Building Code Violation (460) ☐ Other (499)
Inmate Petitions ☐ PCR (500) ☐ Mandamus (520) ☐ Habeas Corpus (530) ☐ Other (599)	Judgments/Settlements ☐ Death Settlement (700) ☐ Foreign Judgment (710) ☐ Magistrate's Judgment (720) ☐ Minor Settlement (730) ☐ Transcript Judgment (740) ☐ Lis Pendens (750) ☐ Transfer of Structured Settlement Payment Rights Application (760) ☐ Other (799)	Administrative Law/Relief ☐ Reinstate Driver's License (800) ☐ Judicial Review (810) ☐ Relief (820) ☐ Permanent Injunction (830) ☐ Forfeiture-Petition (840) ☐ Forfeiture-Consent Order (850) ☐ Other (899)	Appeals ☐ Arbitration (900) ☐ Magistrate-Civil (910) ☐ Magistrate-Criminal (920) ☐ Municipal (930) ☐ Probate Court (940) ☐ SCDOT (950) ☐ Worker's Comp (960) ☐ Zoning Board (970) ☐ Public Service Commission (990) ☐ Employment Security Comm (991) ☐ Other (999)
Special/Complex /Other ☐ Environmental (600) ☐ Automobile Arb. (610) ☐ Medical (620) ☐ Other (699)	☐ Pharmaceuticals (630) ☐ Unfair Trade Practices (640) ☐ Out-of State Depositions (650) ☐ Motion to Quash Subpoena in an Out-of-County Action (660)		

☐ Sexual Predator (§10)

Submitting Party Signature: _____

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be 'M. Lopez', written over a horizontal line.

Date: _____

Note: Frivolous civil proceedings may be subject to sanctions pursuant to SCRPC, Rule 11, and the South Carolina Frivolous Civil Proceedings Sanctions Act, S.C. Code Ann. §15-36-10 et. seq.

FOR MANDATED ADR COUNTIES ONLY

Allendale, Anderson, Beaufort, Colleton, Florence, Greenville, Hampton, Horry,
Jasper, Lexington, Pickens (Family Court Only), Richland, Union and York

SUPREME COURT RULES REQUIRE THE SUBMISSION OF ALL CIVIL CASES TO AN ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCESS, UNLESS OTHERWISE EXEMPT.

You are required to take the following action(s):

1. The parties shall select a neutral and file a "Proof of ADR" form on or by the 210th day of the filing of this action. If the parties have not selected a neutral within 210 days, the Clerk of Court shall then appoint a primary and secondary mediator from the current roster on a rotating basis from among those mediators agreeing to accept cases in the county in which the action has been filed.
2. The initial ADR conference must be held within 300 days after the filing of the action.
3. Pre-suit medical malpractice mediations required by S.C. Code §15-79-125 shall be held not later than 120 days after all defendants are served with the "Notice of Intent to File Suit" or as the court directs. (Medical malpractice mediation is mandatory statewide.)
4. Cases are exempt from ADR only upon the following grounds:
 - a. Special proceeding, or actions seeking extraordinary relief such as mandamus, habeas corpus, or prohibition;
 - b. Requests for temporary relief;
 - c. Appeals
 - d. Post Conviction relief matters;
 - e. Contempt of Court proceedings;
 - f. Forfeiture proceedings brought by governmental entities;
 - g. Mortgage foreclosures; and
 - h. Cases that have been previously subjected to an ADR conference, unless otherwise required by Rule 3 or by statute.
5. In cases not subject to ADR, the Chief Judge for Administrative Purposes, upon the motion of the court or of any party, may order a case to mediation.
6. Motion of a party to be exempt from payment of neutral fees due to indigency should be filed with the Court within ten (10) days after the ADR conference has been concluded.

Please Note: You must comply with the Supreme Court Rules regarding ADR.
Failure to do so may affect your case or may result in sanctions.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)
COUNTY OF HAMPTON)
CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal)
Representative of the Estate of)
ELIZABETH JONES,)
Plaintiff)
v.)
HERITAGE HEALTHCARE)
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage)
Of the Lowcountry and/or)
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of)
of Lowcountry, UNITED)
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,)
UNITED REHAB, INC., and)
UHS- PRUITT CORPORATION)
Defendants)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS
C/A NO.: 10-CP-25-_____

NOTICE OF INTENT
TO
FILE SUIT
(*Wrongful Death*)

FILED
2010 MAR 23 AM 10:13
MYLINDA D. NETTLES
CLERK OF COURT
HAMPTON COUNTY, S.C.

The Plaintiff, CHERRY SCOTT as Personal Representative of the Estate of ELIZABETH JONES, does hereby submit this Notice of Intent to File Suit and seek a jury trial pursuant to the Wrongful Death Act of South Carolina, SC. Code Ann.15-51-10 et seq and other applicable statutory and/or common law.

ADVERSE PARTY.

- a. The adverse parties to this action are, upon information and belief Heritage Healthcare of Estill, LLC d/b/a Heritage of the Lowcountry and/or d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of the Lowcountry (herein after referred to as "Heritage") an entity organized under the laws of South Carolina with its principal place of business in the County of Hampton, South Carolina. At the time of the acts complained of, Heritage was a skilled nursing home

facility. Defendant United Clinical Services, Inc. (herein after "UCS") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina. Defendant United Rehab, Inc., (herein after "UR") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina. Defendant UHS-Pruitt Corporation (herein after "Pruitt") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

- b. Defendant Pruitt owns, operates, manages and oversees Heritage. It provides for the training, employees and budgetary decisions and needs for Heritage. Pruitt is responsible for the level of care received by residents at Heritage.
- c. Defendant UCS provides clinical services to residents at Heritage.
- d. Defendant UR provides rehabilitation services to residents at Heritage.

2. **SHORT AND PLAIN STATEMENT OF THE FACTS
SHOWING THAT THE PARTY FILING THE NOTICE IS
ENTITLED TO RELIEF.**

- a. The Plaintiff, Cherry Scott, is a citizen and resident of the County of Jasper, State of South Carolina. She is the Personal Representative of the Estate of Elizabeth Jones, her mother which is open in Jasper County, South Carolina. She files this action to

give notice of her intent to file a Survival Action on behalf of the Estate of Elizabeth Jones for her conscious pain and suffering and all other damages offered at law. (See Attached Survival Action Summons and Complaint marked as Exhibit A.)

- b Ms. Jones became a resident of Heritage in May 2006 through the date of death on May 15, 2009.
- c While a resident at Heritage, she required skilled nursing care from the staff at the nursing home.
- d The skilled nursing care required included, but was not limited to, proper nutritional support, adequate hydration, range of motion exercises and/or support, proper skin assessments, clinical services, rehabilitation, access to appropriate medical care and attention and reasonable measures to protect and promote quality of life and dignity.
- e That while a resident of Heritage Ms. Jones developed several pressure sores on her body. On or about March 19, 2009, Ms. Jones had to have her right leg amputated above the knee due to a pressure sore on her right heel that became severely infected. Ms. Jones was hospitalized on several occasions for urinary tract infections, dehydration and decubitis ulcers.
- f The Defendants and their staff, employees and agents failed to provide the requisite care and, as such, deviated from the standard of care in the following particulars:

1. In failing to provide adequate care to prevent the development of pressure sores;
2. In failing to provide sufficient measures to prevent, treat and/or manage contractures;
3. In failing to provide proper and adequate hydration and nutrition for Ms. Jones;
4. In failing to exercise reasonable care for the safety and well-being of Ms. Jones under the circumstances;
5. In failing to properly document Ms. Jones' condition and care that prevented the continuity of care necessary to promote her health and well being;
6. In failing to have sufficient and properly trained staff to care for its residents;
7. In failing to provide appropriate clinical services to prevent pressure sores and dehydration;
8. In failing to provide appropriate rehabilitative services to prevent contractures and pressure sores;
9. In failing to exercise that degree of care which a reasonably prudent person would have exercised under the same or similar circumstances; and

10. In such other particulars as the evidence may establish.

- f. That as a direct and proximate result of the aforesaid deviations from the standard of care that were the negligent, reckless, willful careless, negligent per se and grossly negligent acts of the Defendants, the deceased Plaintiff's beneficiaries have suffered grief, sorrow, mental anguish, and all of the damages which accompany the loss of a loved one; the beneficiaries have suffered pecuniary loss, all to the Plaintiff's actual and punitive damages.
- g. That by reason of the foregoing, the Plaintiff is informed and believes that she is entitled to judgment against the Defendants on behalf of the Estate of the deceased Plaintiff for both actual and punitive damages against the Defendants; all of which damages were proximately caused by the Defendants' acts and/or omissions as are more fully set forth above in an amount as may be set and determined by the trier of fact in this matter.

3. **STANDARD INTERROGATORIES - Rule 33(b) SCRCP.**

The information specified in the standard interrogatories Rule 33(b) SCRCP is attached hereto as Exhibit B. Exhibit C is Plaintiff's Answers to Standard Interrogatories.

4. **AFFIDAVIT OF EXPERT.**

The affidavit of an expert specifying at least one negligent act or omission claimed to exist and the factual basis for each claim based upon

the available evidence at this time is attached hereto pursuant to § 15-36-
100 SCCA. (See Attached Affidavit of Byron Arbeit as Exhibit D.)

**PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER,
ELTZROTH & DETRICK, P.A.**

BY: 

LEE D. COPE, ESQUIRE
101 Mulberry Street East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
(803) 943-2111

Hampton, South Carolina
March __, 2010

AND

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal)
Representative of the Estate of)
ELIZABETH JONES,)

Plaintiff)

v.)

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE)
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage)
Of the Lowcountry and/or)
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of)
of Lowcountry, UNITED)
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,)
UNITED REHAB, INC., and)
UHS- PRUITT CORPORATION)

Defendants)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

C/A NO.: 10-CP-25-_____

SUMMONS

(Negligence/Gross Negligence)

(Wrongful Death)

(Jury Trial Requested)

TO THE DEFENDANT ABOVE NAMED:

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED and required to answer the Complaint in this action, of which a copy is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer to said Complaint on the subscribed at their office, 101 Mulberry Street East, Hampton, South Carolina, within thirty (30) days after the service hereof; exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the Complaint within the time aforesaid, judgment by default will be rendered against you for the relief demanded in this Complaint.

-Signature Page to Follow-



PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER,
ELTZROTH & DETRICK, P.A.

BY: 

LEE D. COPE, ESQUIRE
101 Mulberry Street East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
(803) 943-2111

Hampton, South Carolina
March __, 2010

AND

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)
)
COUNTY OF HAMPTON)
)
CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal)
Representative of the Estate of)
ELIZABETH JONES,)
)
Plaintiff)
v.)
)
HERITAGE HEALTHCARE)
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage)
Of the Lowcountry and/or)
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of)
of Lowcountry, UNITED)
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,)
UNITED REHAB, INC., and)
UHS- PRUITT CORPORATION)
)
Defendants)
)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

C/A NO.: 10-CP-25-_____

COMPLAINT
(Negligence/Gross Negligence)
(Wrongful Death)

(Jury Trial Requested)

COMES NOW the Plaintiff above named complaining of the Defendant alleges and says as follows:

1. That the Plaintiff is a citizen and resident of Japer County, South Carolina and brings this action as the Personal Representative of the Estate of Elizabeth Jones.
2. That, upon information and belief, the Defendant Heritage Helathcare of Estill, LLC, d/b/a Heritage of the Lowcountry and/or d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of the Lowcountry (herein after referred to as "Heritage") and entity organized under the laws of the state of South Carolina and that its principal place of business is in Hampton County, South Carolina. At the time of the acts complained of, Heritage was a skilled nursing facility.

3. That upon information and belief, Defendant United Clinical Services, Inc., (herein after "UCS") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

4. That upon information and belief, Defendant United Rehab, Inc., (herein after "UR") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

5. That upon information and belief, Defendant UHS-Pruitt Corporation (herein after "Pruitt") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

6. That upon information and belief, Defendant Pruitt owns, operates, manages and oversees Heritage. It provides for the training, employees and budgetary decisions and needs for Heritage. Pruitt is responsible for the level of care received by residents at Heritage. Defendant UCS provides clinical services to residents at Heritage. Defendant UR provides rehabilitation services to residents at Heritage.

7. That in May 2006, Elizabeth Jones became a resident to the Defendants' nursing facility, and that she paid a fee to the Defendants for her care. That, while a resident of Defendants' facility, Ms. Jones suffered grave and severe injuries.

8. While a resident of Heritage, Ms. Jones developed several pressure sores on her body in August of 2008. That on or about March 19, 2009, Ms. Jones had to have her right leg amputated above the knee due to a pressure sore on her right heel becoming severely infected. Ms. Jones was hospitalized on several occasions for urinary tract infections, dehydration and decubitis ulcers.

FOR A FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION
(Negligence/Gross Negligence)

9. While in the Defendants' care, custody and control, Ms. Jones did suffer grave and severe injuries and humiliation at the facility as a direct and proximate result of the following negligent, reckless, willful, careless, negligent per se and grossly negligent acts of the Defendants, combining and concurring:

- a. In failing to provide adequate care to prevent the development of pressure sores;
- b. In failing to provide sufficient measures to prevent, treat and/or manage contractures;
- c. In failing to provide proper and adequate hydration and nutrition for Ms. Jones;
- d. In failing to exercise reasonable care for the safety and well-being of Ms. Jones under the circumstances;
- e. In failing to properly document Ms. Jones' condition and care that prevented the continuity of care necessary to promote her health and well being;
- f. In failing to have sufficient and properly trained staff to care for its residents;
- g. In failing to provide appropriate clinical services to prevent pressure sores, dehydration and malnutrition;
- h. In failing to provide appropriate rehabilitative services to prevent contractures and pressure sores;
- i. In failing to create, maintain and implement a proper care plan for the management of Ms. Jones' health and well being;

j. In failing to exercise that degree of care which a reasonably prudent person would have exercised under the same or similar circumstances; and

k. In such other particulars as the evidence may establish.

10. That as a direct and proximate result of the aforesaid negligent, reckless, willful careless, negligent per se and grossly negligent acts of the Defendants, the deceased Plaintiff's beneficiaries have suffered grief, sorrow, mental anguish, and all of the damages which accompany the loss of a loved one; the beneficiaries have suffered pecuniary loss, all to the Plaintiff's actual and punitive damages.

11. That by reason of the foregoing, Plaintiff is informed and believes that she is entitled to judgment against the Defendants on behalf of the Estate of the deceased Plaintiff, for both actual and punitive damages against the Defendants; all of which damages were proximately caused by the Defendants' acts and/or omissions as are more fully set forth above, in an amount as may be set and determined by the trier of fact in this matter.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment against the Defendants for actual damages, together with punitive damages in an appropriate amount, for the costs of this action, and for such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

-Signature Page to Follow-

PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER,
ELTZROTH & DETRICK, P.A.

BY: 

LEE D. COPE, ESQUIRE
101 Mulberry Street East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
(803) 943-2111

Hampton, South Carolina
March __, 2010

AND

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal)
Representative of the Estate of)
ELIZABETH JONES,)

Plaintiff)

v.)

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE)
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage)
Of the Lowcountry and/or)
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of)
of Lowcountry, UNITED)
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,)
UNITED REHAB, INC., and)
UHS- PRUITT CORPORATION)

Defendants)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

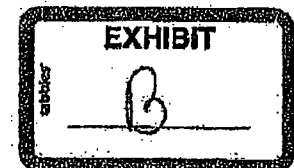
C/A NO.: 10-CP-25-_____

**STANDARD INTERROGATORIES
FOR NOTICE OF INTENT TO FILE SUIT
(Wrongful Death)**

TO THE DEFENDANT ABOVE NAMED:

The plaintiff in the above case requests that the defendant answer the following Interrogatories pursuant to Rule 33 of the South Carolina Rules of Civil Procedure.

1. If any defendant is improperly identified, give the proper identification and state whether counsel will accept service of an amended Notice of Intent and pleading reflecting the correct identification.
2. Give the name and address of each person whom you know to be a witness concerning the facts in this case and state whether or not a written or recorded statement has been taken from each such witness and provide the name and address of each person who has possession of each such statement.
3. Set forth a list of photographs, plats, sketches, or other prepared documents in your possession that relate to the claim of this case.



4. Set forth names and addresses of all insurance companies which have liability and underinsured coverage relating to the claim, and set forth the number or numbers of the policies involved and the amount or amounts of liability coverage provided in each policy.

5. List the names and addresses of any expert witnesses whom the party proposes to use as a witness at the trial of the case.

6. For each person known to the party or counsel to be a witness concerning the facts of the case, set forth either a summary sufficient to inform plaintiff of the important facts known to or observed by such witness, or provide a copy of any written or recorded statement taken from such witness.

7. For each person who you expect to call as an expert witness, either in person or by deposition, at the trial of the case, please state the following:

- (a) Give each person's name, business, and residential address, home and office telephone number, and such persons' professional specialty and qualifications;
- (b) State the subject matter on which each person is expected to testify;
- (c) State the substance of the facts and opinions to which each expert is expected to testify.

These interrogatories shall be deemed continuing so as to require supplemental answers if you or your attorney obtain further information between the time answers are served and the time of trial.

-Signature Page to Follow-

PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER,
ELTZROTH & DETRICK, P.A.

BY: 

LEE D. COPE, ESQUIRE
101 Mulberry Street East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
(803) 943-2111

Hampton, South Carolina
March ___, 2010

AND

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)
COUNTY OF HAMPTON)
CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal)
Representative of the Estate of)
ELIZABETH JONES,)
Plaintiff)
v.)
HERITAGE HEALTHCARE)
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage)
Of the Lowcountry and/or)
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of)
of Lowcountry, UNITED)
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,)
UNITED REHAB, INC., and)
UHS- FRUITT CORPORATION)
Defendants)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

C/A NO.: 10-CP-25-_____

PLAINTIFF'S ANSWERS TO
STANDARD INTERROGATORIES
FOR NOTICE OF INTENT TO FILE SUIT
(Wrongful Death)

TO THE DEFENDANT ABOVE NAMED:

The plaintiff in the above case requests that the defendant answer the following
Interrogatories pursuant to Rule 33 of the South Carolina Rules of Civil Procedure.

1. Give the name and address of each person whom you know to be a witness
concerning the facts in this case and state whether or not a written or recorded statement
has been taken from each such witness and provide the name and address of each person
who has possession of each such statement.

RESPONSE:

Cherry Scott
3471 Cals Pen Bay Road
Pineland, SC 29934

Mrs. Scott is expected to testify as to the is expected to testify about the
injuries and the care that Mrs. Jones received as well as her condition before and



after the incident which is the subject of this action. Mrs. Scott has no written or recorded statement at this time.

Coleen Jenkins
48 Chippa Willow Road
Ridgeland, SC

Mrs. Jenkins is expected to testify as to the is expected to testify about the injuries and the care that Mrs. Jones received as well as her condition before and after the incident which is the subject of this action. Mrs. Jenkins has no written or recorded statement at this time.

Ellen Jenkins
Sally Road
Pineland, SC

Mrs. Jenkins is expected to testify as to the is expected to testify about the injuries and the care that Mrs. Jones received as well as her condition before and after the incident which is the subject of this action. Mrs. Jenkins has no written or recorded statement at this time.

Larcervia Tyson
1821 NW 151 Street
Opa-Locka, FL 33054

Mrs. Tyson is expected to testify as to the is expected to testify about the injuries and the care that Mrs. Jones received as well as her condition before and after the incident which is the subject of this action. Mrs. Tyson has no written or recorded statement at this time.

Levi Tyson
Miami Florida

Mr. Tyson is expected to testify as to the is expected to testify about the injuries and the care that Mrs. Jones received as well as her condition before and after the incident which is the subject of this action. Mr. Tyson has no written or recorded statement at this time.

Sonny Park, M.D.
Hampton Regional Medical Center
595 Carolina Ave. West
Varnville, SC 29944

Dr. Park is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Park has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**Itai Mupanduki, M.D.
Hampton Regional Medical Center
595 Carolina Ave. West
Varnville, SC 29944**

Dr. Mupanduki is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Mupanduki has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**Brent Armstrong, M.D.
Hampton Regional Medical Center
595 Carolina Ave. West
Varnville, SC 29944**

Dr. Armstrong is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Armstrong has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**Atul Gupta, M.D.
Hampton Regional Medical Center
595 Carolina Ave. West
Varnville, SC 29944**

Dr. Gupta is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Gupta has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**Michael Blubaugh, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488**

Dr. Blubaugh is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Blubaugh has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**Sanjay Kumar, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488**

Dr. Kumar is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Kumar has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**Andrew Calcutt, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488**

Dr. Calcutt is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Calcutt has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**Jeffery Holman, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488**

Dr. Holman is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Holman has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**Randy D. Marosok, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488**

Dr. Marosok is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Marosok has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**Karl D. Stiegler, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488**

Dr. Stiegler is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Stiegler has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**Bozman R. Reeves, Jr., M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488**

Dr. Reeves is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Reeves has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

Kent J. Stock, D.O.

Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488

Dr. Stock is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Stock has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

John H. Lucas, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488

Dr. Lucas is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Lucas has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

All employees at the Defendant's facility that was required to or did provide care to Mrs. Jones.

Plaintiff reserves the right to add additional medical providers as they become known.

2. Set forth a list of photographs, plats, sketches, or other prepared documents in your possession that relate to the claim of this case.

RESPONSE:

Plaintiff has medical records that are related to this lawsuit.

3. Set forth an itemized statement of all damages, exclusive of pain and suffering, claimed to have been sustained by the party.

RESPONSE:

- Loss of enjoyment of Life
- Disfigurement
- Pain and Suffering
- Medical Bills

4. List the names and addresses of any expert witnesses whom the party proposes to use as a witness at the trial of the case.

RESPONSE:

Plaintiff cannot identify any expert that he expects to call at the trial of this case at this early stage of discovery. A supplemental response will be forth coming. Furthermore, the Plaintiff reserves the right to call as an expert any medical provider that assisted Mrs. Jones with the injuries being complained of. Each medical provider's testimony will be based upon his or her education, experience and personal observation and treatment of Mrs. Jones. In addition, the Plaintiff will rely upon expert testimony of the expert who provided an Affidavit of Merit attached to the Notice of Intent to File Suit.

5. For each person who you expect to call as an expert witness, either in person or by deposition, at the trial of the case, please state the following:

- (a) Give each person's name, business, and residential address, home and office telephone number, and such persons' professional specialty and qualifications;
- (b) State the subject matter on which each person is expected to testify;
- (c) State the substance of the facts and opinions to which each expert is expected to testify.

RESPONSE:

Plaintiff cannot identify any expert that he expects to call at the trial of this case at this early stage of discovery. A supplemental response will be forth coming. Furthermore, the Plaintiff reserves the right to call as an expert any medical provider that assisted Mrs. Jones with the injuries being complained of. Each medical provider's testimony will be based upon his or her education, experience and personal observation and treatment of Mrs. Jones. In addition, the Plaintiff will rely upon expert testimony of the expert who provided an Affidavit of Merit attached to the Notice of Intent to File Suit.

-Signature Page to Follow-

**PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER,
ELTZROTH & DETRICK, P.A.**

BY: 

LEE D. COPE, ESQUIRE
101 Mulberry Street East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
(803) 943-2111

Hampton, South Carolina
March __, 2010

AND

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

CHERRY SCOTT, as
Personal Representative of the
Estate of ELIZABETH JONES,)

Plaintiff)

v.)

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage
Of the Lowcountry and/or
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of
of Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,
UNITED REHAB, INC., and
UHS- PRUITT CORPORATION)

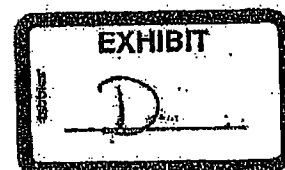
Defendants)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

C/A NO.: 2010-CP-25-_____

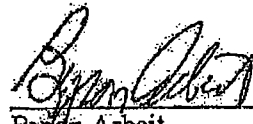
**AFFIDAVIT OF MERIT
OF
BYRON ARBETT**

- 1) I am over 18, legally competent, and I make this affidavit based upon medical records provided to me as well as my background, education, training, and experience.
- 2) I am a nursing home administrator licensed to administer nursing homes in Louisiana and Indiana. I have passed my national board exam in nursing home administration in 1982.
- 3) I have been provided the nursing home chart of Mrs. Elizabeth Jones, deceased.
- 4) Based on the materials I have reviewed, it is my opinion that there was a deviation from the standard of care as it related to the care and treatment given Mrs. Jones at Heritage of the Lowcountry. The Defendants failed to provide sufficient interventions to prevent the development of pressure sores and failed to properly care for pressure sores. These deviations substantially

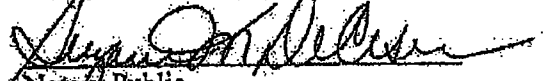


contributed to a decline in Mrs. Jones' health and well-being while a resident at the nursing home.

- 5) In my opinion, more probably than not, proper care and treatment would have prevented the pressure sores that caused the injuries suffered by Mrs. Jones as well as other problems affecting her health and well-being.
- 6) I reserve the right to alter, amend, add, or delete opinions as new information becomes available.


Byron Arbeit

Sworn to and subscribed before me:


Notary Public

Date: 3.4.10



STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

COUNTY OF HAMPTON

CHERRY SCOTT AS PERSONAL
REPRESENTATIVE OF THE ESTATE OF
ELIZABETH JONES

Plaintiff(s)

VS.

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE OF ESTILL, LLC,
D/B/A HERITAGE OF THE LOWCOUNTRY
AND/OR D/B/A UNI-HEALTH POST ACUTE
CARE OF THE LOWCOUNTRY, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC., UNITED REHAB,
INC., AND UHS-PRUITT CORPORATION

Defendant(s)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

CIVIL ACTION COVERSHEET

2010-25-CP-127

Wrongful Death

(Please Print)

Submitted By: Lee D. Cope

Address: PO Box 457
Hampton, SC 29924

SC Bar #: 14361

Telephone #: (803) 914-2006

Fax #: (803) 914-2015

Other:

E-mail: lcope@pmped.com

NOTE: The cover sheet and information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law. This form is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of docketing. It must be filled out completely, signed, and dated. A copy of this cover sheet must be served on the defendant(s) along with the Summons and Complaint.

DOCKETING INFORMATION (Check all that apply)

*If Action is Judgment/Settlement do not complete

- ☒ JURY TRIAL demanded in complaint. ☐ NON-JURY TRIAL demanded in complaint.
☐ This case is subject to ARBITRATION pursuant to the Court Annexed Alternative Dispute Resolution Rules.
☒ This case is subject to MEDIATION pursuant to the Court Annexed Alternative Dispute Resolution Rules.
☐ This case is exempt from ADR. (Proof of ADR/Exemption Attached)

NATURE OF ACTION (Check One Box Below)

- Contracts**
☐ Constructions (100)
☐ Debt Collection (110)
☐ Employment (120)
☐ General (130)
☐ Breach of Contract (140)
☐ Other (199)

- Torts - Professional Malpractice**
☐ Dental Malpractice (200)
☐ Legal Malpractice (210)
☐ Medical Malpractice (220)
Previous Notice of Intent Case #
20 -CP-
☒ Notice of File Med Mal (230)
☐ Other (299)

- Torts - Personal Injury**
☐ Assault/Slander/Libel (300)
☐ Conversion (310)
☐ Motor Vehicle Accident (320)
☐ Premises Liability (330)
☐ Products Liability (340)
☐ Personal Injury (350)
☐ Wrongful Death (360)
☐ Other (399)

- Real Property**
☐ Claim & Delivery (400)
☐ Condemnation (410)
☐ Foreclosure (420)
☐ Mechanic's Lien (430)
☐ Partition (440)
☐ Possession (450)
☐ Building Code Violation (460)
☐ Other (499)

- Inmate Petitions**
☐ PCR (500)
☐ Mandamus (520)
☐ Habeas Corpus (530)
☐ Other (599)

- Judgments/Settlements**
☐ Death Settlement (700)
☐ Foreign Judgment (710)
☐ Magistrate's Judgment (720)
☐ Minor Settlement (730)
☐ Transcript Judgment (740)
☐ Lis Pendens (750)
☐ Transfer of Structured Settlement; Payment Rights Application (760)
☐ Other (799)

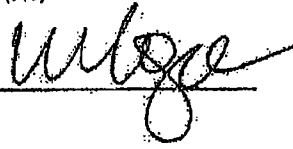
- Administrative Law/Relief**
☐ Reinstatement Driver's License (800)
☐ Judicial Review (810)
☐ Relief (820)
☐ Permanent Injunction (830)
☐ Forfeiture-Petition (840)
☐ Forfeiture-Consent Order (850)
☐ Other (899)

- Appeals**
☐ Arbitration (900)
☐ Magistrate-Civil (910)
☐ Magistrate-Criminal (920)
☐ Municipal (930)
☐ Probate Court (940)
☐ SCDOT (950)
☐ Worker's Comp (960)
☐ Zoning Board (970)
☐ Public Service Commission (990)
☐ Employment Security Comm (991)
☐ Other (999)

- Special/Complex /Other**
☐ Environmental (600)
☐ Automobile Arb. (610)
☐ Medical (620)
☐ Other (699)
☐ Pharmaceuticals (630)
☐ Unfair Trade Practices (640)
☐ Out-of-State Depositions (650)
☐ Motion to Quash Subpoena in an Out-of-County Action (660)

☐ Sexual Predator (510)

Submitting Party Signature: _____

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "W. Lopez", written over a horizontal line.

Date: _____

Note: Frivolous civil proceedings may be subject to sanctions pursuant to SCRPC, Rule 11, and the South Carolina Frivolous Civil Proceedings Sanctions Act, S.C. Code Ann. §15-36-10 et. seq.

FOR MANDATED ADR COUNTIES ONLY

Allendale, Anderson, Beaufort, Colleton, Florence, Greenville, Hampton, Horry,
Jasper, Lexington, Pickens (Family Court Only), Richland, Union and York

**SUPREME COURT RULES REQUIRE THE SUBMISSION OF ALL CIVIL CASES TO AN ALTERNATIVE
DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCESS, UNLESS OTHERWISE EXEMPT.**

~~You are required to take the following action(s):~~

1. The parties shall select a neutral and file a "Proof of ADR" form on or by the 210th day of the filing of this action. If the parties have not selected a neutral within 210 days, the Clerk of Court shall then appoint a primary and secondary mediator from the current roster on a rotating basis from among those mediators agreeing to accept cases in the county in which the action has been filed.
2. The initial ADR conference must be held within 300 days after the filing of the action.
3. Pre-suit medical malpractice mediations required by S.C. Code §15-79-125 shall be held not later than 120 days after all defendants are served with the "Notice of Intent to File Suit" or as the court directs. (Medical malpractice mediation is mandatory statewide.)
4. Cases are exempt from ADR only upon the following grounds:
 - a. Special proceeding, or actions seeking extraordinary relief such as mandamus, habeas corpus, or prohibition;
 - b. Requests for temporary relief;
 - c. Appeals
 - d. Post Conviction relief matters;
 - e. Contempt of Court proceedings;
 - f. Forfeiture proceedings brought by governmental entities;
 - g. Mortgage foreclosures; and
 - h. Cases that have been previously subjected to an ADR conference, unless otherwise required by Rule 3 or by statute.
5. In cases not subject to ADR, the Chief Judge for Administrative Purposes, upon the motion of the court or of any party, may order a case to mediation.
6. Motion of a party to be exempt from payment of neutral fees due to indigency should be filed with the Court within ten (10) days after the ADR conference has been concluded.

**Please Note: You must comply with the Supreme Court Rules regarding ADR.
Failure to do so may affect your case or may result in sanctions.**

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

C/A NO.: 10-CP-25-127

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal
Representative of the Estate of
ELIZABETH JONES,

Plaintiff

v.

AMENDED NOTICE OF INTENT

TO

FILE SUIT

(Wrongful Death)

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage
Of the Lowcountry and/or
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of
of Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,
UNITED REHAB, INC., and
UHS- PRUITT CORPORATION

Defendants

FILED
2010 MAR 31 AM 10:22
MYLINDA B. NETTLES
CLERK OF COURT
HAMPTON COUNTY, S.C.

The Plaintiff, CHERRY SCOTT as Personal Representative of the Estate of ELIZABETH JONES, does hereby submit this Notice of Intent to File Suit and seek a jury trial pursuant to the Wrongful Death Act of South Carolina, SC. Code Ann.15-51-10 et seq and other applicable statutory and/or common law.

ADVERSE PARTY.

- a. The adverse parties to this action are, upon information and belief Heritage Healthcare of Estill, LLC d/b/a Heritage of the Lowcountry and/or d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of the Lowcountry (herein after referred to as "Heritage") an entity organized under the laws of South Carolina with its principal place of business in the County of Hampton, South Carolina. At the time of the acts complained of, Heritage was a skilled nursing home

facility. Defendant United Clinical Services, Inc. (herein after "UCS") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina. Defendant United Rehab, Inc., (herein after "UR") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina. Defendant UHS-Pruitt Corporation (herein after "Pruitt") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

- b. Defendant Pruitt owns, operates, manages and oversees Heritage. It provides for the training, employees and budgetary decisions and needs for Heritage. Pruitt is responsible for the level of care received by residents at Heritage.
- c. Defendant UCS provides clinical services to residents at Heritage.
- d. Defendant UR provides rehabilitation services to residents at Heritage.

2. **SHORT AND PLAIN STATEMENT OF THE FACTS
SHOWING THAT THE PARTY FILING THE NOTICE IS
ENTITLED TO RELIEF.**

- a. The Plaintiff, Cherry Scott, is a citizen and resident of the County of Jasper, State of South Carolina. She is the Personal Representative of the Estate of Elizabeth Jones, her sister which is open in Japer County, South Carolina. She files this action to give

notice of her intent to file a Survival Action on behalf of the Estate of Elizabeth Jones for her conscious pain and suffering and all other damages offered at law. (See Attached Survival Action Summons and Complaint marked as Exhibit A.)

- b Ms. Jones became a resident of Heritage in May 2006 through the date of death on May 15, 2009.
- c. While a resident at Heritage, she required skilled nursing care from the staff at the nursing home.
- d. The skilled nursing care required included, but was not limited to, proper nutritional support, adequate hydration, range of motion exercises and/or support, proper skin assessments, clinical services, rehabilitation, access to appropriate medical care and attention and reasonable measures to protect and promote quality of life and dignity.
- e. That while a resident of Heritage Ms. Jones developed several pressure sores on her body. On or about March 19, 2009, Ms. Jones had to have her right leg amputated above the knee due to a pressure sore on her right heel that became severely infected. Ms. Jones was hospitalized on several occasions for urinary tract infections, dehydration and decubitis ulcers.
- f. The Defendants and their staff, employees and agents failed to provide the requisite care and, as such, deviated from the standard of care in the following particulars:

1. In failing to provide adequate care to prevent the development of pressure sores;
2. In failing to provide sufficient measures to prevent, treat and/or manage contractures;
3. In failing to provide proper and adequate hydration and nutrition for Ms. Jones;
4. In failing to exercise reasonable care for the safety and well-being of Ms. Jones under the circumstances;
5. In failing to properly document Ms. Jones' condition and care that prevented the continuity of care necessary to promote her health and well being;
6. In failing to have sufficient and properly trained staff to care for its residents;
7. In failing to provide appropriate clinical services to prevent pressure sores and dehydration;
8. In failing to provide appropriate rehabilitative services to prevent contractures and pressure sores;
9. In failing to exercise that degree of care which a reasonably prudent person would have exercised under the same or similar circumstances; and

10. In such other particulars as the evidence may establish.

- f. That as a direct and proximate result of the aforesaid deviations from the standard of care that were the negligent, reckless, willful careless, negligent per se and grossly negligent acts of the Defendants, the deceased Plaintiff's beneficiaries have suffered grief, sorrow, mental anguish, and all of the damages which accompany the loss of a loved one; the beneficiaries have suffered pecuniary loss, all to the Plaintiff's actual and punitive damages.
- g. That by reason of the foregoing, the Plaintiff is informed and believes that she is entitled to judgment against the Defendants on behalf of the Estate of the deceased Plaintiff for both actual and punitive damages against the Defendants; all of which damages were proximately caused by the Defendants' acts and/or omissions as are more fully set forth above in an amount as may be set and determined by the trier of fact in this matter.

3. **STANDARD INTERROGATORIES - Rule 33(b) SCRCF.**

The information specified in the standard interrogatories Rule 33(b) SCRCF is attached hereto as Exhibit B. Exhibit C is Plaintiff's Answers to Standard Interrogatories.

4. **AFFIDAVIT OF EXPERT.**

The affidavit of an expert specifying at least one negligent act or omission claimed to exist and the factual basis for each claim based upon

the available evidence at this time is attached hereto pursuant to § 15-36-

100 SCCA. (See Attached Affidavit of Byron Arbeit as Exhibit D.)

**PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER,
ELTZROTH & DETRICK, P.A.**

BY: 

LEE D. COPE, ESQUIRE
101 Mulberry Street East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
(803) 943-2111

Hampton, South Carolina
March __, 2010

AND

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)
COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS
C/A NO.: 10-CP-25-127

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal)
Representative of the Estate of)
ELIZABETH JONES,)
Plaintiff)

v,)

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE)
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage)
Of the Lowcountry and/or)
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of)
of Lowcountry, UNITED)
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,)
UNITED REHAB, INC., and)
UHS- PRUITT CORPORATION)

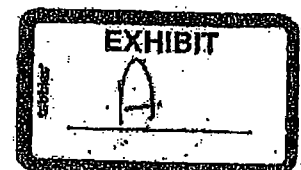
Defendants)

AMENDED SUMMONS
(Negligence/Gross Negligence)
(Wrongful Death)
(Jury Trial Requested)

TO THE DEFENDANT ABOVE NAMED:

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED and required to answer the Complaint in this action, of which a copy is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer to said Complaint on the subscribed at their office, 101 Mulberry Street East, Hampton, South Carolina, within thirty (30) days after the service hereof; exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the Complaint within the time aforesaid, judgment by default will be rendered against you for the relief demanded in this Complaint.

-Signature Page to Follow-



PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER,
ELTZROTH & DETRICK, P.A.

BY: 

LEE D. COPE, ESQUIRE
101 Mulberry Street East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
(803) 943-2111

Hampton, South Carolina
March __, 2010

AND

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

~~COUNTY OF HAMPTON~~

~~C/A NO. 10 CP 25-127~~

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal
Representative of the Estate of
ELIZABETH JONES,

Plaintiff

v.

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage
Of the Lowcountry and/or
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of
of Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,
UNITED REHAB, INC., and
UHS- PRUITT CORPORATION

Defendants

AMENDED COMPLAINT
(Negligence/Gross Negligence)
(Wrongful Death)

(Jury Trial Requested)

COMES NOW the Plaintiff above named complaining of the Defendant alleges
and says as follows:

1. That the Plaintiff is a citizen and resident of Japer County, South Carolina
and brings this action as the Personal Representative of the Estate of Elizabeth Jones.
2. That, upon information and belief, the Defendant Heritage Helathcare of
Estill, LLC, d/b/a Heritage of the Lowcountry and/or d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care
of the Lowcountry (herein after referred to as "Heritage") and entity organized under the
laws of the state of South Carolina and that its principal place of business is in Hampton
County, South Carolina. At the time of the acts complained of, Heritage was a skilled
nursing facility.

3. That upon information and belief, Defendant United Clinical Services, Inc., (herein after "UCS") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

4. That upon information and belief, Defendant United Rehab, Inc., (herein after "UR") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

5. That upon information and belief, Defendant UHS-Pruitt Corporation (herein after "Pruitt") is a corporation believed to be organized under the laws of Georgia but that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

6. That upon information and belief, Defendant Pruitt owns, operates, manages and oversees Heritage. It provides for the training, employees and budgetary decisions and needs for Heritage. Pruitt is responsible for the level of care received by residents at Heritage. Defendant UCS provides clinical services to residents at Heritage. Defendant UR provides rehabilitation services to residents at Heritage.

7. That in May 2006, Elizabeth Jones became a resident to the Defendants' nursing facility, and that she paid a fee to the Defendants for her care. That, while a resident of Defendants' facility, Ms. Jones suffered grave and severe injuries.

8. While a resident of Heritage, Ms. Jones developed several pressure sores on her body in August of 2008. That on or about March 19, 2009, Ms. Jones had to have her right leg amputated above the knee due to a pressure sore on her right heel becoming severely infected. Ms. Jones was hospitalized on several occasions for urinary tract infections, dehydration and decubitis ulcers.

FOR A FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION
(Negligence/Gross Negligence)

9. While in the Defendants' care, custody and control, Ms. Jones did suffer ~~grave and severe injuries and humiliation at the facility as a direct and proximate result of~~ the following negligent, reckless, willful, careless, negligent per se and grossly negligent acts of the Defendants, combining and concurring:

- a. In failing to provide adequate care to prevent the development of pressure sores;
- b. In failing to provide sufficient measures to prevent, treat and/or manage contractures;
- c. In failing to provide proper and adequate hydration and nutrition for Ms. Jones;
- d. In failing to exercise reasonable care for the safety and well-being of Ms. Jones under the circumstances;
- e. In failing to properly document Ms. Jones' condition and care that prevented the continuity of care necessary to promote her health and well being;
- f. In failing to have sufficient and properly trained staff to care for its residents;
- g. In failing to provide appropriate clinical services to prevent pressure sores, dehydration and malnutrition;
- h. In failing to provide appropriate rehabilitative services to prevent contractures and pressure sores;
- i. In failing to create, maintain and implement a proper care plan for the management of Ms. Jones' health and well being;

j. In failing to exercise that degree of care which a reasonably prudent person would have exercised under the same or similar circumstances; and

k. In such other particulars as the evidence may establish.

10. That as a direct and proximate result of the aforesaid negligent, reckless, willful careless, negligent per se and grossly negligent acts of the Defendants, the deceased Plaintiff's beneficiaries have suffered grief, sorrow, mental anguish, and all of the damages which accompany the loss of a loved one; the beneficiaries have suffered pecuniary loss, all to the Plaintiff's actual and punitive damages.

11. That by reason of the foregoing, Plaintiff is informed and believes that she is entitled to judgment against the Defendants on behalf of the Estate of the deceased Plaintiff, for both actual and punitive damages against the Defendants; all of which damages were proximately caused by the Defendants' acts and/or omissions as are more fully set forth above, in an amount as may be set and determined by the trier of fact in this matter.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment against the Defendants for actual damages, together with punitive damages in an appropriate amount, for the costs of this action, and for such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

-Signature Page to Follow-

PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER,
ELTZROTH & DETRICK, P.A.

BY: 

LEE D. COPE, ESQUIRE
101 Mulberry Street East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
(803) 943-2111

Hampton, South Carolina
March __, 2010

AND

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

C/A NO.: 10-CP-25-127

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal
Representative of the Estate of
ELIZABETH JONES,

Plaintiff

v.

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage
Of the Lowcountry and/or
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of
of Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,
UNITED REHAB, INC., and
UHS- PRUITT CORPORATION

Defendants

**STANDARD INTERROGATORIES
FOR NOTICE OF INTENT TO FILE SUIT
(Wrongful Death)**

TO THE DEFENDANT ABOVE NAMED:

The plaintiff in the above case requests that the defendant answer the following Interrogatories pursuant to Rule 33 of the South Carolina Rules of Civil Procedure.

1. If any defendant is improperly identified, give the proper identification and state whether counsel will accept service of an amended Notice of Intent and pleading reflecting the correct identification.
2. Give the name and address of each person whom you know to be a witness concerning the facts in this case and state whether or not a written or recorded statement has been taken from each such witness and provide the name and address of each person who has possession of each such statement.
3. Set forth a list of photographs, plats, sketches, or other prepared documents in your possession that relate to the claim of this case.



4. Set forth names and addresses of all insurance companies which have liability and underinsured coverage relating to the claim, and set forth the number or numbers of the policies involved and the amount or amounts of liability coverage provided in each policy.

5. List the names and addresses of any expert witnesses whom the party proposes to use as a witness at the trial of the case.

6. For each person known to the party or counsel to be a witness concerning the facts of the case, set forth either a summary sufficient to inform plaintiff of the important facts known to or observed by such witness, or provide a copy of any written or recorded statement taken from such witness.

7. For each person who you expect to call as an expert witness, either in person or by deposition, at the trial of the case, please state the following:

- (a) Give each person's name, business, and residential address, home and office telephone number, and such persons' professional specialty and qualifications;
- (b) State the subject matter on which each person is expected to testify;
- (c) State the substance of the facts and opinions to which each expert is expected to testify.

These interrogatories shall be deemed continuing so as to require supplemental answers if you or your attorney obtain further information between the time answers are served and the time of trial.

-Signature Page to Follow-

**PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER,
ELTZROTH & DETRICK, P.A.**

BY: 

LEE D. COPE, ESQUIRE
101 Mulberry Street East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
(803) 943-2111

Hampton, South Carolina
March __, 2010

AND

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)
COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS
C/A NO.: 10-CP-25-127

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal
Representative of the Estate of
ELIZABETH JONES,

Plaintiff

v.

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage
Of the Lowcountry and/or
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of
of Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,
UNITED REHAB, INC., and
UHS- PRUITT CORPORATION

Defendants

**PLAINTIFF'S ANSWERS TO
STANDARD INTERROGATORIES
FOR NOTICE OF INTENT TO FILE SUIT
(Wrongful Death)**

TO THE DEFENDANT ABOVE NAMED:

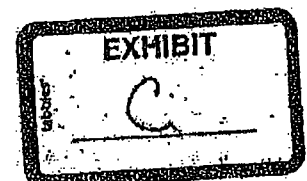
The plaintiff in the above case requests that the defendant answer the following
Interrogatories pursuant to Rule 33 of the South Carolina Rules of Civil Procedure.

1. Give the name and address of each person whom you know to be a witness
concerning the facts in this case and state whether or not a written or recorded statement
has been taken from each such witness and provide the name and address of each person
who has possession of each such statement.

RESPONSE:

Cherry Scott
3471 Cals Pen Bay Road
Pineland, SC 29934

Mrs. Scott is expected to testify as to the is expected to testify about the
injuries and the care that Mrs. Jones received as well as her condition before and



after the incident which is the subject of this action. Mrs. Scott has no written or recorded statement at this time.

~~Gileen Jenkins~~
48 Chippa Willow Road
Ridgeland, SC

Mrs. Jenkins is expected to testify as to the is expected to testify about the injuries and the care that Mrs. Jones received as well as her condition before and after the incident which is the subject of this action. Mrs. Jenkins has no written or recorded statement at this time.

Ellen Jenkins
Sally Road
Pineland, SC

Mrs. Jenkins is expected to testify as to the is expected to testify about the injuries and the care that Mrs. Jones received as well as her condition before and after the incident which is the subject of this action. Mrs. Jenkins has no written or recorded statement at this time.

Larcervia Tyson
1821 NW 151 Street
Opa-Locka, Fl 33054

Mrs. Tyson is expected to testify as to the is expected to testify about the injuries and the care that Mrs. Jones received as well as her condition before and after the incident which is the subject of this action. Mrs. Tyson has no written or recorded statement at this time.

Levi Tyson
Miami Florida

Mr. Tyson is expected to testify as to the is expected to testify about the injuries and the care that Mrs. Jones received as well as her condition before and after the incident which is the subject of this action. Mr. Tyson has no written or recorded statement at this time.

Sonny Park, M.D.
Hampton Regional Medical Center
595 Carolina Ave. West
Varnville, SC 29944

Dr. Park is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Park has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**Itai Mupanduki, M.D.
Hampton Regional Medical Center
595 Carolina Ave. West
Varnville, SC 29944**

Dr. Mupanduki is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Mupanduki has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**Brent Armstrong, M.D.
Hampton Regional Medical Center
595 Carolina Ave. West
Varnville, SC 29944**

Dr. Armstrong is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Armstrong has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**Atul Gupta, M.D.
Hampton Regional Medical Center
595 Carolina Ave. West
Varnville, SC 29944**

Dr. Gupta is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Gupta has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**Michael Blubaugh, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488**

Dr. Blubaugh is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Blubaugh has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**Sanjay Kumar, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488**

Dr. Kumar is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Kumar has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

Andrew Calcutt, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488

Dr. Calcutt is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Calcutt has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

Jeffery Holman, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488

Dr. Holman is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Holman has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

Randy D. Marosok, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488

Dr. Marosok is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Marosok has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

Karl D. Stiegler, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488

Dr. Stiegler is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Stiegler has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

Bozman R. Reeves, Jr., M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488

Dr. Reeves is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Reeves has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

Kent J. Stock, D.O.

**Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488**

Dr. Stock is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Stock has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

**John H. Lucas, M.D.
Colleton Medical Center
501 Robertson Blvd.
Walterboro, SC 29488**

Dr. Lucas is expected to testify regarding the care and treatment that he provided to Mrs. Jones. Dr. Lucas has not written or recorded statement other than medical records.

All employees at the Defendant's facility that was required to or did provide care to Mrs. Jones.

Plaintiff reserves the right to add additional medical providers as they become known.

2. Set forth a list of photographs, plats, sketches, or other prepared documents in your possession that relate to the claim of this case.

RESPONSE:

Plaintiff has medical records that are related to this lawsuit.

3. Set forth an itemized statement of all damages, exclusive of pain and suffering, claimed to have been sustained by the party.

RESPONSE:

- Loss of enjoyment of Life**
- Disfigurement**
- Pain and Suffering**
- Medical Bills**

4. List the names and addresses of any expert witnesses whom the party proposes to use as a witness at the trial of the case.

RESPONSE:

Plaintiff cannot identify any expert that he expects to call at the trial of this case at this early stage of discovery. A supplemental response will be forth coming. Furthermore, the Plaintiff reserves the right to call as an expert any medical provider that assisted Mrs. Jones with the injuries being complained of. Each medical provider's testimony will be based upon his or her education, experience and personal observation and treatment of Mrs. Jones. In addition, the Plaintiff will rely upon expert testimony of the expert who provided an Affidavit of Merit attached to the Notice of Intent to File Suit.

5. For each person who you expect to call as an expert witness, either in person or by deposition, at the trial of the case, please state the following:

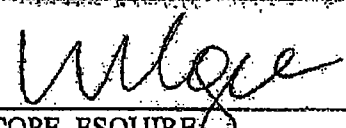
- (a) Give each person's name, business, and residential address, home and office telephone number, and such persons' professional specialty and qualifications;
- (b) State the subject matter on which each person is expected to testify;
- (c) State the substance of the facts and opinions to which each expert is expected to testify.

RESPONSE:

Plaintiff cannot identify any expert that he expects to call at the trial of this case at this early stage of discovery. A supplemental response will be forth coming. Furthermore, the Plaintiff reserves the right to call as an expert any medical provider that assisted Mrs. Jones with the injuries being complained of. Each medical provider's testimony will be based upon his or her education, experience and personal observation and treatment of Mrs. Jones. In addition, the Plaintiff will rely upon expert testimony of the expert who provided an Affidavit of Merit attached to the Notice of Intent to File Suit.

-Signature Page to Follow-

**PETERS, MURDAUGH, PARKER,
ELTZROTH & DETRICK, P.A.**

BY: 

LEE D. COPE, ESQUIRE
101 Mulberry Street East
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924
(803) 943-2111

Hampton, South Carolina
March __, 2010

AND

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

C/A NO.: 2010-CP-25-_____

CHERRY SCOTT, as
Personal Representative of the
Estate of ELIZABETH JONES,

Plaintiff

v.

AFFIDAVIT OF MERIT

OF

BYRON ARBEIT

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE
OF BSTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage
Of the Lowcountry and/or
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of
of Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,
UNITED REHAB, INC., and
UHS- PRUITT CORPORATION

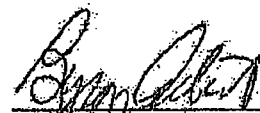
Defendants

- 1) I am over 18, legally competent, and I make this affidavit based upon medical records provided to me as well as my background, education, training, and experience.
- 2) I am a nursing home administrator licensed to administer nursing homes in Louisiana and Indiana. I have passed my national board exam in nursing home administration in 1982.
- 3) I have been provided the nursing home chart of Mrs. Elizabeth Jones, deceased.
- 4) Based on the materials I have reviewed, it is my opinion that there was a deviation from the standard of care as it related to the care and treatment given Mrs. Jones at Heritage of the Lowcountry. The Defendants failed to provide sufficient interventions to prevent the development of pressure sores and failed to properly care for pressure sores. These deviations substantially

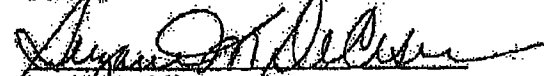


contributed to a decline in Mrs. Jones' health and well-being while a resident at the nursing home.

- 5) In my opinion, more probably than not, proper care and treatment would have prevented the pressure sores that caused the injuries suffered by Mrs. Jones as well as other problems affecting her health and well-being..
- 6) I reserve the right to alter, amend, add, or delete opinions as new information becomes available.


Byron Arbeit

Sworn to and subscribed before me:


Notary Public

Date: 3.4.10



Exhibit 7



**Resident and Facility
Arbitration Agreement**
Please Read Carefully

It is hereby understood and agreed by Heritage of the Low Country and Ellen Jenkins and or "Authorized Representative", together referred to as the "Resident") that, regardless of any other agreement or understanding between the Facility and the Resident, any and all controversies, claims, disputes, disagreements or demands of any kind (referred to as a "Claim" or "Claims") arising out of or relating to the Resident's Admission Agreement with the Facility (the "Admission Agreement") or any service or care provided to the Resident by the Facility shall be settled exclusively by binding arbitration. This means that the parties are waiving their right to a trial before a jury or a judge.

1. Claims. For purposes of this Arbitration Agreement, a Claim shall include, without being limited to, a claim for payment, nonpayment, or refund for services rendered to the Resident by the Facility, violations of any right granted to the Resident by law or by the Admission Agreement, breach of contract, fraud or misrepresentation, negligence, gross negligence, malpractice, or any other claim based on any departure from accepted standards of medical or health care or safety whether sounding in tort or in contract.

This Arbitration Agreement shall in no way, however, limit the Resident's right to file a grievance or complaint, formal or informal, with the Facility, the long-term care ombudsman, or any appropriate government agency. This Arbitration Agreement does not affect the Facility's duties with respect to the provision of care and treatment.

2. Proceeding. Any arbitration proceeding that takes place under this Arbitration Agreement shall follow the rules of the American Arbitration Association ("AAA") and any resulting decision shall be enforceable by a court of competent jurisdiction. The arbitration proceeding shall be conducted where the Facility is located or as close to the Facility as practical. The arbitration proceeding shall be conducted before one neutral arbitrator selected in accordance with the rules of the AAA. The parties agree to bear their own attorneys' fees and costs associated with the arbitration proceeding.

All related to the same incident, transaction, or related course of care or services, must be arbitrated in one arbitration proceeding. Any claim that arose before the date that a notice of arbitration is given to the Facility or received by the resident must be presented in the arbitration proceeding for which notice is given or it shall be considered waived and forever barred.

3. Awards. The Resident and the Facility agree that any damages awarded as a result of arbitration under this Arbitration Agreement shall be determined in accordance with state or federal law that is applicable to a comparable civil action, including any prerequisites to, credit against, or limitations on, such

damages. The prevailing party in the arbitration proceeding or in any legal proceedings connected to the arbitration proceeding or this Arbitration Agreement shall be entitled to recover any reasonable attorneys' fees and costs that are actually incurred as a result.

4. Binding Effect. The parties intend that this Arbitration Agreement shall benefit and be binding upon the parties, their successors and assigns, including the agents, employees of the Facility, and anyone whose Claim is derived through or on behalf of the Resident, including, without being limited to, any parent, spouse, child, guardian, executor, administrator, legal representative, or heir of the Resident.
5. Applicable Law. The Resident and the Facility acknowledge and agree that the Resident's Arbitration Agreement effects a transaction involving interstate commerce, therefore the enforcement of this Arbitration Agreement shall be governed by federal law, specifically, the Federal Arbitration Act, notwithstanding any contrary provision of the Admission Agreement or state law. Furthermore, the provisions of this Arbitration Agreement remain in effect after the Resident's Admission Agreement has been terminated.
6. Right to Consultation. The Resident understands that the Resident has the right to consult an attorney of his or her choice about this Arbitration Agreement and to receive an explanation or clarification from the Facility's admissions coordinator. The Resident is not required to sign this Arbitration Agreement in order to be admitted to or to remain in the Facility.

BY SIGNING THIS AGREEMENT, THE RESIDENT ACKNOWLEDGES THAT THE RESIDENT HAS HAD THE OPPORTUNITY TO READ THIS AGREEMENT OR IT HAS BEEN READ TO THE RESIDENT AND THE RESIDENT UNDERSTANDS ITS CONTENTS.

Resident's Signature

Date

Elizabeth Jones
Printed Name of Resident/Patient

[Signature]
Resident's Authorized Representative

4-17-07
Date

Ellen Jenkins
Printed Name of Resident's Authorized Representative

Sally Adams, 550
Facility's Authorized Agent

4-17-07
Date

Sally Dobson
Printed Name of Facility's Authorized Agent

Initial

Exhibit 8

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Healthcare Policy Statement

As a result of a review of its caseload in the health care area, the American Arbitration Association has announced that it will no longer accept the administration of cases involving individual patients without a post-dispute agreement to arbitrate. In order to provide sufficient notice to provide for an orderly transition, this change will become effective on January 1, 2003.

AAA, the world's largest provider of alternative dispute resolution services, has also determined that there will be no change in the administration of cases in the health care area where businesses, providers, health care companies, or other entities are involved on both sides of the dispute.

Distinguishing a patient undergoing health care treatment from other situations involving an individual, AAA has determined that they will continue to administer pre-dispute agreements to arbitrate in all areas outside of the health care field, as long as there are appropriate due process safeguards as defined by the courts.

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- [AAA MISSION & PRINCIPLES](#)
- [PRIVACY POLICY](#)
- [TERMS OF USE](#)
- [TECHNICAL RECOMMENDATIONS](#)

- ©2007 AMERICAN ARBITRATION ASSOCIATION. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED

Exhibit 9

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

COUNTY OF HAMPTON)

C/A NO.: 2010-CP-25-

CHERRY SCOTT, as
Personal Representative of the
Estate of ELIZABETH JONES,

Plaintiff

v.

AFFIDAVIT OF MERIT
OF
BYRON ARBEIT

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE
OF ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage
Of the Lowcountry and/or
d/b/a Uni-Health Post Acute Care of
of Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.,
UNITED REHAB, INC., and
UHS- PRUITT CORPORATION

Defendants

- 1) I am over 18, legally competent, and I make this affidavit based upon medical records provided to me as well as my background, education, training, and experience.
- 2) I am a nursing home administrator licensed to administer nursing homes in Louisiana and Indiana. I have passed my national board exam in nursing home administration in 1982.
- 3) I have been provided the nursing home chart of Mrs. Elizabeth Jones, deceased.
- 4) Based on the materials I have reviewed, it is my opinion that there was a deviation from the standard of care as it related to the care and treatment given Mrs. Jones at Heritage of the Lowcountry. The Defendants failed to provide sufficient interventions to prevent the development of pressure sores and failed to properly care for pressure sores. These deviations substantially

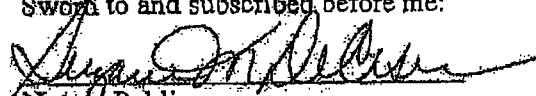


contributed to a decline in Mrs. Jones' health and well-being while a resident at the nursing home.

- 5) In my opinion, more probably than not, proper care and treatment would have prevented the pressure sores that caused the injuries suffered by Mrs. Jones as well as other problems affecting her health and well-being..
- 6) I reserve the right to alter, amend, add, or delete opinions as new information becomes available.


Byron Arbeit

Signed to and subscribed before me:


Notary Public

Date: 3.4.10



Exhibit 10

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

COUNTY OF: JASPER

IN THE MATTER OF:

QUEEN ELIZABETH TYSON JONES

IN THE PROBATE COURT

RENUNCIATION OF RIGHT TO ADMINISTRATION AND/OR
NOMINATION AND/OR WAIVER OF BOND

CASE NUMBER: 2009-ES-27-00054

The undersigned hereby (check all that apply):

- ☒ renounces his/her right to serve as Personal Representative of the captioned estate.
- ☒ nominates the following person to serve as Personal Representative.
- ☒ I agree to waive bond for the person(s) nominated below:

Name: Cherry Scott
Address: 3471 Calf Pen Bay Road
Pineland, SC 29934

I understand this is effective only to the extent the law allows for nomination and waiver of bond.

Executed this day of , 20

Witnessed by:

Theresa Polite

Signature: [Signature]

Name: Ellen Jenkins

Address: Salley Road
Pineland, SC 29934

E-mail: _____

Telephone (O): _____

(H): _____

*Must be a disinterested party not related to the decedent, the beneficiary, or the personal representative.

2009 JUL 29 AM 10:55
JOSEPH A. ALPHRUS, JR.
PROBATE COURT
JASPER COUNTY, SC
FILED

Exhibit 11

**HERITAGE HEALTHCARE OF ESTILL, LLC**

*Note: This online database was last updated on 10/3/2011 6:01:29 PM.
See our Disclaimer.*

DOMESTIC / FOREIGN:	Domestic
STATUS:	Good Standing
STATE OF INCORPORATION / ORGANIZATION:	SOUTH CAROLINA Profit

REGISTERED AGENT INFORMATION

REGISTERED AGENT NAME:	C T CORPORATION SYSTEM
ADDRESS:	2 Office Park Court
CITY:	Columbia
STATE:	SC
ZIP:	29223
SECOND ADDRESS:	Suite 103
FILE DATE:	09/06/2006
EFFECTIVE DATE:	09/06/2006
DISSOLVED DATE:	//

Corporation History Records

CODE	FILE DATE	COMMENT	Document
Agent	05/06/2010	CH AGT ADDRESS	
Domestic LLC	09/06/2006	AT WILL	

Disclaimer: The South Carolina Secretary of State's Business Filings database is provided as a convenience to our customers to research information on business entities filed with our office. Updates are uploaded every 48 hours. Users are advised that the Secretary of State, the State of South Carolina or any agency, officer or employee of the State of South Carolina does not guarantee the accuracy, reliability or timeliness of such information, as it is the responsibility of the business entity to inform the Secretary of State of any updated information. While every effort is made to insure the reliability of this information, portions may be incorrect or not current. Any person or entity who relies on information obtained from this database does so at his own risk.

Exhibit 12

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)

COUNTY OF BEAUFORT)

NELLE SMITH, as Personal
Representative of the Estate of
JOHN GETTYS SMITH,

Plaintiff

v.

BAYVIEW MANOR, LLC
d/b/a Bay View Manor,
Defendant

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS
C/A NO.: 10-CP-07-5174 (Wrongful Death)
C/A NO.: 10-CP-07-5175 (Survival)

Order Denying Defendant's Motion
to Stay Action and Compel Arbitration
(Wrongful Death/Survival)

11 JUL - 1 PM 12:44
JERAMAH ROSENEAD
BEAUFORT COUNTY, S.C.
CLERK OF COURT

This matter comes before me on the Defendant's Motion to Stay Action and Compel Arbitration. For the reasons set forth below, the motion is denied.

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

The decedent, Mr. John Gettys Smith, was a resident at the defendant's nursing facility, Bay View Manor, from March 12, 2008 until his death on February 24, 2009. At the time of his admission, the plaintiff, Mrs. Nelle Smith (wife of the decedent) signed all admission documents that were necessary for her husband's admission to Bay View. Included in the documents were a Waiver of Jury Trial and Optional Arbitration Agreement. At the time of Mr. Smith's admission, Mrs. Smith was not a power of attorney for her husband, guardian, or authorized by any other appointment to contractually bind Mr. Smith. Subsequently, the Beaufort County Probate Court appointed Mrs. Smith as conservator for Mr. Smith, and following this appointment, Mrs. Smith signed a Re-Admission Agreement on behalf of her husband.

Mrs. Smith filed a survival action and wrongful death action against the Defendant alleging negligent care.

LAW

The Defendant contends the Optional Arbitration Clause contained within its admission documents is governed by the FAA.¹

The FAA provides that a written provision in any contract evidencing a transaction involving commerce which provides that the controversy shall be resolved by arbitration shall be "valid, irrevocable, and enforceable, save upon such grounds as exist at law or in equity for the revocation of any contract." See 9 U.S.C. § 2 (1988). If interstate commerce is affected, the FAA will preempt state laws which would otherwise render the arbitration agreement unenforceable. Id.

The transaction between the parties in this lawsuit does not involve interstate commerce. The admission agreement containing the Optional Arbitration Clause that the Defendant seeks to enforce must itself involve interstate commerce. Timms v. Greene, 310 S.C. 469, 427 S.E.2d 642 (1993). This the Defendant cannot prove. The Defendant produced the affidavit of Ms. Sheila Stevens, the administrator of Bay View Manor, LLC. Her affidavit contains anecdotal evidence that the *facility* is involved in interstate commerce. It fails, however, to provide any reference to interstate commerce involved in a purported contractual agreement between a citizen of South Carolina and a business created, organized and operating in South Carolina at the time the transaction was commenced. Absent a showing that the *transaction* at issue involved interstate commerce, the Defendant cannot rely on the FAA to govern the binding arbitration it seeks.

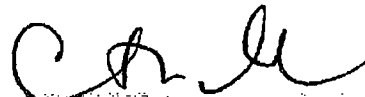
¹ The Optional Arbitration Clause contained in the Admission Agreement at issue purports to be governed by the S.C. Uniform Arbitration Act ("SCUAA"). However, the Defendant admitted during the hearing that the SCUAA does not apply in this personal injury case. The subject clause, presumably anticipating such a result, states that if the SCUAA does not apply, then it is to be governed by the FAA.

Therefore, the FAA cannot govern this dispute because the transaction between the parties does not involve interstate commerce.

CONCLUSION

For the reasons set forth above, the Defendant's Motion to Stay the Action and Compel Arbitration is DENIED.

And it is so ORDERED.



The Honorable Carmen T. Mullen
Presiding Judge

Beaufort, South Carolina

June 30, 2011

Exhibit 13

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

COUNTY OF HAMPTON

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal
Representative of the Estate of
ELIZABETH JONES,

Plaintiff,

v.

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE OF
ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage of the
Lowcountry and/or d/b/a Uni-Health Post
Acute Care of the Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC., UNITED
REHAB, INC. and UHS-PRUITT
CORPORATION

Defendants.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

CIVIL ACTION NO. 2010-CP-25-0491
(Wrongful Death)

DEFENDANT UHS-PRUITT
CORPORATION'S ANSWER TO
COMPLAINT

COMES NOW Defendant UHS-Pruitt Corporation ("Defendant"), a defendant in the above-styled case, and specifically preserving its defense that this action is barred by reason of Plaintiff's agreement to arbitrate any claims, files this Answer and Defenses to Plaintiff's Complaint and respectfully shows the Court as follows:

FOR A FIRST DEFENSE

1. Defendant denies each and every allegation of the Complaint not hereinafter specifically admitted, modified, or explained and demands strict proof thereof.

FOR A SECOND DEFENSE

2. Defendant is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of Paragraph 1 of the Complaint and therefore denies the same and demands strict proof thereof.

3. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 2 of the Complaint.

4. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 3 of the Complaint.

5. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 4 of the Complaint.

6. Defendant admits that UHS-Pruitt Corporation is a trade name of Pruitt Corporation, a corporation organized under the laws of Georgia, that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

7. Defendant denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 6 of the Complaint.

8. Defendant admits that Elizabeth Jones was admitted to Heritage Healthcare of Estill in May 2006. Defendant denies the remainder of the allegations contained in Paragraph 7 of the Complaint.

9. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 8 of the Complaint.

10. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 9 of the Complaint, including all subparts of Paragraph 9.

11. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 10 of the Complaint.

12. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 11 of the Complaint.

FOR A THIRD DEFENSE

13. Plaintiff's Complaint fails to state a claim against Defendant upon which relief may be granted.

FOR A FOURTH DEFENSE

14. Defendant denies that it is liable to Plaintiff for any sum or in any manner.

FOR A FIFTH DEFENSE

15. Plaintiff's Complaint is barred because Plaintiff is bound by an arbitration agreement that applies to the claims raised in the Complaint. Arbitration is the exclusive remedy available to Plaintiff, and Plaintiff is therefore barred from bringing this action. This proceeding

should be dismissed or stayed pending arbitration, and all discovery should be stayed. By answering this Complaint, Defendant does not waive the opportunity to arbitrate but instead insists that Plaintiff's claims be arbitrated. Defendant reserves all defenses to arbitration.

FOR A SIXTH DEFENSE

16. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part under the Federal Arbitration Act, 9 U.S.C. § 1 et seq. (hereinafter "FAA").

FOR A SEVENTH DEFENSE

17. Plaintiff has failed to include an affidavit complying with S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100 in that the affidavit attached to Plaintiff's Notice of Intent to File Suit fails to aver that the affiant is qualified as required by S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100(A) and fails to specify any negligent act or omission claimed to exist or the factual basis for each claim as required by S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100(B).

FOR AN EIGHTH DEFENSE

18. Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, for failure to join indispensable parties.

FOR A NINTH DEFENSE

19. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part under the applicable statute of limitations.

FOR A TENTH DEFENSE

20. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part by assumption of the risk.

FOR AN ELEVENTH DEFENSE

21. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part by contributory negligence.

FOR A TWELFTH DEFENSE

22. Any recovery against Defendant must be reduced by the degree that the alleged injuries of Plaintiff were caused by the actions or inactions of Plaintiff.

FOR A THIRTEENTH DEFENSE

23. Any recovery against Defendant must be reduced by the degree that the alleged injuries of Plaintiff were caused by the actions or inactions of others.

FOR A FOURTEENTH DEFENSE

24. The Complaint is barred because Plaintiff has not sustained any injuries or damages as a proximate result of any act, omission, or breach of duty by Defendant.

FOR A FIFTEENTH DEFENSE

25. Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, because any alleged damage was not foreseeable and any alleged injury is too remote.

FOR A SIXTEENTH DEFENSE

26. Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, for failure to mitigate damages.

FOR A SEVENTEENTH DEFENSE

27. Plaintiff has failed to state specific allegations sufficient to justify the award of punitive damages.

FOR AN EIGHTEENTH DEFENSE

28. Plaintiff's claims for punitive damages are barred to the extent that they are excessive under the Constitutions of the United States of America and the State of South Carolina.

FOR A NINETEENTH DEFENSE

29. Plaintiff's claims for punitive damages are barred to the extent that they violate Defendant's due process rights under the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States

Constitution.

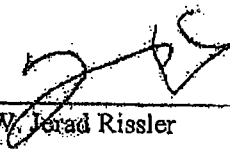
FOR A TWENTIETH DEFENSE

30. Plaintiff's claims for punitive damages are barred to the extent that they violate the Excessive Fines Clause of the Eighth Amendment to the United States Constitution.

FOR A TWENTY-FIRST DEFENSE

31. Defendant reserves the right to assert any and all additional defenses as may be determined to be applicable during the course of discovery.

WHEREFORE, having fully answered Plaintiff's Complaint, Defendant respectfully prays that this Court dismiss this action and grant Defendant such other relief as this Court deems just and proper. Provided that Plaintiff is not compelled to arbitrate her claims, Defendant requests a twelve-person jury.

By: 

W. Jerad Rissler

W. Jerad Rissler, Esquire
South Carolina Bar No. 71662
Tyler L. Arnold, Esquire
South Carolina Bar No. 80221
ARNALL GOLDEN GREGORY LLP
171 17th Street, N.W.
Suite 2100
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Fax: (404) 873-8781
Jerad.Rissler@agg.com

Attorneys for Defendant

Atlanta, Georgia
November 24, 2010.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

This is to certify that I have served a copy of the **DEFENDANT UHS-PRUITT CORPORATION'S ANSWER TO COMPLAINT** upon all other parties in this matter by U.S.

Mail, first class postage, as follows:

Lee D. Cope, Esq.
Peters, Murdaugh, Parker, Eltzroth & Detrick, P.A.
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

This 4 day of November, 2010.



W. Jerad Rissler

ARNALL GOLDEN GREGORY LLP
171 17th Street, N.W.
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Atlanta, Georgia 30363
Telephone: (404) 873-8780
Facsimile: (404) 873-8781

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

COUNTY OF HAMPTON

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal
Representative of the Estate of
ELIZABETH JONES,

Plaintiff,

v.

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE OF
ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage of the
Lowcountry and/or d/b/a Uni-Health Post
Acute Care of the Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC., UNITED
REHAB, INC. and UHS-PRUITT
CORPORATION

Defendants.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

CIVIL ACTION NO. 2010-CP-25-0492
(Survival Action)

**DEFENDANT UHS-PRUITT
CORPORATION'S ANSWER TO
COMPLAINT**

COMES NOW Defendant UHS-Pruitt Corporation ("Defendant"), a defendant in the above-styled case, and specifically preserving its defense that this action is barred by reason of Plaintiff's agreement to arbitrate any claims, files this Answer and Defenses to Plaintiff's Complaint and respectfully shows the Court as follows:

FOR A FIRST DEFENSE

1. Defendant denies each and every allegation of the Complaint not hereinafter specifically admitted, modified, or explained and demands strict proof thereof.

FOR A SECOND DEFENSE

2. Defendant is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of Paragraph 1 of the Complaint and therefore denies the same and demands strict proof thereof.

3. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 2 of the Complaint.

4. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 3 of the Complaint.

5. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 4 of the Complaint.

6. Defendant admits that UHS-Pruitt Corporation is a trade name of Pruitt Corporation, a corporation organized under the laws of Georgia, that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.

7. Defendant denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 6 of the Complaint.

8. Defendant admits that Elizabeth Jones was admitted to Heritage Healthcare of Estill in May 2006. Defendant denies the remainder of the allegations contained in Paragraph 7 of the Complaint.

9. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 8 of the Complaint.

10. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 9 of the Complaint, including all subparts of Paragraph 9.

11. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 10 of the Complaint.

12. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 11 of the Complaint.

FOR A THIRD DEFENSE

13. Plaintiff's Complaint fails to state a claim against Defendant upon which relief may be granted.

FOR A FOURTH DEFENSE

14. Defendant denies that it is liable to Plaintiff for any sum or in any manner.

FOR A FIFTH DEFENSE

15. Plaintiff's Complaint is barred because Plaintiff is bound by an arbitration agreement that applies to the claims raised in the Complaint. Arbitration is the exclusive remedy available to Plaintiff, and Plaintiff is therefore barred from bringing this action. This proceeding

should be dismissed or stayed pending arbitration, and all discovery should be stayed. By answering this Complaint, Defendant does not waive the opportunity to arbitrate but instead insists that Plaintiff's claims be arbitrated. Defendant reserves all defenses to arbitration.

FOR A SIXTH DEFENSE

16. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part under the Federal Arbitration Act, 9 U.S.C. § 1 et seq. (hereinafter "FAA").

FOR A SEVENTH DEFENSE

17. Plaintiff has failed to include an affidavit complying with S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100 in that the affidavit attached to Plaintiff's Notice of Intent to File Suit fails to aver that the affiant is qualified as required by S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100(A) and fails to specify any negligent act or omission claimed to exist or the factual basis for each claim as required by S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100(B).

FOR AN EIGHTH DEFENSE

18. Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, for failure to join indispensable parties.

FOR A NINTH DEFENSE

19. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part under the applicable statute of limitations.

FOR A TENTH DEFENSE

20. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part by assumption of the risk.

FOR AN ELEVENTH DEFENSE

21. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part by contributory negligence.

FOR A TWELFTH DEFENSE

22. Any recovery against Defendant must be reduced by the degree that the alleged injuries of Plaintiff were caused by the actions or inactions of Plaintiff.

FOR A THIRTEENTH DEFENSE

23. Any recovery against Defendant must be reduced by the degree that the alleged injuries of Plaintiff were caused by the actions or inactions of others.

FOR A FOURTEENTH DEFENSE

24. The Complaint is barred because Plaintiff has not sustained any injuries or damages as a proximate result of any act, omission, or breach of duty by Defendant.

FOR A FIFTEENTH DEFENSE

25. Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, because any alleged damage was not foreseeable and any alleged injury is too remote.

FOR A SIXTEENTH DEFENSE

26. Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, for failure to mitigate damages.

FOR A SEVENTEENTH DEFENSE

27. Plaintiff has failed to state specific allegations sufficient to justify the award of punitive damages.

FOR AN EIGHTEENTH DEFENSE

28. Plaintiff's claims for punitive damages are barred to the extent that they are excessive under the Constitutions of the United States of America and the State of South Carolina.

FOR A NINETEENTH DEFENSE

29. Plaintiff's claims for punitive damages are barred to the extent that they violate

Defendant's due process rights under the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.

FOR A TWENTIETH DEFENSE

30. Plaintiff's claims for punitive damages are barred to the extent that they violate the Excessive Fines Clause of the Eighth Amendment to the United States Constitution.

FOR A TWENTY-FIRST DEFENSE

31. Defendant reserves the right to assert any and all additional defenses as may be determined to be applicable during the course of discovery.

WHEREFORE, having fully answered Plaintiff's Complaint, Defendant respectfully prays that this Court dismiss this action and grant Defendant such other relief as this Court deems just and proper. Provided that Plaintiff is not compelled to arbitrate her claims, Defendant requests a twelve-person jury.

By: 

W. Jerad Rissler

W. Jerad Rissler, Esquire
South Carolina Bar No. 71662
Tyler L. Arnold, Esquire
South Carolina Bar No. 80221
ARNALL GOLDEN GREGORY LLP
171 17th Street, N.W.
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Fax: (404) 873-8781
Jerad.Rissler@agg.com

Attorneys for Defendant

Atlanta, Georgia
November 24, 2010.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

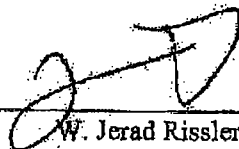
This is to certify that I have served a copy of the **DEFENDANT UHS-FRUITT CORPORATION'S ANSWER TO COMPLAINT** upon all other parties in this matter by U.S.

Mail, first class postage, as follows:

Lee D. Cope, Esq.
Peters, Murdaugh, Parker, Eltzroth & Detrick, P.A.
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

This 11 day of November, 2010.



W. Jerad Rissler

ARNALL GOLDEN GREGORY LLP
171 17th Street, N.W.
Suite 2100
Atlanta, Georgia 30363
Telephone: (404) 873-8780
Facsimile: (404) 873-8781

Exhibit 14

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

COUNTY OF HAMPTON

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal
Representative of the Estate of
ELIZABETH JONES,

Plaintiff,

v.

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE OF
ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage of the
Lowcountry and/or d/b/a Uni-Health Post
Acute Care of the Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC., UNITED
REHAB, INC. and UHS-PRUITT
CORPORATION

Defendants.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

CIVIL ACTION NO. 2010-CP-25-0491
(Wrongful Death)

DEFENDANT UNITED REHAB, INC.'S
ANSWER TO COMPLAINT

COMES NOW Defendant United Rehab, Inc. ("Defendant"), a defendant in the above-styled case, and specifically preserving its defense that this action is barred by reason of Plaintiff's agreement to arbitrate any claims, files this Answer and Defenses to Plaintiff's Complaint and respectfully shows the Court as follows:

FOR A FIRST DEFENSE

1. Defendant denies each and every allegation of the Complaint not hereinafter specifically admitted, modified, or explained and demands strict proof thereof.

FOR A SECOND DEFENSE

2. Defendant is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of Paragraph 1 of the Complaint and therefore denies the same and demands strict proof thereof.

3. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 2 of the Complaint.

4. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 3 of the Complaint.
5. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 4 of the Complaint.
6. Defendant admits that UHS-Pruitt Corporation is a trade name of Pruitt Corporation, a corporation organized under the laws of Georgia, that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.
7. Defendant denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 6 of the Complaint.
8. Defendant admits that Elizabeth Jones was admitted to Heritage Healthcare of Estill in May 2006. Defendant denies the remainder of the allegations contained in Paragraph 7 of the Complaint.
9. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 8 of the Complaint.
10. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 9 of the Complaint, including all subparts of Paragraph 9.
11. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 10 of the Complaint.
12. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 11 of the Complaint.

FOR A THIRD DEFENSE

13. Plaintiff's Complaint fails to state a claim against Defendant upon which relief may be granted.

FOR A FOURTH DEFENSE

14. Defendant denies that it is liable to Plaintiff for any sum or in any manner.

FOR A FIFTH DEFENSE

15. Plaintiff's Complaint is barred because Plaintiff is bound by an arbitration agreement that applies to the claims raised in the Complaint. Arbitration is the exclusive remedy available to Plaintiff, and Plaintiff is therefore barred from bringing this action. This proceeding

should be dismissed or stayed pending arbitration, and all discovery should be stayed. By answering this Complaint, Defendant does not waive the opportunity to arbitrate but instead insists that Plaintiff's claims be arbitrated. Defendant reserves all defenses to arbitration.

FOR A SIXTH DEFENSE

16. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part under the Federal Arbitration Act, 9 U.S.C. § 1 et seq. (hereinafter "FAA").

FOR A SEVENTH DEFENSE

17. Plaintiff has failed to include an affidavit complying with S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100 in that the affidavit attached to Plaintiff's Notice of Intent to File Suit fails to aver that the affiant is qualified as required by S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100(A) and fails to specify any negligent act or omission claimed to exist or the factual basis for each claim as required by S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100(B).

FOR AN EIGHTH DEFENSE

18. Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, for failure to join indispensable parties.

FOR A NINTH DEFENSE

19. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part under the applicable statute of limitations.

FOR A TENTH DEFENSE

20. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part by assumption of the risk.

FOR AN ELEVENTH DEFENSE

21. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part by contributory negligence.

FOR A TWELFTH DEFENSE

22. Any recovery against Defendant must be reduced by the degree that the alleged injuries of Plaintiff were caused by the actions or inactions of Plaintiff.

FOR A THIRTEENTH DEFENSE

23. Any recovery against Defendant must be reduced by the degree that the alleged injuries of Plaintiff were caused by the actions or inactions of others.

FOR A FOURTEENTH DEFENSE

24. The Complaint is barred because Plaintiff has not sustained any injuries or damages as a proximate result of any act, omission, or breach of duty by Defendant.

FOR A FIFTEENTH DEFENSE

25. Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, because any alleged damage was not foreseeable and any alleged injury is too remote.

FOR A SIXTEENTH DEFENSE

26. Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, for failure to mitigate damages.

FOR A SEVENTEENTH DEFENSE

27. Plaintiff has failed to state specific allegations sufficient to justify the award of punitive damages.

FOR AN EIGHTEENTH DEFENSE

28. Plaintiff's claims for punitive damages are barred to the extent that they are excessive under the Constitutions of the United States of America and the State of South Carolina.

FOR A NINETEENTH DEFENSE

29. Plaintiff's claims for punitive damages are barred to the extent that they violate Defendant's due process rights under the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States

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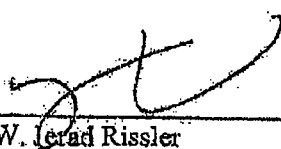
FOR A TWENTIETH DEFENSE

30. Plaintiff's claims for punitive damages are barred to the extent that they violate the Excessive Fines Clause of the Eighth Amendment to the United States Constitution.

FOR A TWENTY-FIRST DEFENSE

31. Defendant reserves the right to assert any and all additional defenses as may be determined to be applicable during the course of discovery.

WHEREFORE, having fully answered Plaintiff's Complaint, Defendant respectfully prays that this Court dismiss this action and grant Defendant such other relief as this Court deems just and proper. Provided that Plaintiff is not compelled to arbitrate her claims, Defendant requests a twelve-person jury.

By: 

W. Jerad Rissler

W. Jerad Rissler, Esquire
South Carolina Bar No. 71662
Tyler L. Arnold, Esquire
South Carolina Bar No. 80221
ARNALL GOLDEN GREGORY LLP
171 17th Street, N.W.
Suite 2100
Atlanta, Georgia 30363
Ph: (404) 873-8780
Fax: (404) 873-8781
Jerad.Rissler@agg.com

Attorneys for Defendant

Atlanta, Georgia
November 17, 2010.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

This is to certify that I have served a copy of the **DEFENDANT UNITED REHAB, INC.'S ANSWER TO COMPLAINT** upon all other parties in this matter by U.S. Mail, first class postage, as follows:

Lee D. Cope, Esq.
Peters, Murdaugh, Parker, Eltzroth & Detrick, P.A.
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

This 24 day of November, 2010.



W. Jerad Rissler

ARNALL GOLDEN GREGORY LLP
171 17th Street, N.W.
Suite 2100
Atlanta, Georgia 30363
Telephone: (404) 873-8780
Facsimile: (404) 873-8781

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

COUNTY OF HAMPTON

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal
Representative of the Estate of
ELIZABETH JONES,

Plaintiff,

v.

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE OF
ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage of the
Lowcountry and/or d/b/a Uni-Health Post
Acute Care of the Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC., UNITED
REHAB, INC. and UHS-PRUITT
CORPORATION

Defendants.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

CIVIL ACTION NO. 2010-CP-25-0492
(Survival Action)

DEFENDANT UNITED REHAB, INC.'S
ANSWER TO COMPLAINT

COMES NOW Defendant United Rehab, Inc. ("Defendant"), a defendant in the above-styled case, and specifically preserving its defense that this action is barred by reason of Plaintiff's agreement to arbitrate any claims, files this Answer and Defenses to Plaintiff's Complaint and respectfully shows the Court as follows:

FOR A FIRST DEFENSE

1. Defendant denies each and every allegation of the Complaint not hereinafter specifically admitted, modified, or explained and demands strict proof thereof.

FOR A SECOND DEFENSE

2. Defendant is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of Paragraph 1 of the Complaint and therefore denies the same and demands strict proof thereof.

3. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 2 of the Complaint.

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FOR A THIRD DEFENSE

13. Plaintiff's Complaint fails to state a claim against Defendant upon which relief may be granted.

FOR A FOURTH DEFENSE

14. Defendant denies that it is liable to Plaintiff for any sum or in any manner.

FOR A FIFTH DEFENSE

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FOR A TWELFTH DEFENSE

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FOR A THIRTEENTH DEFENSE

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FOR A SEVENTEENTH DEFENSE

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FOR A NINETEENTH DEFENSE

29. Plaintiff's claims for punitive damages are barred to the extent that they violate

Defendant's due process rights under the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.

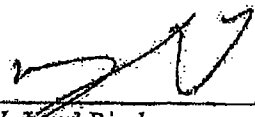
FOR A TWENTIETH DEFENSE

30. Plaintiff's claims for punitive damages are barred to the extent that they violate the Excessive Fines Clause of the Eighth Amendment to the United States Constitution.

FOR A TWENTY-FIRST DEFENSE

31. Defendant reserves the right to assert any and all additional defenses as may be determined to be applicable during the course of discovery.

WHEREFORE, having fully answered Plaintiff's Complaint, Defendant respectfully prays that this Court dismiss this action and grant Defendant such other relief as this Court deems just and proper. **Provided that Plaintiff is not compelled to arbitrate her claims,** Defendant requests a twelve-person jury.

By: 

W. Jerad Rissler

W. Jerad Rissler, Esquire
South Carolina Bar No. 71662
Tyler L. Arnold, Esquire
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ARNALL GOLDEN GREGORY LLP
171 17th Street, N.W.
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Atlanta, Georgia 30363
Ph: (404) 873-8780
Fax: (404) 873-8781
Jerad.Rissler@agg.com

Attorneys for Defendant

Atlanta, Georgia
November 27, 2010.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

This is to certify that I have served a copy of the **DEFENDANT UNITED REHAB, INC.'S ANSWER TO COMPLAINT** upon all other parties in this matter by U.S. Mail, first class postage, as follows:

Lee D. Cope, Esq.
Peters, Murdaugh, Parker, Eltzroth & Detrick, P.A.
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

This 24 day of November, 2010.



W. Jerad Rissler

ARNALL GOLDEN GREGORY LLP
171 17th Street, N.W.
Suite 2100
Atlanta, Georgia 30363
Telephone: (404) 873-8780
Facsimile: (404) 873-8781

Exhibit 15

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

COUNTY OF HAMPTON

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal
Representative of the Estate of
ELIZABETH JONES,

Plaintiff,

v.

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE OF
ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage of the
Lowcountry and/or d/b/a Uni-Health Post
Acute Care of the Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC., UNITED
REHAB, INC. and UHS-PRUITT
CORPORATION

Defendants.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

CIVIL ACTION NO. 2010-CP-25-0491
(Wrongful Death)

DEFENDANT UNITED CLINICAL
SERVICES, INC.'S ANSWER TO
COMPLAINT

COMES NOW Defendant United Clinical Services, Inc. ("Defendant"), a defendant in the above-styled case, and specifically preserving its defense that this action is barred by reason of Plaintiff's agreement to arbitrate any claims, files this Answer and Defenses to Plaintiff's Complaint and respectfully shows the Court as follows:

FOR A FIRST DEFENSE

1. Defendant denies each and every allegation of the Complaint not hereinafter specifically admitted, modified, or explained and demands strict proof thereof.

FOR A SECOND DEFENSE

2. Defendant is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of Paragraph 1 of the Complaint and therefore denies the same and demands strict proof thereof.

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FOR A THIRD DEFENSE

13. Plaintiff's Complaint fails to state a claim against Defendant upon which relief may be granted.

FOR A FOURTH DEFENSE

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FOR A FIFTH DEFENSE

15. Plaintiff's Complaint is barred because Plaintiff is bound by an arbitration agreement that applies to the claims raised in the Complaint. Arbitration is the exclusive remedy available to Plaintiff, and Plaintiff is therefore barred from bringing this action. This proceeding

should be dismissed or stayed pending arbitration, and all discovery should be stayed. By answering this Complaint, Defendant does not waive the opportunity to arbitrate but instead insists that Plaintiff's claims be arbitrated. Defendant reserves all defenses to arbitration.

FOR A SIXTH DEFENSE

16. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part under the Federal Arbitration Act, 9 U.S.C. § 1 et seq. (hereinafter "FAA").

FOR A SEVENTH DEFENSE

17. Plaintiff has failed to include an affidavit complying with S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100 in that the affidavit attached to Plaintiff's Notice of Intent to File Suit fails to aver that the affiant is qualified as required by S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100(A) and fails to specify any negligent act or omission claimed to exist or the factual basis for each claim as required by S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100(B).

FOR AN EIGHTH DEFENSE

18. Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, for failure to join indispensable parties.

FOR A NINTH DEFENSE

19. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part under the applicable statute of limitations.

FOR A TENTH DEFENSE

20. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part by assumption of the risk.

FOR AN ELEVENTH DEFENSE

21. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part by contributory negligence.

FOR A TWELFTH DEFENSE

22. Any recovery against Defendant must be reduced by the degree that the alleged injuries of Plaintiff were caused by the actions or inactions of Plaintiff.

FOR A THIRTEENTH DEFENSE

23. Any recovery against Defendant must be reduced by the degree that the alleged injuries of Plaintiff were caused by the actions or inactions of others.

FOR A FOURTEENTH DEFENSE

24. The Complaint is barred because Plaintiff has not sustained any injuries or damages as a proximate result of any act, omission, or breach of duty by Defendant.

FOR A FIFTEENTH DEFENSE

25. Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, because any alleged damage was not foreseeable and any alleged injury is too remote.

FOR A SIXTEENTH DEFENSE

26. Plaintiff's claims are barred, in whole or in part, for failure to mitigate damages.

FOR A SEVENTEENTH DEFENSE

27. Plaintiff has failed to state specific allegations sufficient to justify the award of punitive damages.

FOR AN EIGHTEENTH DEFENSE

28. Plaintiff's claims for punitive damages are barred to the extent that they are excessive under the Constitutions of the United States of America and the State of South Carolina.

FOR A NINETEENTH DEFENSE

29. Plaintiff's claims for punitive damages are barred to the extent that they violate Defendant's due process rights under the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States

Constitution.

FOR A TWENTIETH DEFENSE

30. Plaintiff's claims for punitive damages are barred to the extent that they violate the Excessive Fines Clause of the Eighth Amendment to the United States Constitution.

FOR A TWENTY-FIRST DEFENSE

31. Defendant reserves the right to assert any and all additional defenses as may be determined to be applicable during the course of discovery.

WHEREFORE, having fully answered Plaintiff's Complaint, Defendant respectfully prays that this Court dismiss this action and grant Defendant such other relief as this Court deems just and proper. Provided that Plaintiff is not compelled to arbitrate her claims, Defendant requests a twelve-person jury.

By: 

W. Jerad Rissler

W. Jerad Rissler, Esquire
South Carolina Bar No. 71662
Tyler L. Arnold, Esquire
South Carolina Bar No. 80221
ARNALL GOLDEN GREGORY LLP
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Ph: (404) 873-8780
Fax: (404) 873-8781
Jerad.Rissler@agg.com

Attorneys for Defendant

Atlanta, Georgia
November 24, 2010.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

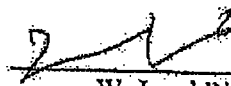
This is to certify that I have served a copy of the **DEFENDANT UNITED CLINICAL SERVICES, INC.'S ANSWER TO COMPLAINT** upon all other parties in this matter by U.S.

Mail, first class postage, as follows:

Lee D. Cope, Esq.
Peters, Murdaugh, Parker, Eltzroth & Detrick, P.A.
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

This 24 day of November, 2010.



W. Jerad Rissler

ARNALL GOLDEN GREGORY LLP
171 17th Street, N.W.
Suite 2100
Atlanta, Georgia 30363
Telephone: (404) 873-8780
Facsimile: (404) 873-8781

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

COUNTY OF HAMPTON

CHERRY T. SCOTT, as Personal
Representative of the Estate of
ELIZABETH JONES,

Plaintiff,

v.

HERITAGE HEALTHCARE OF
ESTILL, LLC d/b/a Heritage of the
Lowcountry and/or d/b/a Uni-Health Post
Acute Care of the Lowcountry, UNITED
CLINICAL SERVICES, INC., UNITED
REHAB, INC. and UHS-PRUITT
CORPORATION

Defendants.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

CIVIL ACTION NO. 2010-CP-25-0492
(Survival Action)

**DEFENDANT UNITED CLINICAL
SERVICES, INC.'S ANSWER TO
COMPLAINT**

COMES NOW Defendant United Clinical Services, Inc. ("Defendant"), a defendant in the above-styled case, and specifically preserving its defense that this action is barred by reason of Plaintiff's agreement to arbitrate any claims, files this Answer and Defenses to Plaintiff's Complaint and respectfully shows the Court as follows:

FOR A FIRST DEFENSE

1. Defendant denies each and every allegation of the Complaint not hereinafter specifically admitted, modified, or explained and demands strict proof thereof.

FOR A SECOND DEFENSE

2. Defendant is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations of Paragraph 1 of the Complaint and therefore denies the same and demands strict proof thereof.

3. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 2 of the Complaint.

4. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 3 of the Complaint.
5. Defendant admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 4 of the Complaint.
6. Defendant admits that UHS-Pruitt Corporation is a trade name of Pruitt Corporation, a corporation organized under the laws of Georgia, that provides services in Hampton County, South Carolina.
7. Defendant denies the allegations contained in Paragraph 6 of the Complaint.
8. Defendant admits that Elizabeth Jones was admitted to Heritage Healthcare of Estill in May 2006. Defendant denies the remainder of the allegations contained in Paragraph 7 of the Complaint.
9. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 8 of the Complaint.
10. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 9 of the Complaint, including all subparts of Paragraph 9.
11. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 10 of the Complaint.
12. Defendant denies the allegations of Paragraph 11 of the Complaint.

FOR A THIRD DEFENSE

13. Plaintiff's Complaint fails to state a claim against Defendant upon which relief may be granted.

FOR A FOURTH DEFENSE

14. Defendant denies that it is liable to Plaintiff for any sum or in any manner.

FOR A FIFTH DEFENSE

15. Plaintiff's Complaint is barred because Plaintiff is bound by an arbitration agreement that applies to the claims raised in the Complaint. Arbitration is the exclusive remedy available to Plaintiff, and Plaintiff is therefore barred from bringing this action. This proceeding

should be dismissed or stayed pending arbitration, and all discovery should be stayed. By answering this Complaint, Defendant does not waive the opportunity to arbitrate but instead insists that Plaintiff's claims be arbitrated. Defendant reserves all defenses to arbitration.

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16. Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part under the Federal Arbitration Act, 9 U.S.C. § 1 et seq. (hereinafter "FAA").

FOR A SEVENTH DEFENSE

17. Plaintiff has failed to include an affidavit complying with S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100 in that the affidavit attached to Plaintiff's Notice of Intent to File Suit fails to aver that the affiant is qualified as required by S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100(A) and fails to specify any negligent act or omission claimed to exist or the factual basis for each claim as required by S.C. Code Ann. § 15-36-100(B).

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FOR A NINTH DEFENSE

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FOR A TENTH DEFENSE

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FOR A NINETEENTH DEFENSE

29. Plaintiff's claims for punitive damages are barred to the extent that they violate

Defendant's due process rights under the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.

FOR A TWENTIETH DEFENSE

30. Plaintiff's claims for punitive damages are barred to the extent that they violate the Excessive Fines Clause of the Eighth Amendment to the United States Constitution.

FOR A TWENTY-FIRST DEFENSE

31. Defendant reserves the right to assert any and all additional defenses as may be determined to be applicable during the course of discovery.

WHEREFORE, having fully answered Plaintiff's Complaint, Defendant respectfully prays that this Court dismiss this action and grant Defendant such other relief as this Court deems just and proper. Provided that Plaintiff is not compelled to arbitrate her claims, Defendant requests a twelve-person jury.

By: 
W. Jerad Rissler

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Attorneys for Defendant

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

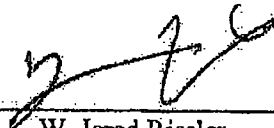
This is to certify that I have served a copy of the **DEFENDANT UNITED CLINCIAL SERVICES, INC.'S ANSWER TO COMPLAINT** upon all other parties in this matter by U.S.

Mail, first class postage, as follows:

Lee D. Cope, Esq.
Peters, Murdaugh, Parker, Eltzroth & Detrick, P.A.
Post Office Box 457
Hampton, South Carolina 29924

Charles J. McCutchen, Esq.
Lanier & Burroughs, LLC
Post Office Drawer 2789
Orangeburg, SC 29116

This 24 day of November, 2010.



W. Jerad Rissler

ARNALL GOLDEN GREGORY LLP
171 17th Street, N.W.
Suite 2100
Atlanta, Georgia 30363
Telephone: (404) 873-8780
Facsimile: (404) 873-8781

Exhibit 16

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

COUNTY OF BERKELEY

Willie Powell, Individually and as Personal
Representative of the Estate of Rebecca Powell,C/A No. ⁰⁸~~07~~-CP-08-695

Plaintiff,

**ORDER DENYING DEFENDANTS' MOTION TO
DISMISS AND COMPEL ARBITRATION**

Versus

Fundamental Long-Term Care Holdings, LLC, THI of
Baltimore, LLC, THI of Baltimore, Inc., THI of South
Carolina, LLC, THI of Baltimore Management, LLC,
Magnolia Manor-Moncks Corner, Inc., THI of South
Carolina at Moncks Corner, LLC, THI Immediate
Healthcare Staffing, LLC,

Defendants.

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CLERK OF COURT
BERKELEY COUNTY, SC

This matter was before the Court on the Defendants Fundamental Long-Term Care Holdings, LLC, THI of Baltimore, LLC, THI of Baltimore, Inc., THI of South Carolina, LLC, THI of Baltimore Management, LLC, Magnolia Manor-Moncks Corner, Inc., THI of South Carolina at Moncks Corner, LLC, THI Immediate Healthcare Staffing, LLC's Motion to Dismiss this matter and to Compel Arbitration. For the following reasons, the Court denies the Defendants' motion and orders that the parties proceed with discovery.

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

Rebecca Powell ("Ms. Powell"), now deceased, was admitted to a skilled nursing facility located at 505 S. Live Oak Drive, Moncks Corner, South Carolina, 29461 on August 25, 2003, and placed under the care, supervision and control of the Defendants. At the time of her admission Rebecca Powell did not sign her own Admission Contract. The Defendants allege that Ms. Powell's daughter, Pamela Powell, executed the agreement with the Defendants as the "fiduciary party." The Admission Contract contained an arbitration clause in paragraph VI on the last page. It is undisputed that (1) Ms. Powell did not sign the document; (2) Ms. Powell's daughter was not Ms. Powell's power of attorney and had no

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power to bind Ms. Powell; (3) Ms. Powell's daughter is not the Personal Representative of Ms. Powell's estate; (4) none of the Defendants named in this case are mentioned anywhere in the agreement and (4) the document was signed prior to the alleged injuries in this case.

Mrs. Powell was a resident at the Defendants' facility from August 25, 2003 until shortly before her death on March 30, 2008, with the exception of outings and hospital admissions. The Plaintiff alleges that Ms. Powell suffered injuries and death due to the Defendants' negligence. The Defendants deny the claims.

LEGAL CONCLUSIONS

The Court finds that the arbitration clause in the Admission Contract is not binding on the Plaintiff, as it was not signed and executed by her, nor is the clause still valid as the body chosen to arbitrate any dispute under the contract can no longer do so.

There is a strong presumption in favor of the validity of arbitration agreements because of the strong policy favoring arbitration. *Towles v. United Healthcare Corp.*, 338 S.C. 29, 37, 524 S.E. 2d 839, 844 (S.C. App., 1999). However, case law is clear that in determining whether an agreement to arbitrate exists, "the court should apply 'ordinary state-law principles that govern the formation of contracts.'" *Id.* (citing *Johnson v. Circuit City Stores*, 148 F.3d 373, 377 (4th Cir.1998) (quoting *First Options of Chicago, Inc. v. Kaplan*, 514 U.S. 938, 944, 115 S. Ct. 1920, 131 L.Ed.2d 985 (1995))). Furthermore, Arbitration is available only when the parties involved contractually agree to arbitrate. *Id.* In determining whether a particular dispute can be compelled to arbitration, a Court conducts an inquiry into whether "a valid agreement to arbitrate exists between the parties." *Hooters of America v. Phillips*, 173 F.3d. 933, 938 (4th Cir. 1999).

In this case, the Parties have not agreed to arbitrate as the contract was not executed by the Plaintiff or her valid representative. In addition, the clause is moot and ineffective because there is no proper forum, as the NHLA will no longer arbitrate this type of case.

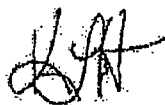


1. The Court finds there is not a valid binding contract between the parties.

Under the FAA, the party seeking arbitration must first show a written agreement between the parties to arbitrate. There is nothing in the record to show that Pamela Powell had authority to act as agent the Plaintiff, Rebecca Powell, and/or of her estate, and bind the Plaintiff or waive the Plaintiff's right to a jury trial.

The Admission Contract containing the arbitration clause which Defendants seek to enforce was signed by Pamela Powell, the daughter of Rebecca Powell, and the box was not checked to specify Pamela Powell's relationship to Rebecca Powell and/or her authority to enter into the contract. It is the duty of one dealing with an agent to use due care to ascertain the scope of the agent's authority. *Frasier v. Palmetto Homes of Florence*, 473 S.E.2d 865 (S.C. App. 1996). There is no evidence that Pamela Powell possessed any other relationship with Rebecca Powell, such as Power of Attorney or Guardian, that would be capable of binding Rebecca Powell to this agreement.

Magnolia Manor's social progress notes document that Mrs. Powell was an "Involved resident" who was very aware of her surroundings, as early as the time of admission. Magnolia Manor documented in its Activities Progress Notes that Mrs. Powell "like[d] any and all activities" including "Church Worship" and that she "love[d] to play Bingo." The March 2, 2006, quarterly social notes indicate that Mrs. Powell "continue[d] to be part of facility life by participating in activities and interacting with staff and residents." Magnolia Manor further documented Mrs. Powell to be a "good candidate for worship, small group activities, puzzles and memory games." As of September 21, 2006, only six months before Mrs. Powell's death, it is clear that she was very active and aware of her surroundings. Magnolia Manor's activity progress notes of that date noted that Mrs. Powell was "able to self select activities" and that Mrs. Powell still "enjoy[ed] church, music, bingo & team games." Even at the onset of the sacral pressure ulcer which would lead to Mrs. Powell's death, as of December 13, 2006, it was noted that Ms. Powell was able to self "select group activities" and that Mrs. Powell still



enjoyed "church, music & bingo." Additionally, the Defendants noted, as of January 22, 2004, Rebecca Powell was awake and oriented to her name, age, year of birth, town, country and birth.

Because the Defendants own records indicate the patient was apparently competent when she was admitted to the facility, arrangements should have been made to have the resident execute the contract. The Defendants have presented no evidence to show that an authorized party signed the agreement, nor that they at any time attempted to ensure the agreement was properly executed and valid between the parties.

Furthermore, the document which the Defendants allege constitutes an agreement to arbitrate is only as to "Magnolia Manor" (a non-existent corporation) and does not mention *any* of the named Defendants in this lawsuit: Fundamental Long-Term Care Holdings, LLC, THI of Baltimore, LLC, THI of Baltimore, Inc., THI of South Carolina, LLC, THI of Baltimore Management, LLC, Magnolia Manor-Moncks Corner, Inc., THI of South Carolina at Moncks Corner, LLC, or THI Immediate Healthcare Staffing, LLC.¹ Accordingly, the Court finds no valid agreement to arbitrate.

II. The Court finds that the Arbitration Clause is Unenforceable Due to an Omitted Material Term
— the lack of a definitive forum.

Even if there were a valid agreement between Ms. Powell and the Defendants, the Court finds that the arbitration clause contained in the Admission Contract at hand is unenforceable because a material part of the arbitration clause no longer exists.

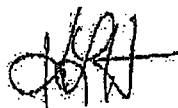
The arbitration clause states that arbitration "... shall be resolved by binding arbitration administered by the National Health Lawyers Associations (the "NHLA"). The NHLA, now known as the American Health Lawyers Association (hereinafter "AHLA"), amended its rules for cases filed with the service after January 1, 2004. The Service will only administer consumer health care liability claims if an agreement to arbitrate was entered into by the parties in writing *after* the alleged injury occurred. This rule change applies to a very limited type of claim, namely medical malpractice, medical negligence or products liability cases brought by a patient, former patient or their representative. This change not



only rests with the AHLA (f/k/a the NHLA), but also with the world's leading provider of conflict management and dispute resolution services known as the American Arbitration Association (hereinafter "AAA"). As of January 1, 2003, the AAA announced that it will no longer accept the administration of cases involving individual patients without a post-dispute agreement to arbitrate. The Senior Vice President of the AAA, Robert Meade, stated that the AAA thought it was appropriate to change their policy in these types of cases since, "medical problems can be life or death situations and require special consideration."

While strong federal policy in favor of arbitration is well-established, the FAA makes clear that arbitration agreements must "be valid, irrevocable and enforceable..." to be enforced. *Smith Barney, Inc. v. Critical Health Systems of NC*, 212 F.3d 858, 861 (4th Cir. 2000) (citing 9 U.S.C. § 2). As set forth in Part I, *supra*, in determining whether an agreement to arbitrate exists, "the court should apply 'ordinary state-law principles that govern the formation of contracts.'" *Towles v. United Healthcare Corp.* 338 S.C. 29, 37, 524 S.E. 2d 839, 844 (S.C. App., 1999)(citing *Johnson v. Circuit City Stores*, 148 F.3d 373, 377 (4th Cir.1998) (quoting *First Options of Chicago, Inc. v. Kaplan*, 514 U.S. 938, 944, 115 S. Ct. 1920, 131 L.Ed.2d 985 (1995)). The choice of the arbitral forum is one of the most important and material terms in an agreement to arbitrate. Consideration of objections by the Court to the arbitral forum are warranted. See *Penn v. Ryan's Family Steakhouses, Inc.*, 95 F. Supp.2d 940, 947 (2000). The judicial inquiry may include an examination of contractual defects such as lack of mutual assent and want of consideration, as well as other grounds existing at law or equity, including fraud, duress, and unconscionability. See *Sydner v. Conseco Fin. Servicing Corp.*, 252 F.3d.302, 205 (4th Cir.2001).

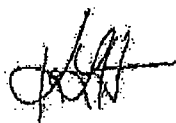
South Carolina common law requires that, in order to have a valid and enforceable contract, there must be a meeting of the minds between the parties with regard to all essential and material terms of the agreement. *Player v. Chandler*, 299 S.C. 101, 105, 1989 (citing *Hughes v. Edwards*, 265 S.C. 529 (1975). The forum chosen for the arbitration to take place is just that, essential and material.



In *Smith Barney*, the arbitration agreement provided that arbitration would proceed in accordance with the rules of three self-regulatory organizations, the NASD, the NYSE and the AMEX. "Notably, the agreement makes no mention whatsoever of the AAA." *Smith Barney* at 862. "Where the parties have agreed explicitly to settle their disputes before particular arbitration fora, that agreement must control. To hold otherwise would require us to impose a strained construction on a straightforward agreement." *Id.* at 862 (internal citations omitted). Similarly, in the case before this Court, the clause specifically states that the NHLA shall administer the arbitration, and the NHLA, now known as the AHLA, no longer will arbitrate this dispute without an arbitration clause signed post injury; therefore, the forum fails and the arbitration clause is unenforceable.

In these types of cases similarly situated Defendants have asserted that §5 of the FAA can be invoked so as not to destroy the enforceability and effectiveness of the arbitration clause. While this argument is enticing, the plain language of §5 prevents its use in this instance. In this particular case, there has not been a lapse in naming an arbitrator as contemplated by §5 of the FAA, rather, the parties' agreement as to the administration and forum for the arbitration has lapsed. Had the parties not agreed specifically on NHLA to administer this arbitration, this Court could apply §5 to appoint an arbitrator if the parties could not agree upon the same.

An agreement which neglects material terms may be found unenforceable for indefiniteness. *Lindsay v. Lindsay*, 491 S.E.2d 583 (S.C. App. 1997). "Ordinarily, a court will not supply omitted terms to an agreement, and an agreement where the parties did not agree to essential terms will simply not be enforced." *Id.* In this particular case, even if the contract was validly executed, there was not "meeting of the minds" as to the terms of arbitration, specifically the choice of arbitrator. The choice of an arbitrator is an important, essential, and material term of an agreement to arbitrate, to say otherwise undermines the purpose of the arbitration process. Through no fault of either party, the parties cannot now arbitrate this dispute through the NHLA. As a result, the promise that the dispute "shall be resolved by binding arbitration administered by the National Health Lawyers Associations" is moot and



ineffective. The Plaintiff cannot be bound to act on a promise that is no longer possible; therefore, the Court finds that arbitration should not be compelled in this case.

CONCLUSION

For the above reasons, the Court denies the Defendants' motion to compel arbitration and finds that and Orders that the case is properly before the Court and discovery shall proceed.

August 26 2008
Moncks Corner, South Carolina

Kristi Lee Harrington
Hon. Kristi Lee Harrington
Ninth Judicial Circuit

Exhibit 17

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

COUNTY OF GREENVILLE

Peggy Benton as Power of Attorney for
Mary K. Weaver,

Plaintiff,

v.

Summit Place, Inc.,

Defendant(s).

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

C.A. NO. 2004-CP-23-0287

ORDER DENYING MOTION TO COMPEL
ARBITRATION

ENTERED COMPUTER

This matter is before this Court upon the Defendant's Motion to Compel Arbitration. The Defendant seeks to compel arbitration under an arbitration provision included in an admission agreement that Plaintiff signed as Mary K. Weaver's attorney in fact with the Defendant nursing home when Weaver entered Defendant's facility for care. The motion hearing was held on September 7, 2004. Thereafter, the court requested the parties to provide supplemental memoranda. The parties' counsel argued their positions and the Court has reviewed the parties' original and supplemental memoranda.

DISCUSSION

The parties both acknowledge that the American Arbitration Association (AAA) no longer accepts health care arbitrations involving patients unless the arbitration agreement

is entered into after the dispute arises.¹ It is uncontested that the arbitration agreement was made by the parties before AAA changed its policy and before the current dispute arose. The arbitration clause states in pertinent part:

Any and all claims or controversies arising out of or in any way relating to the resident's stay at the Facility including the care and treatment received by the resident at the Facility shall be submitted to binding arbitration pursuant to the United States Arbitration Act, 9 U.S.C. 1 to 207 ("Federal Arbitration Act") and pursuant to the arbitration rules of the American Arbitration Association. This right to demand arbitration includes, without limitation, disputes regarding interpretation of this Agreement, disputes arising under State or Federal law, either currently existing or arising in the future, including claims for statutory, compensatory or punitive damages and claims based on breach of contract, tort or breach of statutory duties. Notwithstanding any other provision in any agreement or contract between the Facility and the resident, the parties agree that this Agreement to Arbitrate shall be governed by the Federal Arbitration Act.

The parties shall agree upon an arbitrator. If the parties cannot reach an agreement regarding the choice of an arbitrator within twenty (20) days of submission of the arbitration demand, the arbitration shall be submitted to the American Arbitration Association for selection of an arbitrator. Either party may elect that the matter be heard by three (3) arbitrators, all to be chosen by the above method. With regard to discovery, each party shall be allowed to depose a maximum of three (3) non-expert witnesses. Each party is limited to two (2) expert witnesses and depositions shall be limited to four (4) hours per expert. No later than fourteen (14) working days before the arbitration hearing, the parties shall exchange a list of witnesses, a list of exhibits, and any sworn statements to be relied upon at the arbitration. All arbitration hearings shall be held at a place designated by the arbitrator(s) in the county in which the facility is located. (Emphasis added.)

Section 2 of the Federal Arbitration Act (FAA) states that:

¹ This change became effective January 1, 2003. The AAA based its decision in part on due process concerns raised by the July 27, 1998 Final Report of the Commission on Health Care Dispute Resolution ("Commission"). The Commission was sponsored by AAA, the American Bar Association, and the American Medical Association.
See <http://www.adr.org/upload/LIVESITE/focusArea/Healthcare/healthcare.pdf>

A written provision in any maritime transaction or a contract evidencing a transaction involving interstate commerce to settle by arbitration a controversy thereafter arising out of such contract or transaction, or the refusal to perform the whole or any part thereof, or an agreement in writing to submit to arbitration an existing controversy arising out of such contract, transaction, or refusal, shall be valid, irrevocable, and enforceable, save upon such grounds as exist at law or in equity for the revocation of any contract. (Emphasis added.)

9 U.S.C.2. The FAA does not require parties to arbitrate when they have not agreed to do so. Zabinski v. Bright Acres Assoc., 553 S.E.2d 110 (S.C. 2001). The FAA simply requires courts to enforce privately negotiated agreements to arbitrate, like other contracts, in accordance with their terms. Zabinski, supra.

General contract principles of state law apply to arbitration clauses governed by the FAA. Munoz v. Green Tree Financial Corp., 542 S.E.2d 360 (S.C. 2001). In determining whether the parties executed a valid agreement to arbitrate, courts generally apply ordinary state-law principles governing the formation of contracts. Sydor v. Consco Financial Servicing Corp., 252 F.3d 302, 305 (4th Cir. 2001). Of course, courts do not have authority to make new agreements for the parties. The court's duty is limited to interpretation of the contract made by parties, "regardless of its wisdom or folly, apparent unreasonableness, or failure to guard their rights carefully." O.A.N. Enterprises, Inc. v. South Carolina Health & Human Serv. Fin. Comm'n. 373 S.E.2d 584, 587 (S.C. 1988) (citation omitted).

The United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit considered the issue of a failed arbitral forum provision in In re Salomon Inc. Shareholders' Derivative Litigation, 68 F.3d 554, (2d Cir. 1995). Salomon, a shareholders' derivative action against former corporate officers, concerned an arbitration clause providing for

arbitration before the NYSE. "The district court initially granted the Defendant's motion to compel arbitration, but the NYSE refused to hear the matter. Salomon at 556. Thereafter, the court declined to compel arbitration and set the case for trial. The court stated that when the NYSE refuses to arbitrate the matter, "there is no further promise to arbitrate in another forum." The court was concerned not with whether, but where the dispute could be arbitrated under the agreements. The court held "we cannot compel a party to arbitrate a dispute before someone other than the NYSE when that party had agreed to arbitrate only before the NYSE and the NYSE... has refused to use its facilities to arbitrate the dispute in question...." The court refused to appoint substitute arbitrators and compel arbitration in another forum because the arbitration agreements required that any arbitration be before the NYSE, and not any other arbitral forum. Id. at 577-561.

In Alan v. Superior Court, 3 Cal. Rptr.3d 377 (Cal. App. 2 Dist. 2003), Salomon was followed closely. In Alan, the arbitration agreements provided for arbitration before the NYSE or NASD and governed by the rules of the organization's convening panel. In its motion to compel arbitration, the brokers chose the forum provided by NASD. Alan at 383. The Alan court stated:

As we read the arbitration provisions, the parties are required, as an integral part of the agreements between them, to submit their disputes to an arbitral forum designated in the arbitration provisions. Thus, if... the forum selected by the brokers... declines to hear the matter, the dispute is to be tried in court. In other words, the arbitration provisions mean *all* arbitrations must be conducted in a *forum* convened by, and subject to the *rules* of, the chosen SRO [forum]. This is so because, as we next discuss, the arbitration provisions encompass more than the simple task of appointing an arbitrator. They determine the selection of a "forum" — a

court or arbitral tribunal —each with its own set of rules and procedures.
(Italics in original, without footnote)

Id., at 383. The *Alan* court goes on to analyze and rely on *Salomon* and also cites the following additional authority: *Smith Barney v. Critical Health Systems of N.C.*, 212 F.3d 858, 861-862 (4th Cir. 2000), *Luckle v. Smith Barney, Harris Upham Co., Inc.*, 999 F.2d 509 (11th Cir. 1993), *Merrill Lynch v. Georgiadis*, 908 F.2d 109 (2d Cir. 1990), and *PaineWebber, Inc. v. Rutherford*, 803 F.2d 106, 103 (2d Cir. 1990). *Id.*, at 384.

Here, the court finds that the choice of an arbitral forum is an integral and material term of the agreement to arbitrate. The parties' agreement provides for arbitration by AAA pursuant to its rules. In construing the language of the agreement, it is clear that the parties intended the forum selection and arbitration agreement to be entire, not divisible. See *National Iranian Oil Company v. Ashland Oil, Inc.*, 817 F.2d 326, 334 (5th Cir. 1987). It is undisputed that the AAA no longer handles arbitration of health care disputes involving patients, unless agreed to after the dispute arises, and has no specific arbitration rules for such disputes.

The parties agreed that any arbitration would be conducted according to the "rules" of the AAA. While the AAA evidently never established specific rules for patient healthcare disputes, the Court takes judicial notice that the AAA's general Commercial Arbitration Rules are quite complex and detailed. See <http://www.adr.org>. For example, the rules provide what evidence is admissible, discovery exchanges, scheduling deadlines, and discovery deadlines, pretrial conference, procedures, the scope and form of the award, grounds for modifying an award, and how and by whom the

arbitrator(s) is(are) compensated. These are essential terms, and nothing in 9 U.S.C. 5² allows the court to create new "rules" for the parties.

The choice of arbitral forum is one of the most important and material terms in an agreement to arbitrate. The choice of arbitral forum also dictates the rules of arbitration and the rights of the parties including, but not limited to, presentation of evidence, scheduling, deadlines, discovery issues, costs, expenses, and appeals. Moreover, the agreement here provided that if the parties could not agree on an arbitrator they would turn to AAA's selection process. The parties thus intended that if they could not agree on who would arbitrate their dispute, they would be assured of having experienced, qualified, AAA-caliber arbitrators in any event. The Salomon and Alan court's analysis discussed above is directly applicable here. As stated in Salomon, because the AAA refuses, there is no further promise to arbitrate in another arbitral forum.

Where the arbitration forum and procedures are a material part of the contract, Section 5 of the FAA cannot remedy the contract's explicit choice of an arbitral forum and rules for arbitration. The court cannot reform the contract to add or replace material terms that were not included in the contract without violating South Carolina law on contracts. See Edens v. Laurel Hill, Inc., 271 S.C. 360, 247 S.E.2d 434 (1978) (In order for a binding contract to exist, there must be a mutual manifestation of assent to all of

² This section provides as follows:

If in the agreement provision be made for a method of naming or appointing an arbitrator or arbitrators or an umpire, such method shall be followed; but if no method be provided therein, or if a method be provided and any party thereto shall fail to avail himself of such method, or if for any other reason there shall be a lapse in the naming of an arbitrator or arbitrators or umpire, or in filling a vacancy, then upon the application of either party to the controversy the court shall designate and appoint an arbitrator or arbitrators or umpire, as the case may require, who shall act under the said agreement with the same force and effect as if he or they had been specifically named therein; and unless otherwise provided in the agreement the arbitration shall be by a single arbitrator. 9 U.S.C. §5.

the terms of the contract). As the Fourth Circuit has observed:

Where the parties have agreed explicitly to settle their disputes before particular arbitration fora that agreement must control. See *Georgiadis*, 903 F.2d at 113. To hold otherwise would require us to impose a strained construction on a straightforward agreement. It is far better to interpret the agreement based on what is specified, rather than attempt to incorporate other remote rules by reference. Here Critical Health had the choice of three fora. We can see no reason to pass over the three specified fora and allow arbitration to proceed in a fourth unspecified arena.

Smith Barney, Inc. v. Critical Health Systems of North Carolina, Inc. of Raleigh, North Carolina, 212 F.3d 858, 862 (4th Cir. 2000).

The FAA's Section 5 does not control here. As discussed in *Salomon*, Section 5 remedies a 'mechanical breakdown in the arbitrator selection process', but not where the contract's chosen arbitration forum refuses to arbitrate the dispute and leaves the parties without an arbitral forum.

As the Alan court explained:

"[Case law does not] stand for the proposition that ... courts may use [the Federal Arbitration Act] to circumvent the parties' designation of an exclusive arbitral forum ... [W]here it is clear that the failed [forum selection] term is not an ancillary logistical concern but rather is as important a consideration as the agreement to arbitrate itself, a court will not sever the failed term from the rest of the agreement and the entire arbitration provision will fail." (*Salomon*, *supra*, 68 F.3d at p.561, *italics omitted*.)

We conclude that, here, the arbitration provisions will fail in their entirety without NASD participation because the forum selection provisions are an integral part of the agreements to arbitrate. The parties agreed to an NASD forum, and the NASD will not provide one in California. "[A]n agreement to arbitrate before a particular forum is as integral a term of a contract as any other, which courts must enforce." (*citation omitted*).

Alan at 386. In the present case, the AAA is the exclusive arbitral forum. The court cannot change the agreement and impose unilaterally another arbitral forum and arbitration rules for the parties. See Smith Barney, at 862.

The South Carolina Arbitration Act has a similar provision for appointing omitted arbitrators, but is inapplicable here under the same analysis as under the FAA. Further, it is uncontested that the agreement fails to comply with the requirements of the South Carolina Arbitration Act, which requires conspicuousness. The South Carolina Uniform Arbitration Act requires that the arbitration notice be "typed in underlined capital letters, or rubber-stamped prominently, on the first page of the contract." S.C. Code Ann. 15-48-10. Because it is undisputed that this statutorily required notice is absent, the South Carolina Act does not apply.

CONCLUSION

In short, this case is analogous to Salomon and Alan. Using their analysis, the Defendant's Motion to Compel Arbitration must be denied. The parties agreed that the AAA forum and rules would apply. The AAA has failed as the arbitral forum. The forum and rules are essential terms of the parties' contract.

Therefore, the Court holds:

(1) The arbitration provision is unenforceable due to the fact that the AAA no longer arbitrates health care disputes involving patients unless the arbitration agreement was entered into after the dispute arose. Accordingly, there is no longer a "meeting of the minds" on the rules governing or the forum for the arbitration. While courts should liberally interpret arbitration agreements and resolve doubts in favor of

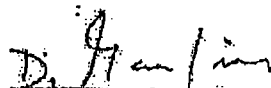
arbitrability, the parties' agreement cannot be rewritten;

(2) Because the AAA is no longer an available forum, the Court finds the logic of the Second Circuit in the Salomon decision compelling; and

(3) The other issues raised need not be reached given this ruling.

Defendants' motion to compel arbitration is therefore denied.

IT IS SO ORDERED


D. GARRISON HILL, JUDGE
13TH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT

Dated 10-20-2004
Greenville, South Carolina