

October 26, 2015

The Supreme Court of South Carolina
DANIEL E. Shearouse, CLERK OF COURT
Post Office Box 11330
Columbia, S.C. 29211

Re: Applicant's NOTICE OF APPEAL IN
A CIVIL (P.C.R.) CASE, **RECEIVED**

NOV - 2 2015

1. DEAR MR. Shearouse, **S.C. Supreme Court**

Attached to this letter is my Notice of Appeal in my P.C.R. case.

2. The order of Dismissal was filed in the Greenville County Court of Common Pleas, and after my timely filed Rule 52 (b) sc.R.C.P. was denied on September 25, 2015. I received the judgement of September 30, 2015.

3. The order of Dismissal, Form 4 Rule 52 (b) motion denied, and proof of service are also attached.

4. Please Also be advised that Attached is my Motion for Leave to Request the State pay for my Transcript from my P.C.R. hearing. My prison Account statements and Court Reporter's Letter indicating the transcript fee are enclosed AS Appellant Exhibits.
5. CAN you please kindly Stamp the extra copies in the self-stamped-address-envelope, and mail back to me for my records?
6. Finally, I need to keep of my court filings organized. In order to do that, I need my APPELLATE CASE NUMBER for this Notice of Appeal, and my Petition for cert.: George Cleveland, III v. Greenville county Sheriff's office. (Filed recently), AIT unbound.

Respectfully Requested
of ~~W/W #~~
George Cleveland, III, #35700
Turbeville Correctional Inst.
P.O. Box 252
Turbeville, S.C. 29162
PAGE 2 OF 2

CC: FILE

NOTICE OF APPEAL IN A CIVIL CASE

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA
IN THE SUPREME COURT

APPEAL FROM GREENVILLE COUNTY
COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

DANIEL D. HALL, CIRCUIT COURT JUDGE

CASE NO. 2014-CP-23-1895

George Cleveland, III,
S.C.D.C. NO. 357770,

APPELLANT,

v.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,

RESPONDENT.

RECEIVED

NOV - 2 2015

NOTICE OF APPEAL


S.C. Supreme Court

George Cleveland, III, appeals the order of DISMISSAL of my Application for P.C.R. relief FILED APRIL 07, 2015. AFTER I FILED A timely RULE 52(b) S.C.R.C.P. MOTION, the motion WAS DENIED ON September 23, 2015. FILED ON September 25, 2015. APPELLANT Received

written notice of entry of the RULE 52(b) judgment on SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 FROM the TURBEVILLE CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION'S mail-room staff; for case No. 2014-CP-23-1895

Attached to this Notice of Appeal are the following:

ORDER OF DISMISSAL (P.C.R.); AND
FORM 4 JUDGMENT ENTRY OF MY RULE 52(b)
motion denial.

Respectfully Submitted,

George Cleveland, III #357770
TURBEVILLE CORRECTIONAL INST.
P.O. Box 252
TURBEVILLE, S.C. 29162

Dated: OCTOBER 26, 2015

PAGE 2 OF 2

APPELLANT'S PROOF OF SERVICE

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA
IN THE SUPREME COURT

APPEAL FROM GREENVILLE COUNTY
COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

DANIEL D. HALL, CIRCUIT COURT JUDGE

CASE NO. 2014-CP-23-1895

George Cleveland, III,

S.C.D.C. No. 357770, APPELLANT,

v.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, RESPONDENT.

APPELLANT'S PROOF OF SERVICE

RECEIVED

NOV - 2 2015

S.C. Supreme Court

APPELLANT'S PROOF OF SERVICE

1. George Cleveland III, certifies that on the date below, I placed in the prison's mail-box outside the cafeteria; properly addressed envelopes to be mailed out by United States MAIL the following contents:

ORDER OF DISMISSAL (P.C.R.) FILED APRIL 07, 2015
FORM 4 DISPOSITION SHEET; which served my
RULE 52(b) (P.C.R. MOTION) FILED SEPTEMBER, 25,
2015; (MOTION FOR LEAVE FOR TRANSCRIPT Fee) (AG only);
APPELLANT'S NOTICE OF APPEAL (CASE NO. 2014-CP-23-1895);
AND PROOF OF SERVICE TO the following:

SOUTH CAROLINA OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL
KAREN C. RATIGAN, ESQUIRE
P.O. Box 11549
Columbia, S.C. 29211

GREENVILLE COUNTY COURTHOUSE
PAUL B. WICKENSIMER, CLERK OF COURT
COMMON PLEAS DIVISION
305 EAST NORTH STREET
Greenville, S.C. 29601

RECEIVED

NOV - 2 2015

S.C. Supreme Court

George Cleveland III respectfully submitted

George Cleveland III #357770
TURBEVILLE CORRECTIONAL INST.
P.O. Box 252
TURBEVILLE, S.C. 29162

DATED: October 26, 2015

PAGE 1 OF 1 (not including caption-sheet)

FORM 4

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA
COUNTY OF GREENVILLE
IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

JUDGMENT IN A CIVIL CASE
CASE NUMBER 2014CP2301895

George Cleveland

State Of South Carolina

PLAINTIFF(S)

DEFENDANT(S)

Submitted by:

Attorney for: Plaintiff Defendant
 Self-Represented Litant

DISPOSITION TYPE (CHECK ONE)

- JURY VERDICT.** This action came before the court for a trial by jury. The issues have been tried and a verdict rendered.
- DECISION BY THE COURT.** This action came to trial or hearing before the court. The issues have been tried or heard and a decision rendered. See Page 2 for additional information.
- ACTION DISMISSED (CHECK REASON):**
 - Rule 12(b), SCRPC;
 - Rule 41(a), SCRPC (Vol. Nonsuit);
 - Other: Rule 52(b) denied
- Rule 43(k), SCRPC (Settled);
- ACTION STRICKEN (CHECK REASON):**
 - Rule 40(j) SCRPC;
 - Bankruptcy;
 - Binding arbitration, subject to right to restore to confirm, vacate or modify arbitration award;
 - Other: _____
- DISPOSITION OF APPEAL TO THE CIRCUIT COURT (CHECK APPLICABLE BOX):**
 - Affirmed;
 - Reversed;
 - Remanded;
 - Other: _____

NOTE: ATTORNEYS ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR NOTIFYING LOWER COURT, TRIBUNAL, OR ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY OF THE CIRCUIT COURT RULING IN THIS APPEAL.

IT IS ORDERED AND ADJUDGED: See attached order; (formal order to follow) Statement of Judgment by the Court:

ORDER INFORMATION

This order ends does not end the case.

Additional Information for the Clerk: Motion is denied.

Rule 52(b) Motion is denied.

INFORMATION FOR THE JUDGMENT INDEX

Complete this section below when the judgment affects title to real or personal property or if any amount should be enrolled. If there is no judgment information, indicate "N/A" in one of the boxes below.

Judgment in Favor of (List name(s) below)	Judgment Against (List name(s) below)	Judgment Amount To be Enrolled (List amount(s) below)

If applicable, describe the property, including tax map information and address, referenced in the order:

The judgment information above has been provided by the submitting party. Disputes concerning the amounts contained in this form may be addressed by way of motion pursuant to the SC Rules of Civil Procedure. Amounts to be computed such as interest or additional taxable costs not available at the time the form and final order are submitted to the judge may be provided to the clerk. **Note: Title abstractors and researchers should refer to the official court order for judgment details.**

[Signature]

Circuit Court Judge

2753

Judge Code

23 September 2015

Date

For Clerk of Court Office Use Only

This judgment was entered on ⁹⁻²⁵⁻¹⁵, and a copy mailed first class or placed in the appropriate attorney's box on ⁹⁻²⁵⁻¹⁵, to attorneys of record or to parties (when appearing pro se) as follows:

George Cleveland 357770 Turbeville Correctional Institute P
O Box 252 Turbeville, SC 29162

Karen Christine Ratigan PO Box 11549 Columbia, SC
29211

ATTORNEY(S) FOR THE PLAINTIFF(S)

ATTORNEY(S) FOR THE DEFENDANT(S)

Paul B. Wickensimer

Court Reporter

**Paul B. Wickensimer Greenville County Clerk Of
Court - Clerk of Court**

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION REGARDING DECISION BY THE COURT AS REFERENCED ON PAGE 1:

This action came to trial or hearing before the court. The issues have been tried or heard and a decision rendered.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)
)
 COUNTY OF GREENVILLE)
)
 George Cleveland, III,)
 S.C.D.C. No. 357770,)
)
 Applicant,)
)
 v.)
)
 State of South Carolina,)
)
 Respondent.)

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS
 C.A. No. 2014-CP-23-1895

FILED-CLERK OF COURT
 GREENVILLE CO. S.C.
 PAUL B. WICKENSIMMER
 2015 APR 7 PM 2 00

ORDER OF DISMISSAL

This matter comes before the Court by way of an application for post-conviction relief (PCR) filed April 3, 2014. The Respondent made its return on August 22, 2014. An evidentiary hearing was held on February 18, 2015 at the Greenville County Courthouse. The Applicant was present and proceeded pro se.¹ Karen C. Ratigan, Esquire of the South Carolina Office of the Attorney General represented the Respondent.

The Applicant testified on his own behalf. Also testifying was the Applicant's plea counsel, Michael J. Sarratt, Esquire. The Court had before it the transcript of the guilty plea hearing, the Greenville County Clerk of Court records, the South Carolina Department of Corrections records, the PCR application, the return, and Applicant's Exhibit 1.

PROCEDURAL HISTORY

The Applicant is confined in the South Carolina Department of Corrections pursuant to orders of commitment from the Greenville County Clerk of Court. The Applicant was indicted at the September 2013 term of the Greenville County Grand Jury for two counts of removing a

¹ At the start of the hearing, the Applicant's retained counsel made a motion to be relieved and the Applicant joined her in that motion. This Court granted the motion and issued an order to that effect that was filed on February 25, 2015.

vehicle identification number (VIN) (2013-GS-23-7503, -7507), two counts of possession of a stolen vehicle (2013-GS-23-7504, -7506), and obtaining goods under false pretenses (2013-GS-23-7505). He was represented by Michael J. Sarratt, Esquire.

On November 5, 2013, the Applicant pled guilty. The Honorable Edward W. Miller sentenced the Applicant to concurrent terms of 5 years for one count of removing a VIN,² 5 years suspended during probation for the second count of removing a VIN, 10 years suspended upon the service of 6 years and 5 years probation for one count of possession of a stolen vehicle,³ 5 years for the second count of possession of a stolen vehicle, and 5 years for obtaining goods under false pretenses. Susannah C. Ross, Esquire filed a motion to reconsider the sentence, which was denied by order filed November 21, 2013. The Applicant did not appeal.

ALLEGATIONS

In his application, the Applicant alleges he is being held in custody unlawfully for the following reasons:

1. Ineffective assistance of counsel.
 - a. “[F]ailed to advise effectively, investigate, research mitigation, or adequately prepare case for trial.”
2. Due process violations.
 - a. “[A]ctions of my attorney and the Solicitor resulted in an Unconstitutional breakdown of the adversarial process.”

FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

This Court has reviewed the record and heard the testimony and arguments. This Court has further had the opportunity to observe each witness who testified at the hearing, and to closely pass upon their credibility. This Court has weighed the testimony accordingly. Below are findings of fact and conclusions of law as required by S.C. Code Ann. § 17-27-80 (2003).

² 2013-GS-23-7503.

³ 2013-GS-23-7504.

Relevant Testimony

The Applicant stated he had poor communication with plea counsel and that counsel told him "outright lies." The Applicant stated he was very nervous and not ready for trial. The Applicant stated plea counsel was also not ready for trial. The Applicant stated plea counsel forced him to sign the sentencing sheets. The Applicant stated the sentencing sheets incorrectly indicated he waived presentment. The Applicant stated the indictments look "fake" and as if they had been "rubber-stamped." The Applicant stated plea counsel failed to examine the subject matter jurisdiction issue regarding the fact that the cars in this case came across state lines. The Applicant stated plea counsel forced him to plead guilty because he never directly answered his questions.

Plea counsel testified he was retained and that the Applicant was out on bond. Plea counsel testified he filed discovery motions, received those materials and reviewed them, and reviewed them with the Applicant. Plea counsel testified he also mailed a copy of the discovery materials to the Applicant. Plea counsel testified they reviewed the Applicant's version of events, the elements of the charges, and the sentence ranges. Plea counsel testified there was no viable defense. Plea counsel testified the Applicant never came to his office so they had meetings at the courthouse. Plea counsel testified they also exchanged numerous telephone calls, emails, and letters. Plea counsel testified the Applicant was not a cooperative client and would often refuse to answer his questions. Plea counsel testified there was a standing plea offer in this case that was later "sweetened." Plea counsel testified the offer was to plead guilty to two charges in exchange for eight years suspended to three years probation. Plea counsel testified he explained the offer to the Applicant, as well as its risks and benefits. Plea counsel testified the Applicant refused the offer because: (1) he wanted PTI (which the State refused to agree to), (2)

he wanted to raise issues under the Omnibus Crime Reduction Act; and (3) he did not want a felony. Plea counsel testified the case was eventually placed on the trial docket and that he was ready for trial. Plea counsel testified the judge relieved him as counsel when the case was going to trial but then rescinded this decision when the case was to be resolved in a guilty plea. Plea counsel testified there was nothing else he could have done to prepare this case.

Ineffective Assistance of Counsel

The Applicant alleges he received ineffective assistance of counsel. In a PCR action, "[t]he burden of proof is on the applicant to prove his allegations by a preponderance of the evidence." Frasier v. State, 351 S.C. 385, 389, 570 S.E.2d 172, 174 (2002).

For an applicant to be granted PCR as a result of ineffective assistance of counsel, he must show both: (1) that his counsel failed to render reasonably effective assistance under prevailing professional norms, and (2) that he was prejudiced by his counsel's ineffective performance. See Strickland v. Washington, 466 U.S. 668, 104 S. Ct. 2052 (1984); Porter v. State, 368 S.C. 378, 383, 629 S.E.2d 353, 356 (2006). When there has been a guilty plea, the applicant must prove that counsel's representation was below the standard of reasonableness and that, but for counsel's unprofessional errors, there is a reasonable probability that he would not have pled guilty and would have insisted on going to trial. Hill v. Lockhart, 474 U.S. 52, 58-59, 106 S. Ct. 366, 370 (1985); Roscoe v. State, 345 S.C. 16, 20, 546 S.E.2d 417, 419 (2001).

This Court finds the Applicant failed to meet his burden of proving plea counsel did not adequately meet with him to review and prepare his case. Plea counsel testified the Applicant was not a cooperative client but that they nonetheless had several meetings and exchanged numerous telephone calls, emails, and letters. Plea counsel testified he sent a copy of the discovery materials to the Applicant and also reviewed those materials with him. Plea counsel

testified they discussed the Applicant's version of events, the elements of the charges, and the sentence ranges. Plea counsel testified he conveyed and explained the plea offer to the Applicant, who refused it. This court finds plea counsel's testimony is credible. This Court further finds the Applicant failed to articulate what more he wanted plea counsel to do in order to prepare his case. See Skeen v. State, 325 S.C. 210, 481 S.E.2d 129 (1997) (holding applicant not entitled to relief where no evidence presented at PCR hearing to show how additional preparation would have had any possible effect on the result at trial).

This Court finds the Applicant failed to meet his burden of proving plea counsel pressured him into signing the sentencing sheets and pleading guilty. This Court does not find the Applicant's testimony is credible. This Court finds there is no evidence in the guilty plea transcript to support the Applicant's assertion that he was pressured into entering a guilty plea. Rather, when asked by the plea judge whether the decision to plead guilty was his "free and voluntary decision," the Applicant replied it was. (Plea transcript, pp.20-21). Further, while the Applicant was very expressive of his opinion of plea counsel's representation on the day of his plea hearing, the Applicant never stated plea counsel was forcing him to plead guilty. This Court finds the guilty plea transcript itself has refuted the Applicant's allegation. See Stalk v. State, 375 S.C. 289, 300, 652 S.E.2d 402, 407 (Ct. App. 2007); see also Rayford v. State, 314 S.C. 46, 48-49, 443 S.E.2d 805, 806 (1994) (where transcript of guilty plea proceeding refuted applicant's claim that he did not understand the terms of a plea bargain, grant of PCR was inappropriate notwithstanding applicant's claim lawyer misadvised him).

Accordingly, this Court finds the Applicant has failed to prove the first prong of the Strickland test – that plea counsel failed to render reasonably effective assistance under prevailing professional norms. The Applicant failed to present specific and compelling evidence

that plea counsel committed either errors or omissions in his representation of the Applicant. This Court also finds the Applicant has failed to prove the second prong of Strickland – that he was prejudiced by plea counsel’s performance. This Court concludes the Applicant has not met his burden of proving counsel failed to render reasonably effective assistance. See Frasier v. State, 351 S.C. at 389, 570 S.E.2d at 174.

Subject Matter Jurisdiction

This Court finds the Applicant has failed to meet his burden of proving a lack of subject matter jurisdiction in his case. This Court rejects the Applicant’s argument that the plea judge lacked subject matter jurisdiction because the cars at issue in this case may have crossed state lines. The federal case law cited by the Applicant is not persuasive.

This Court also rejects the Applicant’s argument that the court lacked subject matter jurisdiction because the sentencing sheets indicated that he waived presentment but his indictments were actually true-billed. This Court finds this is a mere scrivener’s error and not a jurisdictional issue.

This Court further rejects the Applicant’s argument that there was no subject matter jurisdiction in his case because the indictments were false or defective. This Court notes indictments are merely notice documents and the indictments in this case were properly true-billed by the Grand Jury and sufficient to put the Applicant on notice of the charges he was facing. See State v. Gentry, 363 S.C. 93, 610 S.E.2d 494 (2005).

This Court finds the Applicant failed to meet his burden of proving the plea judge lacked subject matter jurisdiction to accept his guilty pleas. See Butler v. State, 286 S.C. 441, 442, 334 S.E.2d 813, 814 (1985) (finding a PCR applicant bears the burden of proving the allegations in their application).

All Other Allegations

As to any and all allegations that were raised in the application or at the hearing in this matter and not specifically addressed in this Order, this Court finds the Applicant failed to present any testimony, argument, or evidence at the hearing regarding such allegations. Accordingly, this Court finds the Applicant has abandoned any such allegations.

CONCLUSION


Based on all the foregoing, this Court finds and concludes the Applicant has not established any constitutional violations or deprivations before or during his guilty plea and sentencing proceedings. Counsel was not deficient in any manner and the Applicant was not prejudiced by counsel's representation. Therefore, this PCR application must be denied and dismissed with prejudice.

This Court advises the Applicant that he must file a notice of intent to appeal within thirty (30) days from the receipt of this Order if he wants to secure appropriate appellate review. His attention is also directed to Rules 203, 206, and 243 of the South Carolina Appellate Court Rules for the appropriate procedures to follow after notice of intent to appeal has been timely filed.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED:

1. That the application for post-conviction relief be denied and dismissed with prejudice; and
2. That the Applicant be remanded to the custody of the Respondent.

AND IT IS SO ORDERED this 12th day of March, 2015.



Daniel D. Hall
Presiding Judge
Thirteenth Judicial Circuit

York, South Carolina.

APPELLANT'S MOTION FOR LEAVE OF COURT
TO REQUEST TRANSCRIPT FEE BE
PAID BY THE STATE

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA
IN THE SUPREME COURT,

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

DANIEL D. HALL, CIRCUIT COURT JUDGE

CASE NO. 2014-CP-23-1895

APPELLATE CASE NO.

George Cleveland, III,

S.C.D.C. NO. 357770, APPELLANT,

v.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, RESPONDENT.

APPELLANT'S MOTION FOR LEAVE OF COURT

SOUTH CAROLINA OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL
KAREN C. RATIGAN, Esquire
P.O. Box 11549
Columbia, S.C. 29221
ATTORNEY FOR THE RESPONDENT

George Cleveland, III, #357770
Turbeville Correctional Inst.
P.O. Box 252
Turbeville, S.C. 29162
PROSE APPELLANT.

APPELLANT'S MOTION FOR LEAVE
TO REQUEST TRANSCRIPT FEE
BE PAID BY THE STATE

1. George Cleveland, ~~III~~, the Appellant in the Above captioned case; respectfully Request this court to GRANT my Instant MOTION FOR the STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA pay the one-hundred-thirty-dollar (\$130.00) fee to prepare my transcript for my P.C.R. hearing (Case No. 2014-CP-23-1895) under South Carolina code § 17-27-60 because I'm indigent.
2. This Law, id., reads the following relevant part: "IF the Applicant is unable to pay court costs and expenses . . . including stenographic printing, and legal services, these costs and expenses shall be made available to the Applicant . . . on Review [by the Appellate court] . . ."
3. I submit, I have no funds in my prison trust account to pay the \$130.00 transcript fee see Appellant's exhibit 1 (Prison Trust fund statement).

4. The COURT REPORTER will not "provide free TRANSCRIPTS because someone is indigent" . . . see Appellant's Exhibit 2 (COURT REPORTER'S April 09, 2015 letter).
5. I cannot provide a compelling defense to this court without the hearing record from my P.C.R. hearing because there are a multitude of arguments I will present to this court from my P.C.R. hearing and this court "will not consider any fact which does not appear in the record on appeal." Rule 210(A) S.C.A.C.R. the transcript is required.
6. Based on the attached evidence that I'm indigent and cannot pay the \$130.00 fee to provide this transcript § 17-27-60, I.D., requires the state to pay the cost.
7. WHEREFORE; I respectfully request this court to GRANT my motion by ordering the funds to pay the \$130.00 transcript.

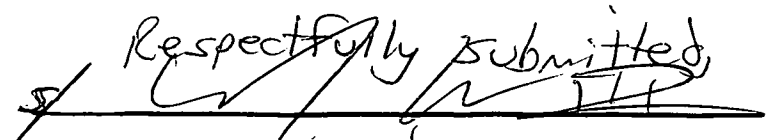
Fee be paid by funds set aside
by the General Assembly under
§ 17-27-60.

8. Order the \$130.00 to be payable to
the Court Reporter assigned to my
P.C.R. hearing:

MR. MICHAEL R. WATTS
489 EDGEWATER DRIVE
GAFFNEY, S.C. 29340.

9. Sent a copy of such order to the
SOUTH CAROLINA COURT ADMINISTRATION
105 SUMNER STREET, SUITE 200
COLUMBIA, S.C. 29201-3739.
% COURT REPORTING SECTION

10. Any other relief this court deems just
and/or proper.

Respectfully submitted,

George Cleveland III, #357770
TURBEVILLE CORRECTIONAL INST.
P.O. Box 252
TURBEVILLE, S.C. 29162

DATED: October 26, 2015

APPELLANT'S EXHIBIT

RECEIVED

SEP 10 2015

MAILROOM
TURBEVILLE CI ✓

FINANCIAL CERTIFICATE
FOR THE
DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA

(for use in § 1983, *Bivens*, and non-habeas civil actions filed by prisoners)

I request that an authorized officer of the institution in which I am confined, or other person designated to review financial information in relation to inmate trust funds, complete this Certificate. If I am granted *in forma pauperis* status, I authorize and consent to collection of the \$ 350 filing fee in accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 1915(b) until the filing fee is paid in full as well as any amount of costs, sanctions, and/or fees that might be imposed by the court during this litigation. I understand that if I do not qualify for *in forma pauperis* status, I will have to pay \$400 to proceed with my case, which includes the full \$350 filing fee as well as an additional \$50 administrative fee established by the Judicial Conference of the United States. The \$50 administrative fee is not applicable to *in forma pauperis* cases.

George Cleveland, III

357770

TA 132

INMATE NAME (PRINTED)

INMATE (PRISONER) NUMBER

[Handwritten Signature]

TURBEVILLE CORRECTIONAL

INMATE SIGNATURE

PLACE OF CONFINEMENT

- ◆ (1) Average monthly deposits to the inmate's account.....\$ 0
- ◆ (2) Average monthly balance in the inmate's account calculated for the prior six months period.\$ 0
- ◆ (3) Current Balance\$ 0
- ◆ (4) Initial Installment Payment - due upon granting of *in forma pauperis* status (Take 20 percent of the greater of lines 1 or 2).....\$ 0

SODO-FINANCIAL ACCTG
2015 SEP 14 PM 2:35

I hereby certify that as of this date, the above financial information is accurate for the above named inmate.

Nicole R. Suber
Authorized Officer's Signature

9/16/15
Date

Nicole R. Suber
Authorized Officer's Name and Title

Accounts Manager

APRIL 9, 2015

GEORGE CLEVELAND #357770, F4A258
EVANS CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION
610 HWY 9 WEST
BENNETTSVILLE, SC. 29512

DEAR MR. CLEVELAND,

PLEASE BE ADVISED THAT I AM IN RECEIPT OF YOUR REQUEST FOR THE COURT TRANSCRIPT IN YOUR CASE.

THE ESTIMATED COST FOR THE HEARING IS \$130.00. PLEASE KEEP IN MIND THAT THIS IS ONLY AN ESTIMATE. WHATEVER IS OVERPAID ON THIS TRANSCRIPT WILL BE REFUNDED BACK TO YOU, ALONG WITH THE TRANSCRIPT.

ALSO PLEASE BE ADVISED THAT I AM NOT REQUIRED, NOR DO I, VOLUNTARILY PROVIDE FREE TRANSCRIPTS BECAUSE SOMEONE IS INDIGENT AND CANNOT AFFORD THE TRANSCRIPT FEE. THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, BY STATUTE, SETS THE TRANSCRIPT RATES AT \$3.25 PER PAGE FOR THE ORIGINAL, OR \$0.75 PER PAGE

FOR A COPY, IF THE TRANSCRIPT HAS PREVIOUSLY BEEN TYPED.

IF YOU ARE INTERESTED IN ORDERING AND PURCHASING THIS TRANSCRIPT, PAYMENT FOR THE TRANSCRIPT MUST BE MADE TO ME EITHER BY MONEY ORDER, CASHIER'S CHECK, OR CASH. I DO NOT ACCEPT PERSONAL CHECKS. PAYMENT MUST BE MADE TO ME AT:

MICHAEL R. WATTS
489 EDGEWATER DRIVE
GAFFNEY, S.C. 29340

ONCE I RECEIVE PAYMENT FOR THIS TRANSCRIPT I HAVE 60 DAYS TO COMPLETE THIS TRANSCRIPT.

SINCERELY YOURS,

Michael R. Watts

MICHAEL R. WATTS
COURT REPORTER

George Cleveland ~~##~~ ~~##~~ 357770, TA 152
Turbeville Correctional Inst.
P.O. Box 252
Turbeville, Sic-29162

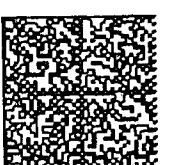
RECEIVED

OCT 28 2015

MAILROOM
TURBEVILLE CI

The Supreme Court of South Carolina
Daniel E. Shearouse, Clerk of Court
Post Office Box 11330
Columbia, Sic-29221.

Legal Mail



UNITED STATES POSTAGE
FIRST CLASS PERMIT NO. 1000
TURBEVILLE, SOUTH CAROLINA
PRIME FLOWERS
02 1R \$02.080
0002009326 OCT 28 2015
MAILED FROM ZIP CODE 29162