

JOHNSON OUTREACH MINISTRIES

# JESUS IS LORD

And the Lord said unto the servant, "Go out into the highways and hedges, and compel them to come in, that my houses may be filled."

Luke 14:23

Rev. Willie Johnson, #127069-E-A1-7  
Kirkland Correctional Institution  
4344 Broad River Road  
Columbia, South Carolina 29210

The Honorable Donald W. Beatty, Chief Justice  
South Carolina Supreme Court  
P.O. Box 11330  
Columbia, South Carolina 29211

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AUG 03 2018

S.C. SUPREME COURT

RE: Rev. Willie Johnson v. State of South Carolina  
Appellate Case No: 2018-000401  
Lower Court Case No: 2017-CP-10-0194

Dear Chief Justice Beatty:

Trust this correspondence finds you doing well. I'm just writing to bring this subject matter to your attention.

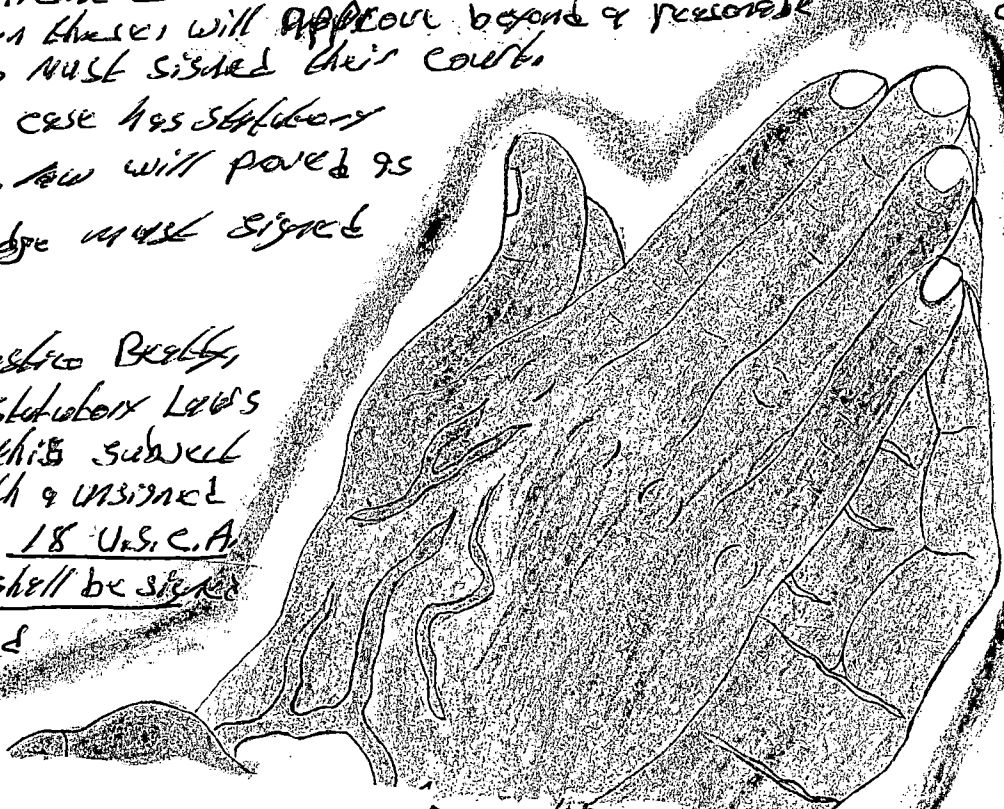
With respect, I submit that this analysis (which the lower court summarizes adopted in denying relief). This case is controlled by In re Smith, 559 S.E.2d 584; Ballard v. Stebbins, 207 S.E.2d 246;

Pixne v. Madison, 274 F.2d 702; Bowman v. Richland Memorial Hospital, 516 S.E.2d 299; Devis v. Sanders, 40 S.C. 507, 19 S.E. 138, 18947; Dubose v. Dubose, 90 S.C. 87, 72 S.E. 645 (1911). However, just

as in these cases above and cases involving & very similar South Carolina Supreme Court cases and Federal Court cases, the precedent authority in these, will appear beyond & persuade the judges must sided their courts.

Any case has statutory law will prove as that a judge must sign

Order  
Chief Justice Beatty,  
Federal / Statutory Law's clear on this subject dealing with a unsigned Pursuant to 18 U.S.C.A. Judgment shall be signed and entered



with his court

State and are not matter court. (17(b)), etc by the judge by the court

W. Johnson



Finally, there are one issue in my petition that would set politician shaking in their boots. It is the issue of some sex marriage in South Carolina, because it is unconstitutional, I know that politicians want your court to set on my case after the election and Attorney General Wilson will argue some sex marriage are unconstitutional and everything in my petition before this court.

In Dobbs v. Jones, 46 S.C. 39, 24 S.E.2d 59 (1896). The court in Dobbs referred to the defective affidavit as a "paper." Robinson v. Cross, 57 F. 186 C.C.C. Dec. 1893).

Therefore, this [Good Old Boys] justice system has operated in our state for so long, it is time to put an end to this injustice system.

Specifically, the Attorney General Office Attorney Goying denied the justice in my case, in their letter to the court dated May 18, 2018, by Ms. Johnson, she states my Appellate case no.: 2018-066481, but the correct Appellate case no.: 2018-000401. Then Mr. Showrence bypassed to alter ~~my~~ write of certiorari to explain to chief justice, Deputy, & clerk of court does not possess power to reject pleading for lack of conformity with formal requirements. The power to dismiss & pleading rest exclusively with this court, not the clerk. The clerk of court lacks authority to refuse or to strike a pleading presented for filing. I am very grateful to you for this write of certiorari. Thank you for your assistance. I'm sure of it part communication.

Just Jack  
Jude  
Kurtie Johnson

In this case, it doesn't take a rocket scientist to figure out, that a court order is not the face of an indictment, it appears that Judge signed the face of the indictment in State vs. Cezayirli supra, the South Carolina Supreme Court held that an indictment is merely a "notice document" as set forth, Mr. Offit, do not believe ~~judge~~ signed the face of the indictment, I do not believe ~~judge~~ would not signed court. Also, only judges can make judgments and orders.

To reiterate, the legislature has provide in the [Uniform Commercial Code the standard for document to be signed] pursuant to S.C. Code Ann. § 36-3-401. Signature. The signature constitutes a certification that a court is valid.

Thus, not only my case supported by statutory laws and case laws, but also supported by SCDL Policy and procedures present to 09-21-04 and 09-21-09 states; inmates who not have valid commitment paper or a valid South Carolina sentence will not be accepted by SCDL. A copy of these policy and procedure are before this court.

Furthermore, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3521 (elected) deletion of order of commitment, when a prisoner pursuant to a court order, is placed in the custody of a person in charge of a prison or correctional facility a copy of the order shall be delivered to such person as evidence of this authority to hold the prisoner, and the original order, with the returned evidence thereon, shall be returned to order that issue it.

Thus, this statutory law doesn't set anything about a face of an indictment.

March 08, 2018

the Supreme Court of South Carolina and the South Carolina Court of Appeals. The order can be found at [www.sccourts.org/courtOrders/displayOrder.cfm?orderNo=2014-04-15-02](http://www.sccourts.org/courtOrders/displayOrder.cfm?orderNo=2014-04-15-02). Please note that the responsibility for insuring that information is redacted or sealed as required by this order rests with counsel and the parties. This office will not review filings for redaction or to determine if materials should be sealed.

Since the order of the circuit court determined that this action is barred as being successive and/or as being untimely under the statute of limitations, Rule 243(c) of the South Carolina Appellate Court Rules requires you to provide a written explanation as to why this determination was improper. This explanation must contain sufficient facts, argument and citation to legal authority to show that there is an arguable basis for asserting that the determination by the lower court was improper. The failure to make a sufficient showing may result in the dismissal of this matter. The explanation required by Rule 243(c) must be filed with this Court within twenty (20) days of the date of this letter.<sup>1</sup>

Finally, since you have filed multiple post-conviction relief applications challenging the underlying 1985 conviction and sentence, this Court, if it determines that you have failed to provide an adequate explanation under Rule 243(c), SCACR, may decide to prohibit you from filing a post-conviction relief application, habeas corpus action or any other action, motion or petition in the circuit court challenging this conviction and sentence (including a motion under Rule 29 of the South Carolina Rules of Criminal Procedure) without first obtaining the permission of this Court to do so. If you believe that there is some reason(s) why such a prohibition should not be imposed on future filings by you in the circuit court, those reasons should be provided to this Court within twenty (20) days of the date of this letter.

Very truly yours,



CLERK

cc: Office of the Attorney General

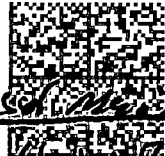
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<sup>1</sup> If you would like this Court to consider your petition for a writ of certiorari as your explanation under Rule 243(c), SCACR, you may simply advise this Court of this fact.

Willie Johnson, #127069 E-AT-7  
Kirkland Correctional Institution  
4344 Broad River Road  
Columbia, S.C. 29210

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Confidential Legal Mail

Attn: Harshabe Dorela W. Barber, Chief Justice  
Supreme Court of South Carolina  
P.O. Box 11330  
Columbia, S.C. 29211

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